"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, continued warm today and Thursday; moderate south and southwest winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 19.

VOL. LXV...NO. 21,354. . . . NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JULY 12, 1916.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. | Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

NAVY EXPERTS SAY GIANT SUBMARINE IS MERCHANTMAN

Spend Hours Inside Her Hull, Find Installation of Armament Impossible.

MARVEL AT HER MECHANISM

Report to Washington Bears Out the Contentions of the Deutschland's Skipper.

CARGO IS BEING UNLOADED

Dyestuffs Placed in Baltimore Custom House, While Next Subsea Trader Is Awaited.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, July 11.—The decision of three technical experts of the United States Navy, after an exhaustive examination of the giant German submarine Deutschland today, that the first transatlantic freight-carrying submarine could only be converted from a merchant ship into an offensive vessel by radical structural changes, was hailed with joy here tonight by her Captain and crew and by the local leaders in the enterprise which led to her coming.

Captain Paul Koenig of the submarine, Henry G. Hilken, head of the Eastern Forwarding Company, to whom the ship and cargo were consigned, and leading Germans maintained emphatically that the finding of the Government experts was a complete answer to the pro forma protests filed in Washington yesterday by diplomatic representatives of Germany's enemies. Their jubilation was quite evident and they let it be known that they regarded the last hindrance to the success of the venture as being removed.

Before the decision of the experts had become known here those most concerned in the welfare of the huge submersible affected indifference to the protests of the Allies. Their position was that allegations that the Deutschland could be converted at sea into a torpedo-discharging submarine were weak and little likely to gain standing before the authorities of this country. When they were informed that this Government's own experts had taken a position which they believed foreshadowed prompt dismissal of the protests their elation was evident to all who came near them.

Experts View Craft's Interior.

Those who went aboard the submarine at the request of the State Department were Captain C. F. Hughes, former Chief of Staff for Rear Admiral Fletcher; Lieutenant Commander J. O. Fisher of the Bureau of Steam Engineering, and Lieutenant H. S. Howard, a naval constructor. All three men are submarine experts. They spent several hours making a minute inspection of the strange visitor to American waters, and then made a report to Collector of the Port W. P. Ryan. As a result of their findings Mr. Ryan at once sent to the Treasury Department at Washington a telegram in which he reiterated his finding that the boat was a merchant vessel, and added that she could not be fitted with armament without extensive structural changes.

When Paul L. G. Hilken, son of Henry G. Hilken and an officer of the Eastern Forwarding Company, learned today that the naval examiners were to be sent to visit the boat, he said: "I do not think a naval officer should be allowed to examine the boat to learn the secrets of her construction. We do not permit any body but our own naval men to go aboard our submarines."

To this Captain Koenig added: "I was ordered by my owners in Bremen to permit no one to board the vessel, but if Captain Hughes has Government credentials he may go aboard her. We have no secrets. He won't find anything."

As a matter of fact there was a slight hitch before the officers got aboard after their arrival here. Collector Ryan made a mystery of the nature of this, urging newspaper men not to mention it on the ground that it would not be a polite subject for discussion. In the end it became known that the only difficulty experienced by the visitors was due to the fact that they reached the ship in the absence of Captain Koenig.

Didn't Seek Technical Secrets.

As soon as Captain Koenig appeared he allowed them to board. Captain Hughes and his aids were damp and dirty when they emerged from their stay of over three hours in the hold of the Deutschland. They had removed most of their outer clothing and had stripped to the waist, but their appearance told of the temperature below.

Captain Hughes told a correspondent for THE NEW YORK TIMES that his explorations had been of tremendous interest.

"I was treated with the utmost courtesy and kindness," he continued, "and appreciate the manner of my reception. I ought to make it clear that I did not board the submarine as a naval expert—that is, not in order to learn secrets of her construction or of the devices and machinery used in operating her. I was permitted to see literally everything on board. They were kind enough to have it all opened up for me in advance. In the compartment where water, oil, and cargo were stored I, of course, did not go. Into every space below deck I and my assistants did examine."

Captain Hughes refused to answer every question as to the actual nature of his findings, as he said it was his duty to make his report to Collector Ryan and allow the latter to transmit it to officials at Washington. At last, though, he did foreshadow his verdict by admitting that "his report wouldn't include anything that would startle the Treasury Department."

"We acted for and by request of the State Department," Captain Hughes said, "and our sole duty was to determine whether the Deutschland was

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Tug Is Returning to Capes; Believe Second U-Boat Near

Special to The New York Times.

NORFOLK, Va., July 11.—The tug Thomas F. Timmins is again en route to the Virginia Capes, according to a report received here tonight, for the purpose, it is believed, of meeting the German undersea merchantman Bremen, said to be en route to this country. According to information coming from usually reliable sources, the Timmins this afternoon, following the delivery of a message, disappeared from the side of the Deutschland and left the Baltimore harbor. It is believed she passed into the bay and is tonight rushing south with all steam on.

Up to midnight the little tug had failed to put in appearance at the Capes in her former position, where she is visible to observers. It may be probable, however, that she is hiding in Lynnhaven Bay, where she would not be reported before daylight.

GERMANY JUBILANT AT U-BOAT EXPLOIT

Boerse Is Scene of Activity and Shipping Shares Are in Demand.

THE BREMEN READY TO SAIL

Promoter Sure War Would Be Long Enough to Justify Cost, and Won Over Associates.

From a Staff Correspondent.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 11.—The submarine Deutschland's arrival in Baltimore caused a sensation on the Berlin Bourse today and, coupled with the news which had been known only to the closest insiders that a number of merchant submarines are under construction, produced a lively demand for shipping stocks, particularly those of the North German Lloyd and the Hamburg-American Line. This served still further to strengthen the optimistic feeling created by the good crop report.

In business circles the psychological effect was equally marked. The reestablishment of even a modest direct import and export trade with America was hailed with quiet but intense satisfaction. In the fact that the first two cargoes consist of aniline dyes and medicines, which are generally believed here to be the German goods most needed by America, there is seen a shrewd bid for American good-will and practical friendship. American self-interest, if nothing else, is considered in business circles to guarantee the future success of submarine commerce.

Another satisfactory feature is the possibility that increasing exports of these valuable commodities will check the falling mark exchange, perhaps even buoy it up several notches, though it is realized that, for the present and immediate future, America will have rather the better of the bargain.

What Germany most needs from America, according to experts, is rubber, fats, oils, vaseline, nickel, and certain other metals. The man on the street, however, already has visions of American lard, a few submarine cargoes of which would do more than anything else to start a wave of pro-American sentiment in Germany.

Congratulated on Safe Arrival.

The Lokal-Anzeiger correspondent telegraphs from Bremen an interview with Director Heineken of the Ocean Shipping Company, owner of the submarine Deutschland, as follows:

"Joy reigned in the offices of our new daring shipping company as the wireless yesterday reported the safe arrival of the Deutschland. Many English cruisers and patrol ships maintain a barrier in the North Sea between Dover and Calais, which, however, the Möwe and other German ships have broken through. German merchant ships are now traveling under water, keeping up commerce with America in defiance of all of England's blockade declarations.

"The capital of the company, which was organized on Nov. 8 last year, is $500,000. The North German Lloyd and the Deutsche Bank participated with $187,500 each and Alfred Lohmann with $125,000. The Deutschland was completed in a very short time, her trials made in the North Sea and the Baltic proving her seaworthy in every respect.

"Then came the historic moment, when the first submarine merchant ship could start on a voyage from the Weser overseas. The sailing, as, in fact, all preparations, took place in the utmost secrecy. Meanwhile our second ship, the Bremen, also has been completed.

"The voyage of the first German merchant submarine is equal in importance to the voyage of the first steamship between America and Europe. The daring men of Bremen have created a new means of transit and commerce, and the English blockade is forever broken.

"Nothing can be said regarding the construction or operation of these new boats. They are of about 2,000 tons, consequently are able to carry considerable freight. Their speed is fourteen knots above water. Their seaworthiness is beyond all shadow of doubt. They have been thoroughly tried out."

The business offices of the new company were the scene of a joyful reception all day. Hundreds of prominent Bremen business men called to offer their congratulations.

Lohmann Is Greatly Pleased.

BERLIN, July 11, (via London, Wednesday, July 12.)—The opening of direct shipping connections between Germany and the United States by the submarine merchantman Deutschland has occasioned great jubilation and enthusiasm among Germans, but no one is more elated than Alfred Lohmann, former President of the Bremen Chamber of Commerce and the originator of an underwater service.

Herr Lohmann said today that the Deutschland was only the first of a fleet of submarine freighters, and that a regular transatlantic service, with frequent sailings, would soon be in operation. A second boat, the Bremen, he added, is about to start for America with a cargo, and a number of sister ships are rapidly approaching completion. It is understood that the number of boats will soon be adequate for the establishment of a weekly service.

"Remember," said Herr Lohmann, "that the Deutschland was entirely unarmed. She carried no torpedo tubes, no cannon, and no weapons of offense or defense of any kind. So anxious was I that the unarmed merchantman character of our boats should be established beyond doubt that I insisted that the Captain of the Deutschland should not even carry the customary revolver upon leaving Bremen."

Under these circumstances, he contended, there is nothing to prevent the Deutschland, exclusively a merchantman, from remaining as long as she pleases in a neutral harbor and loading a cargo, fuel and supplies, free from

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PARALYSIS TAKES LIVES OF 32 MORE; 195 NEW VICTIMS

Total Fatalities Caused by the Disease Now 270 and Cases Number 1,278 in All.

MAYOR ISSUES COUNCIL CALL

Department Heads, Advisory Board, and Scientists to Meet at City Hall.

CONGRESS TO GIVE $135,000

Resolution Offered Providing Gold Medal and $100,000 to Person Who Discovers a Cure.

Day's Record of the Disease in City.

Borough	Deaths	New Cases
Brooklyn	20	155
Manhattan	6	14
Richmond	..	6
Bronx	3	7
Queens	3	13
Totals	32	195
Total of cases to date		1,278
Total of deaths to date		270

An increase of more than 100 per cent. in the number of deaths from infantile paralysis and a marked increase in the number of new cases in the five boroughs were reported by the Department of Health yesterday.

Dr. Haven Emerson, Commissioner of Health, held a conference with Mayor Mitchel in the afternoon, following which the Mayor announced that he would call, for 11 o'clock this morning at the City Hall, a conference of heads of city departments who have been cooperating in the crusade against the disease, members of the Medical Advisory Board, and the best medical talent of the city.

The Mayor added that he and the Health Commissioner would be present, and that they, and others who have been directing the work, would welcome suggestions as to how these efforts to the disease might be made more effective.

Deaths yesterday numbered 32, as against 14 for the preceding day. In Brooklyn the number increased from 9 to 20; in Manhattan, from 3 to 6; in Richmond there was none, as compared with 1 the day before; in the Bronx there were 3 yesterday, as compared with 1 the preceding day, and in Queens the increase was from none to 3.

The total number of new cases was 195 yesterday as against 103 the day preceding. Of these, 155 were in Brooklyn, which had reported 68 the day before. Fourteen were in Manhattan, which had reported 30 the day preceding; 6 were in Richmond, which had reported 4 on Monday; 7 were in the Bronx, where none had been reported on the day before, and 13 were in Queens, where only 1 had been reported on Monday.

Mayor Issues a Statement.

Following his conference with Dr. Emerson, the Mayor gave out a statement by him, addressed to the Health Commissioner, which read in part:

> The long and short of it is, here we have facilities sufficient to handle all the cases as they are reported up to date in the Department of Health; that is, hospitals, ambulances, nurses. We have all the resources of the City Government massed here and ready for any service that may be required of them.
>
> You have a disease concerning which, comparatively speaking, little is known; and it has got to be fought in the light of the best knowledge that there is available. That is being done along the lines so far developed by science. The fight is being conducted as effectively as it can be, and there is no shortage of resources. There is no lack of anything that could be supplied, and if any such lack develops, it will be supplied immediately.

In conclusion the Mayor asserted that he believed the situation ought not to be allowed to gravitate into a panic, for reasons vital to the public good, because, he said, it would be more difficult to deal effectively with the disease and to prevent its spread if the public mind should become overwrought.

The increases in the number of deaths and number of new cases should occasion no undue alarm, according to Dr. Emerson, who said the fatalities from and spread of the disease had not been nearly so great as from other epidemics, although he did not attempt to minimize the seriousness of the situation.

Measles Outbreak More Serious.

Dr. Emerson pointed out that, during the epidemic of measles which ran from March to May last year, it was not unusual to have from 600 to 900 cases of that disease reported each day, while mortality ranged from 20 to 50 per cent.

"There were more lives lost and more permanent injuries from the epidemic of measles last year than will result from this outbreak of infantile paralysis," said Dr. Emerson.

If the public mind should be thrown into a state of panic on account of the disease, Dr. Emerson fears that would speedily be reflected in an increased mortality rate among infants and children in the city, who would be cooped up unnecessarily when they should be out in the open, on playgrounds and elsewhere outdoors.

Dr. Emerson said he had spent the greater part of the afternoon in an inspection tour of Brooklyn, where he had visited cellars, areaways, and backyards, in company with an experienced sanitary Inspector. He noted a great im-

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American Refugees Flocking Back to Sonora; Calles Begins Demobilization of 8,000 Troops

DOUGLAS, Ariz., July 11.—The issuance of a proclamation by General P. Elias Calles, military commander of Sonora, today, ordering all volunteer soldiers to return to their homes, was the signal for the beginning of an exodus of American mining and cattlemen from the border district. Twenty or more left Douglas for points in the interior of Sonora.

The General announced that he had demobilized 4,000 volunteer cavalrymen who had been encamped for several weeks in Fronteras, Cuchuta, and Nacozari to the south of Douglas. Approximately the same number remained to be demobilized in Cananea, Magdalena, and Hermosillo, he said.

General Calles's proclamation, after several paragraphs devoted to explaining that the situation had been modified to a point where the Mexican Government felt war would be avoided, said:

"Free men who make up the contingents of the volunteers of Sonora, return to your homes with as much satisfaction as though victory in bloody battles had crowned your heads. You have done your duty, and you are entitled fully to the name of Mexican citizens."

The southward movement of regular troops from border concentration points also was started today. Under Generals M. Martinez and Rafael Estrada 8,000 men have been entraining for the Yaqui River Valley, according to reports at General Calles's headquarters in Agua Prieta from Hermosillo and Magdalena.

The managers of the large mining companies of Sonora have made no positive announcements about the time their foreign employes will return to Mexico. The American embargo on explosives stands in the way of continued operation, and the company managers say it would be impossible to operate on anything like a normal basis until this has been raised or modified. It is understood here the embargo question has been taken up with Brig. Gen. T. F. Davis, commanding the Arizona district, and with the State Department in Washington.

NOGALES, Ariz., July 11.—Negotiations were begun today in Nogales, Sonora, between the officials of the Southern Pacific Railroad of Mexico and the authorities of the Mexican de facto Government to turn the road back to the company for operation. Since the beginning of the recent crisis the line has been in the hands of the Mexican military. Shipments of food into Mexico at this point have been resumed after an interruption of three weeks.

EL PASO, Texas, July 11.—The Mexico North Western Railroad again has been opened for the shipment of supplies to American troops in Mexico. This action follows the lifting of the embargo on food and other exportations to Mexicans.

WOOD RELIEVES COLONEL OF 69TH

General Also Removes Lieut. Col. Phelan as Regiment Leaves for Border.

FOUND PHYSICALLY UNFIT

New York Congressmen Protest to Baker and Demand Repeal of the Order.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP WHITMAN, Beekman, N. Y., July 11.—The Sixty-ninth Regiment, the "Fighting Irishmen," got under way for the Texas border today, but under circumstances that caused a veritable explosion in Camp Whitman. At the very moment of entrainment a telephone message was received from Major Gen. Wood at Governors Island relieving Colonel Lewis D. Conley and Lieut. Col. John J. Phelan of their commands. The only explanation vouchsafed was that these officers were laboring under "physical disabilities."

The whole camp was thunderstruck by the news, but the men of the Sixty-ninth were more than that—they were in despair. To fight without Colonel Conley seemed even worse than remaining listlessly at Camp Whitman, and a more than ominous murmur was heard in the ranks.

The grief into which the whole regiment was plunged was stayed, temporarily at least, by Colonel Conley himself, who called General Wood on the telephone and got permission to retain his command until the regiment arrives at the border. Upon their arrival at their destination he will, under orders, turn his command over to General Funston. Lieut. Col. Phelan was not able to get such a stay of orders, and sadly watched the troops entraining for their long journey. He left for New York this evening.

Officers here tonight interpreted the Federal militia law's provisions to mean that the successors of Colonel Conley and Lieut. Col. Phelan will be appointed by Governor Whitman. He is empowered to appoint officers now in active service in the National Guard or those who have been retired.

With the departure of the Sixty-ninth Regiment, the Twenty-second Corps of Engineers is the only New York City regiment left in camp, and tomorrow morning the First Battalion of the Engineering Corps is scheduled to strike tents and start for the border. Their ultimate destination is Pharr, Texas, but how they are going to get there is at present a mystery. They may start south, west, or even north, but they do not seem to care which way they start going as long as they land right side up on the Mexican border.

The Second Battalion of the Twenty-second Engineers is scheduled to leave here Friday, and when they go the camp will be denuded of metropolitan soldiers. There are now about 9,000 men left in camp, and all except the Twenty-second and a Brooklyn hospital corps are from Albany and points in New York further north.

If the entrainment of the First Battalion proceeds on the same schedule that governed the departure of the Sixty-ninth, 8 A. M., time of departure will be stretched to the breaking point. The Irish regiment was scheduled to start at noon, but the confusion resulting from the removal of the commanding officers and the attempt to move the equipment of the whole regiment over muddy roads on two struggling motor trucks was a sufficient drag on the entrainment, and lengthened it out until after dark. The last section got off at 9 P. M.

Colonel Conley was not the only commanding officer who received removal orders during the day. A few short words from General Wood retired Colonel E. P. Babcock from the command of the Sixty-fifth Infantry of Buffalo and transformed his regiment into the only heavy artillery regiment in the State Guard, with a regular army officer, Colonel Daniel W. Hands, in command. The regiment will be organized into four batteries and equipped with 4.7-inch guns. The promised armament is on its way here now.

With the Sixty-ninth gone, and the Twenty-second going tomorrow and Friday, the camp is beginning to settle back into what might almost be termed a pacific state.

N. Y. CONGRESSMEN PROTEST TO BAKER

Call on War Secretary to Restore Conley and Phelan to Their Command.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—What amounted to a protest against the action of Major Gen. Wood in the cases of Colonel Conley and Lieut. Col. Phelan of the Sixty-ninth New York Infantry was made to the Secretary of War this afternoon by Senator O'Gorman and nine members of the New York City dele-

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TROOPS HEAR FIRMS HAVE STOPPED PAY

Some Border Guardsmen Report Promises Are Broken and Inquiry Is Begun.

FIRMS ARE TO BE LISTED

Triple Daily Inspection to Insure Precautions Against Disease in the Militia Camps.

Special to The New York Times.

SIXTH DIVISIONAL HEADQUARTERS, UNITED STATES ARMY, McALLEN, Texas, July 11.—For the last few days many of the guardsmen in camp here have received telegrams from their employers informing them that all pay allowances promised when the troops left New York would have to be canceled, and in several instances the soldiers were told that successors had been appointed to their jobs.

The receipt of the notices has caused much worry and complaint, and today Major Gen. O'Ryan appointed members of his staff to investigate. They first will prepare a list of the firms that have cut off the soldiers' wages. When this list is completed it will be made public. It was said by staff officers that most of the firms that had failed in their promises to pay wages during the terms of service of the militiamen were not corporations, but small organizations and partnerships.

There is much openly expressed indignation among the officers on the question. Major Cornelius Vanderbilt, as one interested in many corporations, said: "It is a shame, and I shall consider it a favor if you will ascertain just which firms are doing that sort of thing."

Some New York firms have taken steps to reassure employes who are here with the guard. The Guaranty Trust Company, which has forty-three men now serving the nation, has written to General O'Ryan stating that all its employes will receive full pay as long as they are on the border, whether it be one year, two years, or three. Most of the men are in the Seventh Regiment and Squadron A.

General O'Ryan in giving out the telegram commended the action of the big banking organization, and said that it set an example other firms should follow if they would put the country before the dollar.

Food Question in Camp.

One of the trying questions at the headquarters camp is that of food. Major Frederick Waterbury, now chief ordnance officer of the New York guard, found on his arrival that he had been selected to get the food. The hard drills had made appetites of the privates keen, and they had foraged the town until food was scarce. The long walks that Major Waterbury had to take each day were beginning to upset his equanimity. He commandeered Major Vanderbilt's private automobile today, enlisted a chauffeur, and returned to camp with the materials for the best meal the officers have had since they reached camp. One of the achievements of Major Waterbury was the capture and purchase of a turkey. Moreover, the Major, who is one of the best shots in the guard, is going gunning for pigeons, numbers of which are in the country within easy reach of camp.

Citizens and soldiers alike have been inconvenienced by a shortage of ice, due to the breakdown in the local ice plant, and today Robert Lewis, Manager of the Rio Grande Public Service Corporation, accepted an offer made by the Seventh Regiment to repair the plant. Sergeant Gilmore H. Crawford, who in civilian life is chief engineer for the De La Vergne Ice Company of New York, was assigned to the task. He promised to have ice within three days, and Lieutenant Max Walner, United States Depot Quartermaster here, has bet a month's pay that Sergeant Crawford will have the work completed by Thursday.

The first section of the Twenty-third Infantry, which, with the Seventy-fourth Regiment of Buffalo, already in camp, and the Sixty-ninth, is to form the Third Brigade under command of Brig. Gen. William B. Wilson, arrived at Pharr early this morning. It is expected the other sections, with the transports, will arrive late tonight. A camp site had been cleared for the regiment by the citizens of Pharr, and all the men had to do was to erect their tents. Water pipes had been laid to the camp, and the men took shower baths. The work of setting up camp was retarded by a rain storm that made a lake of the site for the officers' tents.

Supplies were taken to the mess tents early in the afternoon, and a meal was served to the men at 4 o'clock. This was their first meal since breakfast. Colonel Frank H. Norton said he was pleased with the site and with the spirit of the men in establishing camp. Lieutenant R. D. Button, camp engineer, aided Colonel Norton in directing the work.

Rigid Sanitary Measures.

If there is to be no actual fighting by the New York troops the most important feature of the big encampment

Continued on Page 5.

BRITISH PUSH ON INTO CONTALMAISON, GET GRIP ON MAMETZ AND TRONES WOODS; 22,000 CAPTIVES IN WEST, 271,000 IN EAST

Allies Are Advancing on All Fronts; Steady Increase in Toll of Prisoners Taken

LONDON, July 11.—This was another good day for the Allies, who are making a steady advance on all fronts. A striking illustration of the difference in the relative positions of the allied and Teutonic forces and of the remarkable change from the monotonous defensive French warfare which characterized the allied operations for so many weary months, until the present Summer, is found in the number of prisoners and guns taken. These for the battle of the Somme amount to 22,000 prisoners and 104 guns captured from the Germans, while the official figures for the Russian General Brusiloff's drive to the 10th of July are 271,620 prisoners, 312 guns, and 866 machine guns.

Today's news is of sustained and heavy fighting on almost all the fronts, the Allies making consistent progress, with only occasional setbacks. The British have finally captured the fiercely contested town of Contalmaison, after desperate day and night fighting, and are now holding the town against all the German counterattacks.

The British are also in possession of the greater part of Mametz Wood, and have recaptured nearly the whole of Trones Wood. The British Commander in Chief, General Sir Douglas Haig, thus summarizes the results of the ten days' operations:

"Our troops have completed the methodical capture of the whole of the enemy's first system of defense on a front of 14,000 yards."

The news from the eastern front is equally satisfactory from an allied point of view. The German official communication at last admits that the fighting on the Stokhod line is approaching Kovel on both sides of the railway, and claims that the Russians have been driven back near Huleviche.

It is now clear that the Russian drive in the direction of Kovel has brought the German offensive at Lutsk to a standstill, and, according to the Russian communication, the Germans have brought up strong reinforcements to defend the Stokhod line and Kovel. General Brusiloff, however, now has the impassable Pinsk marshes covering his right flank, and is in a position to outflank the German defenses of Kovel.

The huge conflagrations, noted in the Russian communication, south of the Kovel Railway are regarded in Petrograd as having been caused by the Germans to cover their own retreat and impede the Russian advance, which is within twenty miles of Kovel. The capture of 34,000 prisoners by the Russians in the Stokhod and Galician battles from July 4 to July 8 seems to indicate that the Germans have been unable to throw reinforcements in sufficient strength to stem the Russian advance.

According to a report from Berne, Switzerland, the Austrians are hurriedly transferring the Landsturm from Serbia and Montenegro, in an attempt to hold back the Russians. The difficulties confronting the Central Powers in meeting the all-around attack are indicated in the Italian official statement tonight, in which it is stated that the Austrians have been obliged to recall to the Italian front troops which were about to be sent to the eastern front.

RUSSIANS STRIKE NEW GREAT BLOW

Smashing Forward Now Toward the Fortress of Vladimir-Volynski.

KOVEL STRUGGLE FIERCER

Germans on the Stokhod River Fight Desperately to Hold This Last Natural Barrier.

PETROGRAD, July 11.—The Russian drive against the German line on both sides of the Kovel-Sarny Railroad had the desired effect of stopping the German offensive against Lutsk from the directions of Kovel and Vladimir-Volynski, enabled the Russians to take the offensive and to drive the enemy across the Stokhod to the northwest and westward toward Vladimir-Volynski.

Svidniki and Mosor, where a fierce battle is in progress, as mentioned in the official communication, are on the west bank of the Stokhod, on either side of the Rovno-Kovel Railroad. Further to the left of this widening circle of the battle line beyond Lutsk, the Russians are launching sledge-hammer blows in the vicinity of Kiselin and Zubilno, before Vladimir-Volynski.

The unexpected Russian advance north of the Kovel-Sarny Railway carried the Russian line to the Stokhod River, which has been crossed at several points in spite of the best defense the Germans were able to offer.

At the present writing, according to the military critics, there now remain no more natural barriers between the Russian lines and Kovel in the shape of rivers and swamps. It is predicted that early news may be expected of assaults upon the recently constructed German fortifications before Kovel.

The approximate total of prisoners taken by the Russians during General Brusiloff's operations up to July 10 amounts to 5,620 officers and 266,000 men. Guns to the number of 312 and 866 machine guns have been captured.

An official communication issued this evening tells of the progress of the campaign along the line of the Stokhod River. It says:

> In the region of the Stokhod the fighting continues, the enemy displaying the greatest desperation. Enemy airmen continually make flights behind our lines, attacking our troops with bombs and machine guns.
>
> The remainder of the front is without change.

An earlier official statement read:

> Fighting in the Stokhod region continues. The enemy, having received reinforcements, brought up powerful artillery, and is offering a desperate resistance.
>
> On the Briaza-Fondoul-Moldava front, northwest of Kimpolung, (southern Bukowina,) considerable enemy forces have been thrown back by us after violent engagements at various points. The enemy, unable to resist our coup de main, took flight.
>
> Enemy airmen attacked the station at Zamirie, on the Minsk-Baranovitchi railway line, and dropped sixty-six bombs.

Berlin Reports Foe Repulsed.

BERLIN, July 11, (via London.)—Russian troops advancing in the direction of Kovel have been beaten back by the Germans in a counterattack near Gulevitchi, south of the Sarny-Kovel Railroad. The Germans captured three machine guns. Following is the text of the official announcement:

> From the coast to Pinsk no events of special importance occurred. Near Pinsk quiet prevailed. The Russian

Continued on Page 2.

FRENCH VANGUARD CAN SEE PERONNE

Troops Work Hard Under Steel Shields Digging Trenches in Front of City.

WOUNDED QUICKLY REMOVED

French Losses Proportionately Less Than Half Those in Previous Offensives.

By GEORGES LE HIR.
Special Correspondent of The New York Times.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY BEFORE PERONNE, July 9.—"There, gentlemen, we have reached our destination—a couple of miles before us lies Peronne," said the officer who conducted us through a weary maze of muddy trenches as we came to a low earth-covered shack—a poste d'observation—on the southern slopes of the great Saterre Plateau, which two weeks ago was thought by the Germans to be an impregnable barrier against all offensive toward the River Somme, which rounds its northern side.

For three long hours we had plodded through the stick mud, stumbling at intervals against the narrow trench sides. Half an hour ago our guide electrified us with the quiet words: "Here was where the attack began." It was a long, narrow trench evidently freshly dug, fully fifty yards in front of the deeper permanent trenches. Yet so well had the work been done by the victorious troops that the lines of trenches and boyaus dug in the aftermath of the battle seemed in nowise inferior to those constructed during the period of comparative inaction.

The most remarkable feature of our pilgrimage was the entire absence of any traces of the battle. We knew that every foot of the ground was stained with French or German blood, yet no human bodies were visible. The guide told us that two hours after the Germans' first line position was in French hands the wounded already had been treated at advanced postes de secours. Stretcher bearers had made no distinction, despite the continuous fire, and had gathered friend and foe alike with calm, unhurried rapidity. Our observation post is right on the crest of the plateau. From either side telephone wires radiate, and we realize the necessity of the earth being piled above the roof, for here we are in plain view of the German gunners across the river, and any more sumptuous building would instantly be reduced to fragments.

Scene of Desolation.

As far as the eye can see the view is utterly the same; utterly monotonous, nothing but desolate slopes that once were a thickly populated French countryside. The complete inhumanity of outlook strikes one tremendously. Here two great armies are at death grips, yet apart from the incessant tumult of cannonade and the never-ending rows of little smoke clouds—new ones forming before the preceding ones have time to melt—one might be thousands of miles from civilization. Our maps are of little assistance. Here should be Feuillers, there Flaucourt, further on Assevilliers, but one can distinguish nothing save heaps of blackened stones that appear through the glasses. Even the roads have been swept away by the bombardment. Nothing but ditchlike trench lines mark the presence of humans.

"We see the edges of Peronne behind the hill on which we are standing, but down to our left in the valley the semicircles of bursting shells mark the last German defenses barring the river cross-

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BRITISH HOLD 5 VILLAGES

Whole German First System of Defense on 8-Mile Front Conquered.

PRISONERS NUMBER 7,500

French Before Peronne Clean Up Positions Won and Prepare for New Drive.

LOSE GROUND AT VERDUN

Germans There Gain a Footing in Damloup Battery and in Fumin Wood Trenches.

LONDON, July 11.—Notable gains made by the British Army in the Somme have carried the line into Contalmaison, through the larger part of Mametz Wood, and through all of Trones Wood to the northernmost corner. The fierceness of the fighting may be guaged from the fact that today's casualty list of British officers is the largest which has been issued since the beginning of the offensive. It contains the names of seventy-three officers, many of whom belonged to the Newfoundland contingent.

On the French front while relative calm prevailed on both sides of the Somme, according to the official communication issued by the French War Office tonight, heavy fighting occurred on the right bank of the Meuse, in the Verdun sector, German forces succeeding in gaining a footing in the Damloup battery and in some sections of the French line in the Fumin Wood.

The bulletin issued by the British War Office tonight follows:

> After ten days and nights of continuous fighting our troops have completed the methodical capture of the whole of the enemy's first system of defense on a front of 14,000 yards. The system of defense consisted of numerous and continuous lines of fire trenches, support trenches, and reserve trenches, extending for various depths from 2,000 to 4,000 yards. It included five strongly fortified villages, numerous heavily wired and entrenched woods, and a large number of immensely strong redoubts. The capture of each of these trenches represented an operation of some importance, and the whole of them is now in our hands.
>
> The German success in the recapture of Trones Wood after costly casualties was of short duration. Today we recaptured nearly the whole of this wood. All but the northernmost end is again in our hands.
>
> Apart from the number of guns hidden in houses and buried in the débris, &c., we have, in the course of these operations, brought in 26 field guns, 1 naval gun, 1 anti-aircraft gun, and 1 heavy howitzer, while the number of German prisoners captured exceeds 7,500.

The statement given out in the afternoon says:

> Last night, after a brisk bombardment, our infantry again carried Contalmaison by assault, taking 189 unwounded prisoners, including a battalion commander and four other officers. A strong counterattack, delivered by the Germans during the night, was beaten back with heavy loss to the enemy, and the whole village is now in our hands.
>
> Further east we stormed several lines of trenches in the Bois de Mametz, and the greater part of this large wood is now in our possession. Here we captured one heavy howitzer, three field guns, and 296 unwounded prisoners, including three officers.
>
> Heavy fighting continues in Trones Wood.
>
> In continuation of the report on aerial combats on July 9, one of our aeroplanes was shot down by a direct hit from an anti-aircraft gun, and three other machines have not returned to our lines.

French Clean Up New Positions.

The French official statement given out tonight says:

> On both sides of the Somme the day was relatively calm. Small detached operations enabled us to clear completely the wood north of La Maisonette and to occupy some underground passages between Estrées and Belloy-en-Santerre. We made prisoners.
>
> On the right bank of the Meuse the Germans this morning renewed their attacks on the front of the Fleury station, the Vaux Wood, Chapitre, and Chenois.
>
> After several fruitless attempts which cost him heavy losses, the enemy succeeded in gaining a footing in the Damloup Battery and in some elements of our line in the Fumin Wood. The bombardment is being maintained intensely in the whole region.
>
> On the left bank there was less artillery activity. The usual cannonading occurred on the rest of the front.
>
> In the region of the Somme our aeroplanes were engaged in fourteen combats yesterday. Four enemy machines, seriously hit by our mitrailleuses, were compelled to plung abruptly. One of our pilos was able to bring back his machine after the lines and make a landing without accident.
>
> Our bombing squadrons have been active. On the night of July 10-11 220 shells were droped on various railway stations where unusual activity was reported, particularly on those at Han la Fère and Chauny.

Capture 1,300 Germans.

The afternoon statement of the French War Office said it had been ascertained that south of the Somme the French in the last two days had taken more than 1,300 prisoners. The communication follows:

> On both sides of the Somme the night passed in quiet. The total number of prisoners taken by us south of the Somme in the fighting of the last two days is now more than 1,300.
>
> On the left bank of the Meuse, (Verdun front,) there were severe artillery engagements in the sectors of Avocourt and Chattancourt. To the right of the river the bombardment yesterday of

Continued on Page 2.

our positions from Fleury to a point east of Chenois was redoubled in intensity. At 4 o'clock this morning the Germans delivered an attack over the whole front thus bombarded. East of Fumin Wood and Chenois Wood the enemy gained a foothold in our advanced trenches, but immediately was ejected entirely by counterattacks. Elsewhere our curtain of fire and our machine guns broke up the attacks of the enemy. The bombardment continues in this region.

West of Pont-à-Mousson a surprise attack delivered by the enemy against one of our trenches west of Montmare Wood was broken up completely.

In Lorraine, after spirited artillery preparation, the Germans attacked the salient in our line east of Reillon, and succeeded in penetrating portions of our first line over a front of 200 metres.

In the vicinity of Veho the enemy attempted by the explosion of four mines to destroy one of our trenches. He was checked by our fire and driven back, leaving dead and wounded. We occupied the craters of the German mines.

In the Vosges, south of Lusse, an attack of the enemy was broken up with grenades. North of La Fontenelle a surprise attack on trenches of the enemy enabled us to penetrate first line trenches and a support trench, which we cleared out. We brought back some prisoners.

The official Belgian communication issued tonight says:

In the region of Pervyse there was an artillery duel this afternoon. The German positions at Dixmude and Woumen were taken today under the fire of our heavy guns, which proved very efficacious.

Berlin Says Foes' Attacks Failed.

Repeated attacks by the French and British troops on the Somme front have failed to win the German positions against which they were directed, says the War Office announcement of today. It follows:

Between the Ancre and the Somme the British launched attacks with strong forces during the afternoon and night. Over a wide front on both sides of the Bapaume-Albert road and northwest of this road they were shot down before the attack came to close fighting. East of the road stubborn fighting developed on the southern fringe of the village of Contalmaison and on the fringe of Mametz Wood.

Repeated attempts by the enemy to recapture Trones Wood failed with heavy and sanguinary losses. He also lost 100 prisoners.

South of the Somme a vigorous attack by French black troops against La Maisonette Height was met by an overpowering fire. The few colored troops which penetrated our lines fell at the point of German bayonetes or were taken prisoner.

As a result of counterattacks yesterday against Barleux, five officers and 147 men remained in our hands. There was important artillery fighting throughout the whole sector. Our curtain of fire checked all attempts by the enemy to attack between Belloy and Hardecourt.

Very lively artillery duels occurred in the region of the Meuse, (Verdun front.) On the remainder of the front there was increased artillery action at places. Patrol and reconnoitring detachments of our enemies were very inactive, and were repulsed everywhere. Near Leintrey, in Lorraine, a German detachment, after an extensive mine explosion, penetrated a badly damaged French position and took sixty men prisoner. South of Lusse some prisoners were brought in by a patrol.

There was great activity in the aerial service and numerous encounters occurred, in which the enemy lost two machines on the Some and two west of Vouziers. A British biplane was shot down by anti-aircraft guns near Courcelette, on the Bapaume-Albert road.

FIRE RING AROUND PERONNE.

French Gun Makes Four Straight Hits on Bridge 14 Miles Away.

PARIS, July 11.—By the capture yesterday of all the German positions on Hill 97, the highest point of the northern plateau, the French are able to look into Peronne, 150 feet below.

The first rush on Sunday carried them to the western slopes of this hill, on which they made good their footing; but the troops waiting there had been stopped until adequate preparation permitted an attack on the farm buildings at the summit, which the Germans had converted into a small fortress, being made with more speed and fewer casualties. They are now in full possession of this height.

The result they claim from the whole day's fighting is command of the left bank of the Somme, from east of Feuilleres to a point opposite Flaucourt, the Germans holding only a few positions on the edge of the river.

This does not mean, French military critics admit, that Peronne can be captured out of hand. The Germans, according to the statements of prisoners, have constructed formidable defenses outside the city, but the French believe that these are not likely to delay the capture long when General Foch decides the time is ripe to make it.

French artillery already is beginning to throw a ring of fire around the city. How effective that artillery now has become is described by an officer attached to a heavy battery on the Somme front, who said:

"Thanks to our aviators, we never have been spotted by the enemy's air service since we have been in our present position. Under these conditions our work is excellent. Objects aimed at are smashed with remarkable precision. For example, we have just fired four shells at a bride more than fourteen miles away. Four times the aviation officer who was watching where our 'shipments' arrived signaled us by wireless the simple word 'Bridge.'"

LONDON, July 11.—The capture of Hill 97, south of the Somme, with the farm called La Maisonnette on the summit, was a particularly brave piece of work on the part of the French. After receiving the signal to attack, the soldiers crossed four lines of trenches virtually without pause, but it was than that the greatest difficulties had to be overcome.

The farm at this point was guarded by a whole series of barbed wire entanglements defended by mortars, machine guns, automatic rifles, and bomb throwers. Twice the assaulting forces penetrated to the farm. Twice they were thrown back, and when they got into the farm itself, it was to find themselves in front of a number of machine guns.

A furious hand-to-hand combat followed, ending in a victory for the French.

The extent to which the hill was fortified can be judged by the fact that at one earthwork half way up the slope eleven mitrailleuses in working order were captured, while twenty others had been destroyed by the French bombardment.

INFANTRY AT CLOSE GRIPS.

Both Sides Stop Shelling First Line for Fear of Hitting Own Men.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES IN THE FIELD, July 11.—After the assault of last night the British remain in possession of Contalmaison, holding it against German counterattacks and furious shell fire. Fighting continued through the night from Ovillers and La Boisselle to Trones Wood. The British, bombing their way forward, gained considerably in Mametz Wood and took all except the point of the fiercely disputed pear-shaped Trones Wood, clearing the way with each step toward the German second line on the ridges beyond.

The infantry is at such close quarters in the woods that the guns on neither side are firing at the first line for fear of hitting their own men. Overhead shells are screaming past into the reserves, to keep assistance from those in the front positions.

HIDE-AND-SEEK FIGHTING.

British in Mametz Wood Win by Rushes and Sniping.

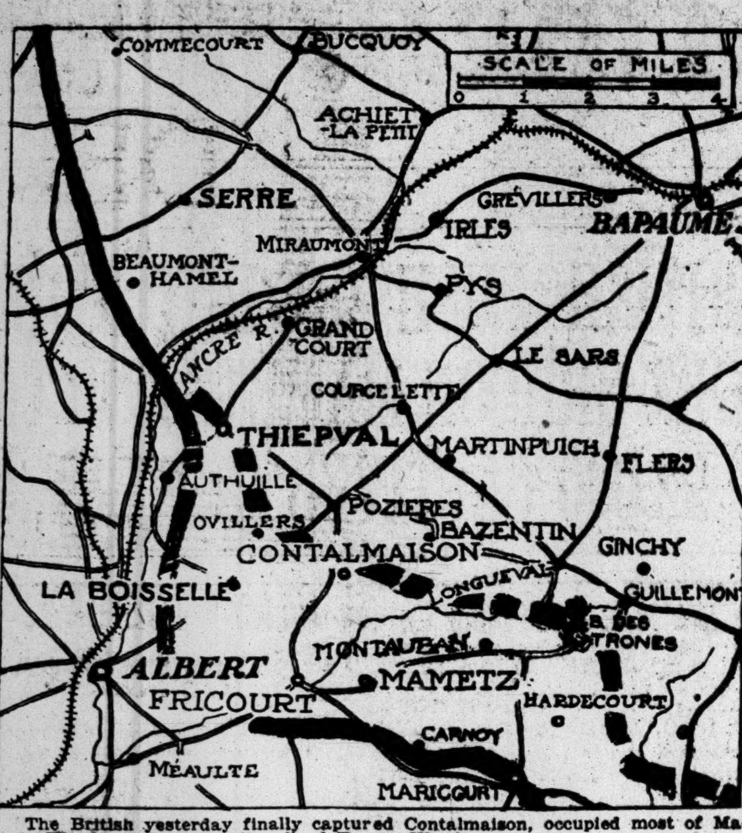
PRESS CAMP, BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, July 11.—At headquarters this afternoon The Associated Press correspondent saw a map with varicolored spaces representing the ground taken each day since the offensive began and the effect of a steady, systematic advance working forward against redoubtable fortifications. The evening reports show the British line established beyond Contalmaison and connected up with the north edge of Mametz Wood.

The Germans continued shelling Contalmaison today and all their old communicating trenches gridironing the hillsides which might give the British cover. Prisoners taken at Contalmaison speak of being under artillery fire so thick and persistently maintained that it shut off all food and water supplies, and say that when the fire lifted the survivors were too dazed for anything but to yield.

The curtains of artillery fire cut off any hope of escape, and the German gunners were driven away or killed by rifle fire in the Mametz Wood. The advance through this wood was in the nature of hide-and-seek fighting, the men taking cover behind trunks of trees, chopping out or digging shelter in the meshes of roots, then sniping or dashing forward. It has been a contest of individual cunning, initiative and industry.

The continued dry weather increases the dust clouds raised by the bursting shells, adding to the obscurity as to the exact positions of the combatants from hour to hour. Another bit of shell-mauled farm land has been won by the tireless guns, which help the infantry to hold it.

Where British Line Advanced.



The British yesterday finally captured Contalmaison, occupied most of Mametz Woods, and practically all of Trones Woods.

VERDUN "GERMANY'S DOOM."

High French Officer Says It Has Made Kaiser's Army Doubt Itself.

PARIS, July 11.—"You have heard the catchword of the trenches, 'We shall get them.' Now we should say rather, 'We have got them,'" said one of the principal chiefs directing the operations of the French on the Somme to Georges de Maizière, the writer.

"I don't mean to say by that that we are going to drive the Germans out of France and Belgium by a victorious rush tomorrow, but that the Germans now are becoming appalled at the prospect of a third Winter campaign," he continued. "The German Army is doomed sooner or later, and the reason is—Verdun.

"Verdun will enable us to take Peronne, and everywhere else when the time comes, for Verdun made the Germans doubt themselves, made them feel that there is perhaps something higher than German culture, and that it is French spirit."

Italians Attack Parenzo Base.

ROME, July 11.—An Italian naval unit successfully attacked the Austrian hydro-aeroplane base at Parenzo this morning. It silenced the new and strong shore batteries, and put to flight four Austrian vessels from Triest.

SAYS HUNGARIANS ADMIT LOSSES OF 600,000

Budapest Writer Says Bitterness Against the Leaders Is Very Strong.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, July 12.—The Morning Post has advices from Budapest, under date of June 30, which say that the losses of the Austro-Hungarian Army during the last six weeks were the subject of discussion in the lobby of the Hungarian Parliament. The dispatch says:

"Members who returned from the diffferent fronts where they took part in the offensive against Italy and also in thetremendous fighting on the Russian front all agreed that the losses must exceed 600,000 since the beginning of the offensive against Italy.

"The incursion into the Italian territory cost the Archduke in killed and wounded no fewer than 100,000 men, of whom 80 per cent. were Hungarians and Croatians. On the Russian front during the month of June the number of killed was estimated by officer members of the Hungarian Parliament to exceed 100,000 as far as the Austro-Hungarian forces were concerned, 70 per cent. of these being Hungarians, while the number of wounded was put at double that. Since the Italian offensive and the Russian advance the number of prisoners was estimated to equal the number of wounded—that is, 200,000.

"One of the members who was attached to Bothmer's army said that at least 100,000 men were disabled through illness, and owing to the want of food the men, especially in Galicia and Bukowina, suffered terribly, and on the long and weary retreating marches they dropped by hundreds and had to be abandoned, there not being enough conveyances to transport them.

"The bitterness against the leaders of the army is very great, and at the next sitting of the House the Independence party will again demand that those responsible for the situation shall be brought to account, these being the two Archdukes and General Conrad von Hotezendorf. It is more than likely that the House will be dissolved rather than that these high personages should be made the subjects of acrimonious criticism."

RUSSIANS STRIKE NEW GREAT BLOW

Continued from Page 1.

announcement regarding the evacuation of Pinsk is a pure invention.

The enemy made futile attacks with very strong forces at several points against the line of the Stokhod, notably near Czerewiszcze, Gulevitchi, Korysmi, and Janmaka, and on both sides of the Kovel-Rovno railway line.

Near Gulevitchi we drove back the enemy beyond his position by a strong counterattack. The enemy lost more than 700 prisoners and three machine guns.

Our aerial squadrons dropped numerous bombs on troops detraining near Horodzieja, on the Baranovichi-Minsk Railroad. They also repeated their attacks on Russian shelters east of the Stokhod. In aerial encounters one enemy machine was shot down near Worontszca, east of Zirin, and another west of Okonsk.

A detachment of Chasseurs of the army group of General von Bothmer engaged in a successful fight south of Burkanow Wood and brought back a few dozen prisoners.

VIENNA, July 11, (via London.)—The official statement issued today says:

Near Zobrze on the Czeremosz we repelled Russian attacks. Attacks made by superior forces near Sokul broke down in our entanglements. The enemy vainly endeavored to bring his fleeing masses to a standstill by turning the fire of his own guns and machine guns upon them.

Near Gulevitchi, on the Stokhod, the enemy was repulsed by German and Austro-Hungarian forces after bitter fighting. Several other attacks in the Stokhod region failed completely.

CAPTURE OF PINSK EXPECTED IN PETROGRAD

Region of Marshes Cleared by Russians, Who Now Menace Hindenburg's Right.

LONDON, Wednesday, July 11.—Special dispatches from Petrograd reflect the feeling that Pinsk is likely soon to fall before Brussiloff's advance.

The Daily News's Petrograd correspondent says: "The situation at Pinsk is extremely complicated for the Germans. Pinsk is now the extreme point of the German promontory running into Russian territory. Owing to the wide sweep of the Russian advance from the Lutsk salient in the past few days any attempt by the Germans to hold up the Russians by an attack on the flank must now be made north of the Pinsk Marshes.

"If the Germans are unable to gather forces for this move or regain the ground lost south of Pinsk they are likely to find the whole Pinsk district isolated by Russian raids through the marshes—a species of warfare in which the Russians excel."

The Post's Petrograd correspondent says: "We are now rapidly approaching the moment when General Brusiloff, having cleared the Pinsk Marshes region, begins directly to threaten the right flank of the German position generally."

GROUND WON BY RUSSIANS.

Advance to the Stokhod a Feat of Strategy and Strength.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, July 10, (Dispatch from The London Daily Chronicle.)—The wonderful battle of the Southern Pripet Marshes is almost over, and the Russians are now face to face with the last serious natural barrier that separates them from Kovel.

The configuration of the country that has just seen the fresh and brilliant victory of the troops of Generals Lesh and Kaledines, makes its seem incredible that any battles on a large scale could be fought here. South of the westward flowing Pripet lies the big oblique parallelogram, bounded on the west and east by the lower reaches of the Styr and Stokhod, and on the south by the eastward flowing reach of the Styr.

In the southwestern corner the Styr and Stokhod almost meet and for a few miles their parallelogram course forms a narrow corridor like the nozzle at the corner of a hot water bottle. This corridor, which lies southeast of Kovel and is crossed by a section of the Kovel-Rovno railway, has been the area of some of the most stubborn counterattacks of the Germans. Within the big parallelogram lie great stretches of marsh and shallow lakes amid which on sandy eminences are dotted about scattered primitive villages inhabited by White Russians till last week. The enemy occupied nearly the whole of this parallelogram, and its importance for them has been increased by the fact that its base rested on General Kaledine's new salient.

General von Linsingen had two tasks before him; one was by fierce attacks within the nozzle to prevent the tip of Kaledines's advance extending up along the Rovno Railway toward Kovel; the other was to concentrate a large force within the parallelogram and, advancing eastward and southward over the Styr to the north and west of Kolki, to get in the rear of Kaledines's army and wipe out the salient completely. But the terrible attacks on the nozzle were foiled by Kaledines's vanguard, and the menace in the marshy parallelogram was countered by the splendid combined advance of Kaledines's right and Lesh's left, which completely overturned the enemy, lifted him off the Styr, and swept him clear across the parallelogram to the Stokhod.

The Russians now occupy the whole of the parallelogram, holding a front from Nobel in the north to a point where the Stokhod crosses the Rovno-Kovel Railway, not counting the southerly sectors of Kaledines's salient. Not only is this salient now secure, but it has extended north as far as the Pripet, and its northwestern tip at Nobel juts out twenty miles southwest of Pinsk, which is in German hands.

At one point the Russians have crossed the Stokhod, but the big fight for the Stokhod barrier, which still holds the Russians at an average distance of twenty-five miles from Kovel, is still to come. The Russians drove back the enemy over a distance of twenty-five miles from Czartorysk to the Stokhod in three days, but the conditions of defense before Kovel impose here a much heavier task, and it may be supposed that the next stage of the fighting will be even more stubborn.

MEAT SCARCE IN RUMANIA.

Public Feeling There Deeply Stirred by Allied Offensive.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BUCHAREST, July 11, (Dispatch to The London Daily Telegraph.)—Public feeling has been deeply stirred by the general offensive of the Allies.

Owing to an appreciable lack of meat here the Government has prohibited eating of it on three days of the week.

RAIN OF SHELLS ON CONTALMAISON

Grandiose Spectacle of Sunlit Battlefield Seen Through Gap in a Hedge.

BRITISH STORM POSITIONS

German Chain of Strongholds Broken and Fortresses Taken One After the Other.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

London Daily Chronicle Dispatches.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES IN THE FIELD, July 9.—Slowly but quite steadily we are drawing our lines closer about the enemy's strong places along the whole extent of our attacking front in order that one by one he must abandon them. Last night our troops captured new trenches about Ovillers and La Boisselle so that the pressure upon that place is tighter, and during the past eighteen hours we have established ourselves in the Bois de Trones and its neighborhood to the east of Montauban.

The meaning of our attacking methods and of the hard fighting at the different points may not be clear to people who do not realize the position which our men have to storm. It often has been said that the enemy's lines, which stretch from the sea to the Vosges, are one great fortress, and this is true, but it is more essentially and even technically true of the line through which we broke on July 1. The great German salient which curves round from Gommecourt to Fricourt is like a chain of mediaeval fortresses connected by earthworks and tunnels. The fortresses, or strong places as we now call them, are ruined villages stronger in defense than any old tower because they are filled with machine guns, trench mortars, and other deadly engines of destruction—Gommecourt, Beaumont, Hamel, Thiepval, Ovillers, La Boisselle, and Fricourt.

Breaches Made and Widened.

In spite of the superb courage of those British battalions which flung themselves against those strongholds on the left side of the German salient they did not fall, but breaches were made in their defenses which are now being widened and deepened. On the southern side, where the attack succeeded, La Boisselle and Fricourt and further eastward Mametz and Montauban are urs, and the attack is pushing further in to turn the strong places on the left from within the fortress walls, as it were, while they are being weakened by assaults from without.

We are gradually putting a strangle grip upon them, and if we have luck and keep striking deeper into the salient, as we have done during the past twenty-four hours at Contalmaison and Ovillers, it would seem to me as if the strong places on the left must either be evacuated by the enemy or surrounded and taken with their imprisoned troops by us.

I saw a scene of this struggle for the enemy's strongholds today almost as if I were looking into the mirror of the Lady of Shalott. It seemed like that, strangely unreal, as though in image, and yet terribly real and vivid, because I came upon it suddenly by accident, arranged for me by a gap in a hedge and by two trees on each side of the gap like the frame of a picture. I had been up to the lines and it was on my way back that I came upon the gap in the hedge.

"Through it I saw quite unexpectedly a scene of war. Across the fields in front of me all was gold with that weed which is ruining so many harvest fields of France. Mametz Wood I knew at once by the queer shape of it, with a great bite out of its western side. In spite of all our shell fire it is still thick with foliage, upon which the sunlight lay, casting a great black shadow underneath. Just below it was the peak of the wood, a row of broken trees by a sunken road, and a triangle trench for which our men fought desperately, so that it changed hands three times before they won it finally on Friday afternoon. To the left of Mametz Wood and on a line with it was Contalmaison, and on the left of that Bailiff Wood, which we captured and lost again the day before yesterday, and then, further to the left, Ovillers and La Boisselle, and completing the crescent, La Boisselle itself.

Panorama of the Battle.

Between the gap in the hedge I saw again one of the world's great battlefields, and every detail of it was so clearly, sharply defined in the sunlight that it was like a pre-Raphaelite picture painted in vivid colors. I could count the shell holes in the roofs of Contalmaison village, and the château there, standing to the right of the little wood, was brought so close forward by the stereoscopic effect that I could look into the blackness of its broken windows.

Down below me were our trenches, and I saw our men in them. Some of them were outside the trenches, strolling about in the open in little groups or walking about on a lone track, as though taking a quiet half hour on this Sunday afternoon, and yet they were in the centre of a battlefield and over their heads came an incessant flight of shells—our shells—which I could see falling in the German lines and in the fields about them. German shells were bursting with dull crashes and with clouds of black and greenish smoke. All the power of destruction was at work, but because of the utter calm and beauty of the sky and the golden light over all the scene it seemed to me, standing on the edge of it less deadly, like a dream of war.

It was no dream. Three of our shells followed each other in a group, and burst with one explosion against the left-hand tower of Contalmaison château, smashing off the turret as though it were a card castle. Our shells were flinging up fountains of black earth and smoke in the German lines beyond at Pozières. All around the battlefield there were black clouds of shell fire breaking and rising and spreading over the Bailiff Wood at Ovillers, and between the broken tree trunks of La Boisselle men were being killed as usual là bas; but our shells were doing the most damage.

Ammunition Store Blown Up.

An extraordinary thing happened as I looked across to Château Contalmaison. The earth seemed suddenly to open in the enemy's lines and let forth the smoke of its inner fires. It gushed out in great round, dense masses and rose to a vast height, spreading like the foliage of some gigantic tree. It was not a mine explosion, for a mine flings up a black mass, with jagged edges like a piece of black cardboard cut into teeth; but this was a regular uprising of curly black clouds of great volume, getting denser and coming continuously. I watched it for twenty minutes or more, and could not make out its meaning, but guessed we had blown up an ammunition store. Two great explosions which came quite a few seconds after the first vomit of smoke suggested this, so I went away from the picture through the gap in the trees down in the valley.

Where I passed the enemy's shells were coming rather near. A heavy one burst on a knoll close by, and some officers and men were watching with that curious smile men have at times when they know their lives depend upon a freak of chance. It is an ironical smile, and rather grim.

HONOR EARL OF CRAWFORD.

He Succeeds Earl of Selborne on British Board of Agriculture.

LONDON, July 11.—The Earl of Crawford has been appointed President of the Board of Agriculture, to succeed the Earl of Selborne, it was announced officially today.

The Earl of Crawford is the Premier Earl of Scotland. He joined the Royal Army Medical Corps at the outbreak of the war. The Earl previously had held office as Junior Lord of the Treasury. The Earl of Selborne resigned his post on the Board of Agriculture as a protest against the Irish policy of the Government.

The War Situation

BY THE MILITARY EXPERT OF THE NEW YORK TIMES.

The capture of Contalmaison, which was reported last night by the British, was not unexpected. As was pointed out yesterday, the policy of the British strategy against any one particular point which is giving them trouble is in every detail similar to the strategy of the Germans in their drive through Russia last year. In brief, this is the creation of a small salient formed by driving in on both sides of the point in question until it is literally in a pocket. This was the method employed at Contalmaison.

In the British report of Monday last the announcement was made of an attack on the Bois de Mametz. This small clump of woods is about a mile northwest of Montauban, and somewhat less than a mile to the east of Contalmaison. The British fought their way forward until they had almost reached the northern edge of the woods. At the same time an attack on the other side of the village pushed forward toward the northwest, parallel to the road from Contalmaison and Pozières. This left Contalmaison in a, small, deep pocket or salient, the base of which was only about a thousand yards across.

The outcome was only a matter of time. No defense of a position so caught was possible. The German lines of defense on both sides of the village were taken in front, on the flank, and in the rear. No scheme of protection can be adequate against firing from so many different quarters. The evacuation of the town was a certainty. As the British pushed further north in the Bois de Mametz the German position became more precarious with each yard of advance. To avoid destruction the only thing to do was to withdraw. This the Germans did, leaving a small group of prisoners in British hands.

The capture of Contalmaison, a strongly held and bitterly contested point, does not, however, add much to the British contribution to the general situation. It does, however, straighten out their line somewhat, having as an indenture only a small salient in which Hill 129 is nestling. From Ovillers to Montauban the British line is then, to all practical purposes, a straight one. At Montauban the British have not apparently been able to go ahead since the first day of the offensive. The British are faced at this point with constantly rising ground, giving the Germans all the advantage of position. The fact that they were held up at this point was what undoubtedly started the attack against the Bois de Trones. By a successful drive through these woods the difficulty in which the Germans found themselves at Fricourt and Contalmaison will be duplicated. Success will mean a still further gain to the north and the establishing of a new British line in the outskirts of Longueval.

As the days pass, and report after report is received of the fighting in the vicinity of Thiepval, with no gain to compensate for the losses sustained, it is becoming more and more apparent that if the Allies hope to eliminate the great German salient, a salient which has been much deepened as a result of the French successes, the crucial attack will have to come from some other quarter. This may be the cause of the slackening up of the attack along the line from Beaucourt to Ovillers.

It appears from the points at which the severest fighting is now going on that the British are making their maximum effort on the very narrow front between the woods of Mametz and a line drawn due north from Hardecourt. A very brief comparison will show the possibilities of an attack on the Thiepval front direct and attack from the vicinity of Montauban toward the north. We must assume as a starting point that the object of the whole thing is, at least for the present, to clean out the Germans who are now west of a line joining Arras and Hardecourt. This means the elimination of the great salient.

From all the fighting that has occurred on the western front in the last year we know that an advance through the medium of frontal attacks is a slow, tedious, and frightfully expensive operation. Ultimate success is a very dubious proposition. If the attack is a surprise, as for example the French attack south of the Somme unquestionably was, after the initial gain, which in this case was great, the defense has warning of what is to come, and while it may not be able to stop the offense at once, can at least check it and slow it up so that the forces in rear will have time to prepare the ground on which the first line will eventually fall back. Then the process has to be repeated with all the expenditure of ammunition which has been the preliminary incident of all attacks on the western front. Judged from this standpoint, the British would take all Summer to clear the present German position, and even then might not be successful. If they were, the price paid for the ground won would be altogether out of proportion to the advantage that would accrue.

Before taking up the next point consider first the general configuration of the German line. From Arras to Chaulnes it is roughly a high 'S,' only the lower leg of the 'S' is straight and not curved. Notice the advantage this gives the British in an attack from Montauban northward. In the first place, no matter how far they advance over a narrow front they create a situation of no danger to themselves, as they are but extending their present flank without changing its direction, or its relation to the rest of the line. But in such a movement they are operating in a scheme of envelopment on a small scale. The principle is exactly the same as that of creating a pocket in which lies the immediate object; as in the case of Contalmaison, which has just been described. As this pocket becomes deeper and deeper as a result of the northward movement the envelopment becomes more and more complete. When, in the judgment of the commander of the attacking force, the limit has been reached, a quick movement against the front of the troops who would now be facing east and at the same time a heavy artillery action against the line which is facing west, and retirement from the pocket is almost a certainty. A movement of this sort is seldom possible. It is, however, particularly well adapted to just such a formation as the British lines are in at this time. Reference to the map will make the whole thing clear.

To apply this in terms of distance, from Montauban to Martinpuich to the north, for example, is just about three and a quarter miles. If the British could drive north to this latter point, even though in doing so they created a very narrow salient in their own front, the German troops south of a line from Thiepval to Martinpuich would have to move up to that line. This would automatically dispense with the narrow British salient, which had grown out of the advance. The net result of such an operation would be the occupation by the British of a section of territory three and a quarter miles wide by four miles long, and this at the cost of a relatively small advance. The difference between the two methods in this particular case is at once apparent. This is the principle on which apparently the British are working. It will be interesting to watch how far the British can carry this scheme before the Germans find for it some suitable defense.

On no other front than the British has the day's fighting produced any interesting results. Russia is particularly quiet after her phenomenal advance of three days ago. The battle of the Stokhod is still continuing, with neither side claiming any advantage. When the crack comes, if it does come, the result will be almost a disaster. The Teutons could not put up such a defense without having a great mass of artillery at their disposal. When a line such as the Stokhod breaks it is not a gradual giving way, but a real break. In such a case the Teuton loss will necessarily be extremely heavy.

MILITIAMEN FROM VERDUN.

Four Guardsmen Who Served in France Come Here to Join Regiments

The French liner Touraine, which arrived last night from Bordeaux, brought back four American militiamen who had been serving with the American Ambulance Corps in France. Lieutenant O. Wolcott of Troop B in the First Massachusetts Cavalry, said he was serving near Bar-le-Duc when his troop was mobilized. Harry Adamson, a private in the Second Massachusetts Cavalry, was also at Verdun, driving an ambulance. There were twenty ambulances in a section, he said, which had to carry 100 dead and 300 wounded each night if necessary. The wounded are all removed at night.

The German shells dropped on the road at frequent intervals, Adamson said, and six of the American drivers had been hit by them while removing the wounded soldiers.

Gordon Maccough, a private in Squadron A, and Wilden Neeser, a seaman in the Naval Reserve, were on the Touraine.

Hugh A. Bayne, a lawyer of 27 William Street, who has been traveling through Italy, said among 150 wounded soldiers he saw in the hospital at Florence there were a number suffering from frozen feet through their long vigil on the snowclad Alps. The soldiers on duty in these mountains, he said, were dressed in white from head to foot, so that the Austrians could not distinguish them from the snow.

Lieutenant Nicole Simoneaux of the French Army, who arrived on the Touraine for a short rest, said he had been in the fight at Verdun from the beginning until two weeks ago. When he left the German attacks had weakened and the artillery fire had slackened considerably.

Dr. Charles McCarthy of Malden, Mass., said he had been over to France to see his son who was stricken with spinal meningitis while serving in the American Ambulance Corps.

FRENCH VANGUARD CAN SEE PERONNE

Continued from Page 1.

ing. There in front of Biaches our troops are nearest to the immediate goal.

"At present there is a lull. In the words of the official communique, 'we are consolidating our progress,' which means that the heavy artillery is being pushed forward laboriously, while the infantry is digging trenches on the ground captured yesterday morning.

"Suddenly voices cried: 'Look over there, you can see soldiers.' About half a mile before us one sees groups of men like ants working busily on the hillside. Through the glasses one sees that they are sheltering themselves with extraordinary care. Some have strange oblong shields like the ancient Roman legionaries. Others are grouped under a kind of casemate on wheels whose roof touches the ground in front rising in a curve behind to give room for the workers. Still others hide behind a ripple of ground or hillocks.

All Work Furiously.

"All are working furiously with picks and shovels. I have been told that the British losses have been heightened by an utter disregard of danger. Even when not engaged in attacks our Allies seem still not to realize the necessity of unremitting caution. But the French have learned the lesson that Verdun hammered home—that the best soldier is he who regards his life as belonging to France, something precious never to be risked save when sheer necessity demands it. That combined with the magnificent artillery service is the reason why the French losses in this battle have been less than half—I speak from intimate knowledge—those in any previous French offensive in proportion to the number of troops engaged.

"Before closing let me note striking difference in the spirit of troops between this battle and what I saw at Verdun. There the fighting was marked by utter determination, grim and savage; here there is no less confidence, but it is accompanied by a cheerfulness that amounts to gayety. One realises that after all the offensive is the form of war best suited to the French temperament. Their first stroke has succeeded beyond expectation and the effort now preparing will probably be a worthy sequel. Its progress I hope to describe in a later dispatch."

COMPELS AUSTRIANS TO CALL BACK TROOPS

Italian Offensive In Trentino Keeps Several Divisions From the Eastern Front.

ROME, July 11, (via London.)—The pressure exerted by the Italian forces in the Trentino has resulted in the recall of several divisions of Austrian troops which were about to be sent to the eastern front, according to the official statement issued today. The Italian offensive continues. The statement follows:

"In order to withstand the pressure we continue to exercise in the Trentino and our counteroffensive activity in the Boite and But valleys and on the lower Isonzo, the enemy has been obliged to recall to this front troops withdrawn toward the eastern front. This is ascertained in the cases of the Third Corps and the Sixth, Twenty-second and Twenty-eighth divisions, which were on the point of departure, and the Nineteenth Division and the 187th Landsturm Brigade, which were already on the way.

"Yesterday there was an intense artillery duel in the Adige Valley.

"On the Pasubio front we captured positions north of Monte Corno, but the enemy succeeded in obtaining partial repossession of them by a violent counterattack. We took thirty-four prisoners. On the Asiago Plateau Alpine detachments successfully renewed the attack on the enemy's position in the Monte Chiesa region.

"North of Monte San Giovanni we occupied Monte Degli Uccelli at the head of the Cia Valley. In the Tofano region the enemy attempted a surprise on the positions we had taken on the 9th, but were repulsed with heavy losses and left thirty prisoners and one machine gun in our hands.

"On the Isonzo front the artillery was active, and there was also some bombing."

BERLIN, July 11, (by Wireless to Sayville.)—The official Austro-Hungarian statement of Monday reports the continuance of heavy fighting on the Italian front. Monte Corno was captured by the Italians but won back by Austro-Hungarian troops, which took prisoner 455 Italians. An Italian attack in the sector of Monte Interotto failed.

Austro-Hungarian aeroplanes have again bombarded the Italian military establishments at Adria.

The foregoing from Berlin was not included in the Austrian statement of Monday as cabled from London last night.

$100,000,000 FRENCH LOAN.

Banking Group to Take 3-Year Notes Secured by Bond Deposit.

Announcement will be made tomorrow, barring further delays, of the terms on which an American banking group will advance $100,000,000 to France on three-year notes to be secured by the deposit of bonds of neutral countries having a market value of $120,000,000.

It is expected that the notes will be issued by a new company to be known as the American Foreign Securities Corporation, which will have the privilege of converting the loan at maturity into twenty-year 5 per cent. French bonds in lots of $20,000,000.

A similar arrangement was made with Russia in connection with the recent loan of $50,000,000.

Social Democrats Win in Finland.

LONDON, July 11.—The result of the recent election of members of the Finnish Diet, according to a Reuter dispatch from Petrograd, was as follows: One hundred and three Social Democrats, 33 Old Finns, 22 Young Finns, 21 Swedes, 19 Agrarians.

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BRITISH PATROL BOATS SUNK IN THE ADRIATIC

Four or Five Destroyed by Austrian Cruiser—Only Nine Men of the Crews Were Saved.

BERLIN, July 11, (by Wireless to Sayville.)—The Austrian Admiralty made the following announcement today:

"Our cruiser Novara met a group of four or, according to the declaration of prisoners, five armored British patrol boats off Otranto Road, (at the lower end of the Adriatic.) All the patrol boats were destroyed by artillery fire. All the steamers sank in flames, three of them after the explosion of their boilers. The Novara was able to rescue only nine members of the British crews."

The Novara is a scout cruiser of 3,384 tons displacement. She has figured in several engagements in the Adriatic. The Strait of Otranto is between the heel of Italy and the Albanian coast, connecting the Adriatic and Ionian Seas.

RUSSIANS CAPTURE 2 SHIPS.

Swedes Manned One of German Steamers Taken to Finland.

LONDON, July 11.—Russian torpedoboats have captured the German steamers Lissabon and Worms, according to a report received in Stockholm from Skelleftea, a small seaport in Sweden on the Gulf of Bothmia, and transmitted by Reuter's correspondent at Stockholm.

The steamers were taken to Finland. The Russians detained the Captain, pilot, and twenty-four of the crew of the Worms, all of whom are Swedes. The remaining thirteen members of the crew of the Worms and all of the crew of the Lissabon have arrived at Skelleftea.

The steamers Lissabon and Worms are owned in Hamburg. The Lissabon is of 2,781 gross tons and was built in Rostock in 1900. The Worms was built in New Castle in 1907 and is of 4,428 tons.

HELLIG-OLAV'S MAIL SEIZED.

British Also Took Steel Consignment from the Steamer.

Officers of the steamship Hellig-Olav, which arrived yesterday from Copenhagen, said the liner was detained fourteen hours at Kirkwall by the British authorities, the mail being taken off, and also a quantity of steel plates. The ship's officers did not appear to know why the steel was seized.

Among the 195 cabin passengers were ten American missionaries returning from Turkey, including Dr. W. Clark of Brattleboro, Vt., and his wife and three children. The children were born in Turkey, Mr. and Mrs. Clark having lived there for twelve years. Mr. Clark said they were stationed at Sivas the greater part of the time, and had to leave when the Turkish Government purchased the mission buildings for hospital purposes. One of the missionaries came from Jerusalem, where he said the Turkish Governor only allowed the people to eat meat once every seven days.

FRANCE MAY TAKE SHIPS.

Government Urged to Requisition All Vessels to Reduce Freight Rates.

PARIS, July 11.—The Chamber of Deputies today adopted a resolution urging the Government to introduce a bill to requisition the entire French merchant marine for the duration of the war. Thus far only a limited number of ships have been taken over by the Government. One of the objects of the measure is to reduce freight charges, which is one of the causes of the high cost of living. The adoption of the bill would obviate to a certain extent the necessity of hiring neutral freighters.

Shopowners whose vessels have not been requisitioned are said to have made a profit of 500,000,000f. ($100,000,000) since the war began.

Russian Mailboat Submarined.

PETROGRAD, July 11.—It is announced officially that a Russian Black Sea mailboat lying at anchor without cargo off the Caucasian coast has been sunk by an enemy submarine.

British Steamer Strikes a Mine.

LONDON, July 11.—Lloyd's Shipping Agency announces that the British steamer Kara has been abandoned by her crew after striking a mine. The Kara, of 2,338 tons gross, was built in Newcastle in 1889, and owned in London.

BERLIN EXCHANGE RISES.

Rate on July 10 Was 5.28 Marks to the Dollar.

BERLIN, July 10, (via London, July 11.)—The exchange rate on New York, which for a long time was nailed fast at 5.175 marks per dollar, equivalent on a New York basis of quotation to 77¼, has been the subject of a moderate but steady rise in the past week. Today it reached 5.28.

A noteworthy circumstance in the movement is that while the Berlin rate remained stationary during the steady decline of the rate in New York in June to a low record, the Berlin rise began after and in face of an improvement in New York.

ARAB REBELS CAPTURE CITY AND FORTRESS

Tribesmen Who Revolted from Turkish Rule Extend Their Operations.

CAIRO, Egypt, July 11, (via London.)—Arabs have captured the town of Kinfuda, Arabia. They also have taken the fort.

LONDON, July 11.—The revolt against Turkish rule in Arabia is spreading, says a Reuter dispatch from Cairo, and it is stated that the Grand Sherif of Mecca, leader of the rebels, has an ample supply of men, guns, and ammunition. Arabian troops under Said Idriss have captured the town and fort of Kunfuda. The garrison of 8 Turkish officers and 190 men were made prisoner, and Idriss's flag now flies over Kunfuda.

The garrison of Fort Taif is still holding out, and an attempted sortie was repulsed with heavy losses by the Arabs, who captured two guns. The Grand Sherif has ordered the chiefs besieging the fort to hold out until the garrison surrenders.

It is understood that Arabs from Medina to the outskirts of Damascus are supporting the Grand Sherif. Emir Nuri Shalam has thrown his support to the Grand Sherif. Emir Shalam some time ago received many presents from the Turkish Government, but he refused to join in an attack on the Suez Canal.

The Arabian newspaper Mokattam, the dispatch says, declares that Constantinople is greatly alarmed over the revolution. The newspaper says a large expedition has been ordered into the Vilayet of Hedjaz, but the destruction of the railway prevents the sending of any great amount of troops and munitions.

A dispatch from London, June 23, said that reports had been received there of a serious uprising against the Turks in Arabia. The rebels, under command of the Grand Sherif of Mecca, the Chief Magistrate of the Holy City, were reported to have captured Mecca, Jiddah, the chief seaport of Arabia, and Taif. The rebels were said to have proclaimed the independence of the Arabs from Ottoman rule.

Kinfuda is a port on the Red Sea 200 miles south of Jiddah.

LULL IN BOYCOTT TALK.

Suggestions of Paris Conference Now Discounted in England.

LONDON, July 11.—The pronouncement of the recent Entente conference in Paris for a commercial alliance against the Central Powers after the war appears to have been sidetracked entirely during the last fortnight. No definite plan of action has been proposed officially as far as is ascertainable and no unofficial schemes have been put forward. The cause for this may be the overshadowing interest in the fighting in France, while the departure of William M. Hughes, the Australian Premier, who is the foremost advocate of the "war after war" policy, probably is a contributing factor.

Before the Paris Conference the protectionist newspapers and the most bitter anti-German organs were enthusiastic for the policy and hailed the announcements of the conference. The free trade press continues to attack the project with ridicule. Free trade publicists and editors, including Viscount Bryce, have issued a manifesto giving it as their opinion that no reason exists for changing Great Britain's fiscal policy after the war, and contending the war has proved the strength of free trade and the weakness of protection at home and abroad.

J. A. Hobson, the economist, in a recent address, asked: "Is there any evidence that the Entente Allies are to enter into free trade relations, or is England to bear the whole burden?" Mr. Hobson added that "to stop the trade of Germany would be to stop her wealth, and the recoil would be equal to the blow."

The resolution introduced by Senator Stone at Washington caused no comment in the British press. The whole subject so far as its supporters are considered is suffering an eclipse.

STORM TURK POSITIONS.

Russians Capture 350 Prisoners—Repulse Attacks Elsewhere.

PETROGRAD, July 11.—Concerning the operations on the Caucasus front, the War Office today issued the following:

In the direction of Baiburt during the night of July 9 our scouts succeeded in securing a height and took possession of a Turkish machine gun after having killed all the gunners.

Further south we captured by assault most powerfully organized Turkish positions, which we consolidated. We took prisoner thirty officers and 350 men.

In the direction of Diarbekr, in the region of the Boynukova Valley, our advance guard easily repelled a Turkish offensive, taking prisoners and booty.

TORNADO NEAR VIENNA.

Storm Kills 31 Persons and Scores Are Injured.

AMSTERDAM, Wednesday, July 12.—A tornado on Monday swept Josephstadt, a suburb of Vienna, says the Vienna Neustadt, according to a telegram received here.

Thirty-one persons were killed, and more than a hundred were injured seriously.

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PEACE DISCUSSION SPREADS IN GERMANY

Prof. Brandenburg Renews Demand That the Chancellor Outline His Conditions.

BERHARD JOINS ATTACK

Leaders Say Bethmann Hollweg Will Lose Public Confidence by Continued Silence.

From a Staff Correspondent.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 11.—With Chancellor von Bethmann Hollweg's position growing more difficult, discussions over peace conditions and the question of whether the nation still has confidence in the Chancellor continue unabated. The Saxon National Liberal leader and historian, Professor Brandenburg, whose attack on the Chancellor for the latter's reticence regarding the war's aims brought the dangerous question of confidence in the Chancellor to a head, renews his offensive today, first arguing that despite the censorship enemies and neutrals are thoroughly posted on the differences of opinion in Germany, and states the case of the Pan-Germans for an open discussion of peace conditions.

"I assume," he says, "that the Chancellor has himself a clear notion of the extent of the war aims which he considers necessary. Out of diplomatic considerations he may be of the conviction that he must not tell his war aims to any one until the time for peace negotiations is at hand. In that case, he must not expect, however, that a policy which nobody knows anything about will be carried out and supported by a mighty stream of public opinion. In that case he must have the self-confident calm to go his own way regardless of public opinion, and must not complain if the waves of impatience, mistrust, and even calumny swirl around him and maybe spray him.

"There are statesmen, like Bismarck, who can travel this road with success, but whether it is possible in the midst of a world war with its undreamed of sacrifices and strained endeavors, is doubtful. Of peace negotiations, he should make it clear where he stands. I speak here not only as a diplomat and representative of the federated Government, but I speak in the name of Germany, of its army that has done superhuman deeds and of its people that have borne all the burdens."

While Pan-Germans and other extreme annexationists are undoubtedly fighting for a wide-open public discussion of peace conditions, the more moderate elements demand of the Chancellor only that he take the responsible leaders of German public opinion into his confidence regarding his peace program and the possibilities of its realization. George Berhard, the editor of the Vissische Zeitung, is a representative of this body of public opinion. Answering the Chancellor's defense of "First beat the enemy and then talk peace terms," he says:

"It is the duty of statesmen not to wait until the enemy is beaten, but long before to consider the question of the war aims and all eventualities of the war's outcome. We went into this war which was forced upon us only with the thought of freeing Germany from the grip of its enemies. We had not worked out our political plans, but we ought to have had them after the very first months of the war and should have made our military actions subservient to them. We have occupied great territories in the east and west, and we hope in the course of the next month to press on victoriously still deeper into the enemy's land, but nobody can say today how many more miles of enemy territory must be occupied by German and Austro-Hungarian troops before the enemy and the world will admit that Germany has won. There are numerous well-informed persons in Germany who believe we are nearer peace than is generally assumed. There must already exist in the heads of our leading statesmen some plan, some guiding thought for all possibilities, and is it unjustifiable that wide circles harbor a wish to discuss these plans with the Chancellor and his advisers? We know only too well that there is a whole series of war aims that cannot be discussed, not only because it would weaken the position of our negotiators as against the enemy, but unfortunately because it would not help our friendships. The Chancellor cannot lay his cards on the table nor can all the details be discussed, but nevertheless public opinion urgently needs clarity, which can only result if the Chancellor wins the confidence of the nation by showing confidence himself in the leaders of public opinion, the press, and Parliament."

An interesting feature of the inner political situation is the von Bülow boom. The Chancellor, who seemed to have touched the bottom in popularity after his failure to keep Italy out of the war, has surprised the political sharps by coming back in the last few months, particularly as a result of his recent political writings in which he champions a strong policy particularly toward England as the real enemy. Prince von Bülow is beginning to be regarded with respect and favor in even ultra-conservative quarters and may be worth watching.

STORM HITS NAVY STATION.

Hydroaeroplanes at Pensacola Destroyed—Loss Put at $150,000.

NEW ORLEANS, July 11.—Seven navy hydroacroplanes and several sea sledges were destroyed at Pensacola by last week's tropical storm, said yachtsmen back today from Pensacola, where they were caught by the storm after the end of a yacht race from New Orleans. The new dirigible hangar, they said, was not damaged.

It will take $150,000 to repair the damage to the Pensacola Naval Station, according to reports.

SEES HUMANITY END IF WE FIGHT BRITAIN

Prof. Murray of Oxford Tells Columbia Students It Would Mean World Disaster.

SAYS NATIONS MUST UNITE

Their Duty to Revive International Common Sense and Wipe Out Frontier Forts.

"If England and America ever became plunged into war against each other at any time in the future I have the feeling that it would mean the end of humanity," said Professor Gilbert Murray, the distinguished classical student who has come from Oxford University, England, to conduct a conference at the Columbia Summer Session on the classics, to a gathering yesterday in Hamilton Hall. The conference will last for a fortnight, and Professor Paul Shorey of Chicago University will be associated with Professor Gilbert in the work on the classics.

The lecture yesterday marked the opening of the conference. Columbia's throng of Summer students flocked to the hall and several hundred had to be turned away.

"My thoughts are incessantly occupied with a preoccupation," said Professor Murray. "We of England feel the extraordinary sympathy which Americans are giving out to the war sufferers, even to our enemies. This we appreciate, though we recognize in the Americans a people friendly to us. Of course, neutral and belligerent nations feel differently about the great war, and we who are in the war are more absorbed in its progress than you.

"When I heard the first tidings of the great English drive I knew before the first casualty lists were submitted that I had lost five or six more personal friends. You can easily imagine how such tidings affect a man and the state of mind resulting. When one feels that way day by day, and year by year, he is apt to lose his balance. So I ask that you think of us with patience and indulgence.

"Every Englishman feels that his place is at the front, certainly at home, and not travelling abroad. When President Butler invited me to come and visit Columbia for this lecture conference I was busily engaged in war work in my own country. I accepted the invitation and came over, with the hope of doing my country a service by helping cement the friendship between the United States and England. I have the feeling that if we ever quarrel it will mean the end of humanity.

"At the end of the war all nations must unite in rebuilding international understandings and international common sense. The world needs more unfortified frontiers like that between the United States and Canada, and fewer elaborately guarded and highly fortified frontiers of Europe."

The last of the lectures in the conference will be given on July 24. Professor Murray said after the lecture that he expected to stay in this country only a few days after the conference ended.

"The English have long looked forward to the drive which is now being made by the Allied armies," he said. "England's universities are now emptied of students, but are serving a useful purpose in undergoing a transformation from academic colleges to war colleges. Men who have seen active service at the front are finishing their education as officers at the colleges and universities, now in charge of the War Department.

"The military system has become thoroughly efficient the past few months, and the time has gone by when a man could receive a commission as an officer without being trained to his duties and without having seen actual service at the battle front. The women's colleges have likewise become of military use. One of the largest women's colleges in the country, at Somerville, is now a well-equipped military hospital."

Speaking of the attitude of the American press toward his country, he said:

"With the exception of a few papers in the Middle West, the American newspapers have been eminently fair and impartial, as typified by the attitude of THE NEW YORK TIMES, in their treatment of war news and in their editorial comment."

SAW GERMAN PRISON CAMPS.

Says Inspections Were Stopped Through Dislike of Americans.

Dr. Stewart Irwin of Johns Hopkins University returned to New York yesterday on the Scandinavian-American liner Hellig Olav after spending five months in Germany inspecting the prison camps. He said he found a very strong anti-American sentiment in Germany and that finally the Reichstag refused to permit him to visit any more camps.

"Among the 3,000,000 prisoners," he said, "there are about 500,000 English, mostly military men. We were allowed to talk with the men, but individual medical examinations were prohibited. In one hospital we saw men in the last stages of tuberculosis whose cases were designated as pneumonia. In one camp I found the prisoners storing away food for future use because a shortage of supplies was expected. The English prisoners were permitted to receive boxes of food from home, but the French and Russians could not. In some camps the rations of food were served out in proportion to the amount of work done by the prisoners."

An American, who was a passenger on the Hellig Olav but declined to give his name because of his interests in Germany, said the German Government knew eight months ago that Germany would be defeated, but was keeping the news from the people to save the Prussian power.

PROVISIONAL SYSTEM FOR RULE OF IRELAND

Lansdowne Outlines Plan Providing for Secretary with Capable Military Adviser.

LONDON, July 11.—In a discussion in the House of Lords today on the report of Baron Hardinge, head of the commission which investigated the Irish rebellion, several members urged that Augustine Birrell, former Secretary for Ireland, ought to have been censured as the one responsible for the Sinn Fein outbreak, and Lord Lansdowne outlined a system for the provisional government of Ireland when martial law is abolished there and until a new government can be established.

An Irish Secretary, with a capable military adviser, would be appointed. There would also be a new chief of the Royal Irish Constabulary, who would be a well-known soldier. Nobody would be allowed to carry arms without a permit, and there would be no grants of amnesty. A garrison would be maintained in Ireland strong enough to preserve order, and special safeguards would be created for the Loyalists in the south and west.

Lord Lansdowne said he understood the Sinn Fein movement was waning and that he anticipated the passage of a bill embodying the Irish settlement would occupy considerable time. He thought that with 40,000 troops in Ireland under command of General Maxwell, in whom the government had unabated confidence, there was no fear of the situation getting out of hand. The Government would give General Maxwell all the support to which he was entitled, and was quite prepared to extend his powers to meet any emergency.

The Official Gazette tonight announces that Lord Castletown and Sir David Harrel, former Under-Secretary of Ireland, with Justices Cherry, Wylie, and Pym of the Supreme Court of Ireland, had been appointed "Lord Justices for the Government of Ireland during the vacancy in the office of the Lord Lieutenant." The appointments are understood to mean that the Lord Lieutenancy is placed in the hands of a commission until a new government is established in Ireland.

Sir Horace Plunkett, who has held many important offices in connection with Ireland, in an interview today, said he feared the Government would find it had wholly misjudged the feeling of the Irish people, and that its proposal for setting up a Government in Ireland without consulting the Irish electorate would arouse opposition in Nationalist Ireland that would drive tens of thousands of moderate men into the Sinn Fein movement.

"It seems to be forgotten," added Sir Horace, "that if the Irish representatives elected six years ago are the natural instruments to populate the Government they are now presumed to be, the rebellion would not have taken place against their wishes, even without their knowledge.

"A ray of hope in Premier Asquith's statement is the promise of free discussion in Parliament, which, it may be assumed, carries with it a fair consideration for some better way."

RELICS OF PENN AT AUCTION

Paintings, Books, and Other Objects Are Sold in London.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 11.—At Christie's today a sale of family portraits, books, manuscripts, and relics of William Penn and his descendants was held. Sir William Beechy's full-lenth portrait of John Penn, in the uniform of a Lieutenant Colonel of the First Eton Troop of the South Regiment of the Royal Bucks Yeomanry, fetched $6,300, which stands next to the record for a Beechy canvas of a man. The sum of $8,400 was paid for the portrait of George, Prince of Wales, in the Duke of Cambridge sale in 1904. A portrait of William Penn in armor by an unknown artist brought $420. William Penn's Bible, although dated 1702, twenty years after his grant of land in Pennsylvania, realized $575. There was fair bidding for the historical wampum belts ratifying the treaties which Penn made with the Indians after his famous interview under the elm tree at Shackamaxon. Sabin gave $430 for one and Maggs $350 for the other. In the recent Huth sale Henry Stevens gave $800 for the 1635 "Relation of Maryland," with a map, the British Museum copy of which went far to settle the big Colonial lawsuit between the sons of Penn and the heirs of Lord Baltimore over the boundaries of Maryland and Pennsylvania. Yesterday two official copies of this tedious case fetched $230 and $225.

The original manuscript of "Penn's Persuasive to Toleration Upon the Foot of Prudence," of 1686, a plea which resulted in the release of more than 1,200 Quakers by James II., attained $240. A lock of his hair cut off by his wife three years before his death went for $110. Two letters written by William Bradford, the first Pennsylvania printer, to Penn in 1712 brought $240.

Two portraits by Joseph Highmore of William Penn's sons, John and Richard, were keenly sought after. The former realized $2,625 and the latter $220. Romney's portrait of John Penn was bought by Knoedler for $700.

SAY AIR BOMBS HIT FORTS.

Germans Report Damages at Harwich—British Deny It.

BERLIN, July 11, (by Wireless to Sayville.)—Two German naval aeroplanes bombarded English coast fortifications at Harwick and Dover on the night of July 9 and 10, the German Admiralty announced today.

The Press Bureau last night issued a statement denying the assertion of the German Admiralty that two German naval aeroplanes had bombarded the fortifications at Harwich Sunday night. The statement says:

"The facts regarding the air raid referred to in the German statement were given in an official statement on Monday. No bombs were dropped on port establishments or coast works, and the raid on Harwich is an entire fabrication."

Egyptian
DEITIES
"The Utmost in Cigarettes"
Plain end or Cork tip
People of culture, refinement and education invariably prefer Deities to any other cigarette.
Anargyros Makers of the Highest Grade Turkish and Egyptian Cigarettes in the World.
25¢

GERMANY JUBILANT AT U-BOAT EXPLOIT

Continued from Page 1.

the restrictions which prevent warships from entering a neutral port except under stress, or remaining over twenty-four hours.

"I conceived the idea of breaking the British blockade long ago," continued Herr Lohmann, "but the project first took definite shape last Autumn, when I succeeded in convincing the capitalists associated with me—the Deutsche Bank and the Norddeutsche Lloyd—that the war presumably would last another twelve months. This was the hardest part of my task. Once this was done the rest was easy, for our figures showed that the boats would more than pay for themselves in a single round trip.

"A company was immediately incorporated as the German Ocean Navigation Company of Bremen, with a nominal capital. Articles were filed on Nov. 8 and work was commenced on the first and second boats. The Deutschland was completed some time ago, and, after successful trials in the Baltic, started for America, following the usual peace route of our Bremen and Hamburg steamers.

"No, I don't care to give her exact sailing date, nor the time of passage. But you can reach an approximation from the boat's speed of fourteen knots, making the necessary allowance for reduced speed when running submerged and for a certain time in resting on the bottom, which was necessary in getting through the Channel past the British lines."

He mentioned with glee articles from American newspapers which had recently referred to his ideals as "a Jules Verne romance," and cited a German shipping agent in New York and a British Naval Attaché as declaring that the project was utterly impracticable.

Herr Lohmann now believes that the war will not be terminated before next Spring, and that the submarine freighters will have an opportunity to make many profitable voyages.

The officers and crew of the fleet were recruited in Bremen from the German mercantile marine. Some difficulty was experienced in securing their release from naval service, but this was accomplished, and every man will be finally and definitely mustered out before leaving Germany.

Herr Lohmann's outlook for commercial possibilities extends to the East as well as to the West. He founded the German and Oriental Commercial Association, of which he is President, to further the development of commerce with Turkey and the Near East. Another venture was the formation by him of the Cotton Import Association, which last year offered a high price for American cotton for Bremen delivery, in an endeavor to stimulate the movement against British blockade measures.

The return of the Deutschland will be made the occasion of a great celebration and banquet at Bremen. This will be the formal celebration of the reopening of direct German-American trade relations.

WILL SPEND $35,000,000.

Schwab Outlines Improvements for Bethlehem Subsidiaries.

HARRISBURG, Penn., July 11.—Charles M. Schwab, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, which recently took over the Pennsylvania Steel Works and the Maryland Steel Works, announced today that $15,000,000 would be spent at Steelton and $20,000,000 at the Maryland works at Sparrow Point.

Some of the new installations at Steelton will be mills to roll plates for construction of submarines. More blast furnaces, rolling mills, coke ovens, and trackage also are planned for Steelton.

SAY SUBMARINE IS MERCHANTMAN

Continued from Page 1.

armed or whether she could readily be armed or be converted into a submarine which could carry and discharge torpedoes.

"On my way over from Washington I had made up my mind that I would ask no questions regarding the mechanism and construction that was revealed to me, but I was so interested that now and then my enthusiasm got the better of my discretion. Whenever this happened the German officers always courteously and willingly informed me as to what I wanted to know.

"No, I shall not make any report to the Navy Department or to any of its officials as to what I saw aboard the submarine. I think that would be a breach of ethics. I was not there to get information about construction for the benefit of our navy, and what I learned along that line I shall keep to myself."

"Of course, though, you used your eyes?" Captain Hughes was asked.

"Oh, yes," he answered, "I used my eyes all right."

While the naval experts were making the technical examination that was to result in complete vindication of the Deutschland's character, there were evidences that preparations are even now under way here to receive the Bremen, announced as the second commercial submarine to come to America with German-made goods sorely needed here.

The tug Thomas F. Timmins, which was bought by the Eastern Forwarding Company and equipped to meet and convoy the Deutschland from off the Virginia Capes to this harbor, disappeared early today from her berth near that of the submersible. Asked about rumors that the Timmins is hastening back to Norfolk to meet the Bremen, Mr. Hilken professed ignorance of the tug's whereabouts.

"I thought she was still in the harbor, but she may have started after the Bremen," he said.

There was some interest here in reports via London that the Vossische Zeitung had said that the Bremen left Kiel more than a month ago. This was strenuously denied by those closest to Captain Koenig. There was a marked difference in the attitude of the boat's officers and agents today. Hitherto, since the first sighting of the craft, they have been eagerly communicative. Today they made every effort to prevent information getting to the public and said many times they thought it was "time the whole thing was dropped."

Vessel is Screened from View.

They were adamant in their refusal to elaborate on information previously furnished, but one authoritative claim came from inside sources. This was that there are now eight more commercial submarines building at Kiel for a private German firm or firms, and as fast as they are completed they will be put into the transatlantic freight-carrying service.

Before a gang of more than a hundred white and negro stevedores were put to work unloading the Deutschland's cargo in the morning every possible effort was made to shield the operations from public gaze and to make approach within seeing distance impossible either by land or water. The interned North German Lloyd liner Neckar was manoeuvred alongside the submarine. This effectually shut off what little view could be gained from the land side.

Pier ends were wired off to the water's edge and heavy burlap was draped over the wires. Guards stood about the pier shed. A barge, two-thirds as long as the submarine, was brought close alongside her on the water side, so that even sightseers in launches, steer about as they might, could only catch a glimpse of the Deutschland's conning tower.

Electric winches were put at work hoisting out the boxes of dyestuffs, each of which bore German labels and was about 12 by 12 by 15 inches. The cases were built of wood an inch thick and were carefully constructed.

Every effort was made to learn today from Collector Ryan and from the consignees more details as to the nature and value of the dyestuffs. The agents refused all information. Mr. Ryan said it would not be fair to divulge anything more than appeared on the manifest. He said the duty has not yet been paid, and as the cargo is being put in a bonded warehouse it may not be until the merchandise is claimed by those for whom it is destined. He asserted that he has not, and would not furnish if he had, information as to the amount of duty that would be exacted. If the dyes were all anilines, he said, the duty would be 30 per cent. ad valorem.

The nature of the dyes will be determined, he said, in the Appraiser's Stores, where 10 per cent. of the cargo, selected at random by Custom Inspectors, will be inspected, as is the usual routine. On the basis of what this 10 per cent. is found to be, the declaration of the consignees will be checked up, and the Appraisers then will fix the value of each part and the duty to be assessed upon it. If the receivers of the dyes do not agree to this valuation a controversy with the Government may ensue, but the warehouse bond protects the goods.

No Passengers to be Accepted.

The Eastern Forwarding Company definitely made it known today that it would accept neither passengers nor cargo for the return trip of the Deutschland. About the trip itself, nothing more was said.

The agents have been besieged with requests from metropolitan newspapers that they be allowed to send representatives to accompany the submarine back to Bremen. These have been uniformly refused.

Such requests as have been made—and they have been numerous—that the submersible carry goods which American merchants have long been prevented from sending to customers in Germany have been declined, on the ground that the cargo has already been arranged for. As told in THE TIMES, it will consist of nickel and rubber for German munitions factories.

Positive denial was made that the Deutschland brought any securities to America, and rumors that such had actually been sold in Wall Street were called absurd.

The crew and officers of the Deutschland spent a quiet day today. They have shown a disposition to rest, and such hours as they could snatch from supervising or assisting at unloading cargo have been passed in recovering from the strain of the long, tense trip.

Arrangements were made to transfer the entire ship's company to roomier quarters aboard the interned liner Neckar. These will be fitted with every comfort so that the men may get the fullest relief from their cramped quarters on the Deutschland.

Captain Koenig said as soon as the excitement of the arrival is allayed the crew is to be allowed shore leave. There have been dozens of offers to entertain them and arrangements are now being made by German societies here to offer them the utmost that can be devised in hospitality.

The men of the crew were overjoyed tonight when informed that August Heckscher in New York had donated $10,000 to be divided among them as a reward for the success of their exploit. There is talk as the result of this gift of raising a huge purse for the men, contributions to be made by Germans in all parts of the country who care thus to signify their admiration of the daring company.

Captain Koenig figured this noon in an unexpected and informal ovation. With the Hilkens and several women whose names were not disclosed he had luncheon at the Hotel Belvedere. Hundreds of Elks, who were there because of the Grand Lodge they are holding here, learned of Captain Koening's presence. One after another they insisted upon shaking hands with him as he passed through the lobby. When the modest little skipper saw that the handshaking was taking on the complexion of a general reception he hurriedly backed into the dining room.

A band struck up "Die Wacht am Rhein" and all in the room applauded, while Koenig beamed his pleasure. Then came the strains of "The Star-Spangled Banner." Captain Koenig was one of the first to spring to his feet and stand at attention. As the last note came he saluted formally and sat down with his party.

"SHIP A MERCHANT VESSEL."

Reiteration by Baltimore Official Follows Navy Inspection.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The probability that the United States Government will overrule the pro forma protest made by the British and French Governments, and rule that the German submarine Deutschland is an unarmed merchant vessel, entitled to all the rights and privileges of other merchantmen of belligerent nationality in neutral ports, was made a virtual certainty late this afternoon, when William P. Ryan, Collector of Customs, telegraphed from Baltimore that he regarded the Deutschland as a merchant vessel.

The Collector's telegram gave the result of the physical inspection of the submarine made today by himself and by Captain Charles F. Hughes, of the United States Navy, who was detailed by the Navy Department at the request of the State Department to make a careful inspection of the submarine. This telegram, which was at once communicated to the State Department, reported that Collector Ryan and Captain Hughes found no evidence that the submarine was armed or could be armed without extensive structural change. The Collector's message read as follows:

> Baltimore, July 11.
>
> The Honorable, the Secretary of the Treasury:
>
> Sir: In company with Captain Hughes, I have made a thorough inspection of the Deutschland. All spaces except those occupied by cargo and oils were visited. There is no evidence that this ship is armed or can be armed without extensive structural change. I reaffirm my statement of yesterday that this ship is a merchant vessel. A complete and detailed report will be made tonight. Respectfully,
>
> WILLIAM P. RYAN,
> Collector of Customs.

Captain Hughes was sent to Baltimore as an expert with definite instructions to make a thorough inspection of the submarine, especially with a view to ascertaining whether the vessel carries guns or torpedoes, or is so constructed as to be easily converted into a war vessel.

He and Collector Ryan were given free access to the submarine, went through the interior of the vessel, and visited every space except those occupied by the cargo and oil spaces. Their report was regarded by officials as settling the matter as to whether the vessel is to be regarded as a warship. In official circles the opinion is that only by a stretch of the imagination could the vessel be regarded as a war vessel.

Captain Hughes's report means that it will be impossible for the submarine to leave an American port armed. As a merchant vessel it would have the same right to arm in self-defense, and only for self-defense, as the Italian liner Giuseppe Verdi, and other merchant vessels of belligerent nationality, that have visited American waters, officials hold, but this armament would have to consist of small guns, and could not consist of torpedoes or torpedo tubes.

The complete and detailed report from Collector Ryan and Captain Hughes will be received in Washington tomorrow, and will be submitted to the State Department. It is possible that the latter department will consult the Neutrality Board and seek its views, but it was made plain today that this course, if followed, would only be observed out of a desire for overabundance of caution in considering the matter.

The British and French Embassies, acting for their Governments, have made representations to the State Department in which they set up the claim that the Deutschland is potentially a warship, although it was designed and used as a merchant vessel. These representations were made before either Embassy was aware of the finding of Collector Ryan and Captain Hughes that the vessel could not be armed without undergoing extensive structural changes. The State Department will give careful consideration to these representations, but is expected to inform the protesting Embassies that it is difficult to see how the claim can be made that the Deutschland is a warship, potential or otherwise, in view of the report of Captain Hughes.

Lieutenant J. O. Fisher of the Bureau of Steam Engineering of the Navy Department and Naval Constructor Herbert S. Howard, recently attached to the staff of Rear Admiral Grant, commanding the submarine flotilla of the United States Atlantic fleet, accompanied Captain Hughes when he went to Baltimore to make the physical inspection of the Deutschland.

From the Allies' point of view, any submarine is essentially a warship. The United States, Great Britain and France agree on the doctrine that it is illegal to change the character of a merchant ship into a cruiser or privateer on the high seas, but the German Government always has insisted upon that right. Consequently, it is argued it would be no violation of the German interpretation of international law for the Deutschland to take aboard armament outside the three-mile limit and to prey upon commerce.

The very nature of construction of a submarine, it is held by the Allies, makes it impossible for such a craft to comply with the requirements of international law. She could not be stopped and searched, and, the Allies assert, must be regarded as an enemy warship subject to destruction upon sight. This contention, however, will get only perfunctory consideration here.

Inasmuch as rubber and nickel are being imported to the United States under private agreements by the purchasers that they shall not reach the Central Powers, British authorities are beginning to investigate how the large quantity of those materials piled up at the Deutschland's pier got into the hands of German agents.

MEMORIAL TO DEUTSCHLAND.

German League Will Present Testimonial and Aid Red Cross.

Under the auspices of the German University League of America a memorial will be presented to the submarine liner Deutschland. It will indicate the admiration felt by the signers for the spirit of bold imagination, science, and careful organization so active in Germany. It also will express the satisfaction of the signers at the message of good-will brought over by the Captain and the men who have piloted the Deutschland from the old Hanseatic town of Bremen.

The league announced yesterday that those wishing to have their names attached to the memorial could do so by mailing their names and addresses to the main office of the league at 225 Fifth Avenue, before July 17. For the benefit of the German Red Cross an expense charge of $1 for each signature will be made. The memorial will be exhibited at 411 Fifth Avenue on Tuesday, July 18.

EMBASSY MAIL AT RYE.

Deutschland's First Officer Brings It and Clerks Are Busy.

Special to The New York Times.

RYE, N. Y., July 11.—Three bags of mail arrived in Rye this morning in charge of First Officer Franz Krapohl of the German submarine Deutschland, accompanied by Mr. Hanel von Haimhausen, first counselor of the German Embassy. An automobile met the men at the station and quickly hurried them and their dispatches to the Summer Embassy on the Post Road, a quarter of a mile away.

A corps of fifteen clerks were soon delving into the contents behind closed doors. In the absence of Mr. von Haimhausen from his Summer home on Apawamis Avenue tonight, Dr. Ahrens, an Attaché of the Embassy, spoke to THE TIMES representative.

"I assure you the mail bags contained only our regular official communications which heretofore have reached us by other means," said he.

Dr. Ahrens is an affable young man and a bachelor. He was much perturbed a few days ago when he met THE TIMES correspondent in the Rye Post Office and showed him a thick letter in a woman's handwriting. Across the envelope was stamped "Opened by censor." He said:

"Now, is not that a shame, a letter from my sweetheart opened in England. Alas! It can't be helped, it is one of the sad conditions of war."

MONTHLY SERVICE SOON, BERNSTORFF HEARS

Ambassador Will Visit the Subsea Vessel As an Interested German Citizen.

Count Johann von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, announced at the Ritz-Carlton Hotel yesterday afternoon that the submarine Deutschland had brought no letter from the Kaiser to President Wilson on the voyage across the Atlantic.

"Why should there have been such a letter?" he inquired when his attention was called to the report that the Emperor had sent a greeting. "The Deutschland is a merchant ship in the service of a private enterprise. What occasion was there for such a letter being sent?"

The Count, who had come to New York from his Summer home at Rye, announced also that he would leave for Baltimore at 8 o'clock tomorrow morning to visit the Deutschland.

"I am going as a private citizen, as a German citizen," he said, "because I am anxious to see a submarine that had crossed the Atlantic. I am going, also, because it is only natural that I should, and because I am sure the Captain of the Deutschland would desire it."

The German Ambassador said he had been informed that the owners of the Deutschland intended to install regular sailings.

"I have heard that there will be a boat each month," he said. Count von Bernstorff and his secretary received considerable mail from the Deutschland yesterday, and spent a portion of yesterday looking it over. He admitted that he was gratified by the submersible's achievement.

In an interview earlier in the day the Ambassador said:

"The main thing is that she is a merchant vessel and entitled to the rights of a merchant vessel. She [illegible] benefits of visit and search. I want to impress upon you again that the Deutschland is in all respects a merchant vessel."

Count von Bernstorff added that his visit to the Deutschland would be brief, and that he intended to start back to New York City within a few hours after greeting the Captain.

"It is rather too hot for an extended stay in Baltimore at this time," he said, smilingly. "I'd rather be in New York City."

AWAIT CARGO INFORMATION.

N. Y. Dye Importers Fix Value of Shipment at Several Millions.

Handlers in this city of the products of German dyestuff manufacturers, who yesterday expected to receive definite information regarding the apportionment of the colors and chemicals contained in the cargo of the German merchant submarine Deutschland now at Baltimore, were disappointed. Neither the morning mail nor subsequent deliveries brought copies of the eagerly sought manifest of the commercial U-boat which would have thrown light on the allotments to importers, quantities, and kinds of colors.

Inquiry at the office of the Eastern Forwarding Company, 17 Battery Place, the concern formed to take care of the details of the Deutschland's stay in American waters, elicited the information that no copies of the boat's manifest or other papers calculated to solve the problem of the identity of the lucky importers had been received. The Eastern's manager said all information would have to be given out in Baltimore.

Herman A. Metz, President of the Farbwerke-Hoechst Company, and representatives of the Cassella Color Company, Bayer & Co., and other big handlers of German dyes, all of whom expect consignments, declared late yesterday that they were in the dark regarding the extent of their participation in the Deutschland's cargo.

In the absence yesterday of full information regarding the character of the Deutschland's cargo, speculation was rife in the dye trade as to the probable market value of the dyes and chemicals. Some estimates ran as high as $6,000,000, while Dr. F. X. Harold, consulting chemical engineer, member of the Chemists' Club, and said to be an authority, was reported as fixing the value at from $25,000,000 to $100,000,000. All factors agreed that the commodities were in a highly concentrated form, and in view of the prevailing scarcity in rare colors would bring unheard-of prices here.

The statement made in Baltimore that on the Deutschland's return she would carry a cargo of nickel and rubber worth $1,000,000 aroused interest here in view of the possible international complications such a shipment might precipitate. At present both commodities are allowed to come to this country with the express understanding that neither the raw nor finished material is to be exported to the Central Powers or their allies.

Most of the world's supply of crude nickel comes from Canada, while Great Britain practically controls the crude rubber trade, although there are exceptions in South American sources of supply. Many nickel and rubber goods makers fear that should the Deutschland leave with a cargo of these materials Canada and Great Britain might prohibit importations altogether into the United States.

Officials of the Transatlantic Trust Company, 67 William Street, which advertised some time ago that it would receive money for transmission to Germany and Austria-Hungary by submarine, had no statement to make.

SEES VALUE AS AUXILIARY.

Dr. Franz Junge Believes Vessels Like Deutschland Aid Navy.

The value of submarine merchantmen such as the German Deutschland, as auxiliary war vessels, was pointed out yesterday by Dr. Franz E. Junge, a naval constructor, who has supervised the building here of several high-powered motor engines under German patents for the use of the United States Navy.

"To say that the new type of submersibles will not alter the status of the British blockade, and will not prove sufficient to bring economic relief to Germany may be debatable," said Dr. Junge. "But it does not concern the vital issue, as far as naval construction and warfare of the future are at stake. By far the most important and revolutionary feature of the new craft consists in its possibility as an auxiliary war vessel. For these harmless submersibles can readily be transformed into formidable fighting units either for purposes of attack or of defense.

"The auxiliary cruisers in the present war are merchantmen equipped with guns and with only limited usefulness, partly as troop ships and partly as commerce destroyers. But they are unprotected and their armament not powerful enough to be of service in a sea fight. The submersible merchantmen, even after their transformation for naval duty, need no protection, for they simply submerge in order to be invulnerable.

"This means that a country employing a large number of submersible merchantmen in oversea trade is able to build up a powerful auxiliary navy without appropriating any special funds for that purpose. The capital which is being invested by private firms in that enterprise is working capital, bringing handsome revenues to the owners, and the Government, in case of emergency, can mobilize and use those vessels for naval purposes. There is no necessity to sink millions of dollars into warships, lying idle in times of peace and bringing no return beside the feeling of security.

Submersible merchantmen are not a bad investment at all, for they can be used profitably just like other freight carriers. U-boats of 1,200 tons surface displacement and speeds of twenty and more knots with a cruising radius of 7,000 miles are no longer matters of conjecture. Nor must it be forgotten that the motor-driven merchant vessel is the vessel of the future. Such vessels have arrived in this country even before the war.

"Even the layman can see that a great point in favor of the employment of motor-driven vessels in times of peace is the opportunity afforded for attaining that degree of mechanical perfection and practical experience without which the most formidable branch of naval warfare is powerless."

APPLAUDS CAPTAIN'S SKILL.

Manchester Guardian Thinks Laugh Is on Great Britain.

LONDON, July 11.—"We are quite ready to join in the laugh against ourselves and to applaud the skill and daring of the Captain, who appears to us as a sportsman and has earned his laurels cleanly," says The Manchester Guardian, referring to the German submarine Deutschland.

The Guardian says that plans for submarines of 3,000 to 4,000 tons existed in Germany and England before the war, but that such vessels were not built because of the time required to submerge them and the impossibility of submerging in shallow water. It points out that the Australian submarine A-E 2 went from Australia to the Dardanelles, and says that if the Captain and crew of the Deutschland are members of the Imperial German Navy the submarine may be dealt with as a naval auxiliary. Otherwise she is a blockade runner, which could be ordered to stop, and if she attempted to submerge it would be justifiable to sink her.

"It is unlikely," The Guardian continues, "that the moral of the appearance in American waters of a German submarine will be missed, after the threats of Count von Reventlow and the other Tirpitz writers last Spring. They warned America she was not too far away for Germany's arm to reach her. Although the Deutschland may be disarmed, she is none the less a threat to the American Navy."

The Daily Graphic, commenting upon the Deutschland, says: "While the submarine trip does credit to German enterprise and seamanship, it leaves the maritime situation where it was before. The risk of disaster is immense and the capacity of submarines to carry commodities which Germany needs is insignificant."

The Daily Express assert that if a dozen German submarines were to reach America they certainly would not affect the blockade.

PARIS, July 11.—The expedition of the German submarine Deutschland interests the French as a dramatic incident, but is not regarded here as of real commercial significance.

Senator Henry Berenger raises the question whether the United States can countenance such voyages. He says the liberty of the seas is based on the fact that merchant ships are always subject to control, whereas submarines are able to avoid such control, as they can sink or swim at pleasure.

$10,000 GIFT FOR CREW.

Heckscher Moved to Send Check by "Seamanship and Courage."

Charles von Helmolt, Local Manager of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company, said yesterday that he had received a check for $10,000 from August Heckscher to be divided among the officers and crew of the submarine Deutschland at Baltimore. In acknowledging the receipt of the check, Mr. von Helmolt said he had informed Mr. Heckscher that he had indorsed it over to the order of Captain Paul Koenig and forwarded it to him at Baltimore.

The letter from the banker was sent from his house at 576 Fifth Avenue yesterday, and read as follows:

> Dear Mr. von Helmolt: As promised over the telephone this morning, I take great pleasure in sending you herewith my check for $10,000, to the order of your company, which I would like to have you and your associates distribute among the officers and men of the German U-boat just landed at Baltimore, and which I tender in token of my admiration for their gallantry, their seamanship, and their matchless courage.
>
> Very truly yours,
> AUGUST HECKSCHER.

So far no mail has been received by the North German Lloyd agents in New York from the Deutschland and, according to Mr. von Helmolt, they do not think that any letters arrived on the submarine except the dispatches for the German Embassy which were sent to Rye on Monday afternoon. The agents said they did not know whether any mail would be taken back to Bremen on the Deutschland, as that was a case for the United States Postoffice Department to decide.

Paris Calls It a "Bluff."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 11.—The Paris newspapers today make a feature of the exploits of the submarine Deutschland. One headline comment reads: "Le Bluff de Baltimore."

Can't See Allied Ships Off Capes.

NORFOLK, Va., July 11.—Masters of incoming steamers here have reported no allied warships off the Virginia Capes since the German merchant submarine Deutschland passed in early Sunday. Allied cruisers have patrolled the coast near the capes from time to time since the war began.

No U-Boat Expected at Rio.

RIO JANEIRO, July 11.—The German Chancellery here has received no notification that a German commerce submarine is on its way to Rio Janeiro, according to an announcement made today. Reports were published here that one would soon arrive here.

Briton Hears Cargo Is 320 Tons.

A British official who was in New York last night said he had been told on good authority that the cargo of dyestuffs on the Deutschland amounted to 320 tons exclusive of the ballast.

Weber and Heilbroner
Direct Attention to Their
Annual Clearance Sale of
Spring and Summer Suits
Comprising their entire stock, with the exception of dress clothes, wash suits and Porostyle suits.
No Charge for Alterations
Five Clothing Stores
80 Broad 241 Broadway 1185 Broadway
44th and Broadway 42d and Fifth Avenue

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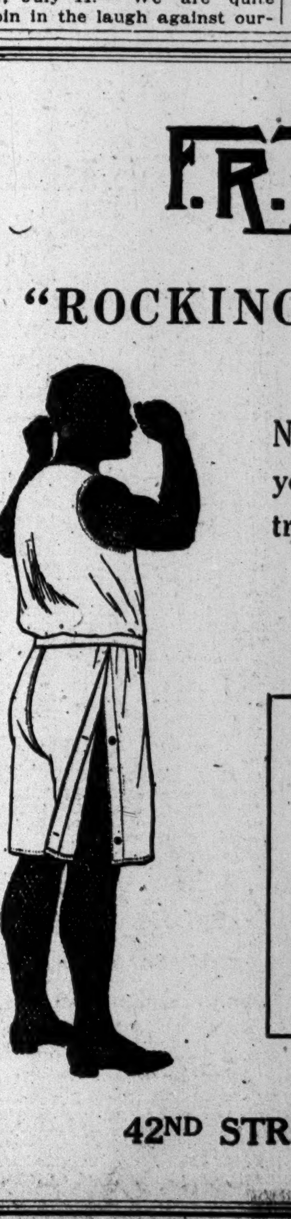

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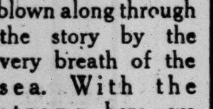

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WOMAN'S WIT TURNS ON ALDERMAN QUINN

Tells Riverside Protectors of Her Surprise at Change of Front on West Side Plans.

HAD SEEN CENTRAL'S MODEL

Resolution Adopted by Meeting of Women Urging Legal Action to Restrain Officials.

There was unexpected interest at the meeting of the Women's League for the Protection of Riverside Drive at the Soldiers and Sailors' Monument yesterday afternoon. It came toward the end of the meeting, which began at 4 o'clock. The preceding speakers had in the main attacked from various viewpoints the New York Central's west side plan. Then W. Ferdinand Quinn, an Alderman from the district in which the meeting was held, was introduced by Mrs. James M. Stewart, Chairman of the meeting.

He said that from what he had lately seen he thought that instead of opposing the plans the policy should be to make the railroad carry out the plans according to the model.

"I saw the model," he said, "in the office of Morgan & Co. It is the most beautiful proposition you ever looked at. The ground is parked to the water's edge and the tracks are covered. If the plans are carried out according to the model, there is no need for further protest. I have the assurance of the New York Central's engineer and of R. A. C. Smith, the Dock Commissioner, that this will be done. So it would seem to me that our meetings in the future should be to see that these plans are carried out.

"However, I am a little skeptical as to their being carried out according to the model. While the work is in the course of construction there will be several administrations. But if the plans go through it will be much better with the tracks covered and no smoke that it is today. Then, they say the railroad can't tunnel, that it would cost too much. It is difficult to say what to do."

Mr. Quinn had hardly retired before the Chairman said:

"We must remember that the railroad will do this work not according to the model, but according to the plans."

J. Bleecker Miller, a lawyer who previously made an attack on the New York Central plans, stepped forward, waiting for a chance to speak, and got an immediate opportunity. He said:

"We have been hearing this kind of stuff for thirty-five years. The New York Central always comes up with some politician. They show us a little plaything in Morgan's office. Don't be fooled. You know what the contract is; not one word will be changed in it."

Mrs. J. C. Kerr, Second Vice President of the society, said: "This is very interesting. Mr. Quinn has spoken at every previous meeting in keeping with the stand of this organization. He has opposed the plans. So when he came today I asked him:

"'Will you speak as usual today?' He said, 'Yes, I will say a few words, but you see I have had a change of heart. The Dock Commissioner, Mr. Smith sent for me and advised that I had better see, or hear, the other side. Then I went down and saw the model.'

"'This is delicious,' I said. 'It is very evident that you have been sent for and that they have talked to you.' Now, when the other side sends for one of our Aldermen I think we ought to send for their lawyers."

Mr. Quinn left as soon as he had concluded his speech and did not hear the comment on what he said.

The attitude of Mayor Mitchel, Controller Prendergast, and the Board of Aldermen toward the plan of readjusting the tracks on Riverside Drive was attacked by other speakers. A main appeal was for delay, that ample time be given to the public for the consideration of the plans. All were urged to attend the hearing before the Board of Estimate on July 27 and to put in a protest.

The speech of Charles W. Stoughton of the Municipal Art Society was not in the general tenor of strong opposition characteristic of most of those on the program. He concluded with:

"The attitude of the city in this matter is most reassuring. Every precaution of study and planning is being taken, and we are at least entering upon the improvement with open eyes. At the suggestion of the Municipal Art Society the city has had a model made showing at a large scale the work that the railroad will contract to do. This model, which will be on public exhibition, should be used as the basis of further discussion. It shows the condition of the park when the railroad's work is done and the city takes over the reconstructed slopes of the park for further amendment, replanting, and finishing."

Dr. William H. Allen, head of the Institute of Public Service, accused the Mayor and Mr. Prendergast of having changed their attitude since the subject first came up.

"To have a change take place in the attitude of Mayor Mitchel and Controller Prendergast toward the public that pays the bills is vastly more important than the saving of Riverside Drive," he said. "Now they say we cannot lose time in getting this thing through."

Alderman Vincent Gilroy said that the people should have the opportunity to express themselves before any set of plans was adopted. Instead of the proposed plan he suggested the tracks be roofed over in Riverside Park. He said the railroad would gain more in the long run by considering public opinion as it proceeded.

Other speakers were A. Walker Otis, Vice President of the West End Association; John Davenport of the North Manhattan Taxpayers' Association, and H. A. Capaan, a landscape architect.

A resolution was unanimously adopted to the effect that since the proposed plan involved the sacrifice of city property of great value for inadequate consideration, and because the abstracts prepared by the Corporation Counsel were utterly defective in explaining objections hitherto raised to the titles to the land, the meeting urged all citizens and city organizations to use their utmost efforts to prevent the adoption of the plans, and that, finally, all citizens unite in necessary court action to compel the people's trustees in public office to perform their duties as trustees.

RIGHTER LEADS THE ELKS.

Elected Exalted Ruler After Order's Closest Contest.

BALTIMORE, July 11.—Edward O. Righter of New Orleans was today elected Grand Exalted Ruler of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks over Lloyd Maxwell of Marshalltown, Iowa, at the annual convention of the order. The contest was said to have been the closest in the history of the organization. Boston was selected for next year's convention. The other officers elected were: Esteemed Leading Knight, Morris O'Dell, Camden, N. J.; Esteemed Loyal Knight, E. R. Ingersoll, Seattle, Wash.; Esteemed Lecturing Knight, James M. Shanley, Oakland, Cal.; Grand Secretary, Fred C. Robinson, Dubuque, Iowa; Grand Treasurer, Charles A. White, Chicago; Grand Tyler, Oliver Black, Oklahoma City, Okla.; Grand Trustee, George Locke, Rogers, Ark.

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PARALYSIS TAKES LIVES OF 32 MORE

Continued from Page 1.

provement in conditions in the infected district, he said, and the Inspector who accompanied him told the Commissioner he had not seen such satisfactory conditions in his many years of service.

The Commissioner has decided it would be wise to forbid the Italian Feast of Our Lady of Mount Carmel next Friday, Saturday, and Sunday, which usually brings large numbers of visitors from out of town to the Italian communities.

The Commissioner held a conference with prominent Italian clergymen, and explained to them that the health authorities considered such a celebration at this time would be a grave source of danger, particularly because the scourge has made greatest headway among the Italian communities.

He informed the priests that he decided, therefore, not to permit outdoor celebrations, such as parades, concerts, street vending, &c., and that parents had been warned to limit their observance of the feast to attendance at religious services held in churches. The clergymen promised to co-operate in every way to see that these orders were observed.

824 Fined in Two Boroughs.

The Magistrates' Courts gave further evidence yesterday of their intention to aid in the clean-up of the city, 564 being arraigned and fined in Manhattan and 260 in Brooklyn for violations of the sanitary laws.

One hundred and ninety-two cases were heard by Magistrate Patton in the Essex Market Court, where women with children were not permitted in the courtroom. Fifty fruit stand proprietors were fined from $1 to $3 for selling their goods in unsanitary containers, but a large number of those summoned were women charged with allowing garbage cans to remain uncovered.

Magistrate Murphy in the Harlem Court fined 20 offenders $2 each. Magistrate Marsh in the Tombs Court heard 92 cases, in most of which fines were imposed with warnings against repetition of the offenses. In the West Side Court, where Magistrate Nolan was sitting, 49 violators of the sanitation laws were heard, and fines were assessed against a majority of them.

Similarly the law was enforced in the Washington Heights Court, where 43 persons appeared before Magistrate Krotel, who fined 33 of them $3 and $5, and the others $1 each. Magistrate Simms in Yorkville Court fined 74 women $2 each for sanitation law violations, while Magistrate Groehl in the Jefferson Market Court imposed fines ranging from $1 to $3 on 94 offenders.

There were 150 such cases in the Bedford Avenue Court, Brooklyn; 20 in the Coney Island Court, 50 in the Fifth Avenue Court, and 40 in the Adams Street Court. Fines ranging from $1 to $10 were imposed.

S. P. C. C. to Take No More Children.

As a result of the increase of infantile paralysis E. K. Coulter, Superintendent of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, notified Acting Police Commissioner Godley that, at the direction of the Department of Health, that organization would not assume custody of children of less than sixteen years of age, when they were arrested by the police, but that they would, instead, be sent to the Municipal Lodging House. Acting Commissioner Godley suggested that the youthful offenders might be placed in care of the police matrons.

According to Mr. Godley, there are 4,710 members of the Home Defense League who are actively aiding the police in keeping children out of motion picture theatres.

Police Captains held a conference at noon at the direction of Acting Commissioner Godley, and they were instructed how best to assist in keeping the city clean. Captain John F. Sweeney of the Fifteenth Precinct has called a mass meeting to be held tomorrow night at Public School 63, Avenue A and First Street, when the parents are to be instructed in preventive measures.

Fire Commissioner Adamson has instructed the department medical staff to visit engine houses and explain the necessary sanitary measures. He also ordered company commanders to enforce all sanitary laws under the department's jurisdiction.

City Employes Give Up Vacations.

Commissioner John T. Fetherston of the Street Cleaning Department announced that the employes of his department had agreed to give up their vacations in order to help fight the epidemic. He will remain in the city also, to direct the work of cleaning up, and said a tour of the infected streets yesterday revealed conditions greatly improved.

The Commissioner said the people were co-operating, and cited, as an instance of the public's eagerness to help in the clean-up campaign, that the inhabitants of Allen Street were throwing so much rubbish out of their houses that the carts of the Street Cleaning Department had to make their rounds seven times in a day.

Dr. Charles F. Bolduan, Director of the Bureau of Public Health Education of the Department of Health, said 32 physicians and 210 nurses were at present engaged in the work of caring for infantile paralysis victims, and that nine ambulances were being used to carry cases of paralysis to the hospitals. The field force, according to Dr. Bolduan, consisted of 24 doctors and 40 nurses.

Out of 200 cases reported in Brooklyn, he added, it had been definitely established that only 155 were genuine cases of infantile paralysis. As a general rule, he said, cases were removed to the hospitals within thirty-six hours after they had been detected and reported to the Department of Health.

Dr. C. H. Lavinder of the United States Health Service visited the offices of the Department of Health, but told reporters he was not ready to make any statement in regard to the work he and his associates had been doing.

Dr. Lavinder visited the Rockefeller Institute, but it was not made known whether he was to have use of the laboratories of that institution.

Dr. L. R. Williams, Deputy State Commissioner of Health, was another who had a conference with Commissioner Emerson, and likewise he saw Dr. Simon Flexner of the Rockefeller Institute and other medical experts engaged in combating the epidemic.

Dr. J. P. Leake, who is associated with Dr. Lavinder, said the first efforts of the Federal Health Service would be to ascertain the carrier of the disease, but that no definite plans for laboratory work had as yet been made by the Government experts. Their interview with Dr. Flexner, he said, was for the purpose of discussing what steps it was advisable to take first. Dr. Lavinder's temporary headquarters are in the building of the Department of Health.

Fifty Soda Fountains Closed.

A list of the streets in which new cases of the disease have appeared was issued by Dr. Bloduan, showing that in Manhattan the scourge has invaded Monroe, Essex, Ridge, Montgomery, East Seventeenth, East Sixth, East Thirteenth, East Houston, East Fifteenth, East Seventy-seventh, East Sixty-sixth Streets, and Amsterdam, St. Nicholas, Third, and First Avenues.

Dr. Lucius P. Brown of the Bureau of Food and Drugs of the Department of Health has sixty-five inspectors investigating conditions in stores and at soda fountains. They have closed fifty soda fountains and twenty stores because of unsanitary conditions, and have issued 113 summonses. Likewise they condemned 6,840 pounds of food, including for the most part milk, ice cream, and fruit.

The Broadway Association will meet committees of visiting organizations at a luncheon at Churchill's restaurant today and discuss ways in which these organizations may assist the city in its clean-up campaign.

The local health authorities received requests from both New Rochelle and Yonkers yesterday for a list of homes in which the disease had appeared. The Health Boards of these towns plan to turn back any person whom they suspect of infection.

Warden George W. Kirchwey quarantined Sing Sing Prison yesterday morning because he believed it was possible for visitors from New York and other infected communities to spread the disease among the 1,560 inmates. An extra guard was placed at the gates of the prison to turn back automobiles and pedestrians.

The Board of Health of Mount Vernon reported one new case, while the health officials of Suffolk County said no new cases had appeared in that part of Long Island. Large numbers of New York City refugees are reported from Riverhead.

A general clean-up has been ordered in White Plains, which so far has escaped the epidemic.

Three Deaths in Newark.

Thirteen new cases of paralysis and three deaths in Newark were reported by the Board of Health of that city. Increased efforts were made to check the disease. Five suspected cases are under observation, and in the last nine days there have been thirty-two cases, of which seven have resulted fatally.

With the appearance of the first case in Elizabeth, N. J., the Board of Health held a meeting yesterday and decided to close all playgrounds and motion picture theatres. It also was decided to abandon Summer excursions and Summer schools.

In Arlington, N. J., one death from the disease was reported. Plainfield, N. J., is taking extra precautions and, at the request of the State Board of Health, nine of the Sunday schools in that place have abandoned their annual excursions to Asbury Park, which were to have been made tomorrow.

In Fairview, N. J., a suspected case of paralysis is being closely watched by three physicians, and the house of the patient is guarded by policemen.

The Board of Health of Montclair, N. J., has issued an order requiring all children entering that city from other communities to undergo a three weeks' quarantine, although no case of paralysis has appeared in that place.

One death from the disease was reported yesterday in Burlington, N. J.

In Paterson, N. J., a fifth case of paralysis was reported, four victims already having been isolated in a hospital.

Orange and South Orange, N. J., reported that the disease had made no headway in that part of New Jersey. In the former place there are two cases of the disease, and in the latter six.

Because the ruling of the Board of Health has seriously reduced receipts of motion picture theatres which it supplies with films the World Film Corporation yesterday advised its contract customers to call on the New York manager for personal consultation to arrange relief measures during the period the health order is in force.

McADOO ASKS $135,000 TO COMBAT PARALYSIS

Special Appropriation Needed as Disease Is Not Named in General Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The fact that the present law as to the suppression of epidemic diseases makes no mention by name of poliomyelitis, or infantile paralysis, has made it necessary to ask Congress for a special appropriation, to maintain the interstate campaign by the Public Health Service to stamp out the disease, and especially to prevent, as early as possible, all tendency to spread through the country from New York and vicinity. Secretary McAdoo today asked Congress for $135,000, to be used by the Public Health Service in the suppression of the disease.

Of this amount it is proposed to expend $85,000 for the purpose of co-operating with State and municipal health authorities in preventing the spread of the disease, and $50,000 for the employment of additional physicians as assistant surgeons of the Public Health Service.

Secretary McAdoo has already tendered the assistance of the Public Health Service to the New York health authorities, and seven Public Health surgeons are co-operating in the work in that city.

There is a fund of $400,000 appropriated by Congress to prevent the spread of epidemic diseases, but the fund is limited by the language of the law, which makes it available only for certain diseases, such as cholera, yellow fever, typhoid fever, plague trachoma, and smallpox.

The reports received at the Public Health Service offices here indicate that while the outbreak of the disease has been most severe in New York it is spreading rapidly, and it is the opinion here the allotment of $85,000 to prevent the disease becoming epidemic over the country will not be sufficient. The whole amount, it is believed, will be required to take the precautions necessary.

It is estimated that thirteen additional assistant surgeons will be needed to attend the interstate work.

The cost of conducting the notification and inspection work necessary in the large cities is heavy, and must be done with great care. Directions have been issued to the Public Health Service to make the most vigorous campaign possible against the disease, and Congress will be asked for more money whenever it appears to be required to carry on the struggle against the disease.

President Wilson today signed the Siegel resolution permitting the use of hospital facilities at the Ellis Island Immigrantion Station for the New York victims of infantile paralysis. Representative Siegel introduced another resolution during the day, authorizing the President to give a gold medal and $100,000 to any person who might discover a preventive or cure for the malady.

CONNECTICUT QUARANTINES.

Notifies New York Societies Not to Send Children to Camps There.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 11.—Precautions are being taken by County Health Officers, co-operating with the State Board of Health, to safeguard children in rural districts from infantile paralysis. Thousands of children come to the State each Summer from New York City.

In Colchester and other towns in eastern Connecticut there are Summer colonies maintained by Hebrew societies to which are sent scores of families. In the northwestern part of the State there are several fresh air camps for poor New York children. The authorities are advising societies which send these visitors to keep their children at home for the present. Children brought in probably will be subjected to quarantine for the present.

The New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad has boarded up all but two exits at the local railroad station to make it easier for health officers to intercept children brought in on trains.

Several supposed cases of infantile paralysis have been reported in the State, but in nearly every case physicians have not agreed in their diagnosis.

SUMMER CARE OF BABIES.

First Needs Are to be Kept Clean, Cool, and Quiet.

Dr. J. L. Blumenthal of the Bureau of Child Hygiene of the Health Board talked to the Home Economics Committee of the National Special Aid Society yesterday on child care in Summer, with special regard to conditions prevalent at present.

"The child should be kept clean and quiet," he said. "It should have a tub bath every day, and on very warm days be sponged with cool water several times. If it has fever, cool, wet cloths should be placed on its head, and on very hot days it should wear only a muslin slip or gauze shirt. A fever baby cannot take cold.

"The baby should be kept in the largest, coolest room in the house, windows open night and day, and outside the house the shady sides of streets and the piers should be used. Baby should sleep alone, be allowed to sleep as much as possible on a firm bed and a firm pillow. If the baby is sick and you cannot afford a physician, go to the Board of Health."

The Home Economics Committee has offered to distribute Health Board literature on the care of the child, and giving locations of milk stations.

INSTRUCT HEALTH OFFICIALS.

State Experts on Lecture Tours—Five New Cases Outside City.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 11.—Officials of the State Department of Health today began a series of lectures in various parts of the State with a view to instructing physicians and health officers verbally concerning infantile paralysis.

Dr. Matthias Nicoll, Jr., Secretary of the department, spoke today at Utica. Dr. H. L. K. Shaw, Director of the Division of Communicable Diseases, will speak tomorrow in Watertown and Keuks Lake.

Officers of the department expressed the opinion today that preventive and curative work was well in hand up-State, and that, as soon as the disease was controlled in New York, all danger of an up-State epidemic would vanish. Vigorous methods will be continued by State officials, however, until the New York situation is officially declared cleared up, it was stated.

Only five new cases in the State, outside of New York City, were reported during the day, bringing the total officially reported up to 79. The new cases are in Mount Vernon, Garden City Park, Lynnbrook, Farmingdale, and Clifton Park.

PARALYSIS IN UNITED STATES.

New Cases and Deaths Reported from Many Parts of Country.

The spread of the disease in various States is indicated in dispatches received by THE TIMES last night. The figures were as follows:

City.	New Cases.	Deaths.
Wallingford, Conn.	1	0
New London, Conn.	1	1
Springfield, Mass.	1	0
Pawtucket, R. I.	1	0
Burlington, Vt.	1	0
Jeffersonville, Ind.	1	0
St. Paul, Minn.	8	0
Minneapolis, Minn.	5	0
Melrose, Minn.	3	1
Baton Rouge, La.	0	1
Dallas, Texas	1	0

Besides the figures from the cities named above, Connecticut reported a total of twelve cases in that State and Illinois reported four new cases, making a total of thirty-one.

Nyack and South Nyack Quarantine

NYACK, N. Y., July 11.—The village of South Nyack today declared a quarantine against all persons coming from New York or other cities where infantile paralysis is prevalent. Newcomers to the village will be quarantined for fifteen days. The Health Board has also closed the Christian and Missionary Alliance to children at Camp Bluefields, where many New York working girls spend the Summer, and the Sparkill and Blauvelt convents have been quarantined. Nyack will declare a quarantine tomorrow morning, and the Christian Herald Children's Home will probably be closed until the disease is under control. There is not a single case of infantile paralysis in Nyack or Rockland County.

Indiana Bars Chicago Children.

CHICAGO, July 11.—Information that Indiana health authorities have quarantined the State against Chicago children on account of the infantile paralysis scare was contained today in a letter from Dr. J. N. Hurty, Secretary of Indiana State Board of Health. Dr. Hurty asked that no more children be sent to Ellwood, Ind., for outings until the disease is stamped out.

Call International Conference.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 11.—Health officers of California, Montana, Idaho, Oregon, and British Columbia are to be asked to confer with the health authorities of this State at an early date with a view of adopting joint regulations to prevent the spread of infantile paralysis, according to an announcement today by Thomas D. Tuttle, State Health Commissioner. To date only one mild case of the malady has been reported in the State of Washington.

Denies There Is Paralysis in Athens.

A communication has been received from E. C. Van Dusen, Health Officer at Athens, N. Y., denying that infantile paralysis had appeared there. It had been reported that there was one case in Athens.

HELD AFTER AUTO HITS MOTHER AND 2 BABIES

Broker Says He Stopped and Tendered Help, But Witness Says He Didn't.

When Policeman Laughran of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station got to Seventy-second Street and West End Avenue at 5:20 o'clock last evening, following a crowd that he saw running to the corner, he found Mrs. Inga Johnson, caretaker of 49 West Seventy-third Street, and her twin infants, Arnold and Augusta, seventeen months old, in the centre of a throng of men and women all very much excited. A man who said he was William Gluck of 177 Carlton Avenue, Brooklyn, and who was in a motor car, told Laughran, according to the policeman, that a big automobile, traveling nearly forty miles an hour, had crashed into the woman and the baby carriage in which she was wheeling the children and had flung them all out of its path.

Gluck, according to Laughran, said he followed the other car which sped on at scarcely diminished speed, after its driver had glanced back. Gluck couldn't catch the car but he got its number and Laughran sent out a general alarm for M. Edward Borg, a broker of 600 Riverside Drive. Then he called Dr. Smith from Knickerbocker Hospital.

The surgeon found that Mrs. Johnson's right forearm was fractured and the babies were bruised and shaken up, but otherwise unhurt. He carried them to the hospital. Mrs. Johnson's arm was set and she stayed at the hospital. The babies were sent home.

Two hours later detectives arrested Borg at his home. According to the police of the West 125th Street Station Borg said he was returning home and had Mrs. Annie Heck and her young daughter, Juanita, who live in the same house with him, in the car. He said the accident was unavoidable, as Mrs. Johnson stepped in front of his car which, he insisted, he was driving only at moderate speed. He did not run away, he said, but stopped and offered to drive the woman to a hospital. She declined, and then, after giving his name and address to a taxicab driver who had witnessed the accident, Borg said he drove on. No policeman was in sight when he did this, he said.

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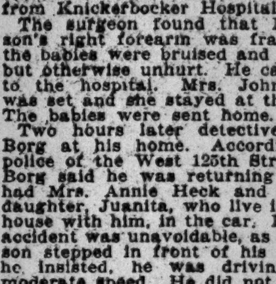

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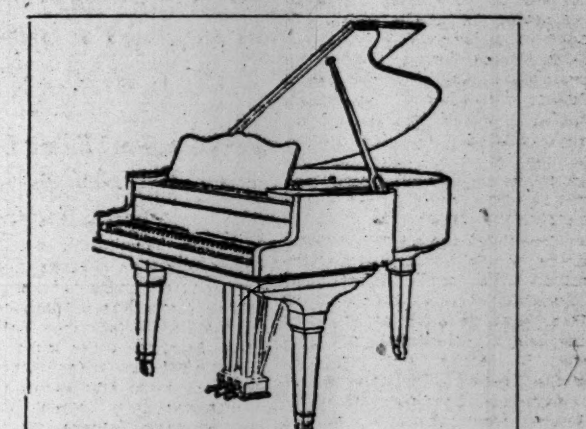

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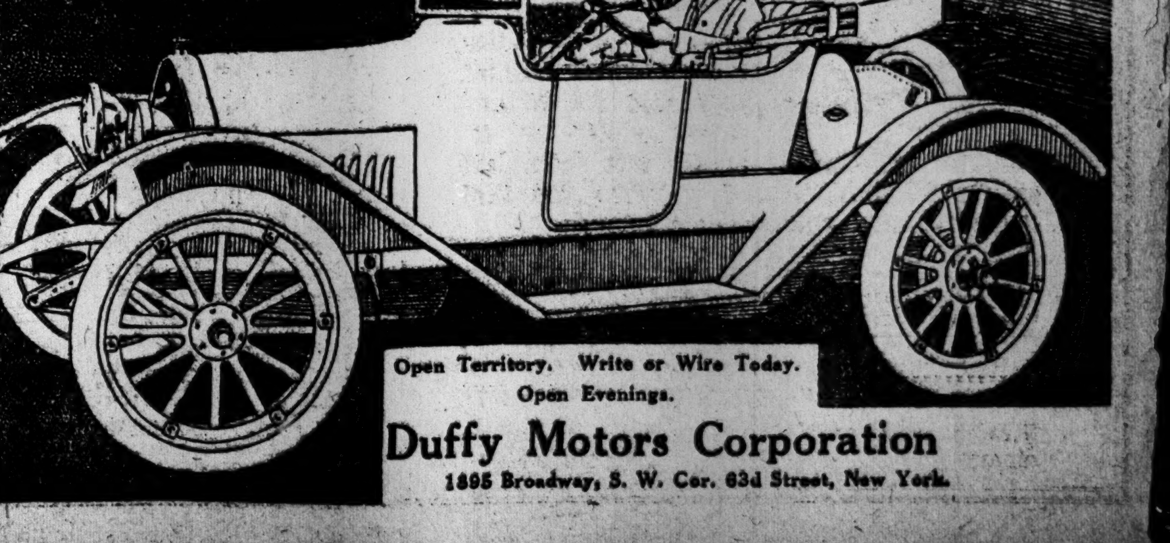

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4 SEAPLANES IN UNIT AS PATROL ON COAST

F. T. Davison and Robert Lovett Order One and Will Train as Aviators.

14 MEN TO BE ASSEMBLED

Two for Wireless, Four Pilots, Four Observers, and Four Gunners Aerial Scouts for This City.

The first steps for the establishment of a complete unit of the Aerial Coast Patrol for the city of New York were taken yesterday, when F. T. Davison, son of H. P. Davison of J. P. Morgan & Co., with Robert Lovett, son of Robert S. Lovett of the Union Pacific Railroad, ordered a 90 horsepower Curtiss hydroaeroplane, and reported to the Aviation School at Port Washington, L. I., to begin their training as aviators. With them in the project are Allan Ames, H. D. Sturtevant, and C. D. Wynan, all Yale University men, who have also reported for training at the school.

Mr. Davison's plans are to form a unit of twelve men, all trained aviators, four of whom will act as pilots, four as observers and four as anti-aircraft gun men. Two experts in wireless telegraphy will be added, one to direct the installation and operation of wireless apparatus on the seaplanes and the other to operate the local radio station which will receive the messages from the plane. The full equipment of the unit will consist of four seaplanes, with the automobiles and motorboats necessary to work with them.

All the members of the unit will learn to handle the machines, so that the observer will be able to bring the seaplane back to its base if the pilot is wounded. After all have qualified as pilots they will be chosen for the three groups according to their fitness for each branch of the service.

The Aerial Coast Patrol, which is being developed by the National Aerial Coast Patrol Commission, of which Rear Admiral Robert E. Peary is Chairman, contemplates the installation of a number of aeronautic stations along the coast, at each of which seaplanes will be stationed to act as scouts for a distance of about 100 miles in every direction from the station. Among the members of the Central Committee are Senator Charles F. Johnson of Maine, Senator Morris Sheppard of Texas, Representatives Julius Kahn of California, and Charles Lieb of Indiana; Byron R. Newton, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury; William M. Ingraham, Assistant Secretary of War; Dr. E. Lester Jones of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, Professor H. C. Frankenfield of the United States Weather Bureau, Emerson McMillin, baker; John Hays Hammond, Jr., inventor, and Alan R. Hawley, President of the Aero Club of America.

President Wilson and the War and Navy Departments have given their indorsement to the Patrol and recently Senator Johnson of Maine introduced a bill in the Senate asking for an appropriation for the establishment of the system throughout the country.

MEXICO TO SUGGEST A CIVIL COMMISSION

Wants Citizen Officials of Own Country And America to Settle Difficulties.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, July 11.—Instructions sent to Eliseo Arredondo, Mexican Ambassador-designate in Washington, who is to make arrangements with Secretary Lansing for proper means to settle the international dispute, were learned today. The plans contemplate the forming of a commission of civil officials of both countries, fully empowered to discuss and arrange difficulties. The location of the meeting has not been decided yet.

In official circles here it is believed that this will settle at once all outstanding difficulties which have hung over Mexico for many years, and that many petty grievances which have troubled both countries will now be solved. It is thought that a meeting of such a commission will add strength to friendly feeling and will promote knowledge of true conditions in Mexico.

The Argentine Republic thanked Mexico today for courtesies accorded that country in the centennial anniversary.

Three Warships at Vera Cruz.

VERA CRUZ, July 11.—The United States warships Nebraska, Chester, and Salem, with the transport Hancock and the collier Vulcan were lying outside the harbor of Vera Cruz tonight. The Hancock is expected to leave here soon for the United States with refugees.

WOOD RELIEVES COLONEL OF 69TH

Continued from Page 1.

gation in Congress. Secretary Baker called on General Wood for a report and promised the New Yorkers that he would give the matter his consideration as soon as the report was received.

The first information of the removal of Colonel Conley and Lieut. Col. Phelan came to the New York members of Congress and the War Department through the fact that Congressman Bennet called up Colonel Conley on the telephone on another matter and heard the Colonel's indignant explanation of what had happened to him and Lieut. Col. Phelan. Mr. Bennet lost no time in getting in touch with other Congressmen from New York City, and it was arranged that they should go personally to the War Department and lay the case before Secretary Baker.

Nine of them composed the delegation that appeared in the Secretary's office. They were Representatives Conry, Carew, Dooling, Hulbert, Swift, Chandler, Siegel, Griffin, and Bennet. They told Mr. Baker that Colonel Conley and Lieut. Col. Phelan had been relieved only two hours before the Sixty-ninth was to entrain for the Mexican border. Of this sudden action they were frankly critical. The orders, they said, came from Major Gen. Wood, Commander of the Eastern Department of the Army, and cited in Colonel Conley's case that he had been found on medical examination to have heart trouble, and in Lieut. Col. Phelan's case that he was suffering from hernia.

Secretary Baker told the delegation that the relief of the two chief officers was news to him. The War Department, he said, had not been informed of the action of General Wood. He promised to call on General Wood for a report, and said that when the report had been received he would notify Congressman Conry, who acted as spokesman for the delegation. The New York Congressmen asked the Secretary to revoke the orders and re-establish both Colonel Conley and Lieut. Col. Phelan in the military service.

About an hour after the delegation of Representatives had left the War Department Senator O'Gorman appeared there and had a long talk with Secretary Baker. He emphasized all that had been said by the Congressmen and asked that the physical disabilities of the two officers be waived. In well-informed quarters the opinion prevails that this action will be taken and that they will be ordered to resume their commands.

PHYSICALLY UNFIT, GEN. WOOD REPORTS

Army Surgeons Found Col. Conley and Lieut. Col. Phelan Unequal to Service.

The removal of Colonel Louis D. Conley from command of the Sixty-ninth Infantry was due to physical unfitness for the Federal service. This was made clear yesterday after Major Gen. Wood had issued the order relieving both Colonel Conley and Lieut. Col. Phelan. It was not until Colonel Charles Richard, Surgeon General of the Eastern Department, had reported that both these officers were physically unfit for the service that General Wood took action. The relief of Lieut. Col. Phelan followed the report of Major Wadhams, surgeon in command at Camp Whitman, that he was unequal to service in the field.

The report of the physical examination of the two senior officers of the Sixty-ninth was received at Governors Island on Monday night, the report coming to Colonel Edwin F. Glenn, Chief of Staff of the Eastern Department. Realizing the serious question involved, he immediately turned the report over to General Wood, who in turn submitted it to Colonel Richard. Colonel Glenn remained in his office on Governors Island until after midnight conferring by telephone with Major Wadhams at Camp Whitman.

"No one can possibly regret the action that has been taken more than I do," said General Wood last night. "For Colonel Conley, both as an officer and man, I have the greatest respect, but the matter was one for the surgeons to decide, and my only course was to approve what they recommended. The action was not taken until after every phase of it had been carefully considered by Colonel Richard, the Surgeon General, and by myself.

"Colonel Conley's physical incapacity was reported by the examining surgeon at Camp Whitman in the regular course of duty. The report was first submitted to Colonel Richard and then through the regular channels to myself. My duty was clear, and I had no choice but to order the rejection of Colonel Conley and Lieut. Col. Phelan."

General Wood said that Colonel Conley had the right of appeal to the War Department, and that it was in the power of Secretary Baker to order the physical disabilities waived, in which event Colonel Conley would be received into the Federal service and would retain his command. In the event Colonel Conley is restored to the command of the Sixty-ninth he will probably be called upon to sign a waiver releasing the Government from all responsibility from disabilities resulting from his present physical condition as indicated in the report of Major Wadhams.

Major Allan Reagar, Inspector General on the staff of Major Gen. O'Ryan, went to Governors Island in the afternoon and had a long conference with General Wood and Colonel Glenn.

"The matter of the rejection of Conley and Phelan," said Major Regan afterward, "was not mentioned during my talk with General Wood and only incidentally during my talk with Colonel Glenn. The first I knew of the rejections was when I read of them in the newspapers."

Governor Whitman arrived in New York a short time after it became known that General Wood had ordered the two officers rejected.

"This is all news to me," said the Governor, "and I am sincerely sorry, for both Colonel Conley and Lieut. Col. Phelan are friends of mine. I talked with both of them at Camp Whitman only a few days ago, and they appeared physically fit to me. I have not communicated with General Wood, or any other officer, regarding the matter."

Colonel Conley has been in command of the Sixty-ninth Infantry since the night of April 21, 1910, when by one vote he was elected Colonel over Percival F. Nagle, the Tammany district leader, who was then a Lieutenant in the regiment. Colonel Conley was the Lieutenant Colonel at the time. He succeeded Colonel Edward Duffy, who resigned the command in 1909. Colonel Conley is a well known New York business man and is a son-in-law of George Ehret, the brewer.

NOT POLITICS, SAYS O'RYAN.

Division Commander Says Removals Will Cause General Regret.

Special to The New York Times.

SIXTH DIVISIONAL HEADQUARTERS, U. S. A., McALLEN, Texas, July 11.—Major Gen. O'Ryan today emphatically denied that politics had played a part in the removal and rejection of Colonel Louis D. Conley and Lieut. Col. Phelan, Sixty-ninth Infantry, as reported in New York.

When the news of the displacement of Colonel Conley and Lieut. Col. Phelan was carried to headquarters by a TIMES reporter, it was evident that the removal of the two officers had been expected for some time. General O'Ryan himself was disinclined to pay much attention to the allegation of political power being the reason for the order and gave out this statement:

"I regret to learn of the failure of Colonel Conley and Lieut. Col. Phelan of the Sixty-ninth Infantry to pass the physical tests. I have no information concerning the cause of rejection. Both of these officers have done excellent work for their regiment, and I am sure the news of their rejection will be received with regret generally by the officers of the division."

It was learned that Lieut. Col. Phelan, who is stout, had had misgivings as to his ability to pass the Federal medical men, and requested that his examination be made by a physician selected by himself. It was said this physician's adverse decision was confirmed by the army surgeons.

SQUADRON A DUE TODAY.

Troopers, Nearing Journey's End, Entertained at Denison.

Special to The New York Times.

ON BOARD SQUADRON A TROOP TRAIN, SMITHVILLE, Texas, July 11.—From present indications Squadron A will arrive at the border tomorrow morning, five and one-half days after leaving New York. At St. Louis it was believed to be impossible to reach the destination in less than eight days because of the poor railroad service up to that point.

But the advent of George S. Stein, District Passenger Agent of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad, changed everything and expedited the journey. Mr. Stein, who accompanied the troops' train over his road, gave the squadron the right of way wherever possible, and personally arranged for a constant supply of milk and ice.

The people of Denison, Texas, rivaled the citizens of St. Louis in their hospitality. They had tried to ascertain the exact time when the troops were to arrive so as to be on hand with food and drink for the men. This information could not be obtained, however. As soon as the Chamber of Commerce of the city learned that the men were to remain over for eight hours they made arrangements to take a large number to private homes for dinner.

The Y. M. C. A. swimming pool was opened to the cavalry, and a hundred or more took a cool plunge. A vaudeville theatre and several movies were patronized by the men and officers. Other troopers enjoyed automobile rides with the young women of the city.

In charge of Captain Putnam and Captain Bush the First and Second sections of Squadron A arrived at Denison in the evening, but continued on their way after a half-hour stop for water. They will remain at Houston until the Third section catches up with them. The three sections will then complete the journey together.

GOGGLES FUND FOR TROOPS.

Oliver Iselin Sends Check to Red Cross to Help Militiamen.

The New York soldiers on the border will wear goggles to protect them from the alkali dust and the glare of the sun. Mrs. Belmont Tiffany, who is in charge of the Red Cross branch office at 411 Fifth Avenue, announced yesterday that a check has been sent to her by Oliver Iselin, who has designated that the money be spent for goggles.

Mrs. Tiffany has a small host of women and girls at work daily in the Fifth Avenue branch making supplies for Red Cross hospital work both in Europe and at the Mexican border.

TROOPS HEAR FIRMS HAVE STOPPED PAY

Continued from Page 1.

will be the guarding the health of the 22,000 men here. While regular army medical officers will be in close touch with conditions, the responsibility will be directly borne by Lieut. Col. William C. Terriberry, chief surgeon of the Sixth Division. According to Lieut. Col. Terriberry the scheme of sanitation planned for Camp Whitman will be used at all three camps here.

The plan to make rigorous inspection of the camps, however, will be extended to a sort of supervision of the towns of McAllen, Pharr, and Mission, where Mexican settlements are close to the tent site. This work in the towns will be done by a military board of health, acting in conjunction with the civil authorities. There will be a United States army medical officer at every camp, including Major Walter Montgomery at Pharr and Major J. J. Lyon at Mission. At McAllen Lieut. Col. Terriberry is doing the work temporarily.

The regular army supervision will be under command of Lieut. Col. Edward L. Munson at San Antonio. He has charge of this work along the territory from Arizona to Brownsville. At the latter point Major W. M. Bispham is stationed and a dozen or so of junior officers. Major Bispham has been detailed to look after sanitation at McAllen, and with him will be three regular army Captains, whose names have not been announced. In addition to making inspections, these officers will aid in the establishment of the medical departments, ambulance companies, and other units.

The operations of the sanitary corps will be as follows: Each morning the camp's kitchens, latrines, tents, and streets will be inspected by the regimental Surgeons, who will then report to Lieut. Col. Terriberry, and he will detail men to go over the ground again. While these inspections are in progress, the United States Army medical men will be checking up both inspections. It amounts to three inspections every day and it is believed there will be scant chance for disease to get a foothold.

The reports of the Division Sanitary Inspector will be turned over to Lieut. Col. Terriberry, and he in turn will submit them to General O'Ryan. It is understood that any man who displays symptoms of even the slightest ailment will be isolated at once. To care for the cases requiring extensive treatment, and which consequently cannot be handled in the field hospitals, a base hospital will be opened at Brownsville. It will be ready for patients by Aug. 1, and with the army hospital will be sufficient to care for any cases that may develop in this part of the line, it is believed.

The establishment of a Military Board of Health is based on experience of army men in cleaning up Havana, Manila, and the Canal Zone. It is purposed to introduce clean methods of living in the Mexican parts of the towns. It happens that at each camp the Mexicans are the neighbors of the troops, and the medical corps has decided the first thing that needs attention is the Mexican section.

The houses in these localities are all one-story frame shacks, guiltless of paint and holding anywhere from ten to thirty persons. These folk, of all ages, are huddled at night in one or two rooms with low ceilings and dirt floors. The ventilation of the houses is summed up in one window, as a rule, and sanitary conditions are generally wholly lacking.

In addition to cleaning up the Mexican districts of the towns, the Board of Health, with the local authorities, will keep close watch on the restaurants and pie stands which have sprung up since the coming of the soldiers, and also will work to abate all nuisances which might have any effect on the health of the guardsmen.

ORDERED TO PATROL BORDER.

Pennsylvania and Massachusetts Troops to Leave El Paso.

EL PASO, Texas, July 11.—The Second, Tenth, and Eighteenth Pennsylvania infantry regiments today were ordered to Marathon, Alpine, and other parts of the Big Bend country to patrol the border in the district where the Villistas may make raids. The Fifth Massachusetts Infantry today was ordered to patrol the border from a point west of Fort Quitman, Texas, to Noria, N. M.

With the arrival of the Thirty-first Michigan National Guard late this evening the militia forces now on this part of the border were increased to 20,000. The Michigan troops, including batteries of artillery, a squadron of cavalry, and two regiments of infantry, will go into camp on the river front. The Wisconsin artillery is expected to reach here by tomorrow, while the Louisiana artillery is expected Friday, en route to Douglas, Ariz.

At Camp Pershing there are now a brigade of infantry, a brigade of artillery, and a squadron of cavalry, while in Camp Cotton there is a brigade of infantry. An artillery camp under command of General Granger Adams, formerly of the Fifth Artillery, U. S. A., will be established ten miles beyond Fort Bliss, where the artillery can have battery practice in the mountains. Major Gen. Charles Clements of Pennsylvania commands the infantry brigade at Camp Pershing and General Sweetzer the Massachusetts infantry brigade at Camp Cotton.

Americans from Chihuahua City arriving here today reported that many former Villistas now living in Chihuahua had slipped out of the city and had gone to join Villa. The refugees asserted that the Carranza officers were confiscating corn, sugar, coffee, grain, and other supplies in the city and distributing them among the troops. Merchants were closing their stores, a large wholesale house had been closed; the proprietor having disposed of his stock in secret to prevent confiscation, and there was a general shortage of food in Chihuahua City and Chihuahua State.

An American who arrived from the Casas Grandes district said that the advent of the rainy season has been a great relief to the soldiers of the American expeditionary command, some of whom were beginning to sicken with the dust storms which had prevailed for several weeks.

John C. Hayes, manager of the Hearst ranch at Babricora, which he reported yesterday to have been seized by Carranzistas, arrived here today. He asserted that other ranches, with cattle and food supplies, were being confiscated by the Carranza soldiers in the wake of the American troops' withdrawal from Western Chihuahua toward the border, and that all Mexicans who had had any dealings with the American troops were in fear of being robbed and killed by the Carranza soldiers.

Mr. Hayes said the troops were at El Valle, at Galeana, where he left his horses, and at Colonia Dublan, which is General Pershing's headquarters, and where the main column is situated. He said no troops had moved north of Colonia Dublan, although every one there expected them to cross the border soon.

VILLISTAS' REPULSED BY TWO GARRISONS

Enveloping Movement by Carranzistas Follows Fights at Parral and Rosario.

CHIHUAHUA CITY, Mexico, July 11.—Two Villa bands attacked Carranza garrisons today at Rosario and Parral, but in both cases were beaten off with losses, according to official reports of General Trevino.

From Rosario the bandits were driven south toward the Durango line by Government troops under Generals Gacito and Hernandez.

Other reports to General Trevino indicated that a scouting patrol from Parral had encountered one of the small bands of outlaws who scattered after the attack on Jiminez in the vicinity of El Valle and had driven them into the hills, but no details were given.

General Trevino said he had not received details of either of the clashes, but that all reports indicated there were skirmishes more or less minor in nature. He said that every effort to force the Villistas to a battle had failed.

No doubt remains in the minds of the military authorities here that Villa is directing the campaign along the Durango-Chihuahua border. Reports reaching General Trevino from escaped prisoners have described the bandit chieftain as riding in a coach, his crutches at his side, with two of his favorite chargers being led behind. It was asserted that every effort of the de facto Government would be launched in an attempt to effect his capture.

It was announced that Government troops had practically completed an enveloping movement, by means of which it was hoped to put an end to the bandit campaign. The Villistas now were inclosed, General Trevino said, in a definite area, pivoting about Las Nieves and Torreon de Canas. Co-operation among the various commands is complete, and orders have been issued to begin closing in.

Escape to the south is blocked by a force under General Fortuna Maycotte, advancing from Tepehuanes. General Matias Ramos, with 1,000 cavalrymen, has taken charge of Government operations, and is advancing westward from Jiminez, supported by the Arrieta brigade, a part of which has been detailed to screen the railway from Jiminez to Parral. Operating in conjunction with General Ramos is a regiment under Colonel Lopez, working westward from Camargo in pursuit of a group of Villistas under the bandit Ugarte, and along the railway line from Jiminez to Parral is a regiment of infantry under Colonel Lopez. A chain of reinforced garrisons, extending from Escalon south to the Durango border, prevents any escape to the east.

General Trevino announced today that with "the menace of American invasion removed" there were available to assist in the extermination of the bandits approximately 15,000 troops in the State of Chihuahua alone. He said that he had a large number ready to divert there from strategic points in Nuevo Laredo and Tamaulipas on short notice.

Practically all of the booty captured by the bandits in engagements at Jiminez and San Salvador has been abandoned in their flight and recovered by the Carranza forces. Reports here said the roads in the vicinity of Corral were strewn with abandoned loot, including horses, carts, and mules, which the outlaws had seized.

CANNON CONDEMNS OUR MEXICAN POLICY

Tells the House That United States Should Intervene or Withdraw Troops.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—An additional appropriation of $300,000 to bring destitute Americans out of Mexico was authorized today by the House on request of the State Department. The brief debate on the appropriating resolution resulted in another attack by ex-Speaker Joseph G. Cannon on the President's Mexican policy.

Mr. Cannon asserted that this policy was displeasing to him, to the House, and the American people. He contended that the United States ought to intervene in Mexico and establish a stable Government there or else withdraw American troops from the border and from Mexican territory. He suggested that after the establishment of a stable Government a treaty agreement should be negotiated to give the United States the right to return to Mexico and restore order at any time. Such an arrangement, he said, had worked well in Cuba.

The President "had stretched the Monroe Doctrine pretty far when he told the Huerta Government to get out," Mr. Cannon declared. He said the United States had no authority, except by stretching the Monroe Doctrine, to interfere in Mexican elections.

Referring to the President's Detroit speech wherein Mr. Wilson expressed his belief in the Virginia Bill of Rights granting a country the privilege of governing itself, Mr. Cannon said that "the Virginia Bill of Rights may be all right for Virginia, but it won't do for Mexico, where there is no Government."

"What are you going to do with the troops on the border?" was a question fired by Mr. Cannon at no one in particular. "The trouble with the President is that there is no responsible Government in Mexico. It shifts from day to day, and yet we are not to use force. Good God, if we are not to use force, then call home our 100,000 boys who are down there."

Chairman Fitzgerald of the Appropriations Committee informed the House that Congress in the last three years had appropriated $740,000 for the transportation of needy Americans in Mexico.

"The latter part of last month," said Mr. Fitzgerald, "it was deemed desirable that American citizens should leave Mexico, and our Consuls were notified to this effect and told to render every possible aid. At that time there was available about $40,000. The result has been that obligations have been incurred in excess of that amount, and it is estimated there are still 5,000 Americans in Mexico, who must be aided to return to this country. This is an emergency appropriation."

Major Gen. Tasker L. Bliss, Assistant Chief of the General Staff of the United States Army, left Washington this afternoon for an inspection trip of the militia troops on the Mexican border.

"The object of this inspection," said Major Douglas MacArthur, speaking for the department, "is to insure that everything possible in the circumstances is being done for the health and comfort of the guardsmen. He is accompanied by Major Nolan of the General Staff."

General Bliss will go first to the headquarters of Major Gen. Funston at San Antonio. He will visit every camp of militia troops along the entire border from Brownsville to the Pacific Coast, and report the results to the Secretary of War.

Assignment of General Bliss to the inspection trip started a report that he was slated to take supreme command on the border and in Mexico should a need arise for aggressive action. War Department officials would not discuss that aspect of the situation, but it is certain no change would be made at present.

Meat inspectors from the Department of Agriculture have been sent to the supply points for the border forces at the request of the War Department. Not a pound of meat will reach the troops that has not been passed by the Government experts.

The House took steps today to ascertain whether the railroad accommodations furnished for the movement of troops to the Mexican border have been inadequate. Without objection it adopted a resolution introduced by Representative J. Hampton Moore of Pennsylvania, Republican, calling on the Secretary of War for a report stating whether published reports are true that certain detachments of the National Guard were sent to the border in badly ventilated cars, whether the guardsmen were without sufficient food and water, and whether the movement of the troops was in dilapidated road cars, unfit for the purposes used.

The House also adopted the resolution of Representative Gardner of Massachusetts asking Secretary Baker to advise how many members of the National Guard from Texas, Arizona, and New Mexico failed to report for duty when the enlistment call was issued by the Federal Government.

The direct negotiations between the United States and Mexican Governments to settle the controversy over the presence of American troops in Mexico and the protection of the border against bandit raids will not be held up by the absence of Secretary of State Lansing from Washington. Mr. Lansing left on Friday for Watertown, N. Y., for a month's vacation. The de facto Government has been informed that this Government is ready to proceed immediately with negotiation for the adjustment of the controversy.

Frank L. Polk, Acting Secretary of State, attended today's session of the Cabinet and reported the result of the informal conversations he has had in the last few days with Elizeo Arredondo, the Mexican Ambassador-Designate, regarding the situation. The State Department asserted today that there was no foundation for press reports crediting a large number of Carranzistas under General Trevino with having revolted.

The Navy Department today denied the report that two American sailors had been fired on and killed by Carranzistas at Tampico. The belief of officials is that the story grows out of an attack made two weeks ago when Carranza soldiers fired on a privately owned American tug. No one was hurt.

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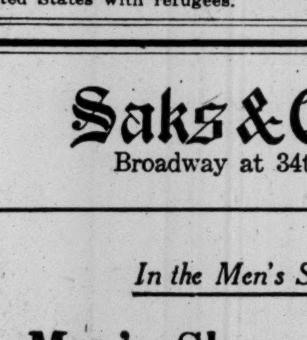

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Semi-annual Sale of
Saks Suits for Men
Reduced from
$43, $40, $38, $35, $30, $28—to
$23
(A small charge for alterations)

¶ Most sales are an excuse for depleted selections in which prices are sacrificed to offset an absence of variety. This Saks Sale is diametrically different. It is not a sale dictated by necessity, but a regular event included in our merchandising policy, offering you substantial savings on former maker-to-customer figures, plus all the variety in the world. You are not asked to buy a fabric you don't fancy, or a model you don't like, in order to save money. You are frankly invited to take your pick of the finest assortments of models and fabrics in New York today, and you can save from $5 to $20 a suit without sacrificing your personal preferences as to cut and color.

But buy now while the assortments are at their best

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Arnold, Constable & Co.
5th Avenue at 40th Street

Continuing the July Sales in the Men's Department
Offering 3,635
Men's High Class Summer Shirts

For business, sport, vacation, negligee, yachting and country club wear—A splendid assortment of the season's most desirable patterns and colors—All guaranteed pure dye—Practically a complete size range in every group, and all sleeve alterations free of charge.

		Value	Sale Price	3 for	6 for
345	WOVEN MADRAS SHIRTS, extra fine, starched cuffs	$1.50	1.10	3.15	6.00
225	TENNIS AND GOLF SHIRTS, white with collars on, mostly half sleeves	$2.00	1.25	3.50	6.50
140	FINEST PLAIN CREPE SHIRTS, light pastel shadings	Special	2.00	5.75	11.00
85	WHITE CREPE TENNIS SHIRTS, light, cool, and will not cling	Special	2.00	5.75	11.00
325	TENNIS AND GOLF SHIRTS, Spring weight flannels	$3.00	2.00	5.75	11.00
285	JACQUARDED fancy woven madras soft shirts	$2.50	1.55	4.50	8.75
200	SILK SHIRTS, made from our own reliable shirtings; mostly sizes 15½ to 18	$4.50	2.95	8.75	17.00
220	FIBRE SILK SHIRTS, the very finest qualities. Sizes 14, 14½, 15, 15½, 17	$4.50	3.50	10.00	19.50
150	WHITE SILK VACATION SHIRTS, collars on	$5.00	3.50	10.00	19.50
100	FINEST FANCY CREPE SHIRTS, most unusual colorings	Special	2.50	7.00	13.50
275	IMPORTED TAFFETA FLANNEL SHIRTS, all wool; collars on	Special	4.50	13.00	25.00
240	SILK SHIRTS, extra heavy weights and finest workmanship	$7.50	5.65	16.50	32.00
360	NOVELTY CREPE DE CHINE SHIRTS, all unusual colorings	$6.50	5.65	16.50	32.00
180	"SOIREE," "THE SILK IRRESISTIBLE," pastel plain colorings	Special	7.50	21.50	42.00
285	"LA JERZ" FANCY SILK SHIRTS—Many excellent designs	Special	7.50	21.50	42.00
190	"LA JERZ" WHITE SILK SHIRTS—Newest of all weaves and exclusive	Special	7.50	21.50	42.00
3,635					

500 Men's
Pure Worsted Bathing Suits
All pure dye, fast colors and non-shrinkable.

GROUP 1.
Professional style swimming suits, sleeveless regulation style suits, quarter sleeve styles; all plain or trimmed colorings.
Regularly $3.50.
2.85

GROUP 2.
Heavy, firmly knitted suits of Brown, Green or Grey mixtures with neat Navy Blue trimmings.
Regularly $6.00.
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Sale of Men's
Ties and Sweaters
Most popular Summer Styles at reductions of ⅓ to ½.

BAT TIES.
Foulards and best Silk Crepes in hundreds of styles, also plain and fancy Summer silks, reversible or French shapes.
Regularly 75c and $1.00.
50c

SWEATERS.
All wool sweater coats in Grey or colors for Tennis, Golf, Boating and Beach wear; medium weight and superior grade.
Value $4.50.
3.25

SAY WATERED STOCK CUTS RAILWAY PAY

Telegraphers Read the Central's Financial History Into Arbitration Record.

CITE EARNINGS AND WAGES

Employers Call Operators Automatons and Say Six-Year-Old Boys Could Do Their Work.

In an attack yesterday afternoon on the fiscal policy of the New York Central, H. J. Perham, President of the Order of Railway Telegraphers, told the Federal Board of Arbitrators which is hearing the men's demands for more pay, that if the Directors were not so occupied with paying dividends on watered stock, the road could afford to pay its telegraphers better wages. If the earnings of the lines were taken as a basis, he said, the road could pay its telegraphers $100 a week, instead of $12 to $15.

Mr. Perham began his attack after representatives of the railroad had attempted to refute the telegraphers' claim that they got less than a living wage by showing that some of them owned automobiles.

"The other side," said Mr. Perham, "has seen fit to show that a few of our men have small automobiles that came to them as gifts or legacies, and that others take up side lines because forced to do so by low wages. They had no business to bring in such matters, but since they have, now let us talk about the private history of the railroad. Let us see whether it can afford to pay what we ask."

Mr. Perham read a summary of a compilation of statistics which, he said, were gathered from official records.

"When the New York Central and the Hudson River Road were consolidated in 1869," he said, "the capital was made $89,200,000; but of this $56,900,000 represented something other than value paid in. During the forty-five years from 1870 to 1915 the New York Central paid in dividends on this $56,900,000 of water $151,400,000.

"We have no figures on wages paid until the Interstate Commerce Commission was instituted in 1888. During the twenty-seven years from 1888 to 1915 the New York Central paid its telegraphers $11,700,000 in wages and paid $78,700,000 in dividends on this $56,900,000 of water.

"From 1870 to 1914 the New York Central disposed of bonds having a current value of 174,100,000 for $138,000,000, giving as bonuses and commissions, $36,100,000. The capital of the railroad was also increased during those forty-five years $289,400,000 for considerations other than cash. During the years 1898-1900 the New York Central gave a bonus of $12,100,000 for Lake Shore and Michigan Southern securities. They must pay 3½ per cent. interest on that $14,000,000 for 100 years.

"We concede that these financial misdeeds are not those of the present managers, but the figures are evidence to show that if the road is not in a position to increase wages the trouble is due to other causes than overpayment of wages in the past."

Mr. Perham then read a statement which said that the Central is earning 14 per cent. on its stock this year, and that its maintenance cost is lower then that of the Pennsylvania or Baltimore & Ohio.

F. P. Fraleigh of Poughkeepsie, a tower signalman for twenty-four years, said that he worked eight hours a day, 365 days a year, and was not financially able to take any time off.

"That's how we all feel about it," he said, "and we felt so strongly we were all ready to strike this Spring. The company sent up some strike-breakers who said they were to get $3 a day and their board."

Fraleigh said he had not had a vacation since October, 1907.

"Before that we worked twelve hours a day," he said, "and once in a while we gave out. We'd call that a vacation. Since the eight-hour day came in we have not given out."

He said signalmen on his division get $58 a month and had to tend crossing gates as well as throw switches. Not more than 10 per cent. of the men on the division own their homes, he said.

Cross-examined by T. W. Evans for the Central, Fraleigh said he had one son 21 years old. He said he once owned an equity in a home but lost it because he was not able to keep up the installments. He said his wife worked as a nurse and his son was a junior at Cornell.

"You're getting along in the world, it seems," remarked Mr. Evans.

"My son is getting a better chance than I had," was the reply. "I am sorry to say I am not responsible for his progress. I am not paying his way at Cornell, but would do so, were I able. I have often tried to get other work than railroading, but for the past ten years I have been told that I was too old. I tried to get on the New York police force, but I was too old."

Fraleigh said there were 151 men on his division, 117 of whom were signalmen, and that none of them had any money.

"There may be a couple of signalmen who have $100 or $200, but that's all," he said. "On my division two men have automobiles. One man has a Ford he bought himself and the other man has a car his father gave him."

In a discussion of flagmen A. S. Ingalls for the Central said:

"Let me tell you, Mr. Fraleigh, the flagmen have the most trying and exacting duties of any railroad employe, but a signalman, why I should put a six-year-old boy in a signal tower and he would do the work."

"Send that six-year-old boy to me and I'll adopt him," said Fraleigh.

"I tell you the truth," replied Mr. Ingalls, "when I say that with twenty years' experience at railroading I believe that the towerman is an automaton and a machine, and instead of getting from $59 to $79 a month should get less than the $40 a month flagman."

The sessions, held at the Manhattan Hotel, will be continued today.

STRIKE MAY END MONDAY.

Both Sides Hopeful After First Garment Industry Conference.

At the end of the first day's session of the conference between the representatives of the cloak manufacturers and 45,000 striking needle workers, held in the Hotel Astor, E. J. Wile, President of the Manufacturers' Protective Association, and Morris Hillquit, counsel for the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, predicted last night that the cloakmakers would be back at work by next Monday. Work on $25,000,000 worth of orders awaits them.

The session was spent in outlining just what the demands of both sides were, without going at length into the merits of any question. Today will begin the discussion of the merits of the demands and it is expected that by tonight it will be plain whether the conference will be able to reach an agreement. If no agreement can be reached the union representatives will fight for arbitration.

Representing the union at the conference are Benjamin Schlesinger, its President; Morris Hillquit, counsel, and twelve heads of locals. Representing the manufacturers are E. J. Wile, President of the Protective Association; William Klein, its counsel; I. M. Getskay, Jacob Rapport, I. Stein, R. Sadowsky, Max Lochman, M. Hersig, David Crystal, J. Greenbaum, I. Blauner, Morris R. Silverman, Horatio Simon, and A. E. Leftcourt.

It was announced to the headquarters of the union yesterday that Samuel Untermyer had pledged $2,500 a week to the strike fund, as long as the strike continued and that Jacob H. Schiff had promised a like sum, in addition to $10,500 he had already subscribed.

BROOKLYN PRAISES MAYOR.

Citizens' Letter Commends Position in Child-Care Controversy.

Mayor Mitchel has received further commendation from citizens for his stand in regard to the treatment of destitute children in child-care institutions. Twenty-nine citizens, most of whom live in Brooklyn, sent him a letter yesterday. The signers express the opinion that the Mayor's actions in regard to the matter were prompted by "nothing save the highest motives." The letter says, in part:

"No differences of religion can enter into the humane treatment of little children. No questions of creed are involved in a strict supervision of the way in which the institutions carry out the obligations undertaken by them under contract with the city. * * *

"We deprecate the attempt on the part of a few to capitalize religious loyalty to the ends of political prejudices. We do not believe it will succeed in this broad-minded, enlightened community.

"We desire to let you know that we wish you success in your efforts to prevent the sidetracking of the real issue, which is, simply: Shall thousands of dependent children receive proper care at the hands of institutions which receive money from the city of New York?"

Those who signed the letter were:

Frank M. Brooks, Thomas Prosser, Clinton R. James, Henry Hentz, Isaac N. Cary, J. Herbert Watson, Stephen W. Dodge, George W. Wingate, George E. Lovett, Rufus L. Scott, Albro J. Newton, Simeon B. Chittenden, Henry B. Davenport, C. Augustus Haviland, David H. Valentine, Willis L. Ogden, James Cunningham, William J. Cronin, Howard McWilliams, James L. Bennett, Hiram R. Steele, Frederic W. Hinrichs, Jerome G. Atkinson, Gardiner D. Matthews, Horatio C. King, J. Warren Greene, Julius Kayser, Howard C. Pyle and Frank Lyman.

70 HURT IN LONDON CAR.

Double-Decker Jumps Track in Front of Army Hospital.

LONDON, July 12.—Seventy passengers were injured when a double-decked street car jumped the tracks and crashed into a building in the northwestern section of London last night.

The accident occurred in front of an army hospital, and the whole staff of doctors and nurses rendered first aid so quickly that they probably prevented fatalities.

FALL FROM ELEVATED KILLS A. S. ANDERSON

Conflicting Reports of How Franklin Trust Co. Teller Met His Death.

Alexander S. Andesson, 38 years old, receiving teller for the Franklin Trust Company of 166 Montague Street, Brooklyn, fell to the street from a moving southbound elevated train near the Court Street station in Brooklyn at 9:20 o'clock last night, and was instantly killed. Two different stories were told of how the accident happened.

According to Inspectors of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, Mr. Anderson attempted to board the train after the gates had been closed and after it had started to move away from the station. He caught the iron barrier in an effort to get on the rear platform, according to this version, but was struck by one of the iron supports and was thrown into the street.

The other version was given by a man who did not give his name to the police, but who said he was an eyewitness of the accident. According to this man, Mr. Anderson tried to get on the platform of one of the cars in the middle of the train as it started to move, but at a time when the gate of the car he tried to board was still partially open. The guard on the platform at the time refused to open the gate, according to this man, and Mr. Anderson, still clinging to the gate, was dragged the full length of the platform. Mr. Anderson, according to this man, finally gave up the attempt to board the train and released his hold, thinking he was still on the platform. The next instant he was whirling downward and fell on his head to the street.

Several pedestrians saw the receiving teller's body fall through the air, but none could assist the police in determining how the accident happened. According to Mrs. Anna Ryan, ticket agent at the Court Street Station, no one but Mr. Anderson was on the platform at the time he tried to get on board the train. She remembered passing the receiving teller through the turnstile, but was not a witness of the accident, she said.

The police at once started an investigation, but had reached no conclusion at a late hour. No arrests were made.

Mr. Anderson had been in the employ of the trust company for several years and was married. He lived at 2,253 East Fifteenth Street, Flatbush, and is survived by his wife and one child.

SIGNS GOOD ROADS BILL.

President Approves Measure Appropriating $85,000,000.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—President Wilson today signed the Good Roads bill recently passed by Congress, authorizing the expenditure of $85,000,000 in five years by the Federal Government on condition that the States shall expend amounts similar to those apportioned to them.

The signing was witnessed by members of the Senate and House and representatives of farmers' organizations. In addition to the money to be spent in co-operation with the States, $10,000,000 is provided for roads in Federal forest preserves.

KILL RESOLUTION TO IMPEACH MARSHALL

House Committee Drops Buchanan Charges Against Attorney—Contempt Case Pending.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The House Committee on Judiciary today dropped the impeachment charges against H. Snowden Marshall, United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York, which were preferred several months ago by Representative Frank Buchanan of Illinois. Mr. Buchanan was indicted by the Federal Grand Jury of Mr. Marshall's district for alleged conspiracy to interfere with work of plants engaged in making munitions of war for the Entente Allies.

The committee tabled the Buchanan resolution and adopted the report of its sub-committee which reported on its investigation held in New York and Washington. This report, previously printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES, found fault with certain features of Mr. Marshall's conduct of the office and described it as lax in some respects and not calculated fully to inspire public confidence. Nevertheless, the sub-committee said, the investigation had not presented a case for impeachment. Representative Carlin of Virginia, Gard of Ohio, and Nelson of Wisconsin constituted the investigating sub-committee.

The action of the Judiciary Committee today ends the impeachment proceedings, but has no effect upon the contempt charge brought against Mr. Marshall by the House. Several weeks ago the House adjudged Mr. Marshall in contempt of that body because of his strictures upon the methods of the Judiciary Subcommittee. It was ordered that the Sergeant at Arms should bring Mr. Marshall before the bar of the House to answer the contempt charge.

When service of the warrant was attempted the District Attorney sought the aid of the courts, and obtained a writ of habeas corpus. The contempt charge is still pending in the courts at New York.

MUST PAY FIVE CLERKS.

Prendergast Ordered to Allow Raises for Schneider's Men.

Justice Donnelly of the Supreme Court issued writs of mandamus yesterday directing Controller Prendergast to pay the increased salaries of five clerks in the office of County Clerk Schneider and one in the office of Register Hopper. Application for the writs had been presented some weeks ago, but action was delayed until the decision of the Appellate Division was handed down in the Plancon action, instituted by Mr. Schneider as a test case.

The decision of the Appellate Division having sustained the contention of Mr. Schneider that neither the Board of Estimate nor any of its agents had any right to interfere with his employes, the writs were granted.

New York Boy Drowns.

HOOSICK FALLS, N. Y., July 11.—Henry Trouve, aged 15, son of Mr. and Mrs. Napoleon Trouve of 511 West 141st Street, New York City, was drowned this evening while sailing on a raft in the Hoosick River near Hoosick Falls.

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Write for Catalogue.
SMOOTH-ON MFG. CO.
Jersey City, N. J.

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The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial contains pictures from all war fronts. Best illustrated magazine, 10 cents; $5 a year. Bound volumes of ten numbers, by mail, for $1. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

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THAT'S the class you are in if you still have your letters written *twice*—once in shorthand and once on the typewriter.

You buzz the buzzer and wait. You feel great—you are going to turn out a day's mail full of "punch." So you press the button—and wait. Then your stenographer comes in. Maybe. Provided she is at her desk, or where she can be reached, and providing she is not already taking dictation from someone else. But admit she does come in promptly. All right—

Off to a good start. Just a minute, you're going too fast. Well, you want to go fast, that's the way you think. Or, the stenographer didn't catch "that last sentence." You repeat—and before long you are repeating again, or slowing up. You begin to lose your snap. Your ideas begin to jumble, because you are interrupted so much and so often. And your dictation isn't like what you thought it was going to be at all.

Thousands of other alert, keen business men have gotten by that sort of thing. Now they dictate as fast as they want, as much as they feel like, and just when they want to. They dictate to The Dictaphone.

Arrange for a demonstration in your own office on your own work.

Dictate to the Dictaphone

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The Genuine bears the name The Dictaphone and anything else is an imitation.

We use your machines exclusively, and virtually entirely, and are pleased to recommend them to a busy man who desires to dictate matters at his own convenience, whether day or night.

The machines certainly facilitate the handling of correspondence and avoid the necessity of carrying details in one's mind or keeping a stenographer at one's side, and we have found your product not only a labor saving device, but an efficiency equipment.

(From a letter from E. H. Ferguson, Mgr. Merchants' Claim Association, New York.)

Here's The Dictaphone telephone number—Worth 3043. Let us hear from you. Or, here's the coupon. Either way—but do it now, while you think of it.

Tear this off, pin to your letterhead, and mail, The Dictaphone, 83 Chambers Street.
Please send me particulars.

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Address..............................

Address personally Mr..............................
T1

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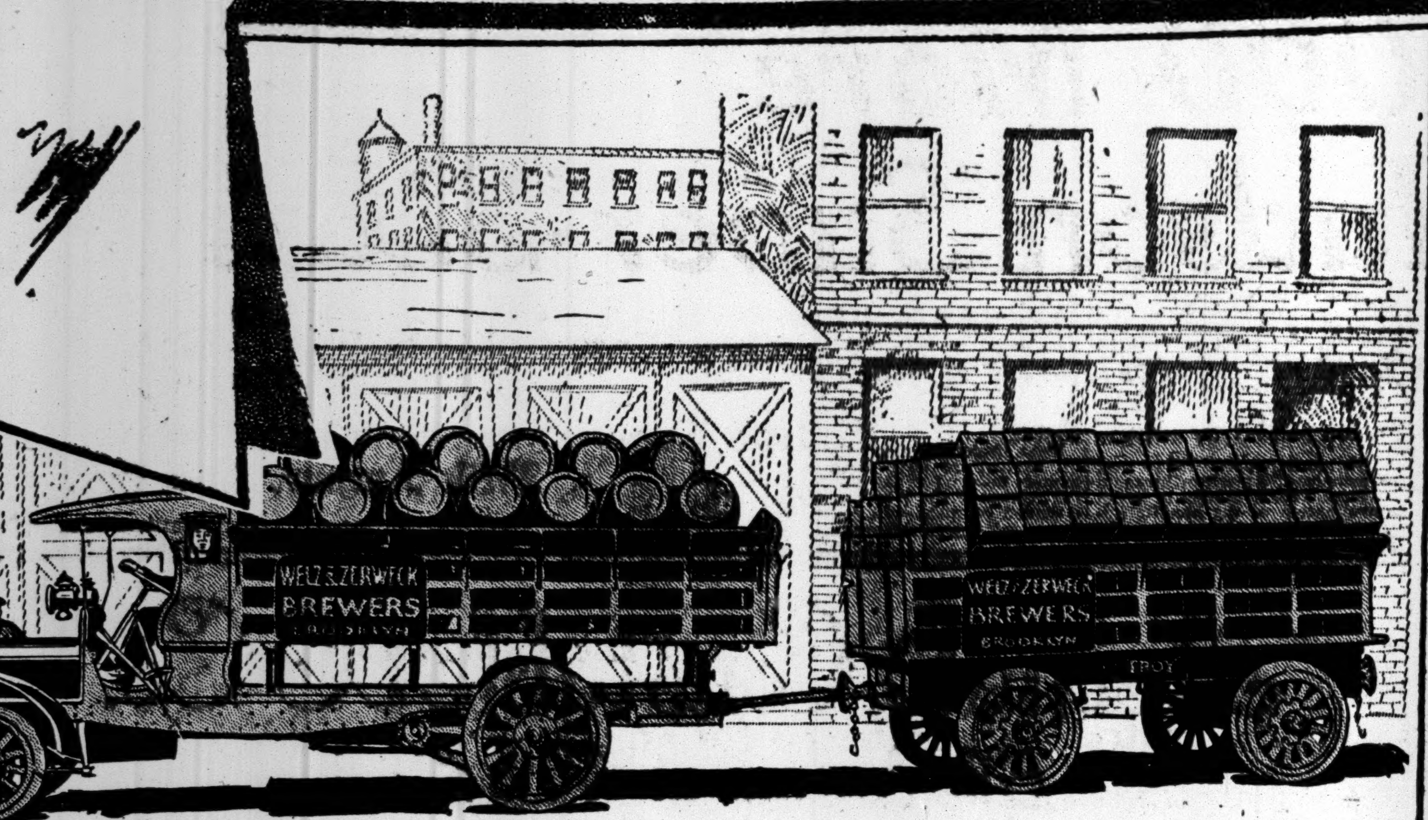

"An immense saving, as well as convenience"

Welz & Zerweck, Brooklyn, are finding Troy Trailers an immense saving as well as convenience in their delivery problems. The above illustration shows their truck loaded with 5 tons of beer in kegs, while their Troy Trailer is loaded with 130 cases of beer, or 4 tons. They drop their trailer at one point to make deliveries, while their truck is making deliveries at other points—the truck then returning to pick up the trailer, and go on to the next delivery point.

"Troy Trailers" will cut your delivery costs in ½

The motor truck is now coming into its own—it is just being emancipated from the primitive idea of carrying only, to that of CARRYING and PULLING.

The average motor truck loaded to its rated capacity develops, in addition, a Draw-Bar Pull or PULLING power equal to about one-half its rated capacity.

That is, a 3-ton truck fully loaded can exert a Draw-Bar Pull of about 1½ tons.

And tests have proven that for every pound of Draw-Bar Pull you can haul as high as 8 times that much, under ideal conditions, and on a properly constructed vehicle like the Troy Trailer.

An entire list of users will be furnished if you desire, or we can give you the names of other concerns using Troy Trailers with the same kind of truck you may be operating.

Troy Motor Truck Trailers range in capacities from 1 to 5 tons. We also make a complete line of trailers of smaller capacity to be operated with small trucks or pleasure cars.

Put it up to us. Write us just what your hauling problems are; what material is transported; what trucks you now operate and we will investigate your precise situation and advise as to the best way to solve your delivery problems. We are experts in transportation and hauling propositions, and our advice therefore cannot be other than of advantage to you.

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We Want Dealers

The greatest opportunity is open to live men in all cities where we now have no dealers. Some one in *your* City is going to see the money-making possibilities in this proposition. Are you the man? Write or wire.

BEUTINGER KILLED IN WIFE'S BEDROOM

Culmination of Long Series of Quarrels in Ex-Army Officer's Household.

MRS. BEUTINGER IN JAIL

Had Complained to Police of Coal Exporter's Cruelty — Fired Five Shots, She Said.

Special to The New York Times.

CALDWELL, N. J., July 11.—Christopher Beutinger, a wealthy representative of coal exporters at 1 Broadway, was shot to death about 4 o'clock this morning by his wife, the police say. His body was found in her bedroom in their fine residence in the Westover section on the slope here. She told the police she fired five shots at her husband, all of which took effect. Any one of them, it is said, would have been fatal.

The couple had five children, ranging in age from 9 to 3, and the children, with a guest, John Cummings of Yonkers, and the servants, were awakened by the pistol shots. When they reached Mrs. Beutinger's room Mr. Beutinger was dead. Both Mr. and Mrs. Beutinger were in their night clothing.

The shooting was the climax of weeks of bitter quarreling between the pair, all accounts agree. Police Chief John Harkey said the wife had called him to the house last Thursday to acquaint him with the condition of affairs, saying that something would happen, and complaining bitterly of cruel and brutal treatment on the part of her husband.

Had Pistol Under Pillow.

According to the story the police and the Prosecutor gathered the husband came to the wife's bedroom about 4 A. M. and demanded admittance. When she demanded that he leave, he became threatening. Then she drew a pistol from under her pillow and shot him.

At about 5 A. M. Chief Harkey received over the telephone a message from an excited servant saying a murder had been committed in the Beutinger residence.

"When I got the message," said the Chief yesterday afternoon, "I thought sure, from what I had heard, it was the wife who had been murdered."

Harkey arrived at the house with a doctor who had been summoned. He found Mrs. Beutinger in the library surrounded by her children. She was excited, but made her statement to the Chief calmly enough. Justice W. H. McChesney committed her on a charge of homicide to jail in Newark, where Harkey took her. The children will probably be sent temporarily to the Mount Hope Convent, where the little girls have previously been cared for at times.

Though the Beutingers occupied a fine place, which it is said they paid $25,000 for four months ago, they are not well known in Caldwell, but many persons knew of their domestic difficulties.

Dr. E. S. Ives of Little Falls has been treating Mrs. Beutinger lately for minor injuries which she is said to have attributed to her husband. Within the last few days she was treated for an injury to her eye, and this she said was caused when her husband struck her. The eye still showed traces of discoloration yesterday when she visited the Prosecutor's office.

The police say Mrs. Beutinger was in the drug store of William Starck near her home last Friday and that Starck said she had remarked there would be "some excitement in the neighborhood pretty soon" and her side of her difficulties would be known. Starck said she had also asked where she could get a good lawyer, and the same day she retained Walter G. Brandley, a member of the Common Council. He looked after her interests today following her arrest.

Scandals in the Orient.

Mrs. Beutinger is a handsome and intelligent woman of the Spanish type. She is 28 and her husband was 42. She was born in Jamaica in the West Indies. Her maiden name was Margaret Claire and she is said to be descended from a wealthy English family. Mrs. Beutinger is reputed to have a considerable fortune in her own right.

They were married ten years ago in Manila, when the husband was a regimental Quartermaster in the United States Army. He served an enlisted term until 1901 and was attached to the service in civilian capacity until 1913. He is said to have done well in business as a wholesale coal dealer and exporter, representing several important coal mining properties, and to have amassed considerable money.

It was said last night by one who knew Beutinger in Manila, that he left the service under a cloud, resulting from a coal scandal in which a contract was awarded to a Japanese firm through his instrumentality. An investigation showed that he received several thousand dollars from the Japanese firm.

Following this Beutinger and his family left the islands and went to Hololulu. He and his wife quarreled there and he is said to have badly beaten her. She had him arrested and there was a scandal, but he was released after she refused to press the charge. When Beutinger left Manila he is said to have had considerable money.

The couple were separated about six years ago, but subsequently they tried to live together again. At this time they went to Mount Vernon, where their youngest son was born and where they lived until their recent removal to Caldwell.

MERCHANTS TO PROTEST.

Object to Debris Along Routes of New Subways.

The Broadway Association at a meeting to be held this afternoon at Churchill's, Broadway and Forty-ninth Street, will take up the question of bettering conditions on all streets where subway work is now under way. It is expected that B. H. Namm, President of the Fulton Street Association of Brooklyn, will be present and pledge the support of Brooklyn business men to the work of improving conditions for trade along the subway routes. William Rosenbaum, Chairman of the Seventh Avenue Association, will also be present.

Complaint has been made regarding the quantity of refuse that has been allowed to accumulate in the streets where subway work is in progress. The question of traffic conditions is also to be taken up at the meeting. The speakers will be Street Cleaning Commissioner Fetherston, Fire Commissioner Adamson, Health Commissioner Emerson, and D. C. Fenner, Vice President of the Motor Truck Club.

LEARN TO CONCENTRATE
50 Regents counts in a single examination by a boy of 15; 37 Regents counts in one examination by a boy of 15; these are some of the results of the January examinations by students who have taken our 8 months' course in concentration.
The course may be taken by adults individually or in classes.
The Clark School for Concentration
259 W. 45th St. Tel. 744 Col.
Summer School now in session in New York City and at Asquam Lake, White Mountains, N. H.

KYLE CAMP FOR BOYS
Catskills. Near Rip Van Winkle's Rock.
Dr. Paul Kyle. Irvington-on-Hudson, N. Y.
Kyle School for Boys.

LANGUAGES—Spanish, French, German, English, Italian taught rapidly and practically by native teachers; trial lesson free. SOUTH AMERICAN SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES, 1,556 Broadway.

PRATT SCHOOL—62 West 45th St. Individual instruction, day evening; Shorthand, Bookkeeping, Stenotypy, Secretaryship. Summer session.

Send for Booklet on Aviation. School now open. Staten Island Aviation School, 119 Lexington Av., New York City.

YOUNG MAN will exchange Spanish or pay cash for mathematics. P 166 Times.

D. K. E. BUYS CLUBHOUSE.

Fraternity Purchases Old Yale Building in West 44th St.

The old Yale Club building at 30 West Forty-fourth Street between Fifth and Sixth Avenues has been purchased by the Delta Kappa Epsilon Fraternity as its general headquarters and clubhouse. Since the Yale members moved early in the year to their new home on Vanderbilt Avenue the old building has been vacant and on the market. A committee representing the Delta Kappa Epsilon members obtained an option on the property a few weeks ago and yesterday it was announced by the Secretary, James Anderson Hawes, that sufficient funds had been subscribed to close the deal and contracts for the purchase of the building were signed a few days ago.

The old Yale Club building, eleven stories high and covering a frontage of fifty feet on the south side of Forty-fourth Street, opposite the New York Yacht Club, is assessed at $390,000. It has been purchased by a syndicate of members which will be known as the D. K. E. Holding Company, and the latter will lease the property to the club. Extensive alterations of the building will be made, including the addition of another story and the equipment of squash courts and a swimming pool. It is expected to have it ready for occupancy in October. The entire cost will represent about $500,000.

The Delta Kappa Epsilon Club is a new club organization in the city. It has maintained officers here, but of late years the members have felt that the fraternity ought to have a central organization, and the purchase of the old Yale Club is the culmination of over a year's study of plans. The fraternity was founded in 1844 at Yale University and now has forty-three chapters and thirty-five alumni associations throughout the country. Its total membership exceeds 13,000 and the value of its chapter houses and halls in the different colleges is estimated at more than $1,500,000.

In the same block, besides the New York Yacht Club, are the Harvard, City, and Phi Gamma Delta Clubs, the Bar Association, and the Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen

MAYOR NAMES NEW BOARD.

Standards and Appeals Body to Replace Board of Examiners.

Mayor Mitchel yesterday appointed the Board of Standards and Appeals to take the place of the old Board of Examiners. The new board, under the provisions of the so-called Lockwood-Ellenbogen bill, will have jurisdiction over the building operations in each of the five boroughs, instead of such control being vested in various departments as heretofore.

The members of the new board are: Rudolph P. Miller, a civil engineer, formerly Superintendent of Buildings of Manhattan, Chairman, at $7,500 a year; Daniel Sullivan, former Secretary of the Bureau of Buildings, Manhattan, Secretary, at $3,600 a year; Lansing C. Holden, architect, 103 Park Avenue; William Crawford, builder, 5 East Forty-second Street; Howard C. Baird, consulting engineer, 149 Broadway; Alfred R. Kirkus, real estate expert, 309 Broadway, and Alfred J. Boulton, 58 Quincey Street, Brooklyn, representative of labor.

Each of the five last named will receive $10 a day when they sit on the board. Fire Commissioner Adamson and Chief John Kenlon will be ex-officio members of the body.

POLICE GRAFT CASE PUTS ENRIGHT IN JAIL

Well-Known Detective and Another on Force Indicted After Tenderloin Inquiry.

3 TURN STATE'S EVIDENCE

Collectors Alleged to Have Been Industrious—Enright Recently Praised for Work.

An extortion conspiracy alleged to have been formed by certain police officers against disorderly resorts led yesterday to the arrest of Detective William J. Enright of the Central Branch on a charge of perjury.

Detective Enright's arrest is only one of several to be made as the result of an investigation by District Attorney Swann and Police Commissioner Woods into conditions in the Tenderloin. Two indictments were returned yesterday, one against Enright and a second against another police officer who has not yet been arrested.

More than a month ago the District Attorney received reports of alleged police grafting in the Tenderloin. No charge could be definitely placed until after the arrest of three men who were accused of posing as police officers and collecting money from various resorts on the promise of protection. These men were Nathan Labiner, Leo Hauptman, and Nathan Schuyler. They pleaded guilty and announced willingness to turn State's evidence against all other persons in the conspiracy.

As the result of the information which they gave District Attorney Swann learned that a group of persons, believed to be "stool pigeons," had a working agreement with certain police officers whereby they were to divide money which they received from proprietors of disorderly houses for promises of police protection. These men, according to the District Attorney, had appointed routes in the Tenderloin, and called upon the proprietors for money at regular intervals.

The indictment of Enright for perjury was based on statements made to the Grand Jury by Labiner, Hauptman, and Schuyler, as well as evidence obtained by Inspector Boland of the Third Inspection District from other sources. Deputy Assistant District Attorney Smith and Agent Hibbard of the Society for the Prevention of Crime have also been busy on this particular phase of the case for several weeks.

Enright was arrested at Police Headquarters by Lieutenant Costigan on a warrant issued from the District Attorney's office. He was cool when taken into custody and declared that he was innocent of any crime and that he was the victim of a "frame-up" on the part of persons who had been interfered with by his work in the Tenderloin. As the leader of a special squad of detectives running down white slavers, Enright during the last year obtained the conviction of about twenty slavers and rescued more than a score of girls from disorderly houses. He has received commendation from many judges and from the higher officials in the police department for his work. He lives at 105 Fifteenth Street, Brooklyn, and has been a member of the Police Department for more than fifteen years.

After his arrest at Police Headquarters Enright was taken to the office of District Attorney Swann, where he had a long talk with the prosecutor before being locked up in the Tombs. He will be arraigned before Judge Mulqueen in General Sessions today and Assistant District Attorney Smith will ask that bail be fixed at $10,000.

District Attorney Swann said yesterday that he was determined to clean up the last vestige of police graft in the Tenderloin. He is of the opinion that there is still some grafting, and will continue the Grand Jury investigation into the matter for another week at least, with the hope of obtaining more indictments.

ROBIN NOTE HELD INVALID.

Appellate Division Reverses Judgment Given to Northern Bank.

An echo of the time when Joseph G. Robin was manipulating financial institutions was heard yesterday when the Appellate Division reversed a decision of the lower court granting a judgment for $66,760 to the Northern Bank on a counterclaim to a suit begun by Superintendent of Insurance Emmet for the cancellation of a note for $50,000. The note was alleged to have been issued by the Title and Guarantee Company of Rochester and was made payable to the Riverside branch of the Northern Bank.

When the note was presented for payment, with interest the bank gave a cashier's check payable to the title company, and bearing the indorsement of the Vice President and the Treasurer of the company. Mr. Emmet held that the note was made without authority, but the lower court dismissed his complaint and granted the counterclaim for the face of the note and interest. In sustaining the contention of Mr. Emmet the Appellate Division said:

"The making of the note by the Vice President and Treasurer was dictated by Robin, who controlled their actions for purposes other than the purposes of the title company. The manipulations by Robin of the properties of several companies which he controlled are too well known to require repetition here and are set forth in different opinions appearing in the books wherein these transactions have been questioned."

NO FIRE SAFETY IN UNPAID POLICY

If Broker Fails to Turn Premium Over to Company the Insured Loses.

PUBLIC IS UNPROTECTED

State Superintendent Says Policy Holder Has No Redress if Broker Is Dishonest.

Extensive inquiry discloses the fact that it is not generally known by the public that fire insurance policies obtained through brokers give no guarantee whatever of protection from loss by fire. Recently a policy holder in this city, who for some years had insured his house with a certain company through a certain broker, received notice six months after paying the premium on his current policy that the policy would be canceled unless the premium thereon were paid within a given brief delay.

The astonished policy holder, assuming that a mistake had been made, sought to get in touch with the broker, and found that he had retired from business, and that his whereabouts could not be ascertained. Armed with the broker's receipted bill, he called on the company and was there informed by the manager of agents that the broker had neglected to turn over the premium money to the company; that the law held a broker to be the agent of the insured, not of the insuring company, and that if the policy was to remain in force the premium would have to be paid again.

Payment was accordingly made, under protest, and the policy holder wrote to the State Superintendent of Insurance, explaining the circumstances and requesting enlightenment as to certain features of the insurance business which appeared to him to be extraordinary and contrary to the public welfare.

Replying to this communication, the State Superintendent of Insurance wrote:

> From the facts stated in your letter it appears that an insurance broker, through whom you had been transacting your insurance business for a number of years, received from you a premium for renewing a policy which he failed to pay over to the company issuing the policy. The court decision to which you refer correctly defines the status of a broker, and it seems to me that it would be inconsistent to hold that a broker acts as the agent of the company.
>
> You doubtless know that a great majority of the insurance brokers in the City of New York do not represent any insurance companies. The broker is a free lance, so to speak, and has the right to place the insurance of his customers with any company he pleases. As a matter of fact, the broker is the agent of the insured, and one of his principal functions is to look after the interests of the insured, to see that his insurance is placed in authorized companies, and that his insurance contract is properly written.
>
> I appreciate that, in some instances, a manifest injustice is practiced upon the insured, where the broker fails to pay over the premium to the insurance company. Section 143 of the Insurance Law provides that no person shall transact the business of an insurance broker unless he has made application and received from the Superintendent of Insurance a certificate of authority authorizing him to transact such business. This law is designed to protect the insurance public from the ordinary swindler, and before a license is issued the department endeavors to obtain full information as to the trustworthiness of the applicant.
>
> It is our practice that where a complaint is made against the insurance broker, and it is proved that he has been guilty of fraudulent practices, or has failed to pay over premiums collected by him from the insured, to immediately revoke his license. By this method, and by the exercise of care before issuing licenses, we endeavor to prevent the irresponsible person from defrauding the general public. A person who does not have a license from the Superintendent of Insurance has no right to transact a brokerage business, and it is unlawful for an insurance company to pay a commission to a broker who has no certificate of authority.
>
> The broker acts for the insured. He has the right to take the risk to any insurance company, and the company in dealing with the broker, except for the commission which is paid, deals with him precisely as if the company were dealing directly with the insured. It is the practice of the company to deliver the policy to the broker in the same way that a policy would be delivered, if the insured applied in person for such policy.
>
> As you doubtless know, a company does not always exact from the insured the premium before the delivery of the policy. It prefers to take a chance, and if the premium is not paid has the right to cancel the policy, but until notice of such cancellation is given to the insured, the policy, if actually delivered, is in force, and binding upon the company.
>
> In dealing with the broker, it treats him the same as an insured, and, although the company delivers the policy to the broker, it does so in good faith, with the understanding that the premium will be paid. The broker's failure to turn over the premium to the company permits the company to treat the policy in the same way as in the case where it deals directly with the insurer, and there is a failure to pay the premium.

Under these circumstances, it is pointed out by policy holders, the only protection for a person insuring through a broker is to make out a check in payment of the premium to the order of the company issuing the policy, or, if the policy holder have not a check account, to pay the money direct to the company.

This raises the question: "Why is a broker?" It is argued by many that in such an important matter the law should protect the public against oversight or forgetfulness to the extent that all insurance companies should be compelled to give thirty days' notice to every policy holder direct when the term of a policy is about to expire, so that he will have ample opportunity to take the precaution to renew it.

Ask Aid for Sick Mother and Girl.

Six years ago a man fell down an elevator shaft and was instantly killed. A lawsuit was filed, but the widow and five young children received no compensation, and were forced to accept charitable aid from the first. The mother has become tuberculous. A daughter of 11 years suffers from a weak heart, and must rest in bed, preferably in the country, for at least a month. The mother and a younger brother must accompany her. A friend of the Widowed Mothers' Fund Association, 192 Bowery, has made a generous donation to help the family. Twenty-five dollars more will provide for the little girl's needs. Gifts may be sent to Mrs. Henry Zuckerman, 52 Broadway, or to the association.

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We offer the Following Mortgages on New York City Real Estate

$2,200 at 5%	on two-story and basement brick dwelling, value	$3,700
5,000 at 5%	on three-story and basement brick corner stores and apartment, value......	8,200
33,000 at 5%	on five-story and basement brick apartment, value	52,000
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Details of other offerings in various amounts, with photographs of properties, furnished upon request.
Also Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificates $100 up, paying 5% interest.
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New 88-Note Player Pianos
$410
Beethoven, great as was his imagination, never dreamed that the day would come when the wonderful messages of his melodies could be recreated by hands unskilled in music. How wonderful to think that you can interpret the subtlest shades of the great composer's art, that through this player piano you may feel the pleasure of **personally** producing music in its richest beauty. These instruments are **worth fully $550. Today Only.**
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12 ROLLS OF MUSIC and Fine Bench with Player
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$1.50 Weekly
Tone should be the first consideration in buying a piano. Every one of the several makes which we offer in this sale is recommended and guaranteed by us. In tone, design, material and finish (a rich Mahogany or Mission Oak) they compare favorably with many high-priced makes, and are **worth fully $325.** Special for **Today Only.**
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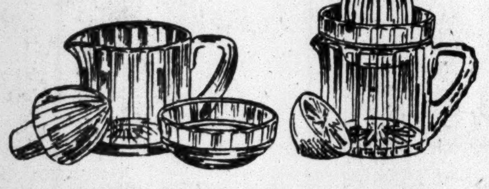

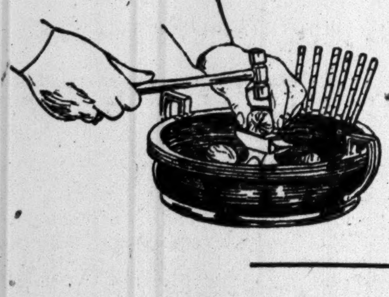

Summer Conveniences
MARK CROSS ESTABLISHED 1845 TRADE MARK LONDON ACTUAL MAKERS
A most useful lemon or orange squash of full ribbed glass, shown open and closed. The straining saucer and separator are removable and easily cleansed —especially convenient for cocktails and fruit-juice. Complete; $5.50.
A unique nut bowl of solid mahogany with handles and six fancy nut-picks of best nickel plate. The anvil and mallet head are of finished cast-iron; diameter of bowl 9 inches, height 2¾ inches. Complete; $5.50.
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The World's Greatest Leather Stores (Special Mail Order Service)
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An Announcement of Hudson Policy
35,000 More Hudson Super-Sixes
We have today to announce—
Detroit, Mich., July 1, 1916.
That more than ten thousand Hudson Super-Sixes have now been delivered to owners.
That we have in four months, by tremendous exertion, quadrupled our daily output.
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Thus it is settled that at least 35,000 more of the Hudson Super-Six will be built like the present model. Our production is now 3,500 monthly.
No Change in Sight
Our opinion is that a like announcement will be made in a year from now. The Super-Six invention in one bound, increased motor efficiency by 80 per cent. From a small, light Six, which delivered 42 horsepower, it created a 76-horsepower motor. And simply by ending vibration.
Stock Super-Sixes, in a hundred tests, have out-rivaled all other stock-car performance. In speed, in hill-climbing, in quick acceleration and endurance, they have done what was never done before.
No man can doubt that the Super-Six holds the pinnacle place among motors. And there is no higher place in sight.
After eight months of experience, with 10,000 cars, not one important improvement in design suggests itself to our engineering corps.
So the Super-Six will remain as it is. And, because of our patents, it will maintain its supremacy
Watch the 10,000
Watch the 10,000 Super-Sixes now running, and judge if you want a car like them
Each owner feels himself master of the road. He knows that in every sort of performance his car has out-matched all rivals.
He knows that he has the smoothest-running motor ever built. The most powerful of its size.
He knows that in ordinary driving he never taxes half its capacity. That means long life and economy.
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Watch some of those cars. Talk to the men who own them. Then ask yourself if there is any fine car equal to it.
Now 135 Per Day
Thousands of men in the past few months have been forced to take second choice. Most of them, we think, now regret it, and will always regret that they did not wait.
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YANKEES BREAK EVEN WITH CLEVELAND INDIANS IN DOUBLE-HEADER AT POLO GROUNDS

YANKS SPLIT WITH CLAN OF SPEAKER

Take First Game Without Being Extended, but Indians Land Second Encounter.

RUSSELL SHINES IN BOX

Pitches Ten Innings of Sterling Ball Without Credit in the Record—Baker Gets Another Homer.

The Yankees and the Clevelands indulged in a couple of baseball efforts at the Polo Grounds yesterday, the Yanks winning the first in a canter, 8 to 2, while Cleveland, just for spite, took the second, 4 to 2. The production was played before a big house of 18,000. You're right; it was hot.

Some of the players melted away half a dozen pounds during the afternoon, especially Grover Cleveland Lowdermilk, the Indians' flagpole of a pitcher. Grover is so tall and thin that he just about casts a shadow, and by the time he finished the second game he looked like a crack in the fence. Al Walters had to do all the catching for the Yankees yesterday, because Nunamaker has been indefinitely suspended for his brief, pungent conversation with Umpire Silk O'Loughlin on Monday.

Nick Cullop pitched part of the first game and gets credit for the victory—his ninth straight—because the Yanks were far in the lead when he was taken from the game to make way for Pinch Hitter Ray Caldwell. Allan Russell finished the game and didn't allow a single hit. One man reached first on a pass.

Russell's Fine Work Not in Record.

Russell did a grown man's work yesterday, but there was nothing to show for it. When Ray Keating caved in, in the second game, Russell again came to the rescue and pitched out the game without allowing a run. His day's work was ten innings of tip-top box work, allowing but three hits and not a tally. All that he has to show for it this morning is a long night's sleep for a tired youth.

Quite an important personage got into the second game for Cleveland. He was Tom Daly, the catcher. Daly is the lad who a couple of years ago made a home run in the game between the Giants and White Sox which was played before King George in London. On that occasion it was getting very late, as the game went to extra innings, and the King was worrying because he thought he wouldn't be home to dinner on time and would hear about it from his folks.

The King was very enthusiastic, and when Daly came to bat he yelled, "Slam her out, Tommy, ol' boy!" And that's just what Tommy did, and won the game with a screamer which went so far that the ball was found in the English Channel two days later.

Fred Beebe started to pitch the first game for the Clevelands yesterday. Fred is a young fellow who began to pitch away back in 1906. Of late years he has been in hiding, and has just come to light again. In the first inning he passed Hartzell and Peckinpaugh, and, with two out, the Maryland rutabaga breeder, Frank Baker, cleared the bases of excess baggage with a home run into the right-field grand stand. In the fourth inning Beebe was bombarded with hits, and gave way to Coumbe. That inning gave the Yanks five hits and as many runs. Then a youngster named Gould came into the game and held the Yanks in the palm of his hand during the remaining innings.

Caldwell There in the Pinch.

It was in this fourth inning that Magee walked and Gedeon got an infield hit. Caldwell was sent in to pinch hit for Cullop, and smashed a two-bagger off the right-field wall, scoring Magee and Gedeon. The team batted all the way around until they had piled up five runs.

With two out in the third inning Cleveland reached Cullop for four hits in a row, Graney, Wambsgans, Speaker and Roth doing the slashing. Cullop had the bases full in the fourth, but retired the side without a run. Then Russell came into the game. In the sixth he set the Indians down with three pitched balls, retiring Turner, Billings and Gould.

In the second game Ray Keating was pie for the Indians, and they got such a lead while he was on the slab that the Yanks couldn't overcome the handicap. The trouble began in the second inning. Gandil shot a liner toward third which looked like a two-bagger, but Baker leaped on high and got it with one hand. Chapman then tripled to the left field fence. High made a courageous attempt to get it off the fence and knocked it down in time to spoil a home run. Chapman scored on Turner's single.

The big blow-up for Keating came in the third. Graney walked and went to second on a wild pitch. Wambsgans fanned and Speaker's rap to centre scored Graney. As Speaker was going down to second Keating hit him with the ball and Tris went to third. Roth went out at first, and Gandil's single scored Speaker. Chapman then planted another hit against the left field fence, Hughey High this time keeping it down to a double, while Gandil scored.

Keating Retires from the Fray.

Bill Donovan then sent word to Keating that he wanted to whisper something in his ear. Goodness knows what he said, but Keating went away in a hurry and Russell took up the bad job that was thrust upon him. He stopped the Indians in jig time.

The Yankees got their first run in the fifth, when, with one gone, High was safe on Chapman's low toss. Peckinpaugh got a Texas leaguer back of second and High went to third. High scored while Pipp was being thrown out at first.

Things looked promising for the Yankees in the eighth, after two had died. Magee walked and Caldwell, batting for Gedeon, got a single. Walters then doubled to right, scoring Magee and sending Caldwell to third. Charley Mullen was requested to produce a pinch hit, but he simply hoisted an easy one to Gandil.

Hughey High did some picturesque fielding in both games, climbing right up on the automobile signs to pull down the ball. Tris Speaker, booked for centre field, played all over the outfield and also made a few fast plays around second base. A bunch of poor sportsmen occupied a few seats back of right field and attempted to molest Roth once while he was stopping a ball by throwing a straw hat at him. Later some one threw a pop bottle at Speaker when he ran into right field to make a catch. Hereafter the place will be carefully watched by the park police and some of the funny bottle throwers are likely to be telephoning for friends to bail them out.

Rube Oldring is due to report today. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

NEW YORK.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Hartzell,rf	3	2	1	1	0
High,lf	4	1	2	5	0
P'paugh,ss	2	1	1	1	2
Pipp,1b	4	0	0	7	0
Baker,3b	4	1	2	1	2
Magee,cf	1	1	0	6	0
Gedeon,2b	4	1	1	3	1
Walters,c	4	0	0	3	0
Cullop,p	1	0	0	0	0
bCaldwell	1	1	1	0	0
Russell,p	2	0	0	0	2
Total.....	30	8	8	27	7

CLEVELAND.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Graney,lf	4	1	2	1	0
W'gans,2b	4	1	1	0	1
Speaker,cf	4	0	1	3	0
Roth, rf	3	0	1	4	0
Gandil,1b	3	0	0	4	2
Chapman,ss	4	0	0	2	0
Turner,3b	4	0	0	0	2
Billings,c	3	0	0	7	2
Beebe,p	2	0	1	2	0
Coumbe,p	0	0	0	0	0
Gould,p	1	0	0	1	0
aSmith	1	0	0	0	0
Total.....	33	2	6	24	7

b-Batted for Cullop in fourth inning.
b—Batted for Cullop in fourth inning.

New York ....3 0 0 5 0 0 0 0 0—8
Cleveland ....0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0—2

Two-base hit—Caldwell. Home run—Baker, Stolen base—High. Sacrifice hit—Peckinpaugh. Left on bases—New York, 4; Cleveland, 7. Bases on balls—Off Cullop, 2; off Russell, 1; off Beebe, 4; off Gould, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Cullop, 6 hits, 2 runs in four innings; off Russell, no hits, no runs in five innings; off Beebe, 5 hits, 7 runs in three and one-third innings; off Coumbe, 2 hits, 1 run in two-thirds of an inning; off Gould, 1 hit, no runs in four innings. Struck out—By Cullop, 1; by Russell, 1; by Beebe, 1; by Gould, 6. Passed ball—Billings. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Hildebrand and O'Loughlin.

SECOND GAME.

CLEVELAND.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Graney,lf	3	1	0	1	0
W'bsg's,2b	4	0	0	3	1
Speaker,cf	3	1	3	1	0
Roth,rf	4	0	0	2	0
Gandil,1b	4	1	2	8	1
Chapman,ss	3	1	2	2	3
Turner,3b	4	0	1	1	1
Daly,c	4	0	0	8	3
Lawder'k,p	4	0	1	1	3
Total....	33	4	9	27	12

NEW YORK.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Hartzell,rf	4	0	1	0	0
High,lf	3	1	1	2	0
P'paugh,ss	5	0	1	1	3
Pipp,1b	5	0	0	6	2
Baker,3b	4	0	0	5	1
Magee,cf	2	1	1	1	0
Gedeon,2b	3	0	1	2	0
aCaldwell	1	0	1	0	0
Boone,2b	0	0	0	0	0
Walters,c	1	0	1	8	3
Keating,p	0	0	0	1	0
Russell,p	2	0	0	0	2
bMullen	1	0	0	0	0
Shawkey,p	0	0	0	1	0
Total....	31	2	7	27	11

a-aBtted for Gedeon in eighth inning.
b-Batted for Russell in eighth inning.
Errors—Chapman, Walters, Keating.

Cleveland ....0 1 3 0 0 0 0 0 0—4
New York ....0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0—2

Two-base hits—Speaker, Chapman, Lawdermilk, Walter. Three-base hit—Chapman. Stolen base—Gandil. Sacrifice hits—Russell, Chapman. Double play—Daly and Wambsgans. Left on bases—New York, 11; Cleveland, 6. First base on error—New York, 1. Bases on balls—Off Keating, 1; off Russell, 2; off Lawdermilk, 7. Hits and earned runs—Off Keating, 6 hits, 4 runs, in two and two-thirds innings; off Russell, 3 hits, no runs, in five and one-third innings; off Shawkey, no hits, no runs, in one inning; off Lawdermilk, 1 run. Hit by pitcher—By Lawdermilk, (High.) Struck out—By Keating, 1; by Russell, 5; by Shawkey, 1; by Lawdermilk, 7. Widp pitch—Keating. Time of game—Two hours and five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Hildebrand.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 8; Cleveland, 2.
(First game.)
Cleveland, 4; New York, 2.
(Second game.)
Boston, 5; Chicago, 3.
(First game.)
Boston, 3; Chicago, 1.
(Second game.)
Detroit, 4; Washington, 3.
(First game.)
Washington, 3; Detroit, 1.
(Second game.)
St. Louis, 8; Philadelphia, 3.
(First game.)
Philadelphia, 3; St. Louis, 0.
(Second game.)

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 8; Cincinnati, 4.
(Ten innings.)
Brooklyn, 5; St. Louis, 4.
Pittsburgh, 3; Boston, 2.
Philadelphia, 2; Chicago, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	44	30	.595
Cleveland	43	32	.573
Boston	41	34	.547
Chicago	40	34	.541
Washington	39	35	.527
Detroit	39	37	.513
St. Louis	32	43	.427
Philadelphia	18	51	.261

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Brooklyn	43	27	.614
Philadelphia	39	30	.565
Boston	36	30	.545
New York	33	35	.485
Pittsburgh	34	37	.479
Chicago	36	40	.474
St. Louis	34	43	.442
Cincinnati	31	44	.413

Where They Play Today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland at New York.
(Two games; first at 1:30 P. M.)
Chicago at Boston.
Detroit at Washington.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Cincinnati.
Brooklyn at St. Louis.
Boston at Pittsburgh.
Philadelphia at Chicago.

RED SOX BAG TWO GAMES.

In the First Encounter They Wear Out Six White Sox Pitchers.

BOSTON, July 11.—The Red Sox defeated the White Sox, 5 to 3 and 3 to 1 in today's double-header, the victories putting the local team back into third place. Six pitchers were used by the visitors during the first game, but the Red Sox clinched the victory during the third inning when they scored four runs, two of which were forced in by Cicotte. In the second contest the Boston team outbatted their opponents and the hitting was timely. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

BOSTON.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Hooper,rf	4	1	1	3	0
Barry,2b	4	1	2	1	0
Lewis,lf	3	1	1	6	0
Gainer,1b	0	0	0	1	0
Hoblitz'l,1b	4	1	2	6	1
Walker,cf	4	0	2	1	0
Gardner,3b	3	0	0	2	2
E.Scott,ss	2	0	0	0	3
Cady,c	0	0	0	1	0
Thomas,c	4	0	1	4	0
Ruth,p	0	0	0	0	0
Foster,p	4	1	2	2	0
Total....	32	5	11	27	6

CHICAGO.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Felsch,cf	5	1	1	1	0
Weaver,ss	4	0	0	2	3
E.Collins,2b	4	0	1	1	2
Jackson,lf	3	1	2	0	0
J.Collins,rf	4	0	1	3	1
Fournier,1b	4	1	2	13	1
Schalk,c	1	0	0	1	0
Lapp,c	2	0	0	2	1
McMul'n,3b	4	0	1	0	0
Danforth,p	0	0	0	0	0
J.Scott,p	1	0	0	1	2
Cicotte,p	0	0	0	0	0
Russell,p	0	0	0	0	0
Benz,p	1	0	0	0	4
Walsh,p	0	0	0	0	1
aMurphy	1	0	0	0	0
bLiebold	1	0	1	0	0
Total....	35	3	9	24	15

a-Batted for Russell in fourth inning.
b-Batted for Benz in eighth inning.

Boston ....1 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 .—5
Chicago ....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 1—3

Two-base hits—Felsch, Jackson, Fournier. Three-base hits—Hooper, Walker. Stolen base—Thomas. Sacrifice hits—Weaver, Lewis. Double play—J. Collins and Schalk. Left on bases—Chicago, 15; Boston, 7. Bases on balls—Off Cicotte, 2; Walsh, 1; Foster, 7. Hits and earned runs—Off Danforth, 1 hit, no run in no innings, none out in first; off Scott, 6 hits, 3 runs in two and two-thirds innings; off Cicotte, no hits, 2 runs in no innings; off Russell, no hit, no run in one-third inning; off Benz, 4 hits, no run in four innings; off Walsh, no hit, no run in one inning; off Ruth, no hit, no run n one-third inning; off Foster, 9 hits, 3 runs in eight and two-thirds innings. Wild pitch—Benz. Time of game—Two hours and eleven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Chill.

SECOND GAME.

BOSTON.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Hooper,rf	4	1	2	5	0
Barry,2b	3	0	1	2	0
Lewis,lf	4	0	1	3	0
Hoblitzel,1b	3	0	2	6	0
Walker,cf	3	1	1	2	0
Gardner,3b	3	0	0	2	5
Scott,ss	4	0	1	1	0
Thomas,c	3	0	0	5	1
Ruth,p	3	1	1	0	3
Total.....	30	3	9	*26	9

CHICAGO.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Felsch,cf	4	0	3	1	0
Weaver,ss	4	0	0	2	3
E.Collins,2b	4	0	2	3	2
Jackson,lf	4	0	0	2	0
J.Collins,rf	3	0	0	0	0
Fournier,1b	4	0	0	13	1
Schalk,c	3	1	1	2	0
M'Mullen,3b	2	0	0	1	4
Wolfgang,p	3	0	0	0	4
Total.....	31	1	6	24	14

*Weaver out, hit by batted ball.
Errors—Barry, E. Collins.

Boston ....0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 .—3
Chicago ....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Scott, Lewis. Sacrifice hits—McMullen, Gardner, Barry, Walker. Double plays—Collins, Weaver, and Fournier; Gardner and Hoblitzel. Left on bases—Chicago, 6; Boston, 7. Bases on balls—Off Wolfgang, 1; off Ruth, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Wolfgang, 9 hits, 2 runs in eight innings; off Ruth, 6 hits, 1 run in nine innings. Hit by pitcher—By Ruth, (Schalk.) Struck out—By Wolfgang, 2; by Ruth, 5. Time of game—One hour and forty-four minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Chill and Evans.

American Association.

St. Paul, 2; Indianapolis, 1.
St. Paul, 5; Indianapolis, 1.
Milwaukee, 7; Toledo, 6.
Milwaukee, 4; Toledo, 1.
Louisville, 8; Minneapolis, 4.
Minneapolis, 4; Louisville, 0.
Kansas City, 3; Columbus, 1.

GIANTS STACK UP TALLIES IN TENTH

Pound Out Four Runs in That Session and Beat Reds, 8 to 4—Burns Gets Two Homers.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, July 11.—John J. McGraw's Giants breezed into the tenth inning of their first contest of the series with Herzog's Red Legs this afternoon on even terms with the enemy, thanks to a home-run drive by Burns with a man on in the eighth inning. They settled down to do or die in the final session, and do they did. When they had finished their argument with Earle Moseley, the Red pitcher, in that eventful tenth frame they had piled up four runs, and won the game by the score of 8 to 4.

Merkle opened the session with a two-base drive to left. McKechnie laid down a perfect bunt, Merkle racing to third and Mac getting safely to first, as Moseley's throw arrived too late. Merkle hugged third on Rariden's fly to Griffith, but scored a little later when Lobert, batting for Benton, flied out to Griffith. With McKechnie on the paths, Burns leaned on one of Moseley's offerings and slammed out a home run, his second of the day, to the scoreboard, sending McKechnie across ahead of him.

Kauff slammed a triple to centre, scoring a moment later when Robertson singled through short. Doyle wound up the big inning by striking at three where they weren't. The Reds threatened somewhat in their half of the same round, but three singles netted them exactly nothing.

The Giants used four pitchers, while Herzog used two. The first of the Giant hurlers to go to the showers was Perritt, who was banished in the seventh. Schauer started in the eighth, and lasted until Benton took hold, after two were out, in the same inning. Benton, in turn, gave way to a pinch hitter, and Anderson finished it out in the tenth. Knetzer gave up in favor of a pinch hitter in the fourth, and Moseley continued throughout.

The Giants were the first to score. To start things, Neale robbed Burns of a triple by a one-handed running catch. Kauff singled to short, and took third on Dave Robertson's single to right. Griffith threw wildly on the play, and Kauff scored.

The Reds came back in their half and scored two. Louden, playing second in place of Groh, who has a bad finger, walked. Neale singled to right, Louden stopping at third. Louden scored on Herzog's single to right. Robertson's return throw was wide and Neale scored.

The Giants evened up matters in the second. After McKechnie had popped out, Rariden walked, and was forced by Perritt. Burns walked. Kauff singled, and the bases were full. Robertson walked, forcing in Perritt.

The Reds pulled ahead in the fourth, scoring one run on singles by Griffith, Killifer, and Clarke. They added another in the fifth on Herzog's double and Chase's single.

Burns got his first of a brace of home-run drives in the eighth inning, and put his teammates on even terms with the enemy. McKechnie singled for a starter in the eighth, and went to second on Rariden's grounder to Mollwitz. Roush, batting for Perritt, flied out to Griffith. Burns broke in with his home-run drive, sending McKechnie in ahead of him. The score:

NEW YORK.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Burns,lf	5	2	4	2	0
Kauff,cf	6	2	4	3	0
Robertson,rf	5	0	2	1	0
Doyle,2b	6	0	0	5	1
Doolan,ss	4	0	1	1	4
Merkle,1b	4	1	1	9	1
M'K'nie,3b	4	2	1	3	4
Rariden,c	3	0	0	6	3
Perritt,p	3	1	0	0	3
Schauer,p	0	0	0	0	0
Benton,p	0	0	0	0	0
Anderson,p	0	0	0	0	0
aRoush	1	0	0	0	0
bLobert	0	0	0	0	0
Total...	41	8	13	30	16

CINCINNATI.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Louden,2b	5	1	2	0	3
Neale,cf	6	1	1	2	0
Herzog,3b	4	1	2	8	0
Chase,1b	4	0	2	3	0
Mollw'z,1b	0	0	0	2	1
Fisher,ss	5	0	2	5	0
Griffith,rf	5	1	3	3	0
Killifer,lf	5	0	1	2	0
Wingo,c	5	0	3	9	1
Knetzer,p	1	0	0	0	1
Moseley,p	1	0	0	1	2
cClarke	1	0	1	0	0
dGroh	0	0	0	0	0
eEmmer	1	0	0	0	0
Total....	43	4	17	30	8

a-Batted for Perritt in eighth.
b-Batted for Benton in tenth.
c-Batted for Knetzer in fourth.
d-Ran for Clark in fourth.
e-Batted for Moseley in tenth.
Errors—Robertson, Griffith.

New York ....1 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 4—8
Cincinnati ....2 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0—4

Two-base hits—Doolan, Herzog, Merkle. Three-base hit—Kauff. Home runs—Burns, 2. Stolen base—Kauff. Sacrifice hits—Mollwitz, McKechnie. Sacrifice fly—Lobert. Left on bases—New York, 11; Cincinnati, 13. Bases on balls—Off Perritt, 1; Schauer, 1; Benton, 1; Knetzer, 5; Moseley, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Perritt, 12 hits and 3 runs in seven innings; off Benton, no hits and no runs in one and one-third innings; off Anderson, 3 hits and no runs in one inning; Schauer, 2 hits and no runs in two-thirds inning; off Knetzer, 6 hits and 1 run in four innings; off Moseley, 7 hits and 6 runs in six innings. Struck out—By Perritt, 1; by Benton, 1; by Anderson, 1; by Knetzer, 5; by Moseley, 3. Time of game—Two hours and twenty-six minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Harrison.

PIRATES NOSE OUT BRAVES.

Honus Wagner's Bat Comes to the Rescue in Eighth Inning.

PITTSBURGH, July 11.—Pittsburgh defeated Boston here today by a score of 3 to 2. The pirates won the game in the eighth inning when Wagner singled, took second on Hinchman's sacrifice and scored on Barnes's wild pitch. The score:

PITTSBURGH.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Carey,cf	4	0	1	2	0
Compton,rf	3	0	0	2	0
Wagner,ss	4	1	2	3	2
H'chman,1b	3	0	2	13	1
Schultz,2b	0	0	0	0	1
aHarmon	0	0	0	0	0
Viox,2b	3	0	0	1	1
Farmer,lf	4	1	2	2	0
Baird,3b	3	0	0	1	4
Wilson,c	3	1	1	3	2
Kantleh'r,p	2	0	1	0	2
bCostello	1	0	1	0	0
Jacobs,p	0	0	0	0	2
Total...	30	3	10	27	15

BOSTON.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Maranv'e,ss	4	0	2	4	3
Fitzpat'k,2b	4	0	0	5	2
Collins,rf	4	0	1	3	0
Magee,lf	4	0	0	1	0
Konetchy,1b	4	0	1	4	1
Smith,3b	2	0	1	1	2
Snodg's,cf	2	1	0	3	0
Gowdy,c	3	1	0	3	3
Hughes,p	2	0	0	0	0
Barnes,p	1	0	0	0	2
Total....	30	2	5	24	13

a-Ran for Schultz in the second inning.
b-Batted for Kantlehner in the seventh inning.

Pittsburgh ....0 0 0 0 0 0 2 1 .—3
Boston ....0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0—2

Three-base hits—Smith, Farmer, Wilson. Stolen bases—Carey, Wagner. Sacrifice hit—Hinchman. Left on bases—Boston, 3; Pittsburgh, 6. First base on balls—Off Hughes, 1; off Kantlehner, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Hughes, 9 hits and 2 runs in six innings, none out in seventh; off Barnes, 1 hit and 1 run in two innings; off Kantlehner, 5 hits and 2 runs in seven innings; off Jacobs, no hits and no runs in two innings. Hit by pitcher—By Hughes, (Schultz.) Struck out—By Barnes, 1; by Kantlehner, 1; by Jacobs, 2. Wild pitch—Barnes. Time of game—One hour and fifty-seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Emslie.

WHITTED'S TOES WIN GAME.

His Speed on Bases Helps Phillies in Battle with Cubs.

CHICAGO, July 11.—Whitted's fast base running in the seventh scored the winning run for Philadelphia in a 2 to 1 pitchers' battle between Alexander and Lavender. The score:

PHILADELPHIA.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Paskert,cf	4	1	2	1	0
Niehoff,2b	3	0	0	1	5
Stock,3b	3	0	1	0	1
Cravath,rf	4	0	1	2	0
Luderus,1b	4	0	1	11	2
Whitted,lf	3	1	2	4	0
Bancroft,ss	3	0	0	2	1
Killifer,c	3	0	0	3	0
Alexander,p	3	0	1	3	1
Total....	30	2	8	27	10

CHICAGO.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Zeider,ss	3	0	0	3	2
Flack,rf	4	1	1	1	0
Zim'man,3b	4	0	1	2	2
Williams,cf	3	0	1	1	0
Schulte,lf	3	0	0	3	0
Saier,1b	3	0	0	9	0
Knabe,2b	3	0	0	2	4
Fischer,c	3	0	0	6	5
Lavender,p	2	0	0	0	0
Seaton,p	0	0	0	0	0
aZwilling	1	0	0	0	0
Total.....	29	1	3	27	13

a-Batted for Lavender in eighth inning.
Error—Fischer.

Philadelphia ....1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—2
Chicago ....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1

Stolen bases—Whitted, (2.) Sacrifice hit—Niehoff. Double play—Alexander and Luderus. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 3; Chicago, 2. Bases on balls—Off Alexander, 1; off Lavender, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Lavender, 8 hits and 1 run in 8 innings; off Seaton, no hits and no runs in 1 inning; off Alexander, 1 run. Struck out—By Alexander, 3; by Lavender, 4. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Eason.

DODGERS BEAT CARDINALS.

Error in Fourth Gives Brooklyn a Victory by 5 to 4.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 11.— Mr. Huggins's men frittered away a ball game today when Brooklyn won by 5 to 4. The Cardinals outhit Robinson's men ten to eight, and all of the ten were real swats—three triples and four doubles for a total of twenty sacks. Two Cardinals also reached first base on Brooklyn's misplays, one walked, and another was hit by a pitched ball. However, they lost.

Tommy Lee Long presented the game to Brooklyn in the fourth. The warm weather must have had a soporific effect on him. He slept standing up. A red hot sun was shooting torrid rays on Tommy and he can't be blamed for seeking a shady spot near the fence.

Two were out, Mike Mowrey on first base, Gus Getz slammed a liner to right. Long had no chance to make the catch, but he tried anyway. Tommy should have played it safe and grabbed the ball on the first bounce. Instead he rushed in and endeavored to trap it at his shoe laces, and he failed, of course.

Long fumbled the ball badly. It hit the hard, sun-baked outfield as he reached for it and shot between his legs, rolling to the fence, and resulting in a triple for Gus Getz and a run for Mike Mowrey. This play unsteadied Meadows, and he passed McCarty. Smith, who is never expected to hit hard, followed. Falstaff Robinson, knowing that Smith can't hit, signaled for a double steal. This double steal caught the Cards unprepared. Gonzales threw to Miller, who relayed it home too late to catch Getz.

Corhan and Gonzales, two speedy players, tried to sneak over a double steal on Brooklyn later in the game, but they failed completely. Roy Corhan went to second as Cheney delivered the ball. Miguel Gonzales was all set for a dash to the plate, but McCarty shot the ball to third, and Mike had to get back to the bag in a hurry. As was expected, Smith popped to Corhan, retiring the side. Getz's score, which was very much of a gift, as was Mowrey's for that matter, had finished the game early and theDodgers kept it. The score:

BROOKLYN.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Johnston,cf	5	0	1	3	0
Daubert,1b	4	2	2	10	0
Stengel,rf	4	1	1	3	0
Wheat,lf	3	0	1	2	1
Mowrey,3b	4	1	1	2	3
Cutshaw,2b	4	0	0	1	2
Getz,ss	4	1	1	1	3
McCarty,c	3	0	1	5	0
Smith,p	2	0	0	0	1
Cheney,p	0	0	0	0	0
Pfeffer,p	1	0	0	0	1
aO'Mara	1	0	0	0	0
Total.....	35	5	8	27	11

ST. LOUIS.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Betzel,3b,rf	5	0	0	1	1
Bescher,lf	5	1	2	0	0
Long,rf,cf	5	0	0	3	0
Miller,2b	4	1	1	0	3
Hornsby,1b	4	1	2	12	1
Wilson,cf	2	0	0	5	0
Smith,cf	0	0	0	0	0
Beck,3b	0	0	0	0	1
Gonzales,c	4	1	2	4	0
Corhan,ss	3	0	1	2	5
Meadows,p	3	0	1	0	3
Doak,p	1	0	1	0	0
bButler	1	0	0	0	0
cSnyder	1	0	0	0	0
Total....	36	4	10	27	14

a-Batted for Cheney in the seventh inning.
b-Batted for Wilson in the sixth inning.
c-Batted for Smith in the seventh inning.
Errors—Cutshaw, Getz, Betzel, Gonzales.

Brooklyn ....0 0 0 2 1 0 2 0 0—5
St. Louis ....0 0 0 0 1 3 0 0 0—4

Two-base hits—Miller, Bescher, Corhan, Meadows, Daubert. Three-base hits—Hornsby, Gonzales, (2,) Getz. Home run—Stengel. Stolen bases—Bescher, McCarty, Getz, Long, Corhan. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 6; St. Louis, 9. Bases on balls—Off Meadows, 3; off Cheney, 3. Hits and earned runs—Off Smith, 6 hits and 4 runs in 5 1-3 innings; off Meadows, 7 hits and 5 runs in 6 2-3 innings; off Cheney, 1 hit and no runs in 2-3 inning; off Doak, 1 hit and no runs in 2 1-3 innings; off Pfeffer, 3 hits and no runs in 3 innings. Hit by pitcher—By Pfeffer, (Miller.) Struck out—By Meadows, 3; by Cheney, 1; by Smith, 1. Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Byron and Orth.

SENATORS IN EVEN BREAK.

Lose First Game to Tigers by 4 to 3, but Win Second by 3 to 1.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Detroit and Washington broke even in a double-header here today, Detroit taking the first game 4 to 3 and Washington the second 3 to 1. The first was a free-hitting contest, in which both Gallia and Dauss were knocked out of the box. In the second game Johnson never was in trouble, while the Senators bunched hits on Boland in one inning for enough runs to win. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

DETROIT.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Vitt,3b	3	0	1	2	0
Bush,ss	3	0	1	1	3
Heilman,rf	3	0	0	4	0
Cobb,cf	4	1	0	2	0
Veach,lf	3	2	2	2	0
Burns,1b	4	0	2	9	0
Young,2b	4	0	1	0	3
Stanage,c	0	0	0	0	0
Baker,c	4	0	0	7	0
Dauss,p	2	1	1	0	2
Cunning'm,p	1	0	0	0	1
Total....	31	4	7	27	9

WASHINGTON.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Moeller,rf	5	0	2	1	0
Foster,2b	5	0	0	3	2
Milan,cf	5	0	1	3	0
Williams,1b	5	0	1	12	1
Shanks,3b	4	0	0	2	5
Barber,lf	4	1	2	0	0
Henry,c	3	1	1	5	2
McBride,ss	4	1	2	1	4
Gallia,p	1	0	0	0	0
Ayres,p	1	0	1	0	1
aJamieson	1	0	1	0	0
Dumont,p	0	0	0	0	0
bRice	1	0	1	0	0
Boehling,p	0	0	0	0	1
Total...	39	3	12	27	16

a-Batted for Ayers in sixth inning.
b-Batted for Dumont in eighth inning.
Errors—Williams, Gallia.

Detroit ....0 1 2 1 0 0 0 0 0—4
Washington ....0 0 0 1 0 2 0 0 0—3

Two-base hits—Henry, Young. Sacrifice hits—Heilman, Vitt. Double plays—McBride, Foster, and Williams, (2;) Shanks, Williams, and Shanks. Left on bases—Washington, 10; Detroit, 7. First base on errors—Detroit, 2. Bases on balls—Off Gallia, 3; off Dauss, 1; off Dumont, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Dauss, 10 hits and 3 runs in 5 1-3 innings; off Cunningham, 2 hits and no runs in 3 2-3 innings; off Gallia, 6 hits and 3 runs in 3 1-3 innings; off Ayers, 1 hit and no runs in 2 2-3 innings; off Dumont, 1 hit and no runs in 2 innings; off Boehling, no hits and no runs in 1 inning. Hit by pitcher—By Gallia, (Dauss.) Struck out—By Dauss, 3; by Gallia, 1; by Ayers, 3; by Cunningham, 1. Wild pitch—Gallia. Time of game—Two hours and nine minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Nallin and Dineen.

SECOND GAME.

WASHINGTON.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Jamieson,lf	4	1	1	0	0
Foster,2b	3	1	2	1	1
Milan,cf	4	1	1	2	0
Williams,1b	3	0	1	8	0
Shanks,3b	4	0	1	1	1
Barber,rf	4	0	0	0	0
Johnson,p	2	0	0	0	2
McBride,ss	3	0	1	4	2
Ainsmith,c	2	0	0	11	3
Total.....	29	3	7	27	9

DETROIT.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Vitt,3b	3	0	0	0	3
Bush,ss	3	0	0	3	3
Heilman,rf	4	0	0	3	0
Cobb,cf	1	1	1	1	0
Veach,lf	3	0	0	0	0
Burns,1b	3	0	0	11	0
Young,2b	3	0	1	1	1
Baker,c	3	0	0	4	2
Boland,p	3	0	0	1	3
Boland,p	2	0	0	1	3
bHarper	1	0	0	0	0
cKavana'gh	1	0	0	0	0
Total.....	28	1	3	24	12

a-Batted for Boland in ninth inning.
b-Batted for Vitt in ninth inning.
c-Batted for Bush in ninth inning.
Errors—Young, Baker, McBride.

Detroit ....0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1
Washington ....0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 .—3

Two-base hits—Williams, Cobb, Milan, Crawford. Stolen bases—Foster, Milan. Sacrifice hits—Ainsmith, Williams. Left on bases—Detroit, 2; Washington, 6. First base on errors—Washington, 1; Detroit, 1. First base on balls—Off Boland, 2; off Johnson, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Johnson, 3 hits, 1 run in 9 innings; off Boland, 7 hits, 2 runs in 8 innings. Struck out—By Boland, 4; by Johnson, 10. Passed ball—Baker. Time of game—One hour and forty-eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and Nallin.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT BUFFALO.

R.H.E.
Buffalo ....1 0 1 0 0 2 0 1 .—5 12 5
Newark ....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 5 2

AT ROCHESTER.

R.H.E.
Providence ....2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—3 9 1
Rochester ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2 7 0

AT TORONTO.

R.H.E.
Toronto ....0 4 1 1 0 1 0 1 .—8 11 0
Baltimore ....0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1—2 9 2

AT MONTREAL.

R.H.E.
Montreal ....2 0 2 0 1 0 0 0 .—5 8 0
Richmond ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 5 2

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Providence	40	28	.588
Buffalo	38	27	.585
Baltimore	38	33	.535
Montreal	35	34	.507
Richmond	32	34	.485
Toronto	28	32	.467
Newark	30	39	.435
Rochester	25	39	.391

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Newark at Buffalo.
Providence at Rochester.
Baltimore at Toronto.
Richmond at Montreal.

Eastern League.

Hartford, 7; Springfield, 0.
Lowell, 8; Portland, 2.
Portland, 5; Lowell, 0.
Lawrence, 6; Lynn, 1.
Worcester, 6; Bridgeport, 5.

FENMOUSE VICTOR ON GETAWAY DAY

G. A. Muller's Filly Wins Myrtle Stakes on Final Card of Aqueduct Meeting.

After fifteen days of racing the Summer meeting of the Queens County Jockey Club closed yesterday at Aqueduct. With a new American record for a mile race and the track figures improved at nearly every distance at which races have been run, the meeting has been one of the most successful since the sport has been revived in this State.

The officials staged a well-balanced program for getaway day, and, with the aid of some clever handicapping on the part of W. S. Vosburgh, the races were close and well contested. There was an unusually large crowd present, and the enthusiasm ran high. Favorites fared a little better than on the previous day, and there were the usual number of close finishes, which made the spectators forget the heat for a time.

The feature of the card was the Myrtle Selling Stakes of $1,500 for three-year-olds and upward at a mile. This event had its initial running twenty-nine years ago and has been won by a number of high-class thoroughbreds. Last season it was captured by Richard T. Wilson's Montressor. Yesterday the name of Fenmouse was added to the list of winners.

Bearing the silks of G. A. Muller, the Rock Sand filly, formerly from the stable of August Belmont, won the stakes in a driving finish from J. J. Lillis, the latter being a length behind the winner and the same distance in front of Andrew Miller's Bac. The three front horses were all fairly long shots, Fenmouse being quoted at seven, two, and even.

Seven starters faced the barrier, and after a short delay were sent away on their mile journey. H. Shilling immediately took J. J. Lillis out in front, while J. McTaggart, who had the mount on Fenmouse, remained behind the pace, with Bac and Blue Thistle close up to the leader. W. R. Coe's Hauberk, the favorite, was never a serious contender, and got away sixth, in which position he remained until near the finish, when he went up a peg.

Fenmouse was never better than third, and was fourth for most of the time until the stretch was reached. Her jockey did not make his final effort until the last sixteenth was reached, but then he settled down and hustled the filly right along, until he had her almost touching the leaders. Having passed Bac and Blue Thistle, McTaggart set sail for J. J. Lillis and overhauled the gelding just in time to beat him by a length as they passed the judges' stand. Bac ran a good race and was always close up, but he never had speed enough to get at the leader, and had to be content with third place. Blue Thistle finished fourth, a length behind, but ahead of Hauberk, Sky Pilot, and Star Gift. The time of the mile was 1:38.

F. R. Docter's Sand Marsh romped home an easy winner in the six furlong race for three-year-olds and upward which have not won at this meeting. Sand Marsh's victory was so easy that there was very little to the race.

Off in front of his field, he made every post a winning one, and at that was never really extended to the limit. The imported Engelbert, away in third place, was immediately raced into second position, where he remained until the end. William D. Oliver's Kewessa, who received a practice gallop before the race with his owner in the saddle, just managed to get inside the money. He was off last and outrun in the early part of the race, but came along strongly and made up a lot of ground, at the same time easily disposing of the other contestants in the event.

Footlights, another outsider, whose price was 6 to 1, in a driving finish after leaving the field and coming onto the main track, just managed to beat the imported Brotherstone by half a length in the handicap steeplechase. With the favorite Swish refusing at the second jump and losing his rider, there were only four jumpers left. J. E. Davis's Vifir, who was thought well of and had many supporters, was used up early in the race making the pace, and had nothing left at the finish, with the result that he just managed to come in third, a length in front of Chivalry. Dixon Park showed plenty of speed at the start, but weakened toward the end and came in last.

Trainer Midgley lived up to his motto, of one race a day, when he saddled Gifford A. Cochran's Marie Odile, who scored impressively in the opening event, which was for 2-year-olds, a selling affair at five furlongs. The winner, as all of the youngsters in Mr. Cochran's stable, is a Star Shoot filly, and she showed that she had inherited much of her sire's swiftness of foot.

There were ten starters, all of whom got away the second the barrier was sprung. The winner, with McCahey up, was sent into the lead and never once relinquished the position. Voterina and Photo were the only serious contenders at the start of the race, but they were soon raced into the ground by Cheer, who received quite a lot of bumping in the early part of the event and was knocked out of her stride. However, the Brighton Stable's filly came along gamely and took the place from Mirza, who just managed to beat out Aimee T. for the short end of the purse. After the race, Mrs. Godfrey Preece claimed Cheer for $900, and the Hedrick Stable obtained Aimee T. in the same manner.

M. L. Schwartz's Sortie made a runaway race of the five-furlong event for maiden two-year-olds. The Watercress youngster showed a clean pair of heels to a field of eight. Maintenant, an imported son of Maintenon, who was making his début, won the final event, which was for three-year-olds and upward which have never won a race of the value of $700. The purse was $600. It was J. McTaggart's third victory of the afternoon, and the jockey rode the winner in masterly style. Owing to five withdrawals there were only three in the field. McTaggart allowed the other two, Sir William Johnson and Wenonah, to make the pace, which they did for three-quarters of a mile, but once getting into the stretch he let the winner down, and he came along with a fine burst of speed to win by a length and a half from Sir William Johnson.

The summaries, with the straight, place, and show odds:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds, selling, purse $500; five furlongs. Time—1:01.
Marie Odile, G. A. Cochran's ch. f., 111 pounds, by Star Shoot-Colline, 9 to 2, 8 to 5, 7 to 10, (J. McCahey)..........1^{3}
Cheer, Brighton Stable's br. f., 109, 4 to 5, 1 to 4, out, (E. Taplin)..........2^{2}
Mirza, R. D. Earle's b. c., 114, 12 to 1, 5 to 1, 5 to 2, (M. Garner)..........3^{h}
Aimee T., Lantana, Photo, Marblehead, Doc Meals, Voterina, and Bootle's Baby also ran. County Court, Tootsie, and Riposta scratched.

SECOND RACE.—Handicap Steeplechase, for four-year-olds and upward, with $600 added; about two miles. Time—4:21.
Footlights, R. L. Gerry's ch. g., aged, 138 pounds, by Hastings-Flittermouse, 6 to 1, 2 to 1, 4 to 5, (F. Keating)..........1½
Brotherstone, (imp.,) H. W. Sage's ch. g., 5, 135, 3 to 1, 3 to 1, 7 to 5, (S. Bush)..2^{2}
Vifer, J. E. Davis's b. g., 4, 135, 9 to 2, 8 to 5, 7 to 10, (T. Murphy)..........3^{1}
Chivalry and Dixon Park also ran. Swish lost rider. Stonewood scratched.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward which have not won at this meeting, handicap; six furlongs. Time—1:12 3-5.
Sand Marsh, F. R. Docter's b. c., 4 years, 126 pounds, by Sendringham-Marshmallow, 11 to 10, 1 to 3, out, (J. Butwell)..........1^{5}
Engelbert, (imp.,) Parkvale Stable's ch. c., 3, 100, 8 to 1, 11 to 5, 4 to 5, (M. Garner)..........2-½
Kewessa, W. L. Oliver's b. g., 6, 104, 9 to 5, 1 to 2, out, (J. McTaggart)..........3^{1}
Frizzle, (imp.,) Distant Shore, The Decision also ran. Xylon (imp.) scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; Myrtle Selling Stakes, value, $1,500; one mile. Time—1:38.
Fenmouse, G. A. Muller's b. f., 4 years, 111 pounds, by Rock Sand-Flittermouse, 7 to 1, 2 to 1, even, (J. McTaggart)..........1^{1}
J. J. Lillis, Marrone Stable's blk. g., 5, 106, 10 to 1, 3 to 1, 8 to 5, (H. Shilling)..2^{1}
Bac, A. Miller's ch. g., 5, 113, 5 to 1, 2 to 1, 4 to 5, (J. Butwell)..........3^{1}
Blue Thistle, Hauberk, Sky Pilot, and Star Gift also ran. Sir William Johnson scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—For two-year-olds; maidens; purse, $500; five furlongs. Time—1:01 4-5.
Sortie, M. L. Schwartz's ch. c., 115 pounds, by Watercress-Enterprise, 13 to 20, 1 to 4, and out, (J. McTaggart)..........1^{3}
Town Hall, A. Miller's b. c., 115, 10 to 1, 4 to 1, and 8 to 5, (J. Butwell)..........2^{1}
Black Vote, P. A. Clark's blk. f., 112, 30 to 1, 10 to 1, and 5 to 1, (L. Mink)..........3^{1}
Torchbearer, (imp.,) Ed. Garrison, County Court, Right, Daddy Long Legs, and Rose Finn also ran. Jack Scot, Brother Jonathan, (imp.,) and Odds and Ends scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, which have never won a race valued at $700, purse $600; one mile. Time—1:39 3-5.
Maintenant, L. Wood's ch. c., 3 years, 98 pounds, by Maintenon-Martha Gorman, 1 to 3, out, (J. McTaggart)..........1½
Sir William Johnson, W. J. Anderson's ch. ., 5, 119, 9 to 2, 3 to 5, out, (A. Schuttinger)..........$2^{1\frac{1}{2}}$
Wenonah, S. L. Parsons's ch. f., 3, 99 6 to 1, 7 to 10, out, (J. McCahey)..........3
Hanson, Woodward, J. J. Lillis, Star Gift, Engelbert (imp.) scratched. Only three started.

RACING AT YONKERS TODAY.

Entries for Opening of Empire City Track Are High Class.

The Empire City Racing Association will open its track at Yonkers today for a meeting of sixteen days, which will conclude the sport in the metropolitan circuit until after the Saratoga races, which start immediately after this fixture. A number of improvements have been made to the Empire City plant since last season and everything has been done to bring it up to date. All the stakes and important handicaps which have long been identified with this association have been renewed and have filled well.

The officials have arranged an attractive program for the opening day, which includes the Frivolity selling stakes for two-year-olds and the Empire City Handicap at a mile and a furlong. The entries for the latter include Roamer, Short Grass, Ed Crump, Trial By Jury, Stromboli, and the three-year-old Friar Rock, from the stable of August Belmont. The entries and weights follow:

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and a sixteenth. Gallop, 111 pounds; Jem, 103; Woodward, 111; Shyness, (imp.,) 107; Fair Count, 121; Sam McMeekin, 111; Napier, 108; Charmeuse, 107.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; about six furlongs. Charmeuse, 107 pounds; Mr. Specs, 108; Ambrose, 107; Plumose, 100; Helping Hand, 100; Gnat, 111; Day Day, 108; Lybyan Sands, 104; Presumption, 111.

THIRD RACE.—For two-year-olds; the Frivolity; selling; five and a half furlongs. Dunga Din, 112 pounds; Jack Mount, (imp.,) 109; Genesis, 111; Straightforward, 107; Killdee, 107; Wistful, 107.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; the Empire City Handicap; one mile and an eighth. Roamer, 129 pounds; Short Grass, (imp.,) 127; Trial by Jury, 123; Ed Crump, 123; Stromboli, 122; Friar Rock, 110; Slumber, II., 110; Gainer, 108; Dick Williams, 107; Spur, 105; Celandria, 97.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile. Stellarina, 88 pounds; Monocacy, 115; Fuzzy Wuzzy, 111; Meelicka, 103; Bob Hensley, 103; Springmoss, 103; Hauworth, (imp.,) 115; Royal Meteor, 103; Malfou, 96; Good Counsel, 100; Ahara, 110; Tamerlane, 102; Narmar, 93; Our John, 103; Song of Valley, 111; Dervish, 111.

SIXTH RACE.—For two-year-old maidens; five furlongs. Hail Columbia, 115 pounds; Jack Scott, 115; Election, 115; Killdee, 115; Nancy Fair, 112; Friendless, 115; Bar of Phoenix, 115.

ATHLETICS WIN AT LAST.

Capture Second Game of Double-Header from Browns.

PHILADELPHIA, July 11.—After losing the first game to St. Louis today, 8 to 3, Philadelphia broke a long losing streak by defeating the visitors in the second contest, 3 to 0. Wildness on the part of the home pitchers and costly errors gave St. Louis an easy victory in the first game. In the second Bush held the visitors to five scattered hits and was well supported, while Philadelphia bunched five of their six hits with two errors. The score:

FIRST GAME.

ST. LOUIS.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Shotton,lf	3	2	2	4	0
Austin,3b	2	0	0	0	1
Miller,rf	5	2	3	2	0
Sisler,1b	5	0	1	10	1
Pratt,2b	5	1	3	1	5
Marsans,cf	5	0	0	2	0
Lavan,ss	3	0	1	3	3
Severeid,c	4	1	0	5	0
Koob,p	1	2	0	0	3
Total...	33	8	10	27	13

PHILADELPHIA.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Lawry,2b	5	0	0	0	1
King,ss	5	0	2	2	5
Strunk,rf	3	0	1	1	0
Schang,lf	4	0	0	3	1
Lajoie,1b	4	1	1	9	3
Pick,3b	3	1	1	1	3
Mitterling,cf	4	1	3	2	0
Murphy,c	4	0	1	9	2
H'selacher,p	1	0	0	0	2
Williams,p	0	0	0	0	1
Sheehan,p	2	0	1	0	0
aMeyer	1	0	0	0	0
Total...	36	3	10	27	18

a-Batted for Sheehan in ninth inning.
Errors—Shotton, Pratt, Lawry, King, (2,) Pick, Williams.

St. Louis ....2 1 1 4 0 0 0 0 0—8
Philadelphia ....0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0—3

Two-base hits—Pratt, Strunk, Lajoie. Home run—Pratt. Stolen bases—Shotton, Miller, Pratt. Sacrifice hit—Austin. Double plays—Pratt, Lavan, and Sisler; Lawry, King, and Lajoie. Left on bases—St. Louis, 9; Philadelphia, 8. First base on errors—St. Louis, 2; Philadelphia, 1. Bases on balls—Off Koob, 2; off Hasselbacher, 5; off Williams, 2; off Sheehan, 3. Hits and earned runs—Off Koob, 10 hits, 3 runs in nine innings; off Hasselbacher, 4 hits, 2 runs in three innings; off Williams, 2 hits, 1 run in one inning; off Sheehan, 4 hits, no runs in five innings. Struck out—By Koob, 1; by Hasselbacher, 1; by Williams, 1; by Sheehan, 5. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Owens and Connolly.

SECOND GAME.

PHILADELPHIA.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Walsh,rf	1	1	1	2	0
King,ss	3	1	1	2	1
Strunk,1b	3	1	1	13	0
Schang,lf	2	0	1	1	0
Lajoie,2b	4	0	0	1	6
Pick,3b	4	0	1	4	0
Mitterling,cf	1	0	0	1	0
Meyer,c	2	0	1	3	3
Bush,p	2	0	0	0	3
Total.....	22	3	6	27	13

ST. LOUIS.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Shotton,lf	3	0	1	0	0
Austin,3b	2	0	1	3	1
Johnson,3b	1	0	0	1	2
Miller,rf	3	0	1	0	0
Sisler,1b	4	0	1	7	1
Pratt,2b	4	0	0	5	2
Marsans,cf	4	0	1	2	0
Hartley,c	1	0	0	3	3
Lavan,ss	4	0	0	3	1
Hamilton,p	0	0	0	0	0
Groom,p	0	0	0	0	2
Wellman,p	1	0	0	0	4
Parks,p	0	0	0	0	0
aTobin	1	0	0	0	0
bBorton	1	0	0	0	0
Total.....	29	0	5	24	16

a-Batted for Hamilton in second inning.
b-Batted for Wellman in seventh inning.
Errors—Marsans, Wellman, King.

St. Louis ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Philadelphia ....2 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 .—3

Stolen bases—Marsans, Schang. Sacrifice hits—Austin, King, Strunk, Schang, Meyer, Bush. Double plays—Wellman, Austin, and Sisler; Johnson, Pratt, and Sisler; Lajoie and Strunk. Left on bases—St. Louis, 8; Philadelphia, 8. First base on errors—St. Louis, 1; Philadelphia, 1. Bases on balls—Off Groom, 5; Wellman, 2; Parks, 1; Bush, 5. Hits and earned runs—Off Hamilton, 3 hits, 1 ru nin one inning; off Groom, no hit, no run in two innings; off Wellman, 3 hits, no runs in three innings; off Parks, no hit, no run in two innings. Struck out—By Hamilton, 1; Groom, 1; by Parks, 2; Bush, 3. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Owens.

Duffy Outpoints Palmer.

Jimmy Duffy, the west side lightweight easily defeated Bud Palmer of Connecticut in the star bout of ten rounds last night at the Harlem Sporting Club of Rockaway. Duffy was on the forcing end of the affair throughout.

BASEBALL TO-DAY. Two games; first game 1:30 P. M. New York Americans vs. Cleveland, Polo Grounds. Admission, 50 cents.—Advt.

Autos Selling Fast! Big.
Clearance Sale of Good Cars.
Demonstration Given; Examinations Invited; Everything as Represented.
Easy Payments Arranged; Cars Traded.
Packards, (Touring, Limousines, Landaulettes,) "18," "30," "38," "48"....$400 to $1,500; Velie, (1914)....$450
Cadillacs....$450, $650, $750, $1,250, $1,600; Flats....$450 up; Stutz Roadster....$900; Maxwell....$200
Pierce Landaulettes....$650 up; Hudsons, (Touring, Landaulettes, Coupelettes)....$200 to $900; Hotchkiss Roadster....$300
Renaults..$450, $750; Peerless "Six-38"....$500; Peerless "Six-48"....$550; Oldsmobile "Six"....$600
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HANDICAP TOO BIG FOR MEADOW BROOK

Yields to Cooperstown in Polo Cup Play Despite Great Fight—Rockaway Wins.

In the two games for the Rockaway Hunting Club cups played at that club's field at Cedarhurst yesterday, Cooperstown, aided by a handicap of 13, defeated the new Meadow Brook four by 15½ to 13 goals, and the Rockaway first team, receiving 2, beat the Philadelphia Country Club by 7½ to 7 goals. Tomorrow Cooperstown and Rockaway will meet in the final game for this set of cups.

In the first game the aggressive uphill fight of Meadow Brook furnished an absorbing spectacle. The Cooperstown team was right on edge at the beginning and held the Meadow Brook cohorts down to a couple of goals, scored by von Stade and Rumsey, in the first period, while the second was a blank for both teams. At the half-time interval Cooperstown led by 14¾ to 5. Shaw and Gatins had made goals for Cooperstown, while East had been penalized for a safety.

During the last four periods Meadow Brook did all the scoring, save for a single goal by Gatins. Le Boutillier rode always at Rumsey, and Milburn and Whitney between them formed a bulwark that East could not break through, yet Cooperstown was always trying, and managed, although not able to score, to stave off a defeat by the topnotchers.

The Philadelphia Country Club team played 'possum with the Rockaway four through the first four periods of the second game, striving more for delays and blocking plays than the earnest work of scoring during this part of the game. As it proved, the Philadelphians rode the waiting race too long.

At half time, no goals having been scored in the second or fourth periods, Rockaway led by 6 goals to 0, including the allowance by handicap of two points. W. S. Stokes had made a goal for the Philadelphians, but two fouls had wiped it out.

W. S. Stokes made the only goal of the fifth period. Honors were nearly even in the sixth period, for after W. S. Stokes had counted on a long forward hit from near middle field there was a foul cross made by La Montagne, which was caught by Referee Pinkerton's watchful eye, while Dixon made a goal for Rockaway at the close.

Philadelphia scored three goals in the seventh period—two made by E. Lowber and the other by W. Stanley Stokes. This made the score 5 to 6½ in favor of Rockaway, with one period to play. It looked like a victory for Philadelphia, but Mike Sheehan, on the advice of Edgar Leonard, had saved the best mounts for the Rockaway men in expectation of just such a stirring emergency, and the subsequent play proved the wisdom of the precaution.

The Rockaway men were on the aggressive to start the last period, and held the ball until, after three over-the-line outs, La Montagne was enabled to hit a goal on one of the knock-ins, at a very difficult angle. But after this Rockaway did not score again. Collins and Strawbridge each forced a goal for the Philadelphia tally, and, with two minutes to play and only one goal needed to win, the visitors tried hard for another goal, which would have meant a victory. Blocking tactics by Rockaway spoiled this consummation, although the Philadelphians had the ball close to the line when the gong ended the game, leaving Rockaway successful by half a goal. The scores:

COOPERSTOWN.	H'cap.
1—Q. A. Shaw, 2d	3
2—Harry East	5
3—T. Le Boutillier, 3d	3
Back—B. Gatins	4
Total	15

MEADOW BROOK.	H'cap.
1—F. S. von Stade	4
2—C. C. Rumsey	6
3—H. P. Whitney	9
Back—D. Milburn	9
Total	28

Cooperstown—Goals earned, 3; goals by handicap, 13; less penalties, ½. Total—15½. Meadow Brook—Goals earned, 13. Total—13.

Individual goals—For Cooperstown: Shaw, 1; Gatins, 2. For Meadow Brook: von Stade, 8; Whitney, 3; Milburn, 3; Rumsey, 1.

Penalties—Safeties gy East and Le Boutillier.

Referee—E. S. Voss.

ROCKAWAY.	H'cap.
1—R. La Montagne	7
2—C. R. Dixon, 2d	3
3—C. R. Leonard	1
Back—P. S. P. Randolph, Jr.	4
Total	15

PHILA. C. C.	H'cap.
1—A. M. Collins	4
2—W. S. Stokes	4
3—E. L. Stokes	4
Back—R. E. Strawbridge	5
Total	17

Rockaway—Goals earned, 6; by handicap, 2; less penalty, ½. Total—7½. Philadelphia C. C.—Goals earned, 8; less penalties, 1. Total—7.

Individual goals—For Rockaway: La Montagne, Dixon, and Leonard, 2 each. For Philadelphia C. C.: W. S. Stokes, 3; E. L. Stokes, 2; Strawbridge, 2; Collins, 1.

Penalties—Fouls against Strawbridge, 2; La Montagne, ½.

Referee — Alan Pinkerton. Timer, (both games)—Albert Hunter.

WELSH BOX LEONARD?

Not In Colorado Springs for $17,500, Says Pollok.

Harry Pollok, returned safely to these shores from the distant port of Denver, Col., finds his homecoming somewhat embittered by stories preceding him to the effect that Freddie Welsh, the lightweight champion boxer, had agreed to box ANY lightweight in the world for the title at Colorado Springs on Labor Day. These tales first met Pollok at Chicago, and they ruffled him sadly. Reiterations at Cleveland and Buffalo made him boil, and here in New York they drove him frantic. For "ANY lightweight" includes Benny Leonard and Willie Ritchie, and Pollok avers that it was not so nominated in the bond. What! Box Benny Leonard for a paltry $17,500 out in the mountains when such a match near New York "is worth $50,000 to Welsh?" Gentlemen, would it be fair? Would it be seemly?

And as for Ritchie, he received $25,000 when he lost his title to Welsh in London. Shall Frederick the Great receive less to do battle again with William the Defeated. Nay, nay, not by Pollok's halidom.

Therefore, the promoters of the Hundred Million Dollar Club in Colorado Springs are placed by Pollok in the far-too-previous class. They have the $17,500 and they have Welsh, but they cannot rove the world blindly for an opponent. Pollok's duty to Welsh's pocketbook forbids.

Engineers' Club on the Links.

The Engineers' Club held its monthly mixed golf tournament yesterday afternoon over the course of the Englewood, N. J., Country Club. In the forenoon the foursome events were held and the winners were W. O. Wood and Charles Baskerville, who defeated a field of fifty with a card of 191—38, 153. In the afternoon, the play for the trophy donated by members of the Englewood club, to be awarded to the player making the lowest net score for the thirty-six-hole course, took place, and the prize was won by M. J. Gubelman, with a score of 203—60, 143. The A. S. Pitt trophy for the flag contest was won by R. J. Davidson. About 100 golfers competed.

N. Y. CRICKETERS LOSE.

Philadelphia C. C. Defeats Them in Match for Halifax Cup.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., July 11.—Needing two more victories in order to annex the championship of the Halifax Cup competition, the American cricket classic, the players representing New York were doomed to disappointment today when they suffered defeat by the margin of 65 runs at the hands of the eleven of the Philadelphia Cricket Club.

The game was played at St. Martin's and attracted a large gallery of cricket enthusiasts. B. Kortlang, the Halifax Cup batting champion of last year and who again leads the averages this season, made his smallest score in six matches. The match was noteworthy through the reappearance of J. Barton King, one of America's leading cricketers, on the side of the Philadelphia Club. He contributed the top score of 61 runs. The score:

PHILADELPHIA C. C.	
J. B. King, c. Hull, b. Miller	61
J. P. Dornan, l. b. w., b. Briggs	5
H. R. Cartwright, Jr., c. sub., b. Hoskings	24
H. W. Middleton, c. and b. Hoskings	22
E. Hopkinson, Jr., b. Hoskings	8
J. H. Mason, c. and b. Miller	23
W. E. Goodman, st. Kortlang, b. Miller	21
H. P. Wright, c. J. D. Keenan, b. Miller	0
H. W. Goodall, not out	4
W. Morrison, b. Miller	0
E. Van Pelt, c. Briggs, b. Miller	0
Extras	3
Total	168

NEW YORK.	
J. L. Poyer, b. King	11
E. G. Hull, c. Cartwright, b. King	8
B. Kortlang, c. Morrison, b. Middleton	14
J. D. Keenan, c. Goodman, b. Middleton	5
A. Hoskings, c. Mason, b. Middleton	6
W. F. Keenan, Jr., b. Goodall	10
C. E. Marshall, c. Goodall, b. Middleton	2
L. Miller, not out	32
P. Adamson, l. b. w., b. Goodall	2
J. H. Briggs, c. Goodall, b. Middleton	2
J. S. Brets, c. Dornan, b. Middleton	2
Total	103

Bowling—Miller, 6 for 42; Hoskings, 3 for 51; Briggs, 1 for 21; King, 2 for 52; Middleton, 6 for 41; Goodall, 2 for 10.

BALTUSROL WOMEN WIN.

Take Golf Team Match from Hollywood—Englewood a Victor.

Baltusrol and Montclair were the only clubs in the metropolitan district which conducted the scheduled matches for women yesterday in the sectional golf tournaments, which are being conducted by the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association. Six matches were scheduled, and the others were defaulted.

The Hollywood players journeyed over to the Baltusrol course to engage the women of that club, and were defeated by 5 to 0. The summary follows:

BALTUSROL.		HOLLYWOOD.	
Mrs. F. Pruynn	2	Mrs. G. Seasongood	0
Mrs. W. J. Sage	3	Mrs. L. Grumbach	0
Mrs. F. P. Nash	0	Mrs. Greenhall	0
Mrs. Muller	0	Mrs. H. Goldsmith	0
Total	5	Total	0

The women representing the Englewood Country Club made the trip to Montclair, and were rewarded by a 6-to-1 victory over the Montclair team. The summary follows:

ENGLEWOOD.		MONTCLAIR.	
Miss G. M. Bishop	2	Mrs. F. E. Donahue	0
Miss J. S. Irving	3	Mrs. R. B. Ness	0
Miss E. Pickhardt	1	Mrs. J. Noyes	0
Miss G. S. Wood	0	Mrs. H. G. Templon	1
Total	6	Total	1

The following matches were won by defaults: Forest Hills forfeited to Cranford; Knollwood forfeited to Hackensack; Glen Ridge forfeited to Westfield; Arcola forfeited to Plainfield.

HERRESHOFF LATE ENTRANT

Noted Amateur Golfer Will Compete for M. G. A. Title.

There are sixteen added starters for the open championship tournament of the Metropolitan Golf Association, which will be played tomorrow and Friday on the Garden City course. Fred Herreshoff, Frederic M. Kerr, Herbert Martin, Tom Skipper, James M. Roche, Frank Dyer, J. F. Sylvester, and Jack Barnes are included. The late entries, with starting times, follow:

8:28 A. M., Herbert Martin and Frederic M. Kerr; 8:32 A. M., William Scott and Frank Dyer; 8:36 A. M., Harry Dunn and Francis Cuttle; 8:40 A. M., Thomas Hucknall and Alex Milne; 8:44 A. M., Robert Andrew and Fred Herreshoff; 8:48 A. M., James Hendry and J. F. Sylvester; 8:52, Tom Skipper and Jack Barnes; 8:56 A. M., James M. Roche and W. D. Robinson, Jr.

Ohio Riflemen in the Lead.

The National Rifle Association announced yesterday that the Peters Rifle and Revolver Association of Kings Mills, Ohio, is leading the small bore shoot range outdoor league shoot at the end of the fifth match of a series of ten. Its score is 4,793. Auburn, N. Y., is second with 4,723. Others in their order are Quinnipiac of New Haven, 4,700; Bucyrus, Ohio, 4,671; Massachusetts Rifle Association, 4,619; District of Columbia Rifle Association, 4,618; Fremont, Ohio, 4,590; Milwaukee, 4,506; Madison, Wis., 4,498; Brooklyn, 4,484; Olympic Club of San Francisco, 4,447, and Toledo, Ohio, 4,419.

Dan Patch, Great Pacer, Dies.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 11.—Dan Patch, pacing stallion, owned by M. W. Savage of Minneapolis, died from athletic heart at the owner's farm at Savage, Minn., today. In 1906 he paced a mile over the St. Paul track in 1:55, the world's sulky record. Dan Patch was bought by Savage for $60,000. He was withdrawn from the tracks several years ago.

Chick Evans Will Not Compete.

According to information received yesterday, Chick Evans, the national open golf champion, will not compete in the metropolitan open championship, which is to start tomorrow.

NOTES OF THE LINKS.

Now that Chick Evans has won the national open title, he will make a determined bid for the national amateur championship at Merion to establish an American precedent for holding both titles at the same time. This has never been accomplished on this side of the water, and only on one occasion abroad. John Ball, the perennial amateur champion of Great Britain, won the amateur championship at Hoylake in 1890 and the open championship at Prestwick. The nearest aproach to such a feat in this country occurred when Ouimet won the open title in 1913 at Brookline, and the amateur championship in 1914 at Ekwanok.

Norman Hunter, the English golfer, who will be remembered by Americans for his brilliant work in the national amateur championship at Wheaton in 1912 before he was overcome by the heat, is among the missing from the British ranks on the western battle front. Hunter was wounded in a British advance, and when the Allies were forced to retire again he was left in a German trench. Nothing certain regarding his fate has been heard.

RACING AT
EMPIRE CITY TRACK
LOCATED BETWEEN YONKERS AND MT. VERNON
BEGINS TO-DAY
Empire City Handicap VALUE $5,000 $1,500 Frivolity Stakes
AND FOUR OTHER BRILLIANT EVENTS. FIRST RACE AT 2:30 P. M.
SPECIAL RACE TRAINS
leave Grand Central Terminal at 12:56, 1:13, 1:31 P. M. Regular trains to Mt. Vernon 11:35 A. M., 12:30, 1:35, 2:30 P. M. All trains stop at 125th St. Also via Broadway Subway trains to 225th St., thence direct by trolley; 6th and 9th Ave. "L" trains to 155th St., thence by Jerome Ave. trolley to entrance.
ADMISSION: GRAND STAND AND PADDOCK, $3; LADIES, $1.50.

KUMAGAE WINS ON UTICA COURT

JAPANESE TENNIS STARS MAKE BOW

Kumagae Wins Twice at Utica, but Mikami Is Vanquished by Garland.

THROCKMORTON IS VICTOR

Defeats Devereaux In Second Round and Will Meet Warren of California Today.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, N. Y., July 11.—Two swarthy sons of Nippon made their entrance into the New York State tennis championships at the Yahnundasis Golf Club today, and some of the glamour that had attached to the coterie of Californians was deflected to the Japanese, Ichiya Kumagae and Hachishiro Mikami. Living up to the reputation which preceded them from the Coast, in fact, from Japan, was a task of no mean proportions, but unassuming, rather bashful, they carried their honors lightly and justified the prediction of their prospects on the courts.

They were not at the top of their game after the long trip from St. Louis, and disaster came to the lesser light of the two, Mikami. He bowed to the superior play of Chuck Garland in the second best match that the tournament has produced thus far. It can hardly be said that the result was a surprise. The youthful Garland is admittedly one of the strongest of the younger generation of tennis players, and his victory over the Japanese expert was well earned by a superiority in the fine points of playing.

He played a headier game than his rival. The score of the contest was 6—1, 6—4, and there were those who believed that the contestant from the Orient might have pulled out a victory had he been successful in the second set. His game was improving then, improving fast, but Garland had the stamina to ward off a further test of skill by closing out the set after it had been four all.

Kumagae Wins His Matches.

Kumagae, considered the strongest of the two Oriental players, met with better success than his countryman. He won his way through the first and second rounds, but it must be said that he did not meet a player who could boast the skill of young Garland, from Pittsburgh. In the first round he scored a victory over Andrew H. Allen of the Hoosick Falls Country Club, at 6—2, 6—2, and in the second round he vanquished James Lowery of Yahnundasis, 6—0, 6—1. The only measure of success that Mikami attained was in the first round, when he defeated R. Hamilton Torrey, 6—0, 6—1.

The Japanese players arrived early in the morning from Chicago, and from then on they were the centre of attention, dividing honers with the Californians, who until then had been the attraction. There were few who had seen the Japanese, none, in fact, except the Pacific Coast men, and there was a big gallery on and to welcome them in their first Eastern tournament. Here and there were sprinkled tournament contestants who were anxious to see just how must merit there was in the play of the visitors. They saw and were impressed, for the Japanese showed flashes of brilliancy in the opening matches. It was realized that they were playing under the handicap of a long journey and that the weaker one of the two should be eliminated by a contestant of the strength of Garland was not unlooked for.

The Mikami-Garland contest measured up to a high standard of tennis. The Pittsburgh youth romped away with the first set by playing a wonderfully accurate placing game. He was continually drawing the son of Nippon out of position and passing him with the swift stroke down the lines. Mikami showed no striking ability as a net player. He tried to measure skill with Garland in a base-line game, and there was no hope for him in such tactics. The Pittsburgh player is adept in this style of game, and has a superabundance of generalship at his command. The Jap appeared to be very weak in the first set.

Mikami Weak at Net.

After the set had progressed a bit it was perfectly plain why Mikami did not force the net. He did attempt such tactics, but showed a lack of confidence and ability when close to the barrier. Garland found that the Oriental was weakest on his backhand stroke, and soon was playing his shots in that direction. After Mikami had been drawn off his balance he would send a swift shot across the net to the corner. When the Jap came in Garland held to the same policy of playing to his opponent's backhand, and many times critical points were decided by the visitor. He attempted cross-court shots, only to cage them in the barrier.

This was the condition in the first set, but the second had not progressed far before the Jap changed his tactics. There had been little speed in his strokes to this point, and the set was against him at 4—2. When he began putting more pace in his strokes better results attended the effort. He won his own service in a love game, Garland being forced into errors, two nets, and two outs, on the very speed of the Jap's shots. In the next game Mikami had his one success against Garland's service. He broke through after a deuce contest, the winning points again being on Garland's errors. The errors of the Pittsburgh youth, however, were such by only the narrowest margin. He was at all times playing for the lines, but for this brief period he failed in his placements.

A rally by the Japanese seemed imminent, but Garland once more showed the resourcefulness of his play by nipping off the effort of his rival. Mikami found his service ineffective against the placing and cross shots of his opponent and gained only one point. The last game was carried to deuce, but again the Jap was vanquished. He gained the first two points of the game on a net by Garland and a clean ace down the lines, but Garland replied by gaining three points. Garland netted after a rally and the game went to deuce, but there the Jap wilted under the fire. He made two errors off his backhand with an open court before him for a placement stroke when he was close to the barrier.

Kumagae, though he won two matches, showed plainly that he was off his game. His service was not so severe as that of his brother-citizen from Japan, but he showed an ability to play the net game. This led to the belief that Kumagae would give a good account of himself in the future matches.

Californians Advance.

The Californian contingent came through without a flurry of excitement, mainly because there was no one worthy of their mettle. Eugene Warren won a second-round victory when he defeated Hubert Kernan of Utica, 6—2, 6—0. Roland Roberts vanquished Ralph L. Baggs of New York, 6—3, 6—3, and H. van Dyke Johns advanced by the default of Russell Griffith of Rochester. Edwin R. McCormack defeated L. K. Thurlow in the first round, 6—1, 6—1. Peck Griffin, the other one of the coast stars, did not play today.

Roberts had an interesting match with Ralph L. Baggs. The New York entrant, who arrived this morning with his brother Fred C. Baggs, held the San Francisco star to three all in the first set, but thereafter was unable to withstand the severe game of the Californian. In the second set he led for a time. This set found Roberts playing remarkably well. He ran out three games against his more experienced opponent and then Baggs determined that he would not be thus easily vanquished, put on speed and made things even. This was the limit of success for the New Yorker. Roberts was not be outdone, and closed out the set in a brilliant burst of speed, running off three games in a row for the set and match.

McCormack Gets Love Sets.

McCormack won his way to the third round in the last match of the afternoon when he defeated J. Headley in two love sets. The score tells the story of the match, and indicates that the Californian will be a strong contender.

Harold Throckmorton, the Jersey and Maryland State champion, had his first opportunity to get into action yesterday, and he won his second-round victory in a decisive manner. He came through the first round by the default of L. Devereaux of Utica and then tried conclusions with A. R. Acheson of Syracuse, winning at 6—4, 6—2. The Jersey player showed a fine net game and smothered most of the efforts of his opponent in the second round. He was at all times aggressive and seemed to have a fine control of his speed, driving deep to the base line, but seldom falling into the way of an error. The interscholastic champion seems to be playing stronger tennis now than at any time. His service was working well in the match with Acheson, the latter having difficulty in handling its sharp breaks.

McElroy in Third Round.

William S. McElroy, New York State champion of last year, was among the arrivals today, as was Irving Wright of Boston. Both advanced to the third round. McElroy won his way through two matches by the same sound tennis which marked his work on the courts in this city last season. In the first round he defeated J. N. Thurlow, 6—1, 6—1, and in the second round disposed of E. M. Randall of Orange, 6—1, 6—0.

Irving Wright of Boston had a hard match with Charles Garland of Pittsburgh, father of Chuck Garland, in the first round, winning in one of the few three-set contests of the tournament. Garland won the first set at 6—2, but Wright's chop-stroke game played havoc with the Pittsburgh man's defense in the succeeding two sets, which Wright won at 6—1, 6—4.

In the second match the promising Harvard interscholastic champion, Henry Harrison of Montclair, was the victim of the Bostonian. Wright did not give his opponent much of an opportunity to get started in the first set, winning at 6—1. The youthful player, with the hard driving game of which he is capable, did better in the second set. He caused his opponent some anxious moments, but was finally eliminated at 6—4. Fred H. Harris, former New England champion, scored a victory over the New York representative, James S. O'Neale, Jr., in straight sets at 6—4, 6—2.

In an exhibition doubles match Clarence J. Griffin and Ted Whitney defeated Harold Throckmorton and H. Van Dyke Johns, 6—4, 6—1. The doubles play will begin tomorrow. The strongest teams are Clarence J. Griffin and Roland Roberts, the two Japs, Kumagae and Mikami; Fred H. Harris and Fenimore Cady, and Edwin R. McCormack and Eugene Warren.

There is a promise of keen play in the singles competition tomorrow. Throckmorton will play against the Californian, Warren, and Charles S. Garland will meet Wright. Kumagae will try his skill against the former Amherst player Cady. Another East and West match will bring together Edwin R. McCormack and William S. McElroy, and Roland Roberts will play Ted Whitney. The summaries:

SINGLES.—First Round—Edward Swanton of the Rochester Tennis Club won from Hubert Kernan, Sadaquada, by default; Harold A. Throckmorton, Elizabeth, N. J., won from Leslie Devereaux, Sadaquada, by default, Hachishiro Mikami, Japan, defeated R. Hamilton Torrey, Yahnundasis, 6—0, 6—1; Irving C. Wright, Longwood Cricket Club, Boston, defeated Charles Garland, Pittsburgh A. A., 2—6, 6—1, 6—4; Ichiya Kumagae, Japan, defeated Andrew S. H. Allen of the Hoosick Falls Country Club, 6—2, 6—2; James Lowery, Yahnundasis, won from H. E. Pike, Hoosick Falls Country Club, by default; William S. McElroy, Pittsburgh A. A., defeated J. N. Thurlow, Brooklyn Tennis Club, 6—7, 6—1; E. M. Randall, Orange, won from John Pratt of Boston, by default; Edwin R. McCormack, Pacific Coast Tennis Association, defeated L. K. Thurlow of the Yahnundasis, 6—1, 6—1; Jack Headley, Rochester Tennis Club, defeated George French, Yahnundasis, 8—6, 5—7, 6—4.

Second Round—Francis T. Hunter, New Rochelle, defeated Frederick T. Baggs, West Side Tennis Club, New York, 6—4, 1—6, 9—7; James H. Merwin, Yahnundasis, defeated Dr. Willie Rosenbaum, West Side Tennis Club, New York, by default; Harold Van Dyke Johns, Leland Stanford University, won from Russell Griffiths, Rochester Tennis Club, by default; Eugene Warren, University of Southern California, defeated Edward Swanton, Rochester Tennis Club, 6—2, 6—0; Harold A. Throckmorton, Elizabeth, N. J., defeated A. R. Acheson, Syracuse, 6—4, 6—2; C. S. Garland, Pittsburgh A. A., defeated Hachishiro Mikami, Japan, 6—1, 6—4; Irving C. Wright, Longwood Cricket Club, Boston, defeated Henry Harrison, Montclair A. C., 6—1, 6—4; Fenimore Cady defeated Robert B. McClave, Scranton Country Club, 6—2, 6—3; Ichiya Kumagae, Japan, defeated James Lowery, Yahnundasis, 6—0, 6—1; William S. McElroy, Pittsburgh A. A., defeated E. M. Randall, Orange, 6—1, 6—0; Edwin R. McCormack, University of Southern California, defeated Jack Headley, Rochester Tennis Club, 6—0, 6—0; Roland Roberts, Pacific Coast Tennis Association, defeated Ralph L. Baggs, West Side Tennis Club, New York, 6—3, 6—3; J. S. O'Neale, New York, won from Arthur Headley, Rochester Tennis Club, by default.

Third Round—Fred H. Harris, Brattleboro Country Club, defeated J. S. O'Neale, New York, 6—4, 6—2.

JAPANESE ARE PROTESTED.

Secretary Torrey Explains Status of Nippon Tennis Stars.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, N. Y., July 11.—Edwin E. Torrey, Secretary of the United States National Lawn Tennis Association, said today that the status of the two Japanese players who are competing in the New York State championships had been questioned, and he gave out a statement explaining the conditions under which the Orientals are playing in this country. The protest, he said, did not come from any of the men who are competing in the tournament, but was an arraignment of the national association, which is charged with exploiting the Japanese.

Mr. Torrey denied that there was any foundation for such an accusation. The Japanese players, he said, were competing here through the interest taken in the sport by some of the leading men of Japan. The statement from Secretary Torrey is in part as follows:

"This is the first trip to this country of Kumagae. Mikami has been in this country for some time as a student at the University of Chicago, and speaks English fluently. The conditions making a trip through this country possible for himself and Kumagae were brought about through the interest of several prominent Japanese bankers and merchants interested in developing tennis in their country as they had seen it grow in the United States. The brother of Mikami is interested in many enterprises in Japan,—and is a thorough sportsman. It is to a great extent through his personal efforts that this team has been sent to try its luck on American courts.

"The interest of these Japanese gentlemen shown in sending a distinguished team to this country is similar to the interest shown by Sidney R. Marvin of San Francisco, who was the principal spoke in the wheel that started the Californians rolling toward the Atlantic Coast, and which has developed our recent national champions."

TO NAME EASTERN TEAM.

Committee Prepares for Tennis Match with the West.

The Eastern players who will take part in the second annual East versus West tennis team match, to be decided at the West Side Tennis Club at Forest Hills, L. I., on Aug. 4 and 5, will be selected by a committee composed of Julian S. Myrick of New York, Edwin Sheafe of Boston, and Craig Biddle of Philadelphia. Preparations for the matches are now under way. Harry Parker, who had charge of the distribution of tickets for the Davis Cup matches of 1913 and 1914, and for the national championships in 1916, will act in the same capacity for the coming matches. He has opened an office at 57 East Forty-second Street, where all applications for tickets must be made.

In the event that the opening day's play scheduled for Friday is postponed, it will be played on Monday and not on the following Saturday. The Western players have not as yet been named for the matches, but present indications are that the Pacific Coast will be represented by such men as W. M. Johnston, Clarence Griffin, Willie Davis, Ward Dawson, Roland Roberts, and H. Van Dyke Johns.

TITLE SWIMS TO HAVE FINE FIELDS

Many Experts Fitting Themselves for Speed Tests—Mile Event on a Sunday.

Much against the wishes of Chairman Frederick W. Rubien, the National Championship Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union has again been compelled to place its stamp of approval on a titular contest being held on Sunday. Because of conditions which made the approval virtually compulsory, the Championship Committee yesterday granted the Los Angeles A. C. authority to hold the one-mile national swimming championship on Sunday, Aug. 20. Los Angeles is entitled to one of the national swimming championships because of its aquatic activities, and could find no other date open for the mile contest except the one mentioned.

In explaining the action of the National Championship Committee yesterday, Mr. Rubien said: "We tried every means at our command to avoid giving the mile race to the Los Angeles club to be held on a Sunday, but we found that it either had to be held on Aug. 20 or not at all, so far as Los Angeles is concerned. On Aug. 19, the day before the titular contest is scheduled, the Far Western championships on track and field will be held in connection with the San Diego exposition and the same night the international boxing championships will be decided at San Diego. Then, too, Herbert E. Vollmer and Ted Cann of the New York A. C. will be on their way to Honolulu for the 100-yard championship on Sept. 4, and they will arrive in Los Angeles on the morning of Aug. 20. They could not get there sooner, nor could they remain beyond the 20th. There was no way out for us, except to give the date for a Sunday."

That greater interest than ever before is being taken in amateur swimming throughout the country is evidenced by the number of stars who have promised to compete in one or more championship events. Title races will be held in New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Los Angeles, and Honolulu, and if the present plans are carried out the greatest swimmers in America will be seen in each of the championships.

Herbert C. Vollmer and Ted Cann of the New York A. C., respective holders of the 220-yard and 500-yard national titles, will make the trip to Honlulu to compete in the 100-yard straightaway swim there on Labor Day, and the championship schedule has been arranged so that they can compete in all of the other events en route.

Ludy Langer of the Los Angeles A. C., the present champion at 440 and 880 yards, and one mile, and George Cunha of the Olympic Club, San Francisco, have been invited to compete in the 100-yard race in Honolulu against Duke Kahanamoku, Vollmer and Cann, and it is also likely that Langer will defend his half-mile title at St. Louis on Aug. 12. The high dive for both men and women will be held at the South Shore Country Club of Chicago, where a new diving platform, an exact copy of the one used in the Olympic championships at Stockholm, has been built.

Williams and Bowes of Los Angeles expect to come East and compete in the dive for men.

The Missouri A. A. of St. Louis, which has been conducting the long distance swim for years, will again conduct the championship in the Mississippi River. The distance is about ten miles.

Miss Olga Dorfner of Philadelphia and Miss Claire Galligan of New York, who finished first and second respectively in the 100-yard championship for women at San Francisco, on July 4, are now on their way East and will arrive in time to compete in the various championships which have been arranged for women.

The schedule, as approved yesterday by a mail vote of the National Championship Committee, is as follows:

MEN.—440 yards, New York A. C., Aug. 5; 880 yards, Missiuri A. A., St. Louis, Aug. 12; high dive, South Shore C. C., Chicago, Aug. 12; one mile, Los Angeles A. C., Los Angeles, Aug. 20; 100 yards, Hawaiian Association, Honolulu, Sept. 4; long distance, (ten-mile river swim,) Missouri A. C., St. Louis.

WOMEN.—440 yards, South Shore C. C., Chicago, Aug. 12; high dive, South Shore C. C., Chicago, Aug. 12; long distance, (two-mile river swim,) Western Rowing Club, St. Louis, Aug. 20; 880 yards, Columbia A. C., St. Louis, date not decided; one mile, National Women's Life-Saving League, (New York,) date not decided.

BINZEN WINS ON COURTS.

Will Meet Kemmerrer in Junior Finals Today.

Elliot Binzen of the Bronx, junior national indoor tennis champion, will meet H. Kemmerrer this afternoon in the final match of the junior tournament of the Sleepy Hollow Country Club as the result of the matches played yesterday on the Scarsborough courts. The tournament started yesterday morning.

Binzen won his first round match by default from H. Haldenstein, and gained his way into the semi-finals by defeating W. T. Belknap by 6—3, 6—1. H. Foster of Yonkers, who was expected to make Binzen step his fastest to gain the victory, proved easy for the indoor champion in the semi-final round, going down to defeat by 6—0, 6—3.

Lads ranging in years from 11 to 16, displayed a good variety of tennis in the boys' singles.

The summaries:

JUNIOR SINGLES.—First Round—H. Foster defeated Stanley Carr, 6—0, 6—1; L. Nartell defeated E. Baker, 6—1, 1—6, 6—2; J. D. Ewing won from N. Haldenstein by default.

Second Round—H. Kemmerer won from J. T. Kelisey by default; J. Dowling defeated J. D. Ewing, 8—6, 6—3; H. Foster defeated L. Hartell, 6—8, 6—3; Elliot Binzen defeated W. T. Belknap, 6—3, 6—1.

Semi-final Round—H. Kemmerer defeated J. Dowling, 6—3, 6—2; Elliot Binzen defeated H. Foster, 6—0, 6—3.

BOYS' SINGLES.—First Round—F. Barrett defeated W. E. Osgood, 6—4, 6—3; G. R. Preston won from H. Barnes by default; B. Basford won from G. Sanders by default.

Second Round—V. Richards defeated R. Losce, 6—1, 4—6, 6—3; Cecil Donaldson defeated E. D. Cumming, 5—7, 6—0, 6—4; B. Letson defeated L. Newberry, 6—2, 6—4; H. Taylor defeated F. Barrett, 1—6, 6—4, 6—3; G. R. Preston defeated B. Basford, 6—3, 6—4; Gerald Donaldson defeated H. Ewing, 6—2, 6—4; Kenneth Ives, Jr., defeated I. Buckhout, 3—6, 8—6, 6—4; F. T. Anderson defeated R. Dennison, 6—0, 6—0.

Third Round—Cecil Donaldson defeated V. Richards, 6—3, 4—6, 6—3; B. Letson defeated H. Taylor, 6—1, 6—4; Gerald Donaldson defeated G. R. Preston, 6—1, 6—3; F. T. Anderson defeated Kenneth Ives, Jr., 6—1, 6—2.

MANY DEFAULTS AT TENNIS.

Eleven Contestants at Woodmere Club Advance Without Play.

There were more defaults than matches in the first round of the annual men's singles tennis tournament on the clay courts of the Woodmere Club at Woodmere, L. I., yesterday eleven contestants gaining the second round through the non-appearance of their opponents. The field of thirty-two entrants was narrowed down to eleven before the end of play.

G. A. L. Dionne, who holds two legs on the Woodmere trophy, moved into the second round through the default of W. Pollock, while I. Weinstein defaulted to Charles Chambers, who holds one leg on the trophy.

The summary:

WOODMERE CLUB SINGLES.—First Round—G. A. L. Dionne won from M. Pollock by default; J. W. Fox defeated E. Ashley, 6—3, 6—4; Harold Swain won from B. F. Letson by default; Leon H. Croley defeated R. L. Von Bernuth, 6—3, 6—4; L. Burr won from J. Marcus by default; Dr. W. Rosenbaum won from L. H. Fishel by default; W. H. Warner won from E. Weil by default; E. Levisohn won from M. Weil by default; H. W. Haldenstein won from R. J. Helms by default; H. Katzenberg won from H. C. Letson by default; W. Botsford defeated H. F. Atherton, 6—3, 6—2; W. L. Holt defeated A. F. Von Bernuth, 6—2, 6—3; Charles Chambers won from I. Weinstein by default; B. M. Phillips won from E. M. Henderson by default; D. J. Fixman defeated Dr. W. N. Jennings, 6—2, 8—6; C. G. Burrows won from J. Buck by default.

Second Round—L. H. Croley defeated H. Swain, 6—0, 6—3; Dr. W. Rosenbaum defeated L. Burr, 6—1, 6—3; W. H. Warner won from E. Levisohn by default; H. Katzenberg defeated H. W. Haldenstein, 4—6, 6—3, 6—2; C. Chambers defeated B. M. Philipps, 6—1, 3—6, 6—3.

3,000 APPLAUD THE FIRST CIVIC CONCERT

Best Summer Music New York Has Had in Years Given in Madison Square Garden.

ALBERT SPALDING, SOLOIST

A Fine Symphony Orchestra Conducted by Walter H. Rothwell with Energy and Feeling.

New York is now equipped with the best Summer music it has had in many years. The civic orchestral concerts, to occur twice a week for ten weeks, started last night in Madison Square Garden, and proved strikingly successful. Walter Henry Rothwell, the conductor, has under his direction an orchestra of real symphonic proportions, made up of the best men from the city's permanent Winter orchestras, and the combination of conductor and men is such as to tower head and shoulders above anything of the kind we have had here in many Summers.

Apparently, also, there is something of a revolution so far as the audiences are concerned, for last night's first audience numbered easily 3,000 and was enthusiastic all through the evening.

The program opened with a "Festival March and Hymn to Liberty," written by a Berlin composer, Hugo Kaun, during the time he had taken up his residence here to teach in Milwaukee. The work, little known here, ends with a quotation of "The Star-Spangled Banner," and a surprise came when this was reached, and the orchestra rose to play it, the audience following suit. Then came Schubert's "unfinished" Symphony in B minor; Mendelssohn's Violin Concerto in E minor, in which the sole part was played by Albert Spalding; Tschaikowsky's "Italian Capriccio," two short pieces of Grieg, and the prelude to "Die Meistersinger."

All these numbers were played with a finish and vitality that would have done credit to a body of players who had been working together longer than this orchestra can have been. The tone was fine and its balance well regulated. There was no difficulty in hearing the lightest pianissimo, for the acoustics of the Garden had been improved by shutting the Fourth Avenue end off square and hanging curtains as a roof below the level of the second gallery, thus dispensing with that also.

Mr. Rothwell, who has been heard here before as an operatic conductor, made a decidedly favorable impression, his conducting being marked with energy and feeling, and suitable restraint. Mr. Spalding, who is not heard often with orchestras here, gave a very fine performance of Mendelssohn's concerto, and added his own contribution to the pleasant glamour of success that spread itself over the first night.

The only question that could be raised, even by those who take the art of music most seriously and are not willing to see its standards lowered, would be as to whether the program of last night was not somewhat "heavy" as regards the things that properly belong to the season of physical and mental low ebb. If we are to have conventional symphony concerts in Summer, how are we to be reminded that, for instance, Strauss and Sir Arthur Sullivan were composers of real genius and artistic worth in their own sphere. That sphere gets no representation in the Winter concerts; shall it also have none in the Summer?

However, the answer probably is that these concerts are announced boldly as "symphony concerts," and if last night's is to be taken as an example, the audience is quite willing to listen with the closest possible attention—in spite of ushers whose shoes have very hard leather on the soles—from the first note to the last. And perhaps, now that Mr. Rothwell has established the fact that he has a fine orchestra and is a good conductor, he will be willing to go at his task with less sternly knit brow.

SEE DAWN OF NEW FILM ERA.

Motion Picture Makers and Exhibitors Convene in Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 11.—Two thousand delegates and exhibitors, members of the Motion Picture Exhibitors' League of America, are attending the sixth annual national convention of the organization, which opened today and will continue to Saturday. At the first session of the convention held today and presided over by Fred J. Herrington of Pittsburgh, President of the league, a strong plea was made for harmony between producers and exhibitors.

"And tell all those persons who ask you if the movies have not seen their best days," said President Herrington, in closing his address, "that the child is just off a milk diet and is beginning to eat meat."

Other speakers who brought the assurance that the screen drama was in its infancy were Adolph Zukor of the Famous Players' Company, Sam Spedon of the Vitagraph Company, Harry Richenbach of the World Film Corporation, W. Stephen Bush of the Moving Picture World, W. A. Johnston of the Motion Picture News, and Ben Zeidman, representing David W. Griffith. Nearly every speaker made an appeal to the assembled exhibitors to co-operate with them in the interest of the motion-picture industry.

It is predicted that there will be a lively fight for the office of President when the election of officers takes place. President Herrington is a candidate for re-election. Frank J. Rembusch, of Shelbyville, Ind., and Lee A. Ochs, President of the New York Exhibitors' League, have also shied their casters in the ring and are making a stiff canvass for votes. Other aspirants are A. P. Tugwell of California and William J. Sweeney, National Vice President and Chairman of the Convention Committee and Treasurer of the Illinois Exhibitors' League.

While many of the prominent figures in filmdom already have arrived, they are but a handful to the array of moving-picture magnates and screen stars who will be in the city within the next twenty-four hours.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

George Anderson has been engaged by Arthur Hammerstein for an important role in the farce comedy, "Coat Tales," with which the Cort Theatre will be reopened July 31.

Dorothy Newell, who appeared in last year's edition of Mr. Ziegfeld's "Follies," has been engaged for the role of Passion in "Experience" next season.

Henry Mortimer, who acted with Mrs. Fiske during her recent engagement at the Gaiety in "Erstwhile Susan," has gone to Plattsburg to become a "rookie" for a month. He will play his role in "Erstwhile Susan" on tour next season.

Florence Moore will probably be featured in a comedy after her present engagement in "The Passing Show of 1916." Ed Wynn has been commissioned to provide a play for Miss Moore's use.

Veterans of the Seventh Regiment and members of the families of the active members now at the Mexican border have been invited by Thomas Dixon to see his picture, "The Fall of a Nation," at the Liberty Theatre Friday night.

One of those whom James Montgomery Flagg sketched at the recent Allied Bazaar was Mae Murray, who was selling something or other at the bazaar the night Mr. Flagg contributed. Next week "The Dream Girl," a photoplay for which Miss Murray posed, will be shown at the Strand, which will be excuse enough for exhibiting the Flagg drawing in the lobby.

Roscoe Arbuckle is preparing the last scenes of a picture called "The Waiters' Ball" at his Fort Lee studio. The film will be shown next week at the Rialto with a photoplay featuring Frank Keenan, entitled "Honor Thy Name."

Donald Crane and Leonora Hughes have been booked to tour the Keith circuit next Fall in a program of modern ballroom dances.

Richard Walton Tully is assembling a cast for his new play, which is as yet without a title, to be given its first performance Labor Day in the Lyric Theatre. The players engaged are John Cope, William Courtleigh, Violet Heming, Peggy O'Neil, Robert Paton Gibbs, and Richard Gordon. The play will be placed in rehearsal next week.

FIGHTS FOR SENATE OF 51.

Senator Brown Leads Contest in Court of Appeals.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 11.—The constitutionality of the act of the last Legislature reapportioning the State into Senate and Assembly districts was argued before the Court of Appeals today on the appeal of Robert E. Dowling, John J. Hopper, Laurence M. D. McGuire and John R. Voorhis, from an order of the Appellate Division.

The Appellate Division reversed the order of the trial court upon the ground that there could be but fifty Senators, whereas the reapportionment act provided for fifty-one Senators. It declared the law invalid in so far as it provided for fifty-one Senators and allotted two Senators instead of one to Westchester County and valid in all other respects.

The Appellate Division order provides "that the Secretary of State in sending out the notices for the forthcoming general election, as required by Section 293 of the Election law, shall include and direct in such notice that but one Senator shall be elected for and from the County of Westchester; and that as to all other Senate districts in the State of New York the notice so to be sent out shall be in accordance with provisions of Chapter 378 of the Laws of 1916."

The State officials against whom the proceeding is directed appealed from the whole of the Appellate Division order. The petitioners and intervenors appealed from all of the Appellate Division order excepting so much as reversed the order at Special Term and declared invalid the provision of fifty-one Senators.

The counsel for the petitioners were: Ex-Chief Judge Edgar M. Cullen, ex-Justice D-Cady Herrick, Robert L. Luce and James A. Foley. They cited the constitution in support of their contention that only fifty Senators could be elected, and that the Appellate Division erred in directing that there should be but one Senator in Westchester County. They also charged that the constitutional provision for compactness of Senate districts had been violated in the counties of Kings, New York and Westchester.

Senator Elon R. Brown, on behalf of the Attorney General, conducted the case for the State today. He held that under Section 4, Article 3, of the constitution "the additional Senator" apportioned to Kings County in 1907 remained "additional," and that so long as Kings was entitled to such a Senator the legal number of Senators was fifty-one. He contended that the Senate districts were a distinctive improvement over previous apportionments, and argued that Westchester County was entitled to two Senators under the equality rule of the constitution.

DISCUSS PHYSICAL TRAINING

Dr. Finley and Others Confer on Courses in Schools.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 11.—Dr. John H. Finley and Dr. George J. Fisher of the State Military Commission conferred today with Dr. Thomas A. Storey, State Inspector of Physical Training, to outline the procedure under the Slater-Welsh laws. General John F. O'Ryan, ex officio Chairman of the commission, is absent on the Mexican border; but his ideas relative to the work were obtained previously by the other Commissioners.

The preliminary surveys made by the State Education Department, which were considered, show the physical equipment and facilities of the schools of the State and the number of teachers available to do physical training work. The commission will hold frequent sessions until the recommendations are in shape to be handed to the Regents, with whom is the final power of prescription of the courses of physical training in the schools.

Another meeting will be held at the office of Commissioner Fisher, 24 East Twenty-eighth Street, New York, tomorrow.

PIERRE DU PONT TESTIFIES.

Describes the Formation of $56,000,000 Securities Company.

Special to The New York Times.

WILMINGTON, Del., July 11.—Pierre S. du Pont, President of the du Pont Powder Company and of the du Pont Securities Company which acquired $56,000,000 worth of du Pont stock for itself, was cross-examined this afternoon by John G. Johnson, chief of counsel for the complainants in the suit, being heard before Judge J. Whitaker Thompson. He denied the allegation of the complainants that he and his eleven associates were enabled to acquire the stock through a loan with Morgan & Co. on the credit of the power company.

The fact that deposits of the Powder Company in the fourteen New York banks participating in the Morgan loan took a jump a day or two following the arrangements, Mr. du Pont said, was natural, and was attributed to large sums being received on account of war contracts. In telling of the formation of the securities company to acquire the disputed stock, Mr. du Pont said the total amount of stock held by it was about 91,000 shares of common and 15,000 shares of preferred, and the total issue of the company was about 200,000 shares of common and 160,000 shares of preferred. He said the total amount that Morgan & Co. could control in connection with the loan was 1,400 preferred and 54,000 common shares, which would not be a controlling interest.

WEST POINT ADMITS 150.

New Cadets Make Biggest "Plebe" Class, Totaling 308.

WEST POINT, N. Y., July 11.—One hundred and fifty new cadets were admitted to the Military Academy today, bringing the total up to 308, the largest "plebe" class in the history of the institution.

One of the cadets admitted today comes from Ecuador and another from Cuba.

Fabre Liner Roma Released.

PROVIDENCE, July 11.—Acting upon instructions from Washington, Frank E. Fitzsimmons, Collector of the Port, today released the Fabre Line steamship Roma, which had been held in this port since Sunday because she had a 90-millimeter gun mounted on her after deck.

DEUTSCHLAND IN MOVIES.

German U-Boat Views In Many Theatres—Offer to Capt. Koenig.

Motion pictures of the German U-boat Deutschland were flashed on the screens of many New York theatres yesterday and were received enthusiastically by the audiences. Some of the theatres were able to exhibit the pictures as early as Monday night by developing them on the train that brought them from Baltimore. Among the playhouses where the pictures have been shown are the Rialto, Palace, Strand, Jefferson, Regent, Hamilton, American, Greeley Square, New York, Circle and other Loew theatres.

Marcus Loew yesterday telegraphed Captain Paul Koenig an offer of $3,000 to come to New York and appear for three days in his vaudeville houses. It is Mr. Loew's idea to have the Captain who commanded the first submarine to cross the Atlantic appear for a few moments each day in each of his theatres. For this Mr. Loew would pay Captain Koenig or any charity he might name $1,000 a day.

Film "Purity" for Liberty Theatre.

A. H. Woods has subleased the Liberty Theatre from Thomas Dixon, who took the playhouse until September for the presentation of his film, "The Fall of a Nation," and next Tuesday night will place on exhibition there an allegorical picture, entitled "Purity." The film was produced by the Mutual Film Corporation and Audrey Munson is its star. Miss Munson has posed for some sculptures, and a number of her most famous poses are incorporated in the film.

SAYS COUPLE TIED HIM UP.

Landscape Engineer Has Man and Woman Arrested.

A man who said he was George Pier, a landscape engineer of Pocantico Hills, caused the arrest yesterday of a couple describing themselves as Florence Gillette, 22, and her husband, Clinton E., an accountant, 31 years old, of 261 West Eighty-fourth Street. The woman is charged with felonious assault and grand larceny, and her husband with being an accomplice. They were locked up in the West Sixty-eighth Street Police Station.

Pier told the police he met Mrs. Gillette on Broadway Monday night and went to her apartment. Early yesterday morning, he said, the door opened and Gillette entered and demanded to know what he was doing there. He said a scuffle followed, in which both the man and woman struck him with shoes and a bottle. Finally they trussed him up in a chair, he said, and took from him $15, a $50 diamond ring and a $100 scarfpin. He told the police he saved $88 by wrapping it around his ankles inside his socks as soon as he entered the apartment, fearing he might be robbed.

The Gillettes left him a prisoner in the chair until late yesterday afternoon, when he managed to release himself, he said, and ran to the street, where he found Policeman Nelson, who arrested the couple, who were still asleep.

In the Fourth Branch Detective Bureau Gillette produced a note signed by Pier acknowledging the gift of the money, ring and scarfpin to Mrs. Gillette. Pier told Detective McGowan he was forced to sign it by Gillette. McGowan said Gillette told him where the jewelry and money were hid and went to the apartment and recovered them. An owner's automobile identification card made out in the name of Edward Scofield Unkles was found in Gillette's pocket.

A. Barton Hepburn Endows Hospital

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., July 11.—Announcement was made here tonight that A. Barton Hepburn of New York, a native of St. Lawrence County, has given $130,000 to Ogdensburg City Hospital, $80,000 of which is a contribution to the building fund and $50,000 to form an endowment. The hospital property will be taken over by the A. Barton Hepburn Corporation, which will be incorporated under the laws of the State.

MORE WARM WEATHER.

Thermometer Registers 85 Degrees —Hotter Near By.

The thermometer registered 85 degrees yesterday and continued warm weather is predicted. It was not as warm in New York as in most of the rest of the Eastern part of the country.

The following prostrations were reported:

JACOBS, MAX, 52 years old, of 153 West Twentieth Street; prostrated while walking along Seventh Avenue; taken to Bellevue Hospital.

MALCOMB, HENRY, 28 years old, of 81 Columbus Avenue, a clerk; overcome at 269 Broadway; taken to Hudson Street Hospital.

UNIDENTIFIED MAN, stricken in front of 3 Chrystie Street; taken to Gouverneur Hospital.

The heat in New York was greatest yesterday at 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon, when the thermometer registered 85 degrees. This was ten degrees cooler than the maximum record on July 11, 1911. Washington, St. Louis, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Albany, and other cities all reported hotter weather than New York City. Fort Wayne, Ind., and Alpina, Mich., furnished maximum readings of 94 and 96 degrees respectively.

A freak flash of lightning in a cloudburst at Tarrytown yesterday morning struck an automobile owned by George E. Dickinson, President of the village, and started the siren horn. Mr. Dickenson had to disconnect the battery before the siren would hush.

The cloudburst flooded the railroad station square at Tarrytown, and taxicab drivers did a thriving business hauling commuters to the trains. The water in the square was two feet deep at the height of the deluge, and few persons ventured to cross the lake on foot. The supply of taxicabs and automobiles finally proved inadequate to meet the demand, and commuters engaged moving vans to take them to the railroad station.

The storm tied up the trolley service, and County Judge Frank L. Young, who went to Tarrytown from Ossining to get a trolley for White Plains, waited more than an hour before service was resumed and he could continue his journey.

8,000 SUMMER STUDENTS.

Enrollment at Columbia University Reaches New Record.

Passing the mark of 7,000 students which had been predicted as the number which would register this year for the Columbia Summer session, more than 2,000 students enrolled yesterday, bringing the total to more than 8,000. There is another full day for registration today, and it is now thought that the figures may even go as high as 9,000, an unprecedented figure in the history of Summer schools.

The enrollment last year was about 5,900 students. The session was first started in 1900 with Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler as director. Professor Egbert took over the work in 1902 when Dr. Butler became President of the university, and the session has steadily grown. The holding of the National Education Association conference in this city gave many teachers the opportunity of studying at the university for the Summer.

A religious conference in connection with the Summer session opened yesterday at Union Theological Seminary. It will continue until July 21.

Homes Struck by Lightning.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., July 11.—A severe thunder storm caused damage in this section today. The homes of Archer Brown, New York broker, and of Mrs. George Lauder were among those struck by lightning.

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MATINEE TOMORROW, 50c TO $1.50.
"Arrived with a Bang." N. Y. Times.
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"Aroused Cheers of Genuine Enthusiasm." Charles Darnton Eve. World.

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Popular Matinee Today $1 and $1.50.
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NEW AMSTERDAM West 42 St. Evs. 8:10 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:10
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:10—SEE
Ziegfeld Follies
After the Show SEE (Atop This Theatre)
ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC

THE FALL OF A NATION | LAST WEEK of the Thrilling Patriotic Spectacle. Orchestra of 50. LIBERTY 2:20 and 8:20. 25c to $1.00.

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ELTINGE WEST 42D ST. Evgs. at 8:15. Mats. TODAY & Sat. at 2:15.
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An interesting program will be presented, each number exactly as played by one of the following noted pianists:
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RIALTO B'way at 42d St. 15c-25c-50c. | Douglas Fairbanks in "The Half Breed." Quartette from "Rigoletto," Soloists & Charlie Chaplin in "The Vagabond."

Strand B'way & 47th St. Noon to 11:30 P. M. | WALLACE REID & CLEO RIDGLEY in "The Selfish Woman."
Xtra Feature, Charles Chaplin in "The Vagabond."

OLYMPIC EAST 14th St. INDIAN MAIDS Matinee Daily Special Feature Ma Belle Helene & Co.

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English Pot Roast, with Spaghetti........ 30c
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Prime Ribs of Beef, with Potatoes........ 40c
Chicken Salad 40c
Baked (boned) Chicken Pie, individual dish........ 30c
Virginia Ham and Spinach........ 40c
Planked Tenderloin Steak........ 65c
Half Broiled (2 pound) Spring Chicken........ 55c
Old-Fashioned Strawberry Shortcake........ 15c
Real Southern Waffles, with Pure Honey........ 15c
Grape Fruit........ 10c Ice Cream........ 10c
Pot of Tea........ 5c Superior Coffee........ 5c
Rolls and Biscuits of Our Own Baking with all Orders.
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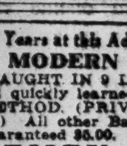

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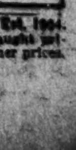

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THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX, Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $2; per year, $8.

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JULY 12, 1916.

ARE AMERICAN BUSINESS MEN PROVINCIAL?

America, of all countries in the world, has been timid, and has not until within the last two or three years provided itself with the fundamental instrumentalities for playing a large part in the trade of the world. America, which ought to have had the broadest vision of any nation, has raised up an extraordinary number of provincial thinkers, men who thought provincially about business, men who thought that the United States was not ready to take her competitive part in the struggle for the peaceful conquest of the world. For anybody who reflects philosophically upon the history of this country, that is the most amazing fact about it. But the time for provincial thinkers has gone by. We must play a great part in the world, whether we choose it or not.—President WILSON's Address to the World's Salesmanship Congress at Detroit.

The late JAMES J. HILL was not a provincial thinker. It is well known that he thought in terms of continents. His business was transportation. It was his ambition to make his railroad and steamship lines a great force for the building up of the nation's commerce. He planned and actually carried to execution a great transportation line linking the heart of this continent with the Far East. Cotton from the fields of the South he would have carried to the consumers of China. But at the behest of a former President of the United States proceedings were begun by the Attorney General to dislocate and destroy the vast mechanism he had constructed. The action, begun under the anti-trust law, was successful. Mr. HILL was punished for daring to be an unprovincial thinker.

The minds of the men who organized the United States Steel Corporation transcended provincial limits. They co-ordinated that great industry, put it upon a secure basis, made prices stable, and notably increased our exports of steel. They were ready and willing to do their "competitive "part in the struggle for peaceful "conquest of the world"—just what the President says our business men should do. Again a suit was begun by the Government, a suit to dissolve the United States Steel Corporation. A year ago a decision adverse to the Government was handed down, a decree entered dismissing the Government's petition. Not to be baffled in its resolve to punish these men for their hardihood in being something more than provincial, the Government took an appeal to the Supreme Court.

The men of the Standard Oil Company might be called provincial in the sense that they took the whole earth for their province. They have added hundreds of millions to the export trade of the country. They brought upon themselves the penalty of the inevitable dissolution suit, the company was dissolved. The American Tobacco Company and the American Sugar Refining Company, daring offenders against the rule of provincialism, incurred the displeasure of the Government and dissolution suits followed. The International Harvester Company, overstepping provincial limits, built up a great trade abroad, where its machinery found a ready market. A decree of dissolution was entered, against which the defendant company has impudently appealed to the Supreme Court.

These are illustrative cases. They show what happens to unprovincial men, to men who organize their industrial forces for the peaceful conquest of the world. It is dangerous. Safety lies in keeping within the bounds of provincialism, in being content to do business in a small way. Big business, unprovincial business, attracts the attention of the politicians, and they strike at it. Juries as a rule have not shared the political view, they have not been inclined to look upon men accused by the Government of restraining trade as extortioners, as enemies of the public, as criminals. But it is natural that business men should dislike to be made defendants in an action brought against them by the Government of the United States under a criminal statute; it is natural that they should be disinclined to make great financial commitments in undertakings which experience and common observation have warned them are exposed to great risk of attack in the courts, of dissolution, of destruction. The tendency, the inevitable effect, of the political policy of the Government has been to make men provincial thinkers, to keep them within the safe limits of parochial thinking. It must be assumed that the transgressors, the men who ventured beyond these narrow bounds of safety, have done many wicked things. With great ambitions to expand the country's trade they have blundered into the technical offense of restraining it. They have been punished, or their punishment has been sought. Doubtless they have learned their lesson so well that if the Government should refuse to change its policy they might be contented to remain provincial. In spite of the Government, many of them have left the fixed provincial reservation, they are doing a world business, they are successfully competing in foreign markets, they have greatly added to the volume of our trade at home and abroad. But the Government can find ways to curb them, if that be its purpose.

Is it possible that the words spoken by the President at Detroit, like many other words he has spoken, are a forecast of altered purposes, that men will be permitted and encouraged to be unprovincial, to struggle unhindered and unafraid for "the peaceful conquest of the world"? It may be a daring thought, but we venture to inquire whether, after all, it is not the politicians who have been provincial, whether the business men of the country did not long ago become convinced, as the President puts it, that "we must play a great part in the world," and that the chief obstacle to their success has been the provincial-minded politician?

COLONEL CONLEY'S REMOVAL.

The sudden order for the removal of the Colonel commanding the Sixty-ninth Regiment, as well as the Lieutenant Colonel, just as the historic regiment was entraining for service on the border, seems harsh. Colonel CONLEY is very popular among the men of his regiment, and the common opinion will be that the work of removing him, if it were necessary, and there can be no doubt as to that, in the circumstances might have been accomplished in a gentler manner. But this is a military matter. The regiment has been formally mustered into the service of the United States under Section 111 of the army law. It is a part of the national forces. If Colonel CONLEY is physically unfit to keep his command in active service, manifestly he should be removed. The departure of the Sixty-ninth has been unaccountably delayed. That something was amiss has been suspected for a fortnight. The Irish regiment was scheduled to be among the first to depart. It goes among the last.

Colonel CONLEY has the consolation of knowing that all regular army officers are subject to the same rigid rule, that they are removed without notice in the same way. Theoretically the regiment is going to war, it is no longer militia. If he chooses to protest, Colonel CONLEY will get a hearing, but there will be no sentiment about it. Among his fellow-citizens abundant sympathy will be expressed. He has commanded a State military organization of which we have all been justly proud. Doubtless he favored the federalization of the militia. He has had a severe experience of the rigorous discipline that federalization entails.

AGAINST THE WALL.

KARL H. VON WIEGAND, the Berlin correspondent of The World, has proved himself for a long time to be a faithful reflector of military sentiment and opinion in Germany. He is impregnated with it, and repeats what he hears with entire fidelity and not the slightest consideration for how it will strike outsiders. When this sentiment has been distorted to absurdity by the rabidness of war feeling, he has evinced no perception of that absurdity, but has printed insane boasts with honest faith. It was he, for instance, who reported the irritation of the German officers because the British fleet would not come out of its hiding place and stand battle with its German pursuers, and their hope that before long this concealment would be penetrated. VON WIEGAND has reported just what he heard, and what he heard has been from military sources.

Therefore his dispatch printed in yesterday's World is of unusual interest, because in it he—that is, the persons with whom he has talked—reveals the real condition of Germany under the present attack on the eastern and western fronts. If VON WIEGAND talks in this way, the end must be nearer than had been thought. He definitely says that "the situation would appear "hopeless for Germany and Austria-"Hungary" but for the fact that the Germans and Austrians, who are white men, are superior in intelligence to "the whites, blacks, browns, and yel-"lows" who are opposing them. If this idea that Sikhs and Turcos are directing the military operations of the Allies excites a smile, it must be remembered that in times of great extremity men cannot be expected to be reasonable; it was just so that the Confederates, when they felt the pressure of GRANT and SHERMAN, talked about how they were being beaten by the foreign immigrants. The significant thing is that "the situation would appear hopeless" but for this one hope, which is no hope at all.

"For the first time in the war, the "military initiative has passed to the "other side." He tells us, therefore it is admitted in Berlin, that "even west-"ward of Lutsk, LINSINGEN's counter-"offensive has slowed down," and that only at Verdun is the offensive maintained. Both on the east and west, he tells us—therefore it is what is being said in Berlin—the Germans confront superior numbers; in the east, "often four or five to one." He speaks of "the thin, anaemic line" of the Germans in the east. If it is thin and anaemic, it must be because it cannot be reinforced. So JOHNSTON's line was thin and anaemic as he vainly confronted SHERMAN, and it too could not be reinforced; there were no more men. "Against these thin lines" fresh armies from Russia are beating "with "the ceaselessness of the sea, that "cannot be otherwise than discourag-"ing to the stoutest hearts."

Remember that this discouragement is reported from Berlin, by the very mouthpiece of Berlin's loudest gasconades in the past. Next he tells us that these "thin, anaemic lines" are now badly fed; "fed on food that, at the "very best, cannot have the strength-"giving, force-producing properties "which the men on the other side have "in abundance." The British blockade has placed the anaemic lines where the anaemic lines of LEE were placed by the Northern blockade in the last year of the Confederacy. And these outnumbered, badly fed men cannot be relieved by fresh men, but must do all the work themselves; at least that is the inference from his description of them as "snatching a few hours' rest "under a hail of shells and shrapnel, "or sitting up straight on the hard-"wood seats of jammed railroad cars "shunted from front to front, from "point to point, like shuttlecocks on "the vast loomlike network of the "German railways."

If Germany is not nearing the end of her resources, then Mr. VON WIEGAND is mistaken, for that is the inescapable conclusion from his description. Attacked on every front but one, in the grip of the blockade, she is facing her foes with undermanned, badly fed armies that cannot be replaced or reinforced. A nation placed on the defensive in such conditions can hardly resume the offensive. And that the authorities are preparing the people for the inevitable is at least suggested in Mr. VON WIEGAND's statement that, while almost no information is published giving the German side of the story, the German newspapers are allowed to print "lengthy and detailed" reports from French and British sources. If there is no hope for Germany except the vague hope in her "superior intelligence," the German Government will hardly bank too heavily on it. It will leave that last straw to Mr. VON WIEGAND.

RETURNING THE COTTON FUNDS.

In returning to the Treasury funds deposited with the Federal Reserve Banks for the purpose of helping the cotton planters, the Cashier of the Atlanta Bank wrote:

> The action of the Honorable Secretary of the Treasury in making this special deposit with us resulted in the cotton producers, through the assistance of the Federal Reserve Bank and the member banks, being able to hold their cotton for a much higher price, thereby bringing into this district many millions of dollars that probably would not have been received otherwise.

Those millions were neither "made" nor earned. The cotton planters profited at the expense of those who paid more for their clothes, and who were as much troubled by the high cost of living as the planters, probably more so. The intervention of the Treasury was unnecessary, as the course of the cotton trade has shown. It was unjustified in that it is no function of Government to make commodities either cheap or dear, unless perhaps to control conduct by which the market is pushed to extremes in either direction.

The cotton trade suffered in common with all subject to the influence of the war, but it received assistance extended to no others. The incident has passed and no great harm is done. Indulgence may easily be granted to the claimants for the favor of the South. But that is different from praising their conduct, or allowing it to be thought that it is a precedent for easy or frequent repetition.

GERMANY AND MEXICO.

In the present attitude of Mr. CARRANZA and his de facto Government toward the United States there can be found no support for the charges or rumors that he, or some of those around him, had yielded to the influence of German money. It was not surprising that some gave weight to these rumors (a majority of them originating on the border) and suspected that such influence accounted for those exasperating acts and utterances of CARRANZA which preceded his more reasonable note of July 4. They had not forgotten that the late General HUERTA's project for a new revolutionary movement had the financial support of German agents. It is known to our Government that FRANZ VON RINTELEN—then in New York, and now in the Tower of London, accused not only by Great Britain but also by two American indictments—used about $600,000 of German money for the promotion of that project, and was ready to use in the same way larger sums, which were under his control. For this reason the published reports that the German Legation at the Mexican capital was encouraging CARRANZA's apparent hostility toward our Government, that German reserve officers were directing the movements of CARRANZA's Army, and that German artillerymen were handling CARRANZA's guns were not regarded as entirely unworthy of belief.

Remarks in the German press tended to confirm suspicion that the policy indicated by VON RINTELEN's action had not been laid aside. Speaking of our attitude in the submarine controversy, the Taegliche Rundschau said:

> Any development must interest us which may mean strong and stronger absorption of America's strength in another direction. Such significance undoubtedly attaches to a clash with Mexico, and WILSON's thirst for action will be given matter and a goal which will so much occupy his attention that his ardor for Europe will perhaps be dampened.

And there were added the following words concerning a possible check upon our sales of ammunition to the Allies:

> We consider it not worth the trouble to deny the charge in the allied press that Germany is egging Mexico into war in order to prevent the exportation of ammunition to the Allies. That the profitable export of shells to France and England will suffer through the war with Mexico is, to be sure, a fact which, however, does not make us weep.

But there is no warrant in the situation at present for a belief that the course of CARRANZA or of his influential associates has been shaped by German cash or German aid given in other forms. If money from Berlin or from the funds intrusted to VON RINTELEN has been spent in Mexico to make the First Chief and his Government seek war with us, it has been wasted.

PAY FOR THE CAMPERS.

It is estimated that there will be 10,000 men under military training at the Plattsburg camp this month, including the juniors. They will subject themselves to severe discipline in order to be fitted to serve their country, and it is not consistent with the national dignity that they should be permitted to pay for any part of their equipment, their rations, or their traveling expenses. Hitherto, with comparatively few exceptions, the Plattsburg campers have paid their own bills. A fund raised by private subscriptions has been drawn upon to pay the way of those recruits who lacked spare money of their own. Many who have paid would doubtless cheerfully continue to pay. It is commendable for a man to be willing to contribute his money as well as his mind and muscle to the great work of national preparedness. But it is as inconsistent with public policy for a citizen to pay any part of the expenses of a military camp in which he subjects himself to training as it would be for one to pay for the upkeep of the court in which he serves as a juror. By and large, everybody pays his full share of the expenses of Government, both State and Federal.

The Army Appropriation bill provides funds for the military camps. It has not yet been passed, but it will be made operative for the entire fiscal year beginning July 1. The expenses of the June campers at Plattsburg can hardly be refunded. Like the thousands of campers of last year, they may have to regard their pecuniary contribution to the national defense as a gift rather than a loan. But from the very beginning of the new fiscal year the United States Government should meet all the expenses of preparedness. Many of the smaller expenses of the mobilization of the National Guard, including even some of the cost of equipment, have been paid by the soldiers themselves, but, of course, they will be reimbursed.

There is danger that the public mind may derive a confused sense of the responsibility for defensive measures from the widespread knowledge of the things that are done in haste when a democracy is suddenly threatened with war. Although in former crises regiments have been raised and equipped by private citizens, such precedents should be ignored when there is no reason for enterprises of that description. Our War Department is quite competent to look after all the nation's military affairs and to pay for the services of all its soldiers and military students. Impulsive generosity and the patriotic enthusiasm of the individuals who make up the community are most commendable; they are national assets. But it is not part of a soldier's duty to buy his own equipment when his Government can well afford to pay for it, and it is not the proper business for private citizens in a solvent and powerful nation to raise armies and train men to fight. They may do much, loyally, to encourage preparedness, but they need not undertake tasks which the War Department is much better fitted to execute. The spirit animating the preparedness movement which resulted in the establishment of the Plattsburg camps is admirable and the men who made of those camps splendid object lessons for all patriots when there was no Government provision for their pecuniary support deserve the nation's gratitude, but now that the camps have received formal recognition, and a fund has been provided for their support, no camper should pay his own expenses, no matter how large his private purse may be. In that way they can be made what they should be, thoroughly democratic.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Submarines Soberly Considered. Over in England they affect, somewhat laboriously, to feel, with regard to the voyage of the Deutschland, only indifference tinged with amusement. That, of course, is much to underestimate the importance of Captain KOENIG's achievement, but it is not so far from the truth, perhaps, as are the comments of those who see in his exploit not only the breaking of the British blockade but the beginning of an undersea commerce that is to assume large proportions after the return of peace to the world and its seven seas.

As a matter of fact, the blockade is not broken; what has been done only shows that in this blockade, as in all others that ever were established, holes and cracks can be found and utilized to a greater or less degree. Just that is what the Germans have done, and they deserve full credit for their ingenuity and courage. But the talk about undersea commerce, at least with boats at all like this one, is mostly nonsense. Nobody would dream of using such craft for the carrying of either freight or passengers, except in conditions precisely like those now existing for the Germans.

For a merchantman, there is only one known advantage in the ability to submerge and run under water. That ability would enable her to escape destruction or capture by enemy vessels on the surface, stronger and better armed than a submarine can possibly be. The single advantage, however, is secured at a cost there would be no thought of paying except in time of war, for it involves the loss, but for a mere remnant, of the power to meet any demand of ocean traffic.

Just now there is an opportunity for a German submarine to make a lot of money by carrying back and forth a small quantity of goods so much needed that almost any price will be paid for them. With the return to peace, the sorriest old tramp steamer could scorn the rivalry of the Deutschland and all her kind—could carry freight far more cheaply and safely, and, no matter how poor her "accommodations" for passengers might be, they would surpass those of a submarine.

After all, the submarine is not an undersea boat that can come to the surface; it is a surface-going boat that in case of necessity can disappear from sight. It wisely travels, when it can do so safely, precisely where other boats travel.

He Is Hardly as Safe as He Says. It is pleasing, though a little surprising, to notice how confidently the Captain of the Deutschland assumes that no British or French cruiser would take summary measures for his destruction if he encountered one or the other out in the open sea. As his is a merchant vessel engaged in lawful trade, he says, they would have no right to sink it on sight. They could do so only after exercise of the right to visit and search had proved his cargo contraband, and even then they would be obliged to remove himself and his crew to a place of safety.

That exposition of international law is beyond criticism, but it would come with somewhat better grace from a commander not belonging to the race that has so often ignored it in the recent past. And Captain KOENIG, however it may be as to the rest of us, might well be a little distrustful of his beautifully sound argument. He might well wonder what would happen if there were invoked against it the other law, also international and to him perfectly familiar—the law of military necessity.

Has he forgotten that when a merchantman attempts to escape visit and search she becomes a legitimate target? An enemy ship, on sighting the Deutschland, would be so apt to observe, or honestly to imagine, the beginning of a hasty submergence that it might have a more than colorable excuse for opening fire at once. Hostile eyes, too, especially if the brain behind them were haunted by memories of the Lusitania, would probably have extreme difficulty in distinguishing between a fighting submarine and one that was merely a freight carrier. To devote even a few seconds to investigation would so near to certainly mean at best failure to capture, and at worst the arrival of a torpedo from the object of scrutiny, that excuses for instant action about as plausible as war times demand would be ready.

But of course Captain KOENIG was only talking. He puts his trust in his facilities for prompt disappearances and invisible motion, not in the meticulous regard of his foes for his rights and privileges under the law.

Eager to Study in Summer. With an enrollment of nearly 7,000 students, the largest in its history, there can be no doubt that Columbia's Summer School meets both a demand and a need. These extensions of university facilities and advantages, so that they may be utilized during the part of the year available for vacations, are still what may be called a new feature of education, but they form already one highly valued.

They provide opportunity for teachers to increase their professional efficiency by enlarging their knowledge of the branches in which they specialize, and other adults they enable to remedy the lack of early instruction or its incompleteness without what would be for them the humiliations of joining an undergraduate body. The Summer schools enable each attendant to take as much or as little of what is offered—it is practically everything—as he or she wants.

Responsibility for the degree or quality of the utilization made of this opportunity rests wholly on the students themselves, and, as they are an eager and earnest lot, many of the usual university problems are for them self-solving or altogether nonexistent. No discipline or control, for instance, is required, and the students are at least as eager to get the worth of their money and time as the instructors are to give it. In that respect the Summer schools attain the educational ideal.

New York itself, also, is educational for whoever choose to make it so, and as it ranks, for those to whom it is "the change" that everybody seeks, nowadays, in Summer, among the most attractive of Summer resorts, the great popularity of the Columbia midseason school is not at all mysterious.

Danger from Baseballs.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am afraid the average citizen does not fully comprehend the very serious danger that lurks in playing with a hard ball in the street. Within the last few years I had occasion to see or treat several people whose eyes have literally been knocked out by being hit with considerable force with a hard ball, inasmuch as the injured eye was in such a condition that it had to be removed to save the sound one. I have now under my care in the clinic of a local hospital a man who suffered some three weeks ago a dislocation of the lens in one of his eyes as a result of having been hit with a ball, a condition that under the most favorable circumstances brings about a considerable impairment of vision, and is a constant menace to its possessor. Playing with a hard ball in the streets of a city like New York is fraught with grave danger, and it should be absolutely forbidden. The young loafers who indulge in it without any consideration as to where and on whom the ball will land should be apprehended and made an example of.

New York, July 7, 1916. A. R., M. D.

SINKING OF THE TUBANTIA.

Germany's Attitude Toward Her Smaller Neighbor, Holland.

Washington, D. C., July 8, 1916.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In March of this year the Dutch steamer Tubantia, on its way from the neutral port of Amsterdam to the neutral port of Buenos Aires, was sunk near the Dutch coast as the result of an explosion. The investigation which the Dutch Government ordered proved that several members of the crew and officers had seen the track of a torpedo approaching the ship, that pieces of a torpedo of German origin were found in the wreck of the ship, and that therefore the Dutch Government and public opinion in Holland came to the conclusion that the Tubantia had been sunk by a German submarine. The German Government has just favored the Dutch Government with an answer to the Dutch inquiry into the responsibility for this unwarranted and outrageous attack upon a peaceful neutral ship.

The German Government denies that on the night between the 15th and 16th of March of the year 1916 a single torpedo was fired by a German submarine. The German Government states that no German submarine was within ten miles of the place of disaster. The German Government, therefore, suggests that since the ship was unmistakably destroyed by a German torpedo, the Tubantia had the bad luck of hitting upon a floating torpedo, lost a few days previously by a German submarine. That ends the consideration of the German Government. Berlin is sorry that the Tubantia went down, but can't help it, and therefore the fewer words wasted the better.

According to expert opinion, it is possible for a torpedo to remain afloat after having been fired at an enemy. Such torpedoes, however, are explicitly forbidden by Article 1 of the eighth treaty signed by the delegates to the Second Peace Conference at The Hague in 1907. The German Government, therefore, in its attempt at finding an excuse, shows that the imperial wastebasket continues to manifest its old and well-known appetite for discarded treaties and agreements.

It would be useless to deny that the German answer to the Dutch note has caused profound discontent in Holland. During the last two years the German Government has maintained an active propaganda in the Netherlands to defend German conduct. A separate little sheet was established to print pro-German material. Unsuspecting professors were flattered into contributing to this weekly. A much respected and generally honored diplomatic representative was recalled and replaced by a press agent whose activity (aided by Captain von Papen) promised little good for Holland. The German Consul General in Amsterdam, by providing several newspapers with adulterated war news, almost succeeded in causing a panic. All of this was done to prove that Germany desired to deal fairly with the small nations, and that the evil which has descended upon their lands came solely from the side of the blockading Allies.

The German answer to Holland's note throws a clear light upon these many expressions of good-will and friendship. The apology for the Sussex to the mighty and rich United States of America is not going to be followed by a similar act of honest retribution to a country which contains as many inhabitants as New York City. Destroy their ships and damn the consequences. We fully appreciate this attitude. And the future will show whether the haughty and insolent answer to our righteous claim (safety for neutral ships on the open sea) was the most appropriate thing to do at the present moment.

HENDRIK WILLEM VAN LOON.

No Call for Nurses' Aids.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A letter which appeared in THE TIMES of July 8 has been called to my attention, inquiring why the Red Cross "nurses" who took courses of instruction during the last Winter in Elementary Hygiene and Home Care of the Sick have not come forward to nurse the babies ill of poliomyelitis.

The Health Commissioner is asking for graduate registered nurses only, and believes, as all other physicians would believe, that in an epidemic, which means contagion, only the most experienced nurses would know how to give proper care to the children and at the same time protect themselves. The classes of instruction for women referred to in the letter are very elementary, and intended only to give a certain amount of information to volunteers desiring to be helpful to the graduate nurses in the Red Cross base hospitals, also enabling them to be helpful in their own homes in time of illness. The Commissioner of Health knows that the New York County Chapter of the Red Cross is ready to co-operate with him, and if he asks the Red Cross to provide nurses in this emergency the thousands of graduate nurses enrolled with the Red Cross for nursing service will be found eager to answer the call.

HELEN FIDELIA DRAPER.

New York, July 9, 1916.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A Red Cross nurse is a registered, trained nurse, a graduate of a hospital, who has asked the Red Cross to list her name as one willing to serve her country if called. There are about 9,000 trained nurses so listed, and doubtless many Red Cross nurses are fighting the paralysis epidemic here. The Red Cross has for several years conducted classes in First Aid to the Injured, teaching men and women how to help a person in case of accident, and a course in Elementary Hygiene and Home Care of the Sick. The latter course deals with prevention of disease, and teaches a woman to care for the lesser ailments of members of her family. Any woman who passes the examination after taking the course is listed by the Red Cross as a nurse's aid. This means that in time of war or disaster the Red Cross may call on her to perform such duties as she is qualified for. She is not a nurse and never would be called to serve in that capacity. Many women have taken the Home Care course to fit themselves to be helpers in base hospitals or convalescent homes, if needed, but many have also taken the lessons who merely wish to be taught how best to serve their own homes and families.

If the authorities now fighting the outbreak of infantile paralysis wish the services of nurses' aids they will ask their help through the Red Cross. So far the call has been for trained nurses only; if the aids are called on to help, it will then be time enough to praise or blame them for their response to the appeal. A NURSE'S AID.

New Canaan, Conn., July 8, 1916.

TO THE DEUTSCHLAND.

I, for one, am an Englishman,
(And I'm proud of the name,)
But here's to you, the Deep Sea Shark
That played the game!

We hadn't a glimpse of your shining fin
Cutting the sea
Or lazing along in the dim green deep
Where the mermaids be.

You frightened the British kelpies off
In the dusks of jade
And the dawns of fire . . . and you glided through
The Big Blockade.

I, for one, am an Englishman,
(And I'm proud of the name,)
But here's to you, the Deep Sea Shark
That played the game!

FLORENCE RIPLEY MASTIN.

OUTLETS FOR LABOR AFTER THE WAR.

Enterprises That Will Be Calling Loudly for Development by the Fighting Men Who Come Through the War Unscathed.

By JOHN W. BOYLAND.

Newark, N. J., July 10, 1916.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A fear already possesses the pessimists that the cessation of hostilities will see an already starving Europe flooded with labor that cannot be utilized; that the millions of fighting men will be thrust back upon their respective countries to face unemployment. As body and soul must be kept together, work must be procured. This, they dread, will result in cheap labor and a glut of cheap material on our American markets—a competition our manufacturers cannot meet.

But will the basis of ante bellum trade be the basis for future conduct?

Since 1914, Germany's foreign trade has been at a standstill. In two years the outer world has learned to be independent of Germany in both exports and imports. Great Britain, as always, a merchant and trader, has traded with America with mutual benefits. America the producer, and England the consumer and distributor, cannot be competitors. Moreover, England has not been idle in building up her future commerce, and what is certain, has arranged for new spheres of operations.

From the beginning of time, man fought for his existence, whether to kill his food in the wilds or to struggle through the more civilized periods to find an exchange for his labor — for money to buy food—and the struggle for existence after this war should not be greater.

When the old world seemed at its low ebb a new world was discovered. A century ago, who would have dreamed of the myriad ways in which man is occupied today? The keynote is necessity that begets enterprise. Necessity and responsibility develop the individual, and the enterprise of a collection of individuals develops the world.

The European war will have reduced the ante bellum labor supply by several million men. It will have increased the efficiency of others; it will have improved the physique of many, and, in short, those who "pull through" will be on a greater earning basis.

Indubitably in England there will be a readjustment of labor conditions. Women have entered engineering shops, offices, and factories. Almost 50 per cent. of these did so solely with patriotic promptings; others because their families were deprived of the bread winners or on account of monetary inducements. In many cases they will have filled the gaps caused by the internment of enemy aliens, perhaps sounding the doom of the detestable system that was in vogue of allowing Germans to enter offices and works to study methods, or as clerks without any salary whatever. Europe was hedged in by tradition. An obedient German would "stay put" and allow his life to be directed by circumstances or his parents. An Englishman would bow to a convention that made him a clerk. War came and shattered convention, establishing individual effort. The neatly garbed clerk threw off his collar and donned khaki. His light shoes became heavy brogans. He smelled the free air. Nights in the open caused rheumatism, perhaps, and at times dreams would take him back to the quiet day-to-day of office life; but a slave once having gained liberty, having felt what it means to be a man, is loath to return to bondage. There is no longer the dread of family partings—no fear of lone, chilly November nights. The colonies are calling.

Months after a declaration of peace, when the armies are disbanded, Europe's fighting men will return to their homes. The women will abandon their war work. Most of the great expenditures during the war have been circulated within the respective countries. Factories have been established on sound financial foundations, thanks to munition work, and the workingman should have a savings bank reserve.

Belgium, Serbia, Poland and the whole battle front must be reconstructed. They will require structural steel, lead, cement—well, consult a skyscraper specification and multiply it by millions. Stores must be built and stocked, with all that goes to the making of an American city, from kitchenware to milady's perfumes.

Does this look like lack of opportunity? America may be confronted by a serious dearth of labor or a diversion of markets. But there will be no "glut."

War has created a cohesion through the intermingling of races. French, Russians, Australians, Canadians, British, and all the Allies have melted to a common endeavor and understanding. It may mean interdevelopment. The six weeks voyage is no longer the gap to deter emigration to the antipodes, and naturally Britain and her allies will seek to strengthen their union by an exchange of emigration to their colonies. Think of the productive African West Coast, South Africa, India, Canada, New Zealand! Russia, the country of untouched opportunity, has had lessons in railroad construction and intensive production, and is awake at last to her possibilities.

The world never shrieked so much for development as it does today. The udders are bursting with prosperity's milk. Minerals, including many whose uses fifty years ago were unknown, await the mining. Manufactures have been suspended. Merchant shipbuilding has been arrested. A thousand luxuries have been neglected in the last two years. Building and construction have been stayed. All these seem tightly bound, ready to burst into activity with the war's conclusion. Money, desire and labor are all there. Does this foreshadow "dumping" on our markets?

Who dares to predict poverty when there are millions of acres unexplored throughout the world? There is new blood, new hope, new necessity. Let us study our maps. The world is our field, and it is with us to make our own opportunities.

JOHN W. BOYLAND.

TOBACCO AS A DISINFECTANT

Various Opinions to the Effect That It Has No Value.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I desire to reply to Isaac Goldburg, who, in his letter published in a recent issue of your paper, writes: "Tobacco might possibly be the solution of the problem of infantile paralysis."

Mr. Goldburg says that in an epidemic of cholera tobacco and tobacco smoke used as a disinfectant in his father's home protected the family from the disease. I do not know whether Mr. Goldburg has a prejudice in favor of this poison, but the fact remains, however, that there have been disastrous epidemics of cholera in Turkey in recent years, the Turks being the greatest users of tobacco. The disease was overcome, not by the increased use of tobacco, but by sanitation. "Tobacco, as poisonous as it is, is not a bactericide."—The London Lancet, (medical journal,) May 4, 1907. Tubercular bacilli from the mouth of the cigarmaker have been found alive on the mouth ends of cigars. Tobacco does not destroy disease germs, but it does destroy animal life.

An investigation would probably show that the victims of infantile paralysis were subjected to the physically depressing influence of tobacco-smoke laden atmosphere in their homes, which made them more liable to contract the disease.

"The use of tobacco conduces to the cause of tuberculosis, and thereby, as a matter of course, detracts from the cure and treatment of the disease."—Report of Henry Phipps Institute in The Hospital, Nov. 28, 1908.

George A. Rutherford of the New Jersey Sanitarium for Tubercular Diseases states that he has never known a case to recover where the use of tobacco was continued. The smoke is more deadly than the plant, in that it contains about 80 per cent. of the deadly oils which were in the leaf, plus poisonous gases, one of which is carbon dioxide, the poisonous constituent of illuminating gas.

Dr. Tidswell of England writes: "Children of mothers who work in tobacco factories are born of feeble vitality, poisoned by tobacco." Dr. Kostel says of those children: "Out of 506 births 206 children died soon after birth, of which 101 died of brain diseases with convulsions." Sir Cecil Rhodes said that he had gone through the campaign in South Africa without contracting the fever; that he did not use tobacco, and that tobacco users were the victims with few exceptions.

I have written to the Board of Health recently on this subject in relation to the present epidemic, but past experiences lead me to expect nothing from this body in the line of investigation where tobacco is in any way concerned as a cause of harm to humanity. I should be greatly surprised if the past "conspiracy of silence" should be broken—glad for the sake of humanity.

CHARLES G. PEASE, M. D.,
President Non-Smokers' Protective League of America.

New York, July 10, 1916.

A Neglected Alley.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Next to our office at 176 Chambers Street there is an alleyway called Bishop's Lane, which is the dumping ground of the entire neighborhood, and if there is one place in the city that needs attention it is this, as it certainly is a hotbed for breeding all kinds of disease. I have taken this matter up with the Police and Street Cleaning Departments and the Board of Health, and as yet have no relief. In such times as these, when a scourge such as infantile paralysis is running riot, it is little less than a crime to allow places like this to exist.

J. C. PUNDERFORD.

New York, July 10, 1916.

The Men at the Top.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Why do the head men of the nation not have to qualify for their positions, as any other man? For instance, why is not the Secretary of War selected from among high army officials, and the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of State in the same way? Why should men who have spent all their lives in the army or the navy have some one put over them who has never qualified in any way? Do years of service count for nothing? Perhaps some one wiser than I am can answer these questions. I can't.

ESTELLE M. BURROWS.

Bellemead, N. J., July 10, 1916.

CORRECTION BY MRS. CATT.

The Suffragists' Attitude Toward a Federal Amendment.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

On Saturday, July 8, THE TIMES published a story headed "Women May Enter National Politics," in which it was intimated that the National American Woman Suffrage Association was considering the adoption of a militant policy, including an anti-Democratic Party attitude. The subject matter of the story was based upon an official statement which I issued on behalf of my association, but it was apparently combined with material drawn from some other source.

The resulting statement was misleading and has produced a misunderstanding among your readers. In fairness to our association and to your own journal I request the privilege of making the following points clear:

(1) The National American Woman Suffrage Association was the body which caused the introduction of a Federal suffrage amendment in Congress in 1875, and has supported it from that date. There is little, if any, difference of opinion among our members that Federal action is not only constitutional for the nation, but also a tardy acknowledgment of the wrong the nation has done women in its persistent policy of keeping them in a state of disfranchisement.

(2) Our association does not believe in militant methods, and is not likely to adopt them.

(3) During the forty-eight years of its existence it has maintained a strictly non-partisan policy. It cannot change that policy without action by the annual convention, composed of delegates from the several States. Unless the National Association should change its non-partisan policy—which in my judgment it is not likely to do—it could not work against any Presidential candidate nor against candidates for Congress of any one party. Consistently with our policies, however, it may campaign against members of Congress of all or any political parties who are unwilling to vote to submit the Federal amendment. Whether it will vote to assume this policy depends upon the action of the delegates to the convention.

(4) The Executive Board has called an emergency convention at Atlantic City Sept. 6 to 10, inclusive, because we consider that a crisis has been created in suffrage affairs by the fact that both of the dominant parties, while indorsing woman suffrage, seem to indicate a preference for its establishment through State referenda. That this opinion is not general in either party has been sufficiently demonstrated by numerous interviews with delegates of the Republican and Democratic conventions since their adjournment.

(5) At the coming convention the question will be thoroughly debated as to whether the National Association shall drop its State work and concentrate solely upon the Federal amendment; whether it shall drop work for the Federal amendment and concentrate on State referenda, or whether it shall continue to work in the future, as in the past, for the enfranchisement of women by both methods.

(6) The advisability of participating in the Fall political campaigns may be brought forward in that convention. If so, the subject will be thoroughly discussed from every point of view, and whatever policy may be adopted will be the result of the majority vote of the delegates present.

CARRIE CHAPMAN CATT,
President National American Woman Suffrage Association.

New York, July 11, 1916.

The Church Flag.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am surprised that, as a Christian, your Plainfield correspondent does not know that Christians have an emblem in the form of a flag. From childhood I have always remembered that the coveted honor of the boys in my Sunday school was to carry the Christian flag on Anniversary Day. The flag is pure white, as your correspondent suggests, and has a small red cross on it. I have found several persons recently who likewise were ignorant of such an emblem. Why is it not displayed in every Sunday school for children to learn to revere and love, as they are taught in the public schools to love and respect the "Red, White, and Blue"?

Brooklyn, N. Y., July 8, 1916. A. G. M.

SOCIETY IS MOVING TO MEXICAN BORDER

Fiancees, Wives, and Parents of Guardsmen Are Braving the Torrid Heat of Texas.

RESORTS LACK YOUNG MEN

Departure of Squadron A and Seventh Regiment Has Taken Scores from Fashionable Colonies.

New York society will be well represented along the Mexican border if the present exodus continues. Hundreds of young men prominent in society are now encamped at the border, and more than likely they will be there for months to come. So now the near relatives of the guardsmen, parents, wives, and in some instances the young soldiers' fiancées, are flocking to the border zone, to spend the remainder of the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Fulton Cutting of 24 East Sixty-eseventh Street are among those who have recently departed for the border. They have taken a house in Brownsville, Texas, in order that their daughter, Mrs. Reginald La Grange Auchincloss, may be near her husband, who is a member of the National Guard. Mr. and Mrs. Auchincloss were married in May.

It looks now as if many families in society would break up their Summer by a trip to the border, and many at Newport, Lenox, and Southampton, who have sons and husbands there, are planning to brave the torrid heat of southern Texas for a visit.

The majority of the "war" brides of the season, those whose marriages were hastened by mobilization, have gone to the towns near the border, to be near their husbands. Mrs. Crittenden H. Adams, who was Miss Agnes Claflin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Claflin, is going to the border, to be near her husband. They were married late in June.

The fashionable Summer resorts are already feeling the lack of young men, for mobilization and the subsequent movement to the border have taken away scores of young men who, during previous Summers, have added much to the gayeties of the resorts. The departure of Squadron A and the Seventh Regiment has removed scores from the social life of the country and seaside colonies.

Mrs. Price Post and her son, Edwin M. Post, Jr., have gone from Tuxedo to Buffalo, by motor, where Mr. Post, Sr., is with the Aviation Corps, U. S. A., which he recently joined. Bruce P. Post, who is a freshman at Harvard, is a member of Troop B of the Massachusetts Cavalry, now at El Paso, Texas, where Mrs. Post plans to go shortly.

Mrs. Seth Barton French has applied to Secretary of War Baker for a commission to go to the border for the organization of hospitals there.

It is predicted that before the Summer is over many more will take up their residence at the border towns.

GOLF TOURNEY BEGINS TODAY.

Throng at White Sulphur for West Virginia Association Matches.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W. Va., July 11.—White Sulphur is ready for the annual golf tournament of West Virginia, which begins tomorrow. People are gathering from far and near. The new eighteen-hole links are one of the best in the country. President of the association, E. P. Frost, and Secretary and Treasurer, E. S. Aleshire have arrived. Twelve handsome silver cups will be offered as prizes by the West Virginia Association.

Lord and Lady Aberdeen feel greatly benefited with their few days' stay at the Greenbrier and are more enthusiastic in their praise of the cure, and also the charms of the country. They were guests this evening of John H. Patterson of Dayton, Ohio, and Arthur Dilks, the party motoring to Elmhurst farm for dinner, and returning by moonlight. Lady Aberdeen has been lecturing extensively all over the United States as to the welfare of the children of Ireland, and it is likely that she will give one of her talks here before her departure.

The Misses Jean and Anna Graydon of Cincinnati rode this morning to Morning Draft, and Miss Mary Buzby rode to Mr. Montague's Park. Miss Jean McLaughlin rode to Hart's Run. and Mrs. Charles N. Welsh and her two sons drove to the Greenbrier River, returning by the way of Elmhurst farm for tea. Mrs. Frank Rawlston and Mrs. H. N. Worth rode over Catamount trail. Mrs. James D. Weir rode to the Greenbrier River.

Lady Hope, who is the widow of Sir James Hope of England, is still at the Old White. She was seen today with palette and brush in hand, making her way to Lover's Leap, to continue a series of paintings that she is making of the surrounding country.

MISS DOROTHY CRANE TO WED.

Supreme Court Justice's Daughter Engaged to Frank A. Moller.

Supreme Court Justice Frederick E. Crane and Mrs. Crane of 854 Prospect Place, Brooklyn, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Dorothy Braddock Crane, to Frank A. Moller, son of Mrs. Christian Moller of Brooklyn, and a grandson of the late Jost Moller.

Miss Crane is prominent in Brooklyn society, and is fond of outdoor sports. Her mother was Miss Gertrude Craven of Montreal before her marriage.

Mr. Moller is in the brokerage business in this city, and comes from a family long identified with sugar refining.

No date has been set for the wedding.

O'Donnell-Allison Wedding.

The marriage of Miss Caroline B. Allison, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Allison of 616 West 135th Street, and Elmer Charles O'Donnell was celebrated last evening in the St. Nicholas Avenue Presbyterian Church.

The bride was attended by Mrs. Edward R. Poerschke, Jr., as matron of honor, and Miss Katharine G. Allison, a sister, as maid of honor. The Misses Mabel H. Eagleson and Florence Weir acted as bridesmaids.

Charles Henry was best man, and the ushers included Marcus M. Nye, Edward R. Poerschke, Jr.; Richard Terhune, and Frederick G. Stalb.

After a trip to the Thousand Islands, Mr. and Mrs. O'Donnell will reside in this city.

Births.

Mr. and Mrs. Harley Lord Stowell are being congratulated on the birth of a son, on Friday last, at their home, 13 West Eleventh Street. Mrs. Stowell was formerly Miss Emily Coe, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry E. Coe of 5 East Tenth Street.

A daughter was born, on Sunday evening, to Mr. and Mrs. James A. Moffett, Jr., at their country home at Greenwich, Conn.

Tourists for Panama.

Among those booked to sail today on the Almirante for Panama are:

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Proctor, Emilio Soto, W. H. Stewart, Miss S. A. Wright, Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Grossett, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Daniels, Edward A. Lyon, A. J. Masson, Mrs. R. W. Allerton, W. A. Gray, E. F. Noyes, M. C. Davidson, Mrs. V. M. Page, Miss Gwendoline Baines, Miss M. M. Young, E. W. E. Hunt, Miss Alice Palmer, Miss Laura Carter, Dr. S. E. Nethersole, and Leopold Putnam.

O'BRIEN FOR JUSTICE.

New York Lawyers Favor Him for Supreme Court Place.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The name of Morgan J. O'Brien, former Justice of the Supreme Court of New York and senior member of the law firm of O'Brien, Boardman & Platt, has been added to the list of candidates under consideration by President Wilson for the vacancy on the United States Supreme bench, caused by the resignation of Charles E. Hughes, Republican candidate for President of the United States.

A petition in Judge O'Brien's behalf was filed today with the President, which had among its signers all the living ex-Presidents of the New York State Bar Association, a large number of the Judges of the State, numerous prominent attorneys, including Edgar M. Cullen and Alton B. Parker, former Judges of the Court of Appeals of New York; Elihu Root, Joseph H. Choate, Francis Lynde Stetson, William Church Osborn, George Gordon Battle, De Lancey Nicoll, Henry W. Taft, John B. Stanchfield, and former Attorney General George W. Wickersham.

It was said today that geographically the name of Judge O'Brien will appeal to President Wilson, who is known to hold him in high esteem. The fact that the jurist is now in his sixty-fourth year may be an obstacle to his choice, as there has been a strong belief that President Wilson desired to appoint to the Supreme bench only men who would have before them the prospect of at least ten years of service before reaching the age of 70.

Ex-Justice O'Brien, however, is regarded by his friends as having an excellent prospect of being selected.

The impression also prevails in certain well-informed circles that the President has under consideration the name of William A. Glasgow of Philadelphia. Mr. Glasgow is a Virginian who has risen to a position of eminence in the Pennsylvania bar. He is a Democrat, and was Chairman of the Committee on Rules at the St. Louis convention.

JOHN WANAMAKER IS 78.

Enjoys Birthday Away from Home, While Congratulations Pour In.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 11. — Many messages of good cheer were sent today to John Wanamaker upon the occasion of his seventy-eighth birthday anniversary. He celebrated his natal day very quietly in another State. Numerous floral tributes were sent by his friends, who were unaware of Mr. Wanamaker's absence from the city.

His employes sent to him a telegram, which said: "We especially desire to express our veneration for your power, our devotion for your devotion, our loyalty for your loving kindness, our pride for your achievements, our rejoicing for your secure fame, and our renewed determination to follow straight on in the forward path illuminated by your genius."

It was said at the Wanamaker store here that Mr. Wanamaker would return within a few days. He was enjoying the best of health.

MISS RUTH COMSTOCK WEDS

Relatives Only at Her Marriage to Assemblyman Hoffman Nickerson.

Miss Ruth Comstock, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin S. Comstock of South Orange, N. J., and Hoffman Nickerson of 375 Park Avenue were married last evening in the Church of St. Mary the Virgin.

The ceremony was witnessed only by the immediate relatives. Besides the bride's parents there were present Andrew W. Lawrie, a cousin of the bridegroom, and Mrs. Lawrie, and Mrs. C. N. Nickerson. No previous announcement had been made of the marriage.

Mr. Nickerson is a graduate of Harvard, class of 1911, and belongs to the New York Athletic, Tuxedo, Republican, Jekyl Island, and Country Clubs. He is a member of the Assembly, representing the Twenty-seventh District, New York County.

The bride's father retired about six years ago from the leather business. He is a member of the American Alpine, Canadian Alpine, and the Explorers' Clubs, and has been to British Columbia eight times in exploring expeditions.

KEPT MARRIAGE SECRET.

Miss Elizabeth Chalfant and Irving S. Hance Wed on June 24.

The many friends of Miss Elizabeth Chalfant, the daughter of Edward T. Chalfant, a wealthy New York broker living in Yonkers, learned yesterday afternoon that she had been married on June 24 last to Irving S. Hance, also of Yonkers. The couple returned from their honeymoon and decided to immediately announce their marriage.

The ceremony was performed at the home of the parents of the bride in the Park Hill section of Yonkers, but the few who attended were pledged to secrecy.

Mr. Hance was formerly the husband of Helen Chapman Hance, also of Park Hill, but they were divorced in May last, and the friends of the bride believe that it was because of this that the secrecy of the second marriage was suggested.

MISS VIRA CORNELL ENGAGED.

Exhibitor of Hunters and Polo Ponies to Wed James P. Kineon.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Shiverick of Rye, N. Y., gave a dinner and dance last night at the American Yacht Club in Rye, at which they announced the engagement of Mrs. Shiverick's sister, Miss Vira Cornell, to James Perrin Kineon. About fifty guests were present.

Miss Cornell is well known to society, especially as a successful exhibitor of her hunters and polo ponies at the various horse shows.

Mr. Kineon is connected with the Long Island Railroad. He is a member of the Yale Club, and formerly belonged to Squadron A.

The wedding is to be celebrated next Autumn.

Allimony for Mrs. Pulitzer.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 11.—Mrs. Lillian Herne Pulitzer, formerly of the Navada Apartments, Manhattan, but now living in New Jersey, has been granted $30 a week alimony and $250 counsel fee pending the trial of her separation suit against Walter Pulitzer of Manhattan. Mrs. Pulitzer charges her husband with cruelty and inhuman treatment, and he makes a general denial of all her charges. He alleges that she has aspirations to become a "Broadway star."

Miss Edith Rothstein Engaged.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Rothstein of 302 West Eighty-seventh Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Edith Rothstein, to Henry Lustig of this city. The wedding will take place in the Fall.

Flagg-Ritter Engagement.

Mrs. Frederick W. Ritter of 2 Pinehurst Avenue, this city, formerly of Greenwich, Conn., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Dorothy Cushman Ritter, to Dr. P. J. Flagg of Yonkers, N. Y. No date has been set for the wedding.

Arrivals from Europe.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

HELLIG OLAV, (Copenhagen.)—Mrs. Mary Price, Mrs. Edith Polander, Mrs. Lorenz Spiers, H. Peterson, Miss Doris Anderson, L. Williamson, C. Willert, Miss Helen Ball, Mrs. Anne Wingel, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Brooke, Mrs. Nora Hansen, Dr. S. Irvine, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Clark, William Haller, and G. F. White.

TOURAINE, (Bordeaux.)—Rev. G. Bergan, H. Beardsley, Hugh A. Bayne, Rev. Daniel Burke, Louis Davies, Rev. A. Finn, J. Fouquet, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Haskell, Miss S. Jackson, P. Jourdan, Mrs. B. Liver, Dr. C. D. McCarthy, Mr. and Mrs. F. Pons, Rev. Alphonsus Romey, Miss P. Taylor, Olivier Wolcott, and Mr. and Mrs. P. Watel.

OLD DYCKMAN HOUSE NOW CITY MUSEUM

Farmhouse, Restored, Gift of Mrs. Bashford Dean and Mrs. A. McM. Welch.

HESSIAN HUT IN GARDEN

On Behalf of New York, Park Commissioner Cabot Ward Thanks the Donors.

The old Dyckman house, built in 1783, standing on the northwest corner of Broadway and 204th Street, was formally presented to the city of New York yesterday. It is the only farmhouse on Manhattan Island, and exemplifies, with its broad, graceful, gambrel roof, solid stone walls, capacious Dutch ovens in the kitchen and narrow porch, overlooking what was formerly the old Bloomingdale Road, all of the best architectural virtues of the early days of New York. With the house are four lots, only a small portion of the once extensive Dyckman acres, but sufficient to give the house a reminiscent setting, with old-fashioned roses blooming in the stone embankment in front and a Dutch garden in the rear.

The house and land, restored to seventeenth century style, were presented to the city by Mrs. Bashford Dean and Mrs. Alexander McMillan Welch as a memorial to their father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Michael Dyckman. Mrs. Dean and Mrs. Welch are descendants of the original Dyckman family that settled on what is now known as the Dyckman tract over 250 years ago, and whose name has been associated since 1660 with the history and growth of the northern end of Manhattan Island.

The presentation exercises were held on the back porch, overlooking a lawn occupied by guests and representatives of many historical and civic societies. The Rev. Dr. George S. Payson, pastor of the Mount Washington Presbyterian Church at Broadway and Dyckman Street, the church of the early Dyckmans, opened the exercises with prayer. Professor Bashford Dean of the Metropolitan Museum of Art made a short address explaining the desire of the donors to preserve the old house as a family memorial and as a city museum. Alexander M. Welch, the architect, had charge of the restoration of the old place, and presented the keys of the house to Park Commissioner Cabot Ward, who accepted the gift on behalf of the city. The keys hung from a huge ring, and were immense in size. Commissioner Ward paid a graceful tribute to the generosity of Mrs. Dean and Mrs. Welch.

"This gift is particularly welcome," said Commissioner Ward, "as it perpetuates the memory of a noble era in our history. It is a public service to keep before us the memory of such sturdy pioneers, of such self-sacrificing patriots as were the builders and tenants of this household. Their virtues of patriotism, courage, industry, and thrift and unselfish sacrifice for the good of their country provide an inspiring example to the present generation."

Reginald Pelham Bolton made an address on the historical associations of the Dyckman farm, and the exercises closed with a benediction by the Rev. Henry M. Dyckman of Westfield, Mass., a descendant of the family, and the unfurling of the Continental Army flag of the Revolutionary period by Miss Dorothy Dean, niece of Professor Bashford Dean and daughter of Thomas G. Dean. The flag had thirteen stars. It will be kept in the house

The guests were then invited to inspect the house. Under Professor Dean's management the rooms have been completely furnished almost exactly as when the Dyckman farmers lived there. The larger part of the family furniture has been contributed by Mrs. Dean and Mrs. Welch, which, for the time being, is loaned to the city. About the only concession to modern requirements were electric bulbs stuck into candle sockets. One room has been set apart as the local and Revolutionary museum, containing hundreds of relics dug up by Mr. Bolton and his investigators in the locality. The old smokehouse in the rear is a restoration that was copied from a picture of the original.

An addition is the log Hessian hut set in the middle of the Dutch garden. The hut has been reproduced as Mr. Bolton discovered it a few months ago in the hills west of the house. The wide fireplace is composed of the original bricks. There was a much discolored quart bottle with a few other utensils dug up with the Hessian hut.

A caretaker has been provided by the Park Department and the house will be open for public inspection every day of the week.

JAPAN'S SHIPS BAR ALIENS.

Under New Law, None May Be Officers or Engineers.

Captain George B. Beardsley, who returned yesterday from a business trip to Japan, Korea, and China, said the Japanese Government had adopted a new law for its mercantile marine that no alien commander, officer, or engineer should be employed on a Japanese ship. Those who have been in employment for years will be permitted to finish out their time, he added, but no aliens may be engaged to fill their places.

The Japanese companies employed native Captains and officers on their cargo boats, but the passenger liners across the Pacific and from Yokohama to London have been in charge of English commanders on deck and Scotch engineers below.

Captain Beardsley said the new hotel erected in Seoul, Korea, by the allied Japanese railroad companies, in its comfort, equipment, and service, is equal to any hotel in New York. He was in Peking when preparations were being made for the coronation of the late President Yuan Shih-kai, which did not take place. Thousands of dollars were spent, Captain Beardsley said, to gild, paint, and renovate all the palaces and temples in the Imperial City, many of which had not been touched for more than a hundred years.

The decorations have been left intact by the Government, and the general view of the city at sunset from the walls is most dazzling. He added that the Chinese officials had even gone so far as to clean the streets of the city for the expected ceremonies, which was a great surprise to old travelers.

TO GIVE LARGER JEWISH AID.

Free Sons Aim to Increase Membership and Resources.

At a special meeting of the Executive, Endowment and General Committees of the Independent Order Free Sons of Israel, representing 124 lodges in various parts of the country, yesterday at Free Sons Hall, 21 West 124th Street, it was decided to call a special convention next month to amend the constitution so as to permit women to be members, and also to reduce the age of admission from 21 to 18 years.

If this is done, it was announced, it will increase the national membership by over 100,000, and thus put the order into better shape to meet demands expected by all Jewish charitable and fraternal organizations at the close of the European war.

The speakers yesterday included Emil Tausig, Grand Master of the order; Maurice B. Blumenthal, General Counsel; M. A. Elias, Samuel Strasbourger, Harry Jacobs and Benjamin Blumenthal, the Grand Treasurer.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Seats for the Opera Season 1916-1917. A subscriber for two seats to the Metropolitan Opera in row "O" on the aisle on Wednesday night is desirous of exchanging them for Monday or Friday night. Room 1,307, 165 Broadway.

EMORY McCLINTOCK DEAD.

Former Actuary and Vice President of Mutual Life Insurance Co.

Emory McClintock, a Trustee and former Actuary of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, died on Monday at his home in Bay Head, N. J., in his seventy-sixth year. He was one of the best-known insurance men in this country when he resigned as Vice President and Actuary in November, 1911, being then appointed Consulting Actuary for the Mutual for "his distinguished services to the company." In addition he was a mathematician and wrote extensively on mathematical subjects.

Mr. McClintock was born in Carlisle, Penn., and was a son of the late Rev. Dr. John McClintock. He was graduated from Columbia College in 1859, later, in 1885, receiving the degree of LL. D. from that institution and in 1899 from Yale University. During 1859-60 he was a tutor of mathematics in Columbia, three years later going to England, where he was United States Consul General in Bradford until 1866.

On his return to this country Mr. McClintock became Actuary for the Asbury Life Insurance Company, where he remained until 1871, when he accepted the same position with the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwuakee, Wis. In 1899 he came here and joined the Mutual Life as Actuary. When Charles A. Peabody was elected President of that company in 1905 Mr. McClintock was elected a Vice President by the Board of Trustees, and assumed office at the same time as the new President, on Jan. 1, 1906.

Early in 1906 Mr. McClintock went abroad for his health, and on his return made the statement that the International Policy Holders' Committee, when considered as a committee, were "small potatoes," and that they reminded him of the college professor's definition of dirt, as "matter out of place." Samuel Untermyer, counsel for the committee, retorted with the statement that Mr. McClintock was "the head and front of the unspeakable old (McCurdy) régime." He followed this up by making public certain correspondence between Mr. McClintock and H. L. Holden, former general agent in Massachusetts for the company, in which Mr. McClintock directed Mr. Holden to "kill" certain legislation. It is said that these things preyed on Mr. McClintock's mind and were largely responsible for the stroke of apoplexy he suffered during October 1906.

Mr. McClintock was President of the Actuarial Society of America during 1895-97, and was a Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries of Great Britain since 1874. He was also formerly connected as a member or corresponding member with the Actuarial Societies of France, Belgium, and Germany, and was Vice President for the United States of the Permanent Committee of International Congresses of Actuaries, in charge of the arrangement of congresses which are held in the various countries. In addition, he was an honorary Fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, and a member of the Century and Morris County Golf Clubs, the Automobile Club of America, and the Sons of the American Revolution. He is survived by his wife, who was Miss Isabella Bishop of Trenton, N. J., and whom he married in 1890.

DONALD E. RICHARDSON DIES

U. S. Customs Collector Who Maintained Neutrality of Porto Rico.

Donald E. Richardson, for many years United States Collector of Customs for Porto Rico and also Commissioner of Insular Police, died suddenly on Monday from heart disease at 205 West Seventieth Street, in his forty-fourth year. Since the beginning of the war he had been active in maintaining the neutrality of that port, and it was through his orders that the German steamship Odenwald was halted when her Captain tried to run her out of the Harbor of San Juan without clearance papers. The steamer was fired on from El Morro, and returned to her dock. The incident became of international importance, and ended by the United States Government libeling the ship, which belongs to the Hamburg-American Line.

Mr. Richardson was born in Geneva, N. Y., and was a graduate of Hobart College, where he was a member of the Sigma Phi fraternity. He was one of the oldest in point of service of the Americans connected with the Porto Rican Government.

COL. W. B. HAYDEN DEAD.

Banker of Columbus, Ohio, Left a Fortune Estimated at $20,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

ALEXANDRIA BAY, N. Y., July 11.—Colonel W. B. Hayden of New York and formerly of Columbus, Ohio, died early this morning at his home, Fairyland, in the Thousand Islands, in his seventy-first year. He was one of the pioneer residents of the Thousand Islands and spent his Summers here with his family for the last forty-three years. He died from internal complications, including appendicitis and heart disease.

Colonel Hayden was born in Columbus, Ohio, and was the principal owner of the Hayden National Bank of that city. For many years he was prominently identified with the steel, saddlery, and hardware business there and is said to have left a fortune of $20,000,000.

He is survived by his wife, three daughters, a brother, his step-mother, and by nine grandchildren.

Billy Van, Minstrel, Dead.

William Van, a minstrel who was familiarly known on the stage as Billy Van, died yesterday in Bellevue Hospital. He was taken to the hospital from his home at 36 West Forty-sixth Street Saturday after he had been stricken with apoplexy. Mr. Van was born in Cincinnati about fifty-two years ago. The funeral services will be held this afternoon at 1 o'clock from the White Rats Club house, in West Forty-sixth Street. James W. Fitzpatrick, International President of the organization, will conduct the services, and he will be assisted by Harry Mountford, Junie McCrea, M. M. Barnes, James F. Dolan, and Jack McGowan.

DENY FEES TO EXECUTORS.

Appellate Division Overrules Lower Court in Hoagland Case.

George Leask and Thomas H. Hoagland, trustees and executors of the estate of Hudson Hoagland, valued at more than $700,000, will not receive the extra commissions allowed them by the Supreme Court, because the Appellate Division has set aside the award.

Of the total estate, $440,000 was left in trust for various beneficiaries, and the plaintiffs have possession of $200,000 as trustees of an incompleted trust. Of this amount they demanded half commissions as executors for turning the money over to themselves as trustees. Several of the beneficiaries under the will appealed from the decision allowing the commissions.

The Appellate Division said that the transfer of the money was merely a matter of bookkeeping and that in reality the money remained in their care. Then the opinion read:

"Multiple commissions are not so highly favored in the law that the terms of a will should be strained so as to permit of their payment. Upon this question we think that the appeal should prevail."

Mrs. Parsons Leaves $463,216.

Mrs. Mary E. Parsons, who died in Flushing several months ago and belonged to the family of Robert Parsons and his brother, Samuel Parsons, pioneer nurserymen in this State, left an estate valued at $463,216.90, according to Henry C. Johnson, Jr., Transfer Tax Appraiser of Queens. The estate owns the old Bowne house in Flushing, built in 1669. It is valued at $13,500, and in her will Mrs. Parsons requests her children to keep the old homestead and its contents intact.

ASK FOR and GET
HORLICK'S
THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
Cheap substitutes cost YOU same price

PAROCHIAL PUPILS FAVORED, IS CHARGE

Former Teacher in Cathedral College Sends Affidavit to Board of Education.

SEES FRAUD IN PROMOTIONS

Friends of Institution Say Allegations as to High School Admissions Are Groundless.

The charge that pupils of the parochial schools of this city were advanced illegally to seats in the public schools by means of fraudulent certificates of scholarship was forwarded to W. G. Willcox, President of the Board of Education, yesterday by Joseph T. Mahon, formerly Professor of English and History in the Cathedral College. Mr. Mahon put his charge in the form of a sworn statement.

Mr. Mahon says this is the third attempt he has made to put an end to the alleged abuse he charges. On Sept. 3 last he says he sent by special delivery to George J. Gillespie, Chairman of the Committee on Economy of the Board of Education, evidence to show what he called the expenditure illegally of about $150,000 of the public school money, and requested an investigation. He says none was made.

It was because of his protest against the issuance of such certificates that he was discharged, says Mr. Mahon, and he brought this matter to the attention of the University of the State of New York, which made an investigation, but "adjusted" things, he said.

Mr. Mahon says he examined many parochial school children who sought the certificate, and has in his possession examination papers which show the pupils unable even to distinguish between nouns and verbs. One of these tests for parochial school graduates was on "Our Civil War in the United States," according to Mr. Mahon, and here is an excerpt from an examination paper submitted by him:

"The civil war lasted from 1861 to 1865. The last battle of the civil war was the battle of Getesburg, when Adams was President of the United States. It was when General McKellan was chasing General Grant and his army in the Shenandoah Valley and when McKellan captured Grant's army."

Mr. Mahon received $1,800 a year salary at the Cathedral College, and brought suit for a year's salary after he quit the school. He lost this suit.

The Rev. Dr. William Hughes, President of the colllege, was out of town last night, and the Vice President, the Rev. J. J. O'Connor, could not be seen. One of the clergy said, however, that Mahon's charges were old, had all been tried, and had all fallen down.

Thomas Upham Dies at 105 Years.

BOSTON, July 11.—Thomas Upham, 105 years of age, and known as the oldest business man in this city, died today at his Summer home at Phillips Beach. While he had retired from active business life, he had attended to several interests until quite recently.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. TILLIE S. LESSLER, wife of ex-Congressman Montague Lessler, died on Monday at her home, 107 Central Avenue, Tompkinsville, S. I., in her forty-seventh year.

ROBERT W. COURTNEY of 73 Perry Street, who established the firm of Robert W. Courtney, dry goods, more than fifty-five years ago, died yesterday at his Summer home in Ocean Grove, N. J., in his eighty-fifth year. He was born in Ireland and came here in 1852, shortly afterward entering the dry goods business.

MICHAEL J. KEATING, former Chief of Police in Danbury, Conn., and the father of Dr. Arthur E. Keating, a leading Democratic politician in Queens, died yesterday at his home in Danbury, in his seventy-seventh year.

Mrs. HELMINE SINSHEIMER, wife of Joseph Sinsheimer, an officer of the R. & G. Corset Company, died on Sunday at her home, 509 West 110th Street, in her forty-seventh year.

Mrs. HENRIETTE H. BEUCHLER, widow of Dr. Charles W. Beuchler, died on Sunday at the home of her son, Dr. Augustus F. Beuchler, at 795 St. Nicholas Avenue, in her eighty-eighth year.

WILLIAM ORR, a grain merchant in Greene County, N. Y., for fifty years, died on Monday at his home in [illegible]'s Mills, N. Y., in his eighty-seventh year.

The Rev. ARTEMUS DEAN, said to be the oldest alumnus of Amherst College and a prominent Presbyterian clergyman, died yesterday at his home in Mount Carmel, Penn., in his ninety-third year.

Major JAMES H. DURHAM, active in the New York Grand Army of the Republic, died yesterday at his home in Cape Vincent, N. Y., in his ninety-fifth year.

LEOPOLD MAISCH, a veteran of the civil war and for many years in the hotel and restaurant business in Manhattan, died on Sunday at the home of his daughter, 2,422 Woodhaven Avenue, Brooklyn, in his eighty-fourth year. He is survived by his daughter Mrs. F. Weidmayer, and two sons, Leopold and A. T. Maisch.

Mrs. CAROLINE VON HOCKE, widow of William C. Von Hocke, a musician and orchestra director, died on Saturday at the home of her daughter, 591 East Forty-second Street, Flatbush. Sse was 70 years of age and was born in Germany.

MAX J. PERLMAN, 40 years old, a contracting decorator and builder of Flatbush, died on Monday at his home, 1,817 Nostrand Avenue, Brooklyn.

JOHN GAUCH, a retired bookbinder, died at his home, 97 Throop Avenue, Brooklyn, on Monday, aged 81 years. He was an Odd Fellow and a member of St. Mark's German Lutheran Church. Two daughters and a son survive him.

CHARLES J. McGARRY, 36 years old, a son of James P. McGarry, a Brooklyn builder, and for the last ten years employed by the Mergenthaler Linotype Company, died from Bright's disease on Monday at his home, 309 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn. He left a widow and a daughter.

ALFRED E. HANSON, Superintendent of the Hudson Realty Company, died on Sunday at his home, 3,223 Farragut Road, Brooklyn. He was born in Chicago fifty-eight years ago and was a member of Fulton Council, Royal Arcanum. His wife, four sons, and four daughters survive him.

HENRY R. CARRIER, 50 years old, an attorney, and for many years Supreme Court stenographer of the Fifth Judicial District, died in Oswego, N. Y., yesterday of heart disease.

GEORGE BOULTON, a boyhood friend of Andrew Carnegie, with whom he worked for the Pennsylvania Railroad in their youth, died on Sunday at his home in Ardsley-on-Hudson, in his eighty-third year.

Mrs. MARY MINOR BOTTS HOXSEY, widow of Benjamin W. Hoxsey of Paterson, died on Monday at her home in Tomkinsville, S. I., in her seventy-eighth year.

F. R. PATERSON, a member of the Assembly of this State and a prominent lawyer of Chautauqua County, died on Monday in the Chautauqua County Court at Mayville, N. Y.

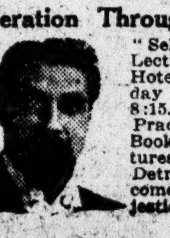
Mrs. MAUD LEWIS AIKMAN, wife of Robert Aikman of Madison, N. J., died yesterday morning in the Morristown Memorial Hospital, in her forty-fifth year.

Mrs. HELEN WILLIS MILLER, widow of Rear Admiral Joseph Nelson Miller, U. S. N., died on Monday at the home of her nephew, Robert M. Ogden, in Orange, N. J., in her sixty-fourth year.

Mrs. AGNES M. HUGUENIN, widow of Edgar Huguenin and a native of Brooklyn, died on Monday in Orange, N. J., in her seventieth year.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

DR. A. A. LINDSAY
"Liberation Through Thought"



"Self-Confidence"—Lectures, Seats Free. Hotel Majestic, Sunday and Tuesday, 8:15. Author 12 Practical Psychology Books; gave 1000 lectures in Cal. 400 in Detroit. Visitors welcome now. The Majestic.

SIR WM. WALLACE DIES.

He Notably Served the British Government for 32 Years in Nigeria.

LONDON, July 11.—Sir William Wallace, who was for thirty-two years in the service of the British Government in Nigeria, and who is said to have accomplished more than any other man in acquiring and consolidating British interests and political influence there, died today at his home in Devon.

He was a son of the late James Wallace of Aberbrothock, and was in his sixty-first year. During his long service in Nigeria he had concluded many treaties with native potentates and Fulani Emirs, and in 1894 concluded a treaty with the Sultan of Sokoto. In addition to his diplomatic and legislative work he took an active part in the military side of the British occupation and had served with more than thirty expeditions.

His work led, in a great measure, to the subjugation of the Fulani Nation and other native races, and to the acquisition of Nigeria for the British Empire. For his services Sir William had received the West African medals with five clasps and the Coronation medal. When the territories were transferred to the Crown in 1900 he became Resident General, and was also appointed Deputy High Commissioner and Acting Governor of Northern Nigeria, remaining in office until he retired from the Government service in 1910.

Sir William received the Murchison Grant from the Royal Geographical Society for his explorations in Nigeria. He is a Fellow of that society and a Companion of St. Michael and St. George, a Knight Commander of the same, and was knighted in 1907. Sir William was a member of the Devonshire and City Liberal Clubs.

Danish Islands Not to be Sold.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, July 12.—The Times understands on excellent authority that a report regarding the impending sale of the Danish West Indies, published in a Danish newspaper in Copenhagen, is without foundation.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born

ANCHESTER.—July 8, 117 West 118th St., to Mr. and Mrs. Anchester, a son.

Married

McALLISTER—HUNT.—On Tuesday, July 11, 1916, at the Church of the Holy Spirit in the City of New York, by the Rev. Richard O. Hughes, Lucie C. Hunt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hunt, to Alexander J. McAllister of Bronxville, N. Y.

NICKERSON—COMSTOCK.—Mr. and Mrs. B. S. Comstock of South Orange announce the marriage of their daughter, Ruth, to Mr. Hoffman Nickerson, at the Church of St. Mary the Virgin, Tuesday evening, July 11.

Long Island.

FOSTER—KEELER.—July 10, Richmond Hill, Genevieve Keeler to George B. Foster.

Died.

AIKMAN.—Tuesday, July 11, 1916, Maude Lewis Aikman.—Funeral services will be held at her late residence, Madison, N. J., on Thursday, July 13, at 3 o'clock. Interment Hillside Cemetery, Madison, N. J. Boston papers please copy.

BLANCHARD.—

Kane Lodge, No. 454, F. and A. M. Brethren: You are hereby requested to attend the funeral services of our late brother, James Armstrong Blanchard, from his late residence, 11 East 92d St., Wednesday, July 12, 1916, at 10 o'clock A. M.

ARTHUR CARTER HUME, Master.
HENRY W. PENOYAR, Secretary.

COLE. — Edmund Cooke, great-grandson of Captain Thomas Cole and member of Rhode Island Branch, Society of the Cincinnati. Members and friends are invited to attend services at 542 2d Av., Astoria, L. I., on Thursday evening, July 13, at 8 o'clock.

COURTNEY. — Tuesday, July 11, 1916, at Ocean Grove, N. J., Robert W. Courtney. Funeral services at his late home, 73 Perry St., New York City, Thursday afternoon, July 13, at 2 o'clock.

CRAWFORD.—On Tuesday, July 11, 1916, at his residence, 164 West 74th, Charles Gorham Crawford, beloved husband of Bandelia B. Crawford and son of the late Rev. John Crawford and Margaret Crawford. Notice of funeral hereafter.

DATES.—Suddenly, at Washingtonville, N. Y., July 10, 1916, Margaret Van Orden Dates, beloved wife of Frederick S. Dates. Funeral service at North Reformed Church, Passaic, N. J., July 13, at 2:30 P. M. Carriages meet 2:15 train, Erie, at Passaic station.

DUFFY.—At Lawrenceville, N. J., Mary J. Duffy, after a lingering illness. Interment private at convenience of family.

DURYEE.—Anna M., Sunday, July 9, 1916, at the residence of her niece, Mrs. Charles Taintor, Port Richmond, S. I. Funeral private.

EVERETT.—Eleanor, daughter of the late Harriet Emma Fagnani, died July 4, Paris, France.

FAY.—Suddenly, at Katonah, N. Y., July 11, 1916, Walter Fay, beloved brother of Mrs. William Norris. Funeral service at 3:30 P. M. Thursday, July 13, in chapel at Brookside Cemetery, Englewood, N. J. Boston papers please copy.

GATTI.—At his late residence, 2,223 85th St., Bensonhurst, Damenico Gatti. Funeral will take place Thursday, July 13, from his late home; thence to St. Mary, Mother of Jesus, Roman Catholic Church, 85th St. and 23d Av., Brooklyn, where a solemn high mass will be said at 10:30 o'clock for the repose of his soul. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

HALSEY.—William McDowell Halsey, Ph. D., formerly of New York City and Mount Vernon, in his 67th year, entered into rest on July 11 at Oswego, N. Y., after twenty years of illness. Funeral service and interment at Ithaca, N. Y.

HAMBRECHT.—On July 11, William A. Hambrecht, beloved husband of Annie Hambrecht, (nee Helmsky,) at his home, 1,223 St. John's Place, Brooklyn. Funeral Services July 12 at 8 P. M. Interment private.

HAMLIN.—After a brief illness, on Sunday, July 9, 1916, in the tenth year of her age, Marion Rayner, beloved daughter of Frederick E. and Alice Whittemore Hamlin of 284 New York Av., Brooklyn.

HARRISON.—At Montclair, N. J., on Monday, July 10, 1916, Katherine M., widow of Nathan Harrison. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 249 Valley Road, Wednesday, July 12, at 3:30 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

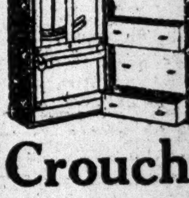
HERB.—At Deal Beach, N. J., Tuesday, July 11, 1916, Ernest H., beloved husband of Elizabeth Herb, (nee Schwarzwalder,) in his 69th year. Funeral service on Thursday, 13th inst., at 8 P. M., at his residence. 47 West 89th St. Interment private.

HERBIG.—On July 11, 1916, at his residence, 599 West 178th, Joseph C. Herbig, beloved husband of Ethel Herbig. Notice of funeral hereafter.

JOHNSTON.—At Elizabeth, N. J., July 11, 1916, Susan Woodruff, eldest daughter of the late James R. and Elizabeth C. Johnston of Savannah, Ga. Interment at Savannah, Ga.

KLEIN.—Theo., (nee Steinhacker,) on Monday, July 10, 1916. Funeral Wednesday morning, 11 o'clock, from Tauber's Undertaking Parlor, 441 East 74th St., New York. Interment Washington Cemetery.

LEAMY.—On July 11, 1916, Eileen T. Leamy, beloved daughter of Thomas and Mary Leamy of Askeaton Co., Limerick, Ireland, at her residence, 105 West 77th St. Requiem mass at the Church of the Holy Trinity, 82d St., near Broadway, on Thursday morning, July 13, at 9 o'clock.



Wardrobe Trunks of new and practical design from $55.

Crouch & Fitzgerald
Kit Bags *Motor Trunks*
Modern Luggage
14 West 40th St.
154 Fifth Ave., at 20th St.
177 Broadway

SAVES FRIEND; DROWNS.

Manhattan Man Loses His Life at South Beach, S. I.

After rescuing Benjamin Benedictis of 138 West Sixty-ninth Street, Adolph Gavin of the same address was drowned yesterday afternoon at South Beach, S. I.

Benedictis was rescued by Michael Schuleman of 208 Broad Street, Stapleton, who already has forty rescues to his credit.

Schuleman was coming along the board walk when he heard cries for help and saw two men struggling in the water. He threw down his bundle and taking off his coat, ran to the beach and swam out to the struggling pair. Both men grabbed him, but he broke their hold, and seizing Gavin by the hair, attempted to swim ashore with the other man clutching him about the neck. When almost ashore he lost his hold on Gavin's hair, but succeeded in landing Benedictis.

When he was resuscitated, Benedictis said that he was swimming well out when he was taken with cramps. He shouted for help, and his chum, who was lying on the beach, came to his assistance. Gavin, he said, was attempting to get him into shallow water when he became exhausted, and it was then that Schuleman saw his plight and came to the rescue.

The body of Gavin was not recovered.

Pallbearers for Justice Blanchard.

Funeral services for James Armstrong Blanchard, former Justice of the Supreme Court, who died on Sunday after a brief illness, will take place at 10 o'clock this morning at his late home, 11 East Ninety-second Street. Dean Grosvenor of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine will officiate. The honorary pallbearers will be Justice Henry A. Gildersleeve, William R. Willcox, Morgan J. O'Brien, Justice John Proctor Clarke, Edward E. McCall, Benjamin N. Cardoza, General Anson G. McCook, Senator James A. O'Gorman, Henry J. Hirsch, Warren Leslie, Abraham G. Mills, and Athur Carter Hume. The interment will take place in Woodlawn Cemetery.

Died.

LESSLER.—Monday, July 10, Tillie, (nee Sondheimer,) beloved wife of Montague Lessler, at her home, 107 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I. Services at home, Thursday, July 13, at 10 A. M. Interment at convenience of family. It is particularly requested that flowers be omitted, with the respectful suggestion that friends desiring to show their love, affection, and esteem, will send them to the Lakeview Home, at Arrochar, S. I., in which Mrs. Lessler was interested, and to which she gave service for many years.

LESSLER.—Officers and Directors of Lakeview Home record with sorrow the death of their fellow-worker, Mrs. Montague Lessler. Affiliated with the organization since its inception, she served us faithfully for many years as Recording Secretary, and only ceased to give service when overtaken by her long and fatal illness. To the bereaved family heartfelt sympathy is extended and the sense of great loss.

MRS. JOSEPH PROSKAUER, President.
MRS. HENRY BLOCH, Secretary.

MATTMANN.—On Sunday, July 9, Charles C. Mattmann. Funeral services at his late residence, Shore Road, Astoria, L. I., Wednesday, July 12, 10:30 A. M. Carriages will be at Flushing and Van Alst Av., Astoria, at 9:30 to 10:15 A. M. to convey friends to residence. Interment private.

McCLINTOCK.—Suddenly, on July 10, at his residence, Bayhead, N. J., Emory McClintock, aged 75 years. Funeral services at All Saints' Church, Bayhead, Thursday, the 13th, at 11 o'clock. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery.

MILLER.—On Monday, July 10, 1916, at the residence of Robert M. Ogden, 493 Central Av., East Orange, N. J., Helen Wills, widow of Rear Admiral Joseph Nelson Miller, U. S. N., in her 66th year. Interment at Arlington Cemetery, Washington, D. C.

MITCHELL.—On Monday night, July 10, Rebecca E., beloved sister of Anna and Lewis Mitchell. Funeral Wednesday from her late residence, 1,129 Madison Av., at 10 A. M.

PFENDER.—July 10, 1916, Eliza Depew Pfender of Plainfield, N. J., widow of Carl Pfender. Funeral at Church of the Transfiguration, 29th St., near 5th Av., New York, 11 A. M., Wednesday, July 12, 1916.

RICHARDSON.—Suddenly in New York, Donald E. Richardson, Collector of Customs of Porto Rico. Brief prayer service at the West End Collegiate Church, West End Av. and 77th St., Wednesday, 6:45 P. M. Interment at Geneva, N. Y., Thursday, 11 A. M.

ROSENBERG.—On Tuesday, July 11, Joseph, beloved son of Ignatz and Rose Rosenberg. Funeral private Thursday, July 13. Interment Union Fields Cemetery, Cypress Hills, 11 A. M.

ROSENTHAL.—Passover Relief Associataion members are respectfully requested to attend the funeral of Mr. Rosenthal, father of our Vice President, from his late residence, 911 East 176th St., today, at 1:20 P. M.

M. SILVERSTEIN, President.
ADOLPH SCHWARTZBAUM, Secretary.

SCHMITT.—Monday evening, July 10, 1916, at her home, 152 West 13th St., Hermine Schmitt, beloved mother of Karlina, Annie, Frank Eugene, Robert F., and F. Lorenz. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

SHELLER.—Suddenly, on Monday, July 10, 1916, Laura E. Sheller, daughter of the late Adam and Elizabeth Swift Sheller, at the residence of her uncle, John J. Wylie, 81 Lenox Road, Rockville Centre, L. I. Funeral Thursday, July 13, 1916, at 10 A. M., from St. Agnes R. C. Church, Rockville Centre, L. I. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

STERN.—Alexander, on July 11, 1916, at his late residence, 46 Fort Washington Av., beloved husband of Rosa Stern and dear father of Ruth Stern and Beatrice S. Baumann. Notice of funeral hereafter.

STEVENS.—On Monday, July 10th, 1916, at his residence at Lawrence, L. I., Alexander Henry, in his 83d year, son of the late Byam Kerby and Frances Gallatin. Funeral Wednesday, July 12, at St. John's Church, Far Rockaway, L. I., on the arrival of the train leaving New York, Pennsylvania Station, at 10 A. M. Returning train arrives in New York at 12:36 P. M.

STEVENS.—Sons of the Revolution in the State of New York.—The members of this society are requested to attend the funeral services of their late associate, Alexander Henry Stevens, at St. John's Church, Far Rockaway, L. I., on Wednesday, July 12, on arrival of the train leaving New York, Pennsylvania Station, at 10 A. M.

ROBERT OLYPHANT, President.

TWIDY.—At Mount Vernon, N. Y., Tuesday, July 11, 1916, Marie C., wife of William A. Twidy. Funeral services at the residence, 24 South 11th Av., Thursday, 13th inst., at 8 o'clock P. M. Interment private in Greenwood Cemetery.

Died.

WEIL.—After a lingering illness, Ray Weil, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Weil of Brooklyn. Funeral services at her residence, 204 West 110th St., Wednesday, July 12, at 2 P. M. Interment Mount Hope Cemetery, Cypress Hills.

BRENNAN.—Patrick, 601 West 182d St., July 9. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

BROWN.—Emma, Great Kills, July 9, aged 79. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

CLARKSON.—Bridget, Harlem Hospital, July 9.

[illegible].—Anna, July 10. Funeral 128th St. and Madison Av., tomorrow, 9 A. M.

CURTIN.—Jeremiah, 1,107 3d Av., July 10. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

DARBY.—Mary A., 1,732 Clay Av., Bronx, July 9. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

DENVIR.—Elizabeth, 541 West 142d St., July 10. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

DONOHUE.—John, 1,081 Lexington Av., July 10. Funeral notice later.

FLYNN.—Theresa, 78 Westchester Sq., Bronx, July 10. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

GALLAGHER.—Jennie C., 847 Hudson St., July 10. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

GIESENBERG.—Christiane, 342 East 137th St., July 10, aged 64. Funeral tomorrow.

HOXSEY.—Mary M. B., Tompkinsville, S. I., July 10, aged 78.

HUGHES. — Catherine, 366 West 125th St., July 9. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

KEHOE. — Kate, 585 Broome St., July 10. Funeral today, 8:30 A. M.

KRUGER.—Herman, 89 West 11th St., July 9, aged 59. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

McCORMICK. — Patrick, 518 West 53d St., July 10. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

McGLADE.—Charles L., 281 Alexander Av., Bronx, July 10. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

MURRAY.—Thomas, 50 Audubon Av., July 8.

PHILBEN. — Thomas, 253 East 52d St., July 9.

SEVIN.—Estelle, July 10, aged 36. Funeral 75 West 47th St. today, 10 A. M.

SHIELDS.—James T., 825 East 39th St., July 10. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

SMITH.—John J., Jr., 606 East 18th St., July 9, aged 34. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SUESSAN. — Gertrude, 260 Woodworth Av., July 10.

YOUNG. — Eliza, 68 East 90th St., July 9, aged 76.

Brooklyn.

BARKER.—Herbert J., Jr., 678 Mansfield Place, July 10. Funeral today, 3 P. M.

BAYLISS.—Joseph F., 962 Atlantic Av., July 10. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

BRICKLEY.—Thomas, 70 Columbia St., July 10. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

CRYBIER.—Walter E., 815 56th St., July 10. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

DAUSEN.—Elizabeth, 1,859 Madison St., July 10.

DOYLE.—John J., 88 Court St., July 10. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

FERKEL.—Elizabeth, 32 John St., July 10. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

GAUCH.—John, 97 Throop Av., July 10, aged 81. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

KELLY.—Mary, 2,275 Church Av., July 9, aged 63. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

KIBFER.—Bertha, 1,373 Putnam Av., July 11, aged 47. Funeral tomorrow.

KISSINGER.—Christian, 1,052 Forest Av., July 9. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

KOEVOETS.—Margaret E., 1,018 Putnam Av., July 9. Funeral today, 10:30 A. M.

McGARRY.—Charles J., 309 Greene Av., July 10. Funeral tomorrow.

MEYER.—Claus J., 224 Stuyvesant Av., July 9, aged 67. Funeral today.

MORGENTHALER.—Jacob, 183 Lincoln Road, July 10, aged 72. Funeral today.

MURPHY.—James J., 680 Carroll St., July 10. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

OLSEN.—Dorothy, 188 Baltic St., July 9, aged 6. Funeral private.

PERLMAN.—Max J., 1,817 Nostrand Av., July 10.

PURTILL.—Matthias, 33 Driggs Av., July 9. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

QUINN.—James J., 196 Wyckoff St., July 10. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

ROBESON.—Olive, 467 Clermont Av., July 10. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SCHNEPF.—Joseph, Jr., 2,049 Gates Av., July 9, aged 29. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

SPINK.—Katherine, 438 Humboldt St., July 9, aged 53. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

BAKER.—James H., 10 Nevins St., Jersey City, July 9, aged 35.

BINDA.—Charles, 731 Dubois St., West Hoboken, July 8, aged 4.

BURKE.—John J., 93 Central Av., Jersey City, July 10. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

BYRNE.—Bernard, 240 Garden St., Hoboken, July 9. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

CLAIR.—Michael, 14 Berkeley Place, Jersey City, July 10.

COLBATH.—Ellen, 494 Grove St., Jersey City, July 10. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

COUGHLIN.—Mary, 22 Marion Place, Jersey City, July 9. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

DOEPNER-SIEVERS.—Louise A., 936 Washington St., Hoboken, July 8, aged 72.

FESTE.—Henry A., 1,016 Hudson St., Hoboken, July 9, aged 84. Funeral today, 11 A. M.

GAVIN.—Beatrice [illegible] Bidwell Av., Jersey City, July 10. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

GILROY.—John, 13 Nassau St., Newark, July 10. Funeral today, 10:30 A. M.

HAMMETT.—Thomas, 12 Charles St., Jersey City, July 9, aged 43.

HOSER.—Anna, 504 Spring St., West Hoboken, July 9, aged 47. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HULSBERG.—Marie, 18 School St., Newark, July 9, aged 42.

MATHEKE.—Elsie M., 235 New York Av., July 10. Funeral notice later.

PIERCE.—Elizabeth, 478 Grand St., Jersey City, July 11. Funeral notice later.

QUINLAN.—Michael, 64 Park Av., Hoboken, July 9. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

SMITH.—Carrie, 508 Grand St., Hoboken, July 9, aged 46.

WEST.—Nettie, 148 Hutton St., Jersey City, July 9. Funeral private.

WINKEL.—William, 700 Dodd St., West Hoboken, July 10, aged 52. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

Long Island.

FITZGERALD.—Walter H., Woodhaven, July 10, aged 33. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

MAISCH.—Leopold, Woodhaven, July 9, aged 84.

In Memoriam.

DOLAN.—Bridget, mass St. Patrick's Cathedral, Newark, today, 8 A. M.

McCAGUE.—Mary R., mass Blessed Sacrament Church, today, 9 A. M.

McKENNA.—Rev. Patrick J., mass St. Joachim's Church, Cedarhurst, L. I., today, 10 A. M.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolleys.
Office, 20 East 23d St., New York.
Lots of small size for sale.

Crocker MOURNING HOUSE
HATS, GOWNS, WAISTS, VEILS, NECKWEAR, FURS
375 5th Ave., at 35th St.
Boston—Copley Square

10,000 VACATIONS WANTED

Not merely wanted, but badly needed by tired mothers, undernourished children and sickly babies of the tenements.

Will YOU rescue some of them from their stifling homes amid sun-baked streets and send them to

SEA BREEZE
COOL—RESTFUL—HEALTH-GIVING.

Allow three dollars a week, or fifty cents a day, for each one. Forward the amount to George Blagden, Treasurer, Room 210, 105 East 22nd Street, New York City.

NEW YORK ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE CONDITION OF THE POOR.
Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr., President.

OWNS 154 BANKS BY 'SAFETY FIRST'

"Uncle Billy" Witham Brings 100 Officers to New York for Convention.

TO LOOK OVER CITY TODAY

Says Rabbits in Burrow Showed McAdoo, Fellow-Georgian, How to Build Tunnels.

"Uncle Billy" Witham of Atlanta, Ga., and 100 officers of his 154 country banks in Georgia and Florida, came to New York last night on a special train and registered at the Endicott Hotel, Columbus Avenue and Eighty-first Street. Today Mr. Witham and his party will be entertained by bankers of the city, get a view from the top of the Woolworth Building, and enjoy the crowds and the surf at Coney Island. Last night he was busy until late laying out a program of coming events.

"Yes, Sir," he said, tapping the floor vigorously with his cane, "you want to remember it was a Georgia boy that pushed the tunnels under the North River and made New York City a way station between Newark and Sag Harbor. 'Billy' McAdoo got the idea while he was chasing rabbits on our farm in Georgia by watching how the rabbits always doubled through a hole when anybody was after 'em. If it hadn't been for that those tunnels never would have been built, most likely."

Mr. Witham said he and the members of his party were in New York City to hold their regular out-of-town convention, a custom started by him soon after he went back to Georgia from New York City, thirty years ago, and started the first of his system of rural banks.

"Don't call them chain banks," admonished Uncle Billy. "Chain banks are un-American and never succeeded here and probably never will. The Witham system is a community interests banking system which has two mottoes—safety first, and success. The officers of its banks go outside of Georgia every five or seven years to hold their convention, on the theory that it is good for the officers and good for the business. While we are in New York City we will make a trip to West Point, and shake hands with the boys whose fathers have money in the Witham banks.

"Why do we only hold these conventions every five or seven years? Because conventions are like Barnum's shows, once every five or seven years is enough. We always hold 'em in foreign towns—that is towns outside of Georgia, like in Chicago when there is a fair, in St. Louis when there is an exposition, in Atlantic City and Asbury Park when the weather is good, and in New York City any time. You can't come to New York City in an odd season."

Mr. Witham tapped the floor vigorously again.

"You can say that when we left Atlanta on July 4 more than 50,000 of its citizens were taking part in a great preparedness parade. We went from Atlanta to Norfolk and we took a boat ride over the very course over which the Deutschland entered the harbor. And right here I'd like to say that it was one of the greatest things any submarine ever did, and the Germans are to be congratulated."

Mr. Witham took out of his pocket a copy of a telegram he had sent to Captain Koenig immediately after arriving in New York City. It read:

> Captain Koenig, Super-Submarine Deutschland, Baltimore, Md.
>
> Over one hundred Witham bankers, now in convention here, send greetings and congratulations to you and the crew for their splendid achievement in conquering the sea with the first submersible merchantman.
>
> W. S. WITHAM.

From Norfolk the Witham bankers went to Baltimore, Annapolis, and Washington, reaching Atlantic City on last Saturday.

"And you might also say," said Mr. Witham, "that the Witham system of banks had all the useful features of the National Reserve Banking system before the Government took it over. These features were a part of our methods from the first and were responsible for their success. There are some banks who in times of trouble could do only one thing, and that was to nail a plank across the door and whistle for a friendly receiver, but during three financial panics and eight periods of financial stress not a single Witham bank has ever failed. The Witham plan began with a financial agent, just as the board at Washington of the National Reserve system is the financial agent of its member banks.

"We have had one financial agent from the first, and this is the Bankers' Trust Company of Georgia, which has about $1,000,000 of its own money and a credit for more than five times more. It's task is an easy one to care for all these banks because all of the banks are small ones. But they are safe, and they are successful."

The Witham bankers will remain in New York until Saturday, when their convention will close, and they will return to their homes.

STATE LOSES STAMP SUIT.

Brokers Obtain Refund of About $650,000 for Stock Transfer Tax.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 11.—Van Antwerp, Bishop & Co., New York brokers, have won their action against the State, attacking the legality of stock transfer stamps affixed to stock certificates under an amendment to the tax law, which has been declared unconstitutional. By the decision of the Court of Appeals today, the State must pay claims amounting to about $350,000. Justice Chase wrote the opinion of the court and held that the brokers were entitled to the entire amount of stamps they used on stocks. For the firm or a member thereof or for customers who then were and now remain indebted to the firm, or on stocks for customers where the amount was deducted from the customer's account in remitting the proceeds of sale of stock to them. Justice Seabury filed a dissenting opinion.

ICE-BY-WEIGHT CRUSADE.

Bureau Takes Action Against All Who Retail by the Piece.

A rigid investigation into the ice supply in the city is to be made by the Bureau of Weights and Measures.

"The matter has been taken up with our Chief Inspector, who will put twenty men of his field staff to work," said Deputy Commissioner Fred H. Tighe yesterday, speaking for Commissioner Hartigan, who is ill. "It is going to be a big crusade to see that the ice is sold by weight instead of by the piece. Weighing prevails in some residential districts, but in many places it is not done, and families receive short measure.

"The piece sellers will take a 300-pound cake of ice and divide it, always estimating it at the same weight, while, as a matter of fact, it diminishes rapidly. We will round up those people, penalize them, and when they have been separated from their money a few times they will consider things differently.

"We will start our men out in the morning at 4 o'clock, and they will first visit the docks, the receiving stations for ice, and then they will visit some of the cellars from which ice is sold and see how it is done. Every one must be made to weigh the ice before it is delivered."

NO UNDERWOOD TRADE BAN.

Witness in Dick Co.'s Inquiry Says Supplies Were Sold to All.

E. G. Smith of the Underwood Duplicator Company of New Haven was a witness yesterday in the Post Office Building before Commissioner Will H. Parry of the Federal Trade Commission, who is investigating the complaint of alleged violations of Section 3 of the Clayton anti-monopoly law against the A. B. Dick Companies of New Jersey and Illinois and the Neostyle Company of this city.

Answering a question of Colonel W. P. Chantland, Special Assistant Attorney General, Mr. Smith admitted that he had always impressed upon purchasers of Underwood duplicators the advisability of buying supplies that would give satisfactory results, but had never attempted to dictate to customers. Contracts for supplies, the witness explained, were separate from those for the sale of machines. Supplies, Mr. Smith said, were sold to anybody having a machine which had not been purchased under an exclusive restrictive license. There were no restrictions, he added, in connection with the purchase and sale of Underwood duplicators.

Some of the other witnesses whose testimony tended to enlarge the scope of the inquiry were Sterling Elliott of the Elliott Addressing Company, Cambridge, Mass.; E. W. Illes, Manager of the New Writer Press Company, and Albert Isaacs of the Peck Duplicator Company. The hearing will be continued today.

LORIMER GETS NEW START.

4,000 Depositors in His Defunct Bank to Aid Ex-Senator.

CHICAGO, July 11.—William Lorimer, former United States Senator, today started out to restore his fortune. Four thousand depositors of the defunct La Salle Street Trust and Savings Bank who lost money in the failure of that institution, of which he was President, at a mass meeting last night pledged themselves to assist him to reimburse them.

The former Senator told the depositors how public men he "had made" had "turned him down," and how former friends among bankers had turned their heads when he asked aid.

Lorimer recently was tried and acquitted on a charge of conspiracy to wreck his bank.

Wool Demand Strong in London.

LONDON, July 11.—The wool auction sales were resumed today, with offerings of 8,500 bales. It was a moderate selection, but the demand was strong, and merinos advanced 5 to 7½ per cent. and crossbreds sold from unchanged to 5 per cent. higher. Shabby crossbreds declined 5 per cent. New South Wales scoured sold as high as 3s 3d and Tasmanian greasy at 2s 3d.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 11.—Thirty-five corporations chartered today had aggregate capitalizations of $1,997,000. They included:

Flint & Co., Inc., organization of industrial corporations, merchandising, shipping, $1,500,000; W. B. and C. R. Flint, F. R. Cordley, 120 Broadway.

Malone Bronze Powder Works, Inc., Malone, base and combined metals, metal powders, publishers, $100,000; F. H. Bryant, S. Schopflocher, R. E. Thorne, 355 Craig St., West Montreal, Province of Quebec.

Hocking Valley Clay Products Co., Inc., contractors, clay products, electric work, trucking, $100,000; W. Ward, S. U. Hopkins, W. J. Kingden, 51 Chambers St.

Universal Lubricant Co. of America, Inc., Binghamton, varnishes, shellac, auto cleaners, petroleum products, $50,000; A. G. Dealmuter, P. J. Gallagher, W. F. Eggleston, Oneonta.

Bankers Foster Service, Inc., advertising, $40,000; A. R. Fregosson, W. G. Foster, C. B. Reynolds, 220 West 42d St.

Globe Barber Fixture Co., Inc., merchandise for barbers, manicurists, chiropodists, $20,000; E. L. Conrol, F. L. Hurt, J. S. Shields, 208 West 108th St.

The Avocado Fruit Co., Inc., realty, manage, develop fruit orchards, capital no par value, begin business with $5,000; D. Smith, H. Ivers, J. J. Barbell, 471 Humboldt St., Brooklyn.

Baird-Daniels Co., Inc., Hornell, whiskey, wines, distilling products, capital no par value, begin business with $5,000; H. G. Wenzel, Jr., A. R. Balmer, F. R. Searles, 46 Cedar St., Manhattan.

The Victor Printing Co., Inc., stationers, printers, publishers, paper manufacturers, $10,000; N. B. MacMan, A. Rose, M. Susinsky, 23 Worth St.

Pilgrim Waist Co., Inc., ladies' waists, wearing apparel, $10,000; K. and L. C. Copperstein, S. Gesthweir, 551 East 11th St.

K. A. S. Co., Inc., Buffalo, preparations to destroy tree stumps, clean farm lands, $10,000; C. D. Coyle, H. C. Jones, H. Bergweger, 9 Colonial Circle, Buffalo.

F. A. Stupplebeen Motors Corp., Hudson, autos, motor trucks, accessories, repair shop, $15,000; C. D. Barry, A. D. Grant, F. A. Stupplebeen, Hudson.

Perfection Suspender Co., Inc., Binghamton, patents, suspenders, hose supporters, $25,000; J. L. Weir, B. L. and B. B. McFadden, Binghamton.

Clemens Electrical Corp., Buffalo, electric fuses, soldering iron, buzers, transformers, $10,000; L. E. Levee, J. G. Clemens, L. G. Smith, Farnham.

Starkey Office Supply Co., Inc., machinery, office supplies, printing, lithographing, $10,000; S. J. Walsh, H. B. Corey, L. H. Starkey, 216 William St.

C. W. Kalb Electric Co., Inc., contracting, mechanical engineers, realty, construction, development, $10,000; J. F. Sandhoff, W. S. Davis, C. W. Kalb, 150 Nassau St.

J. B. Toomey Contracting Co., Inc., construction, machinery, $10,000; E. W. Hubbard, J. B. Toomey, W. M. Keppel, 11 Cambridge Place.

Paris Importing and Manufacturing Corp., dressmaking, tailoring, furs, $5,000; B. Lieberman, H. Jacmowitz, I. Katz, 1,908 Crotona Av., Bronx.

Metropolitan Match Co., Inc., $5,000; F. Pagani, J. Martin, J. A. Hener, 327 West 21st St.

Bjorkman Institute, Inc., mechanical, manual training, gymnasium, surgical instruments, appliances, $5,000; W. D. Morgan, C. L. Hansen, M. E. Bjorkman, 1,255 Lexington Av.

Richelieu Holding Co., Inc., realty, agency, brokerage, $5,000; A. G. Scheer, H. L. Geller, N. M. Kaplan, 140 Broadway.

Bagoe, Inc., New Rochelle, chemists, druggists, $10,000; N. Danforth, E. F. Roehm, W. A. Moore, 54 Laurel Place, New Rochelle.

Lion Trimming Co., Inc., braids, velvets, silks, trimmings, $5,000; B. Schuminsky, A. Leviton, D. Strauss, 120 St. Mark's Place.

Nemo Skirt Co., Inc., ladies' wearing apparel, $5,000; N. Marmelstein, N. Seltzer, L. J. Marmelstein, 1,324 Seabury Place, Bronx.

Iwanta Doll Co., Inc., toys, dolls, $5,000; L. Spitz, T. and L. Levy, 536 West 163d St.

Sport Suit and Coat House, Inc., wearing apparel, $10,000; J. Snyder, S. Phirscichbaum, S. Solomon, 9 West 35th St.

Authorization: Killan & Clark, Inc., Hoboken, N. J., brokerage, commission, food products, $50,000. Representative, F. C. Killan, 100 Hudson St., New York.

Capital Increases: Superno Co., Inc., Manhattan, $25,000 to $174,000; the Motormeter Co., Inc., New York, $50,000 to $75,000, Adding Machine Inspection and Sales Co., Manhattan, $2,000 to $5,000.

Voluntary Dissolutions: Franklin Bigelow Corp., Manhattan; Baird Daniels Co., Manhattan; Krewak Products Co., Inc., Manhattan; Utica Assets Realization Corp., Utica.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., July 11.—Charters filed: C. T. Coe Co., Newark, manufacture mill supplies, tools, leather, &c., $250,000; Charles T. Coe, Elsie Coe, Frank Coe, Jersey City.

Western Pacific Lumber Co., Newark, deal in lumber, $300,000; John Stevenson, Portland, Ore.; Martin W. Hillmyer, Newark; Harry A. Silvey, Brooklyn.

Garfield Flower Co., Inc., Garfield, deal in flower seeds, plants, &c., $5,000; Isadore Shemin, Brooklyn; Max J. Weinman and David Harnett, New York City; Samuel Shemin, Bayonne.

Wadell, Bowen & Jackson, Inc., Rahway, manufacture machinery and dies, $1,000; Albert H. Wadell, Rahway; George F. Bowen, Providence, R. I.; Walter W. Jackson, Sewarren, N. J.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., July 11.—Charters filed: Electric Standard Railways Company, build and operate railways, &c., $1,000,000; George L. Campbell, Harry R. Noll, Harry W. Lekens, all of Williamsport, Penn.

Eastern Securities Company, deal in all kinds of investments, $1,000,000; C. C. Collins, H. C. Barker, R. F. Button, W. C. Bryan, C. W. Brown, all of St. Louis, Mo.

Baird-Daniels Company, deal in and with investments of all kinds, $25,000; E. J. Daniels, Ridgway, N. J.; H. B. Jagos, Earl Ghines, Forest Hills, N. J.; Edward K. Davis, New York; Frank B. Searles, East Orange, N. J.

In noting the incorporation of the Bromine Products Company, the name was incorrectly given as the Broma Products Company, Lawrence Weld and Benjamin W. Colvin, instead of Lawrence Weld and Bunyan W. Colvis, were among the incorporators.

EX-CONVICT LAUDS HONESTY

Praises the Square Boss in Address to Salesmen.

DETROIT, July 11.—Frank Goewey Jones, a former Muskegon, Mich., manufacturer who served a term in Ionia Prison for embezzlement after his plant became bankrupt, delivered an address on "Integrity" to the World's Salesmanship Congress here today. Mr. Jones while at Ionia was known as a "model prisoner."

"Bosses are learning the business value of integrity and are adopting it," he said. "The only way to avoid being caught in dishonesty, tell the boss, is to be completely honest always. None of you salesmen need to be told about the bliss there is in working for a square boss. A house of integrity, represented by a salesman of integrity and doing business with customers of integrity, would make a combination equivalent to heaven."

"Choosing Men" was the subject of an address by Brown Landone of Paris. Mr. Landone was Director General of the International Social and Civic Exposition.

"The only reliable test of the true value of a man is how the brain mechanism works," he said. "General observation may be made specific by observing and testing every factor which indicates the man, his nature, his impulses, and actual working of the mind and brain mechanism within."

C. Louis Allen of New York, another speaker, said that the duty of "Awakening Americanism" was a "job for salesmen." He criticised business methods of the Government because, he said, the Government did not have business experts in charge of all its departments.

"We make speeches about ship subsidy at merchants' banquets," he said, "and that's about as far as it goes. We haven't taken the first steps to translate the term 'ship subsidy' for the American people. Car shortage, for instance, is a term every farmer understands. Car shortage sends a chill down every farmer's back. So if we will just drop the term 'ship subsidy' and talk to the American people in terms of 'ship shortage' they will understand."

START WAR ON HESSIAN FLY.

Soil Improvement Experts Want to Combat Ravages of the Pest.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., July 11.—A campaign to combat the ravages of the destructive Hessian fly throughout the United States was announced here today following the meeting of the Soil Improvement Committee of the National Fertilizer Association, in convention here this week. The agronomists of the staff assert that millions of bushels of wheat may be saved each year if farmers will adopt the methods favored by the agricultural experts of the country.

The object of the campaign will be to present to the farmers the life history of the Hessian fly and the best methods advocated by the United States Department of Agriculture and State experiment stations to stamp out the pest.

Two hundred members of the association with their families attended a program of gymkhana sports at the Casino last night where a dozen or more negro golf caddies entertained them with watermelon and pie-eating contests. An orchestra furnished music for dancing, and some vaudeville features were given.

BOSTON ELEVATOR MEN QUIT

Strike Causes Office Building Tenants to Climb the Stairs.

BOSTON, July 11.—A strike of elevator operators which was begun yesterday was extended today, with the result that hundreds of persons had to climb stairs in many office buildings.

Some buildings were not affected by the walkout, others had no operators, while a few were served by two or three of their eight or ten cars.

The strikers demand a weekly wage of $15 and an eight-hour day.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Alfonso XIII., at Corunna, July 3.
SS Lindenhall, at Rotterdam, July 9.
SS Tyskland, at Rotterdam, July 9.
SS Quernstad, at Pauillac, July 4.
SS Lena Maersk, at Nantes, July 4.
SS Knut Hamsum, at Bergen, July 1.
SS Ellen, at Vladivostok, June 30.
SS Strathallyn, at La Pallice, July 6.
SS Cedric, at Liverpool, July 11.
SS Kentuckinian, at Montevideo, July 8.

Sailed.

SS Acre, from Santos, July 10.
SS Sahara, from Oran, June 29.
SS Loredano, from Palermo, July 1.
SS Tyrica, from Lisbon, July 1.
SS Maasdyk, from Rotterdam, July 9.
SS Amsteldyk, from Rotterdam, July 9.
SS Karachi Maru, from Panama, July 11.
SS Tenadores, from Colon, July 11.

Passed.

SS Macedon, New York for Port Natal, passed St. Helena.
SS Montebello, New York for Hull, passed Lizard.
SS Artemis, New York for Karachi, passed Perim.
SS Agros Georgios, New York for Barcelona, passed Gibraltar.
SS Brookby, New York for Southampton, passed Prawle Point.

Transatlantic Mails.

Great Britain, Ireland, and South Africa, (also specially addressed correspondence for other countries except Germany, Austria, Hungary, Luxemburg, Bulgaria, Serbia, Turkey, Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, and Denmark,) via Liverpool, at 8:30 A. M., (supplementary, 10 A. M.)—Celtic ....July 12

Italy, Rumania, Switzerland, and Greece, via Naples, at 11:30 A. M., (supplementary, 12:30 P. M.)—San Guglielmo ....July 12

Gibraltar, (Italy, Rumania, Switzerland, and Greece must be specially addressed for dispatch by this steamer,) via Gibraltar and Genoa, at 8:30 A. M., (supplementary, 10 A. M.)—Stampalia ....July 15

Europe, (except Germany, Austria, Hungary, Luxemburg, Bulgaria, Serbia, Turkey, Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, and Denmark,) Africa, West Asia, and East Indies, via Liverpool, at 8:30 A. M., (supplementary, 10 A. M.) (sea post)—Philadelphia ....July 15

Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Netherlands, Switzerland, Russia, Germany, Austria, Hungary, Luxemburg, Bulgaria, Serbia, Turkey, via Kirkwall and Bergen, at 9:30 A. M., (supplementary, 10:30 A. M.)—Kristianiafjord ....July 15

France, Rumania, Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Egypt, Greece, British India, British East Africa, Siam, Malta, Gibraltar, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, Dutch East Indies, West Australia, and Persia, via Bordeaux, at 12 M., (supplementary, 1:30 P. M.) (sea post)—Touraine....July 15

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7:30 A. M. July 15, SS Philadelphia.
France—Close at 11 A. M. July 15, SS Touraine.
Belgium, Netherlands, Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Service suspended.
Liberia—No sailing at present.
Greece—Close at 11:30 A. M. July 27, SS Themistocles.
Gibraltar—Close at 7:30 A. M. July 15, SS Stampalia, and at 8 A. M. July 27, SS Cretic.
Sweden and Denmark—Close at 9 A. M. July 20, SS Hellig Olav.
Norway—Close at 8:30 A. M. July 15, SS Kristianiafjord.
Italy—Close at 10 A. M. July 14, SS San Guglielmo, and at 7:30 A. M. July 15, SS Stampalia.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Lurline..July 13
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and specially addressed mail for Australia (via San Francisco)—Moana ....July 14
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Yokohama Maru ....July 16
Hongkong, Philippine Islands, and Java (via San Francisco)—Tjisondari..July 16
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Titan....July 20
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia, (except West,) and specially addressed mail for New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—Sonoma....July 20

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Kobe, June 22, and Yokohama, June 23—which arrived per steamer Yokohama, were dispatched east from Seattle on July 8, and are due in New York today.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises..4:34|Sun sets..7:28|Moon sets..1:21

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	4:36	5:08	10:45	11:43
Governors Island	4:50	5:25	11:14	12:00
Hell Gate	6:56	7:31	1:01	1:40

Arrived—Tuesday, July 11.

SS Hellig Olav, Kirkwall, July 4.
SS Touraine, Bordeaux, June 25.
SS Cristobal, Cristobal, July 4.
SS Saratoga, Havana, July 8.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville, July 8.
SS Nueces, Galveston, July 5.
SS Pleiades, Buenos Aires, June 23.
SS Senator, Tanamo, July 6.
SS Stephano, Halifax, July 9.
SS Strabo, Montevideo, July 7.
SS El Occidente, Galveston, July 5.
SS City of Montgomery, Savannah, July 8.
SS El Oriente, Galveston, July 5.
SS Benin, Accra, May 16.
SS Chesapeake, Baltimore, July 10.
SS Santiago, Brunswick, July 8.
SS Comunipaw, Genoa, June 14.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.		
Clare	San Juan	June 30
Elizabeth	Rotterdam	June 23
Roma	Lisbon	June 26
Sao Paulo	Barbados	June 27
Strathleven	Havre	June 26
Vandalia	London	June 27
Arnoy	Cardiff	June 27
Iroquois	London	June 27
Strathtay	Havre	June 28
Zealandia	Gibraltar	June 27
Kilpatrick	Cristobal	July 5
Borgiun	Puerto Mexico	July 4
City of Montgomery	Savannah	July 9
Sliedericht	Rotterdam	June 28
Allianca	Colon	July 6
DUE TOMORROW.		
*Regina d'Italia	Gibraltar	July 1
Caserta	Genoa	June 20
Ikalis	Port Talbot	June 28
Bermudian	Bermuda	July 11
Guyahoga	London	June 27
El Siglo	New Orleans	July 8
El Rio	Galveston	July 7
DUE FRIDAY.		
Virginie	Bordeaux	June 30
Korea	London	July 4
Frixos	Piraeus	June 24
San Jacinto	Galveston	July 8
Mohawk	Jacksonville	July 11
City of Augusta	Savannah	July 11
El Occidente	Galveston	July 8
DUE SATURDAY.		
St. George	Liverpool	July 1
Selene	Copenhagen	June 28
Gallia	Rotterdam	June 30
St. Ursula	Gibraltar	June 28
Alberto Trevis	Gibraltar	June 28
Napoli	Naples	June 20
Narcis	Las Palmas	June 26
DUE SUNDAY.		
St. Louis	Liverpool	July 8
Mesaba	London	July 4
Bovic	Liverpool	July 2
Finland	Liverpool	July 8
Maartensdyk	Rotterdam	July 11
Merionseth	Gibraltar	July 1
Guiana	St. Thomas	July 8
Apache	Jacksonville	July 13
DUE MONDAY.		
†Frederik VIII	Kirkwall	July 9
*Giuseppi Verdi	Naples	July 3
Gallia	Kirkwall	July 3
Foyle	London	July 2
Sao Paulo	Pernambuco	June 30
Manxman	Tereviega	June 29
Ardgowan	Havre	July 1
Vauban	Barbados	July 10
City of St. Louis	Savannah	July 17

*Carries mails. †Carries German mails.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Almirante, Kingston	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Munsomo, Cardenas		12:00 M.
Comanche, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
Proteus, New Orleans		12:00 M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
Celtic, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Caracas, La Guayra	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Morro Castle, Havana	9:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Jelling, Progreso	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Minnesotan, Argentina	2:30 A.M.	5:00 A.M.
Stephen, Barbados	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Monterey, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Matura, Grenada	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
El Alba, Galveston		12:00 M.
Gorredyk, Rotterdam		12:00 M.
Comanche, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
SAIL FRIDAY.		
Oranje Nassau, Haiti	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Fagersand, Cayenne	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Montara, Trinidad	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Rimfaxe, Haiti	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Tivives, Santiago	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Mariana, Santiago		12:00 M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Philadelphia, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Kristianiafjord, Bergen	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Touraine, Bordeaux	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Stampalia, Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saratoga, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Belgian Prince, Rio de Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Carolina, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Stephano, St. John's	6:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Mandeville, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Pastores, Havana	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Iroquois, S. Domingo	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Minas Gereas, Rio de Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Minnehaha, London		12:00 M.
Clare, San Juan		12:00 M.
Nueces, Galveston		1:00 P.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
Antilles, New Orleans		12:00 M.
City of Augusta, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
El Rio, Galveston		12:00 M.
SAIL MONDAY.		
Roma, Marseilles		3:00 P.M.
SAIL TUESDAY.		
City of St. Louis, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.

†Carries German mails.

By Marconi Wireless.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP, N. Y., JULY 11.

SS Maracaibo, La Guayra to New York, was 895 miles S. at 7 P. M. 10th.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville to New York, was 19 miles N. of St. John's Bar at 7 P. M.
SS El Rio, Galveston to New York, was 250 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS El Siglo, New Orleans to New York, was 105 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at 6 P. M.
SS El Occidente, Galveston to New York, was 65 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Standard, Tuxpam to New York, was 265 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Perfection, Tampico to New York, was 232 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Keene, Brunswick to New York, was 275 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at 6 P. M.
SS Lampasas, Mobile to New York, was 160 miles S. at noon.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the FREEDMAN BROS. CORP., a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 3d day of July, 1916, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this third day of July, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen.

[Seal.] C. W. TAFT,
Second Deputy Secretary of State.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF FREEDMAN BROS. CORP.

All persons having claims against Freedman Bros. Corp. are directed to present the same forthwith, and not later than the 21st day of August, 1916, at the office of Louis Adler, liquidating trustee, at No. 1,237 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

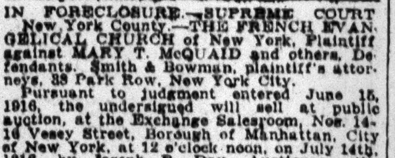
Dated New York, July 10th, 1916.

FREEDMAN BROS. CORP.
I. GAINSBURG, Attorney, 271 Broadway, New York City.

IN FORECLOSURE.—SUPREME COURT New York County.—THE FRENCH EVANGELICAL CHURCH of New York, Plaintiff against MARY T. McQUAID and others, Defendants. Smith & Bowman, plaintiff's attorneys, 38 Park Row, New York City.

Pursuant to judgment entered June 15, 1916, the undersigned will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at 12 o'clock noon, on July 14th, 1916, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the mortgaged premises directed by said judgment to be sold, situated on the southerly side of East 24th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, 146 feet 11 1-5 inches westerly from the westerly side of Second Avenue, being 24 feet 2 inches in width in front and rear by 98 feet 9 inches in depth on each side. Said side lines being parallel with Second Avenue and the easterly and westerly walls of the building on said premises being party walls.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



Street number 234 East 24th Street.

The approximate amount of mortgage debt, costs and allowances is $17,650.35 and interest; taxes and water rates $836.79 and interest.

THEODORE M. RIEHLE, Referee.
Dated New York, June 17th, 1916.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

THE ENTIRE BANKRUPT STOCK AND FIXTURES of THE WALL ART NOVELTY CO., INC., consisting of a wholesale line of FELT SLIPPERS, AMOUNTING TO $100,000, will be disposed of at Public Auction through CHARLES SHONGOOD, AUCTIONEER, on Wednesday, July 19th, 1916, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway and 75 Spring Street, New York City.

This immense stock of NOVELTY SLIPPERS AND SPECIALTIES includes full lines of men's, women's, and children's Everets, misses' and Children's Booties, Juliets, and Moccasins, with Felt and with Leather bottoms.

Also the complete plant of MACHINERY and FIXTURES.

Inspection will be held at both addresses on Monday and Tuesday, July 17th and 18th, from 10 A. M. till 5 P. M.

CONTINUATION SALE FROM JULY 3rd.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THEODORE SKAPERDAS & CONSTANTINE ANASTAS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, July 12th, 1916, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, dyed fox skins, black and red. Persian lamb skins, fitch skins, satin, fur scarfs, muffs, trunks, &c.

GUIDO H. VAN RUSSEM, Trustee.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Trustee, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of I. MICHELMAN & BROS., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, July 24, 1916, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 230 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of men's clothing, woolens, linings, trimmings, fixtures, etc.

HAYS, HERSHFIELD & WOLF, Attorneys for Assignee, 115 Broadway, N. Y. City.
HENRY H. KAUFMAN, Assignee and Trustee.
EUGENE L. BONDY, Attorney for Trustee, 206 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THE MARINE OIL ENGINE COMPANY, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, July 12, 1916, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 30 Church Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a fine lot of office furniture, blue prints and drawings of marine engines, carpets, typewriter, etc.

BENJAMIN SWARTZ, Receiver.
BLAU, ZALKIN & COHEN, Attorneys for Receiver, 170 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. of N. Y.—No. 23,430.—In Bankruptcy.—S. IRVING LUBASH, doing business as L. & H. MUSLIN UNDERWEAR CO., Bankrupt.

Creditors of said S. Irving Lubash, doing business as L. & H. Muslin Underwear Co., are hereby given notice that on July 10th, 1916, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, July 24th, 1916, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated, New York, July 11, 1916.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 22817.

Notice is hereby given that CHARLES T. MOFFETT, a bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, August 16th, 1916, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated, New York, July 11th, 1916.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Bankruptcy No. 22,818.

Notice is hereby given that M. LOUISE MOFFETT, a bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all her debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, August 16th, 1916, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated, New York, July 11th, 1916.

To Boston
and New England Points
Fall River Line
Steamers COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA
Leave New York, Pier 14, North River, foot of Fulton St., 5:30 P. M. Daily. Due Boston 8:27 A. M. Returning, leave Boston, South Station, 6:00 P. M. Due New York 7:00 A. M. Afternoon and Evening Concerts.
Providence Line
Steamers PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH
Leave New York, Pier 14, North River, foot of Fulton St., Daily, except Sunday, 6:00 P. M. Due Boston 7:42 A. M. Returning, leave Boston, South Station, Daily, except Saturday, 6:06 P. M. On Sundays touches at Newport, leaving 9:15 P. M. Due New York 7:15 A. M.
$1.00 and $2.00 Outside Staterooms. Inside Staterooms have outside ventilation and are always cool and comfortable.
Tickets, Staterooms and Information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway. General Office, Pier 14, North River.
The New England Steamship Company

"Not a Tiresome Moment in the Whole Trip."
500 Miles by "Sail and Rail."
Spend Sunday on Lake George
Leave New York Saturday night at 6 or 7 P. M.; returning, due in New York in time for business Monday morning.
The Most Varied and Attractive Week-End Trip Imaginable
Round Trip $5.00
Send for Special Lake George Circular
Passenger Department, Pier 32, N. R., New York
TELEPHONE, DAY OR NIGHT, SPRING 9400
HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
and Sunday Day Service
HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY

UP THE HUDSON BY DAYLIGHT
All Service Daily Except Sunday.
Direct Rail Connections to all points in the Catskills, Saratoga, the Adirondacks, the West and North. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted. Music. Restaurant.
Steamer "Washington Irving" or "Hendrick Hudson" leaves Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 9:45 A. M., landing at West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany.
Also Str. "Robert Fulton" leaves Desbrosses St., 9:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 10 A. M.; W. 129th St., 10:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 10:50 A. M., for Bear Mountain, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh, and Poughkeepsie and return.
Information at Desbrosses St. Pier, N. Y. Tel. 4141 Spring.
Special Trips Every Saturday to Malden, Catskill, Hudson, and Albany, leaving Desbrosses St., 12:30; W. 42d St., 1:00; W. 129th St., 1:20 P. M. Arriving Albany 10:45 P. M.
AFTERNOON BOAT
for Bear Mountain, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston and way landings, leaves Desbrosses St., 1:45 P. M.; West 42d St., 2 P. M.; West 129th St., 2:20 P. M.; Yonkers, 2:45 P. M. Daily except Sunday. This steamer affords delightful afternoon outing to BEAR MOUNTAIN or WEST POINT, returning on Str. "Robert Fulton," arriving in New York 8:40 P. M.
Hudson River Day Line
CATSKILL EVENING LINE
Leaves daily except Sunday, ft. of Christopher St., 6; W. 129th St., 6:30; Yonkers, 7 P. M., for Newburgh, Catskill, Hudson, Coxsackie. Tickets interchangeable with those of Day Line. Tel. 1097 Spring.

HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
AND SUNDAY DAY SERVICE
Peoples Line at 6 P. M. daily. Night Express Line, week days at 7 P. M.; Sundays at 9 P. M. Sunday Day Service, 9:30 A. M. from Pier 32, North River, foot of Canal Street; from W. 132nd Street Pier half hour later.
$1.00 Inside and $2.00 Outside Rooms.
Telephone, day or night, Spring 9400.
HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY
ALBANY TROY & THE NORTH

BEAR MOUNTAIN AND HIGHLAND LAKE
45 MILES UP THE HUDSON
Weekday & Sunday TWO-BOAT Service
Str. "Highlander" Leaves Battery Pier, 9:15 A. M.
Str. "Rosedale" Lvs. W. 129th St., 10:00; Yonkers, 10:30 A. M.
EXTRA TRIP SAT. AFTERNOONS.
Leaving Battery 1:30, W. 132d St., 2:00 P. M.
Round Trip, Weekdays, 50c. Children, 25c. Sundays and Holidays, 75c. Children, 50c.
MUSIC, DANCING. McAllister Steamboat Co.

STEAMER 'Mandalay'
ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS
DAY and NIGHT TRIPS
MUSIC. DANCING.
Weekdays & Sundays, weather permitting. Lvs. N. Y., Battery Pier, 9:45 A.M.; 1:45, 8 P. M. Returning lvs. ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS, 11:45 A.M.; 5:30, 9:45 P.M.
Capacity limited to 2,500 FARE 25c Each Way
Tels. 179-3263 Broad.

FOR HEALTH—VIGOR—PROTECTION SAIL TO GLEN ISLANDS
CHILDREN'S PARADISE.
New Boat Service leaving Battery 10 A. M. and 3 P. M. East 24th St., 30 min. later.
Sight-Seeing Yachts
Leave Battery Pier 10:30, 2:30. Tel. Broad 3373. To Sandy Hook and the Ocean, 1:30 P. M.
SIGHT SEEING YACHTS
AROUND MANHATTAN ISLAND
Leave Hudson River Day Line Pier, ft. W. 42d St., 10:30 A. M., 2:30 P. M. Tel. 665 Gramercy.
CATSKILL EVENING LINE
See Hudson River Day Line Adv.

Niagara to the Sea
Shooting the Rapids
Shooting the famous rapids of the St. Lawrence is only one of the safe but exhilarating enjoyments of this 800 mile journey amid lakes, rivers and old-world travel haunts.
The trip includes the Thousand Islands, the exciting descent of the marvelous rapids, the historic associations of Montreal, Quaint old Quebec, and the famous Saguenay River, with its stupendous Capes "Trinity" and "Eternity."
Up-to-date Canada Steamship Hotels at Murray Bay and Tadousac.
Fares from Niagara Falls:
To Montreal and return $18.55
To Quebec and return 25.90
To Saguenay River and return 34.55
Send 6c postage for illustrated booklet, map and guide to JOHN F. PIERCE Asst. Pass. Traffic Mgr., Canada Steamship Lines, 102 R. & O. Bldg., Montreal, Can.
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TO LIVERPOOL
American Steamer
580 Feet Long 60 Feet Broad "FINLAND" 22,000 Tons Displ't 12,241 Tons Reg.
WEDNESDAY, JULY 19, AT 12 NOON
From Pier 61, North River, New York
AMERICAN LINE, 9 Broadway, New York

$42
2,000 Miles—8 Days
Including All Expenses
Delightful vacation at sea and ashore including "Daylight and Searchlight" trip on the St. John's River, the "American Nile."
CLYDE-MALLORY LINES
Pier 36, North River, N. Y.
City Tkt. Offices, 290 and 950 Broadway

Go To BERMUDA
Cooler Than Middle Atlantic Coast Resorts
For Your Vacation
8-Day Tours $42.50 & Up
Inc. All Expenses—Steamer, Hotel & Side Trips
All Outdoor Sports, Including Golf, Tennis, Boating, Bathing, Cycling, Fishing.
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Sails from N. Y., alternate Weds. & Sats. For booklets apply to Quebec S. S. Co., 32 Broadway, N. Y.; Thos. Cook & Son, 245 and 2,631 B'way, 264 and 561 5th Av.; Raymond & Whitcomb, 225 5th Av.; G. E. Marsters, 1,246 B'way; Frank Tourist Co., 396 B'way; Gillespie, Kinports & Beard, 309-11 5th Av.; McCann's Tours, 1,328 B'way.

CUNARD
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
*TUSCANIA....SAT., JULY 15, NOON
SAXONIA....SAT., JULY 22, 5 P.M.
CARPATHIA....SAT., JULY 29, 5 P.M.
*CAMERONIA....SAT., AUG. 5, NOON
ORDUNA....SAT., AUG. 12, 5 P.M.
*To Liverpool and Glasgow.
NEW YORK-FALMOUTH-LONDON
PANNONIA....SAT., AUG. 5, 5 P.M.
ANDANIA....SAT., AUG. 12, 5 P.M.
ALAUNIA....SAT., AUG. 19, 5 P.M.
21 State St., New York. Tel. 3300 Broad.

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Direct Passenger Service to Montevideo and Buenos Aires.
"Crofton Hall," Aug. 22
New 12,000-ton steamship
Norton Line
Norton, Lilly & Co
General Agents
Produce Exchange Bldg., N. Y.

American Line
ALL AMERICAN STEAMERS
Under the American Flag
N. Y.—Liverpool, Pier 62, N. R., Noon
Philadelphia..July 15 | Finland..July 19
White Star Line
N. Y.—Liverpool, Pier 60, N. R., Noon
Baltic....July 26 | Adriatic....Aug. 2
Office 9 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. 9060 Rector

FRENCH LINE
COMPAGNIE GÉNÉRALE TRANSATLANTIQUE
Express Postal Service
NEW YORK--BORDEAUX--PARIS
Twin Screw †S.S. LA TOURAINE July 15, 3:00 P. M.
QUADRUPLE-SCREW, NEW Steamer De Luxe
†S.S. LAFAYETTE
Saturday....July 29, 3 P. M.
*Rochambeau....Sat., Aug. 5, 3 P. M.
†First and second class. *One class cabin.
COMPANY'S OFFICE 19 State St., N. Y. Phone Broad 4900.

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All-the-Way-By-Water.
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Via Long Island Sound, Beautiful Buzzards Bay and the Cape Cod Canal
METROPOLITAN LINE
Superb Express Steamships Massachusetts and Bunker Hill
Lve. Pier 18, No. River, ft. of Murray St., Week Days and Sundays, 6 P. M. Due Boston 7:30 A. M.
Music on Each Steamer.
PORTLAND
MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE
A delightful 22-hour, 390-mile water trip to THE CITY BEAUTIFUL. Steamships Northland and North Star. Lve. Pier 19, No. River, ft. Warren St., New York, Tues., Thurs. and Sats., 5 P. M.; also Mons., 10:30 A. M.
Tickets & information at Piers, also at Tourist & N. Y. Transfer Co. Offices.
Tickets All Points. Baggage Checked Thru.
For "How to Go & Where to Stay," apply as above or Room 1, Pier 19, N. R., N. Y.

BERMUDA
BELLS TOURS
8 Days, $40.00 Up
9 Days, $42.50 Up
19 Days, $67.50 Up
All expenses ashore and afloat.
Satisfaction Guaranteed at Hotel Colonial
Send for FREE Descriptive Booklet A.
Bermuda Tourist Bureau,
EQUITABLE BLDG., 120 B'WAY, N. Y.
ROOM 348. PHONE RECTOR 7380.

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See JAPAN in the Glorious Chrysanthemum season. Extension to Manila and China.
Send for Illustrated Booklet.
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Phila., Boston, Chicago, San Francisco.
Inquire at any American Express Office.

SANDY HOOK ROUTE STEAMERS
The comfortable, speedy way to Atlantic Highlands, Long Branch, Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Point Pleasant, etc., leave
Foot of West 132d St., week days, 10.00 A.M., 2.45, 7.30 P.M., Sundays, 8.20, 9.30 A.M., 12.30, 3.50 P.M., (10.10 P.M., E. Long Branch only).
Foot of West 42d St., week days, 9.50, 10.30 A.M., 12.30, 1.50, 3.15, *4.15, *5.25, 5.50 P.M. Sundays, 9.00, 10.00 A.M.; 1.00, 4.20, 7.15 P.M. (10.40 P.M., E. Long Branch only).
Foot of Cedar St., week days, 9.15, 10.15, 11.00 A.M., 1.00, 2.15, 3.45, *4.45, *5.45, 6.20 P.M. Sundays, 9.30, 10.30 A.M., 1.30, 4.00, 7.35 P.M., (11.10 P.M., E. Long Branch only).
*Will not run September 4.

SOUTH AMERICA
SALVADOR, BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO AND BUENOS AIRES.
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
S. S. VESTRIS....July 29, 9:00 A. M.
S. S. BYRON....Aug. 19, 2:00 P. M.
LAMPORT & HOLT, Ltd., 42 B'way, N. Y.

SPANISH LINE
Compania Trasatlantica
MONTHLY SAILINGS.
(Cargo and Passengers.)
For HAVANA & VERA CRUZ
S. S. Buenos Aires....July 12
For CADIZ and BARCELONA
S. S. Buenos Aires....August 6
J. ZARAGOZA, Agt., Pier 8, E. R.
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BOSTON $2.95
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $1.90
COLONIAL LINE
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1 TO $3
Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. From Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St. Phone Spring 9491.

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Royal Mail Twin-Screw Steamships
NEW YORK to GLASGOW
TUSCANIA..JULY 15. Calling at Liverpool
CALIFORNIA..JULY 22. To Glasgow Direct
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Twenty Pacific Coast Tours. Free Booklet.
GILLESPIE, KINPORTS & BEARD,
309-11 FIFTH AVE. (Bet. 31st & 32nd Sts.)
NEW YORK CITY.

BAY STATE LINE
$2.80 BOSTON $2.80
Via Boat and Trolley, $3.80.
Worcester, $3.55; Providence direct, $1.75
Staterooms, $1.00, $1.50 & $2.00
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, E. R. Phone 2700 Beekman
City Ticket Office, 200 Broadway, N. Y.
Uptown Ticket Office, B'way & 23d St.

SCANDINAVIAN-AMERICAN LINE
NORWAY-SWEDEN-DENMARK
Hellig Olav....July 29 | Frederik VIII....July 29
A. E. JOHNSON & CO., Inc., Agts., 1 B'way, N.Y.

12-Day Vacation Cruise $60 Up
Every essential expense. Send today for illustrated booklet 68, giving full particulars.
RED CROSS LINE, 17 Battery Place, New York.

ROUND TRIP 50 CENTS RED BANK LINE
for Highlands, Oceanic, Locust Point, Fair Haven & Red Bank. Lv. Franklin St., Pier 24, 9:30 a. m., 3:30 p. m.; Battery, 9:55 a. m., 3:55 p. m.; SUNDAYS, Lv. Franklin St., 8:30, 9:15; Battery, 8:55, 9:35 a. m.

BUFFALO TO CHICAGO AND RETURN.
7 Days' Cruise—2200 miles on four Lakes. $40. Meals and berth included.
STEAMSHIP SOUTH AMERICAN.

Hartford Line
From New Pier 20, East River, foot Peck Slip, daily except Sunday, 5 P. M., for Connecticut River landings. Fare $1.25.

FABRE LINES
N. Y.—Azores—Lisbon—Naples—Marseilles.
Jas. W. Elwell & Co., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

BLOCK ISLAND, ORIENT, GREENPORT, SHELTER ISLAND & SAG HARBOR.
Str. "Shinnecock" of Montauk Steamboat Co.'s Line leaves N. Y., Pier ft. 34th St., E. R., Tuesdays and Thursdays, 5:30 P. M.; Saturdays 1:00 P. M.

DELIGHTFUL SHORT SEA TRIP.
Restful and Healthful.
SAVANNAH LINE, 140 W. 42d St., New York

BERMUDA, surprisingly low rates. Booklet, Dellevie's Tours, 1472 Broadway, New York.

COTTON SELLS OFF IN SHAKY MARKET

Heavy Liquidation by Wall Street Houses a Contributing Cause.

RECOVERY AT THE CLOSE

Southern Shippers Maintain a Firm Stand on Strong Financial Conditions.

At times yesterday there were indications that the break in cotton which the bears have been so steadfastly predicting might not be far off. The market was decidedly unsettled with rather heavy liquidation from Wall Street houses. This selling may have been prompted by the weakness in stocks, as it is almost an axiom of the local cotton trade that when stock operators long of cotton find their holdings of securities weighing rather heavily, there is always a disposition to dump overboard cotton commitments for the purpose of lightening the load.

There was good selling of new crop months by brokers for spot houses, which inspired rumors that it might be possible to buy cotton for early new crop shipment on an easier basis. Brokers with New Orleans affiliations and spot houses with western connections were buyers.

The market was easier throughout the afternoon and at one time showed a loss of 15 to 16 points. This was largely recovered before the end of the session and the close showed a net decline of 3 to 7 points.

The weather is quite favorable for the growth and development of cotton, notwithstanding the fact that some of the crop critics are inclined to believe that there has been too much rain. The plant is too far advanced, however, to permit of serious attention to these complaints. One message from Selma, Ala., yesterday said:

"No one not on the scene can realize the damage to crops. Have been out all night and day rescuing negroes along rivers and have now called in service Government boats."

This suggestion of overflows in Alabama may point to considerable property loss in the lowlands but the area of crop damage cannot be large.

The announcement from Washington that the special deposits of funds in the Federal Reserve Banks, made in September last year to facilitate the marketing of the cotton crop, would be withdrawn, calls attention to the strong financial position of the South. It is admitted that the depositing of these funds afforded a certain amount of financial assistance and gave a great deal of moral support to holders last year. It is not probable, under the present outlook, that any such action will be taken by the Treasury Department this year.

The South is still very firm in its ideas as to price. Southern shippers are offering cotton suitable for print cloth manufacture at levels one-quarter to one-half cent over quotations a week ago. Eighty points on December is being asked for new crop shipments of strict middling during October, November, and December. Market closed steady.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.*	Prev. Close.
July	12.87	12.87	12.70	12.79@12.81	12.86@12.87
Oct.	13.01	13.01	12.85	12.97@12.98	13.01@13.02
Dec.	13.16	13.18	13.02	13.15@13.16	13.18@13.19
Jan.	13.20	13.23	13.08	13.19@13.20	13.23@13.24
Mar.	13.38	13.40	13.23	13.37 flat	13.39@13.40
May	13.53	13.56	13.39	13.52@13.54	13.56@13.57

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 15 points decline. Middling, 12.90c. Southern spot markets as officially reported were unchanged; Houston, 5 points decline. New Orleans, 13c; Galveston, 13.75c; Savannah, 13c; Memphis, 13.12c; Augusta, 12.75c; Houston, 13.65c. New Orleans market closed steady.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	12.69	12.69	12.64	12.72@12.73	12.70@12.73
Oct.	12.80	12.83	12.68	12.79@12.80	12.80@12.81
Dec.	12.96	12.98	12.84	12.95@12.96	12.96 flat
Jan.	13.02	13.08	12.94	13.05@13.06	13.06@13.07
Mar.	13.25	13.30	13.12	13.24@13.25	13.25@13.26
May	13.45	13.45	13.44	13.42@13.43	13.43 bid

The Liverpool market opened quiet. There was a fair business in spot cotton, with middling 7 points decline, at 8.05d. Sales, 6,000 bales; receipts, 29,000 bales, all American. Closed quiet.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July-Aug.	7.86	7.89	7.86	7.87½	7.90½
Oct.-Nov.	7.75	7.77	7.75	7.76	7.80
Jan.-Feb.	7.69½	7.70	7.67½	7.69	7.73
Mar.-April	7.67½	7.68½	7.67½	7.68	7.72
May-June	..	..	..	7.66½	7.70

The 11 A. M. bids to Liverpool were: July, 12.84c; October, 12.99c; January, 13.21c; March, 13.38c; May, 13.53c; August, 12.86c. The market there was due to open today ½ to 2½ points decline.

PORT RECEIPTS AND STOCKS.

	Receipts.	Last Yr.	Stocks.
Galveston	3,576	3,870	88,631
New Orleans	3,314	1,551	189,434
Mobile	858	...	17,207
Savannah	1,296	1,145	94,179
Charleston	13	65	32,649
Wilmington	7	85	39,428
Norfolk	779	49	42,552

INTERIOR RECEIPTS AND STOCKS.

Augusta	92	261	66,764
Memphis	215	318	51,628
St. Louis	15	284	10,965
Houston	1,127	3,664	33,874

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS.

	Today.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Galveston	2,500 to 2,600	3,913	852
New Orleans	1,400 to 1,800	11	1,818

Exports yesterday were 14,048 bales; total thus far for this season, 5,625,144 bales; total last season, 8,212,853 bales.

SEEK TO END DOCK STRIKE.

San Francisco Business Men to Raise Million-Dollar Fund.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 11.—Selection was begun today of a Law and Order Committee authorized to raise $1,000,000 to enforce the "open shop" doctrines of the Chamber of Commerce and to clear the congested San Francisco docks of freight tied up by the strike of the Pacific Coast longshoremen.

The action was taken at a meeting of approximately 2,000 members of the Chamber of Commerce yesterday. Two hundred thousand dollars already has been subscribed, it was said by an official of the chamber.

Strikers to Return to Work.

WILMINGTON, N. C., July 11.—A Citizens' Committee, named to settle Wilmington's street car strike, announced today that the men would return to work immediately without recognition of their union. Five companies of State troops, sent here to prevent trouble, probably will be withdraw.

Puddling Rate Highest Since 1866.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, July 11.—Effective July 1, the puddling rate has been increased from $7.42½ a ton to $8.40 a ton, according to an official announcement by the A. M. Byers Company of Girard, Ohio, operating the Girard Rolling Mill. Five hundred men benefit by the new scale, the highest paid since 1866. Other large mills in this district are expected to adopt the same scale.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

The wheat market was feverish and prices moved frequently within a range of about 1⅛c. Early in the day new high records for the movement were established, but closing prices were only slightly above the lowest, and showed net losses of ½@⅞c from the final of Monday. In the local cash market No. 1 durum wheat was quoted at $1.18½; No. 2 hard, $1.21⅜; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.29¼; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.28⅛, all free on board, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	1.09	1.07¾	1.07½	1.08	1.10½
September	1.11	1.09¼	1.09⅝	1.10	1.04½
December	1.13⅜	1.11⅛	1.12	1.12⅞	1.07⅛

CORN.

Prices in the corn market were firm early in sympathy with wheat, but toward the close of the day an easier tone developed, and final quotations ranged from ¼c net lower to ⅛c higher. Export sales for the day amounted to 100,000 bushels. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 90⅝c, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	78½	77¼	78	78¼	76⅞
September	75⅝	74½	74⅛	74⅝	73⅛
December	64½	63⅝	63⅞	63⅝	63⅝

OATS.

The oats market showed a firm undertone owing to rumors of export sales of about 1,000,000 bushels and on firmness in the cash position generally. Receipts at primary points were moderate. The local cash market was steady; standard quoted at 46½c; No. 3 white, 45¼@45⅝c; No. 4 white, 44¼@44⅝c; fancy clipped white, 46¼@47¾c; ordinary clipped white, 44¾@46⅝c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	41⅛	40⅛	40⅝	40⅛	48⅛
September	40⅛	39⅞	40	39⅞	38
December	42⅛	41¼	41⅝	41⅛	39⅝

PROVISIONS.

The provision list was weak and lower under heavy liquidation, prompted by evidences of a falling off in the cash demand and on prospects of a free movement of live hogs. Longs sold freely at times, and it was thought that packers were not disposed to support values. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 21,000; estimated for Wednesday, 27,000; Kansas City received 18,000 and Omaha 12,500.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
July	13.10	13.05	13.05	13.20	8.37
September	13.25	13.15	13.17	13.32	8.47
Ribs—					
July	13.40	13.32	13.32	13.55	9.90
September	13.52	13.40	13.40	13.57	9.35
Pork—					
July	....	....	25.20	25.57	15.07
September	24.72	24.47	24.47	24.87	15.22

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cottonseed oil was weak and lower under selling which was believed to be for Southern account and under local liquidation. The weakness in lard also had a sympathetic influence on values, and at the close of the day the market showed net losses of 6 to 15 points. Total sales were 13,750 barrels. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	....	....	10.50	10.60
July	....	....	10.50@10.70	10.60
August	10.52	10.40	10.41@10.43	10.56
September	10.43	10.28	10.30@10.31	10.45
October	9.47	9.41	9.42@ 9.44	9.54
November	8.62	8.56	8.58@ 8.60	8.66
December	8.58	8.50	8.50@ 8.53	8.56
January	8.54	8.52	8.51@ 8.54	8.58
February	....	....	8.52@ 8.62	8.60

COFFEE.

The coffee market developed a reactionary tendency yesterday, and prices lost most of Monday's gain, closing at 9 to 14 points net lower. The volume of business was again small, total sales aggregating 30,750 bags. The local spot market was quieter, and prices remained nominally unchanged, with Rio 7s quoted at 9¼c and Santos 4s at 10½c. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	..	..	8.14@8.16	8.23
August	8.22	8.22	8.21@8.22	8.31
September	8.36	8.30	8.29@8.30	8.38
October	..	..	8.34@8.35	8.43
November	..	..	8.38@8.39	8.48
December	8.49	8.40	8.42@8.43	8.53
January	..	..	8.47@8.48	8.59
February	..	..	8.52@8.53	8.65
March	8.67	8.57	8.56@8.57	8.70
April	..	..	8.61@8.62	8.75
May	8.77	8.70	8.66@8.67	8.80
June	..	..	8.71@8.72	8.85

SUGAR.

After opening generally unchanged to a decline of 4 points, trading in futures firmed up a little on scattered trade buying and values showed gains of a few points throughout the list, but the volume of business was small. The close was net 1 to 3 points higher, with sales for the day 3,900 tons. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	..	..	5.40@5.42	5.38
August	5.47	5.47	5.47@5.48	5.45
September	5.55	5.51	5.54@5.55	5.52
October	5.50	5.49	5.49@5.50	5.47
November	5.40	5.40	5.39@5.40	5.36
December	5.20	5.17	5.19@5.20	5.17
January	..	..	4.89@4.90	4.88
February	4.62	4.60	4.62@4.64	4.60
March	4.64	4.63	4.64@4.66	4.63
April	..	..	4.67@4.69	4.66
May	..	..	4.70@4.72	4.69
June	..	..	4.73@4.75	4.72

The local market for refined sugar was steady and unchanged at 7.65c for fine granulated. Refiners entered the market for raw sugar and took over 100,000 bags. Quotations follow: Cost and freight, 5⅝c; Cuban centrifugals, 6.40c; molasses, 5.63c.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 21,851 packages. Early receipts of fancy grades are moderate, due to considerable delay in deliveries. On such the market is firm, with some operators slightly advancing asking prices, but trade generally refuses to follow. There is quite a liberal assortment of creamery from 26½@28c, and some very good buys within that range, but only moderate offerings at lower prices. Renovated dull. Ladles and packing stock easy. Creamery, extras, (92 score,) per pound, 28½c; higher scoring, 29@29½c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 27@28c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 25½@26½c; thirds, 24½@25c; creamery, unsalted, extras, 28½@29c; higher scoring, 29½@30½c; firsts, 27@28c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 27½@28c; good to prime, 26@27c; common to fair, 24@25½c; renovated, extras, 26½c; firsts, 25@26c; lower grades, 23@24c; imitation creamery, firsts, 25@25½c; ladles, current make, firsts, 24@24½c; seconds, 23@23½c; lower grades, 22@22½c; packing stock, current make, fine, 23@23½c; No. 2, 22½c; lower grades, 21@22c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 19,991 cases. The market is quiet for the stock generally arriving, and ordinary qualities rule in buyers' favor. There is a scarcity of very high grade stock and a demand for better qualities than are commonly obtainable at relatively firm prices. Dirties and checks of prime quality are in good demand and firm; some sales of strictly fine dirties up to 22½c. Nearby white eggs of average quality are in pretty good supply and moving very slowly; a large part of the business is in range of 27@29c; strictly fancy goods in light supply and promptly salable at fully sustained prices. Fresh gathered, extra fine, per dozen, 26@27c; extra firsts, 25@25½c; firsts, 23¾@24½c; seconds, 22½@23½c; thirds and poorer, 21@22c; dirties, No. 1, 22@22½c; No. 2 and poorer, 20@21½c; checks, good to choice, dry, 20½@21c; undergrades, 15@20c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 29@31c; ordinary to good, 26@28c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 25@29c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 24@28c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery browns, 28@29c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 24@27c; duck eggs, State, and nearby, Indian runner, 28@30c.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Forecast:

N. Car.—Cloudy Wed. and Thurs.; probably showers in w.; gentle to moderate southerly winds.

S. Car.—Cloudy Wed. and Thurs.; probably showers in n. w.; gentle to moderate southerly winds.

Ga., Ala., and Miss.—Thunder showers Wed. and Thurs.; gentle to moderate southerly winds.

Fla.—Thunder showers Wed. and Thurs.; gentle to moderate e. and s. e. winds.

Tenn.—Thunder showers Wed. and probably Thurs.

Ky.—Cloudy Wed. and Thurs.; warmer Wed. in c. and e.

Ohio and Ind.—Fair and continued warm Wed. and Thurs.; gentle to moderate southerly winds.

Lower Mich.—Fair Wed. and probably Thurs.; not quite so warm Wed. in n. and w.; gentle to moderate shifting winds.

Upper Mich.—Fair and not quite so warm Wed. Thurs., fair; gentle to shifting winds.

Ark., Okla., E. and W. Tex.—Cloudy Wed. and Thurs.

La.—Cloudy, probably showers s. e. Wed. and Thurs.

Ill., Mo., Kan.—Fair and continued warm Wed. and probably Thurs.

Wis.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

Minn.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

Iowa—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; slightly cooler Wed. in n. and w.

N. Dak.—Fair Wed. and probably Thurs.

S. Dak.—Generally fair Wed. and Thurs.; warmer Wed. in w. and n.

Neb.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; warmer in n. w. and slightly cooler in s. Wed.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

CHILDREN'S COATS.—Jobber placing orders. Call 9-11, at 14 E. 33d. Schwartz.

CLOAKS, &c.—Steinman Bros. of Chicago, buyers of cloaks, suits, dresses, skirts, and furs. Apply Mr. I. Steinman, Hotel McAlpin, city.

COATS.—Caracul cloth; also cheap suits. M. M. Giles, Resident Buyer, One East Twenty-seventh St., mornings.

COATS.—Jobber, settled, placing orders on better numbers. Call all week, eighth floor, 145 West 30th.

COATS AND SUITS.—Jobber looking at Fall suits and coats. Call, 9 to 11 and 2 to 6, fourth floor, 45 West 27th St.

COATS AND SUITS.—Jobber settled placing stock orders. Fourth floor, 6 West 32d St.

COATS, SUITS.—Contractors wanted; will furnish own goods and style. 13 East 29th.

COATS, SUITS.—Jobber looking at better grade. Fifth floor 114 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Wanted jobs dresses, skirts, waists, Department D; bring samples, 9-11. Gram. 758. Manufacturers Sales Co., 37 East 19th.

DRESSES, COATS, AND SUITS.—Open for job; dresses, coats, and suits, spot cash. Handels, 336 6th Av.

DRESSES.—Jobber looking at silk street and evening dresses; orders given. 32 West 27th St., 8th floor.

DRESSES.—Jobber placing orders on silk dresses; call all week. 137 W. 35th, 7th floor.

DRESSES, WAISTS, SKIRTS.—Jobber placing Fall orders. Call with samples. 2 West 33d St., tenth floor, Room 1003.

DRESSES.—Jobber looking at silk and serge dresses. 11 West 17th St., 3d floor.

POPLINS.—Open to buy quantity of silk poplin; any color. A 95 Times.

SERGES (Botany.)—Wanted any quantity; spot cash. Imperial State Dress, 26 W. 17th.

SILKS.—We are open for 1,000 pieces crepe de chine, white, flesh, and black, cheap for spot cash. Kayanee Waist and Dress Co., 536-38 Broadway.

SUITS.—Jobber, settled; placing orders on snappy better grade suits. 31 West 31st St., 7th floor.

SUITS.—Jobber looking at better grade suits. Third floor, 11 West 25th St.

SUITS.—Jobber look at ladies' suits on Wednesday. 1,161 Broadway.

SUITS AND COATS.—Jobbers looking at Fall suits and coats all week. 12 West 27th St., 14th floor.

SUITS AND COATS.—Jobber placing orders. Call 147 West 25th St., 7th floor.

WEARING APPAREL.—Ladies' and children's. Cash for jobs. Jacobovitz, 10 Lispenard. Franklin 2950.

WOMEN'S WEARING APPAREL.—Highest prices paid for women's wearing apparel; quality and quantity no object. Gruber, 456 Broadway. Spring 358.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

COATS.—Silk jersey; best shades; also corduroy coats, at $1.50; immediate delivery. I. Novick, 40 West 28th.

COATS.—Poplin, jersey, white chinchilla, Palm Beach suits. Talbot Co., 114 West 27th St.

COATS.—Plush and other Fall coats to close out. 11 West 20th St., second floor.

COATS.—Four hundred to close out. Blumenson & Co., 56 West 22d St.

DRESSES.—Our 1917 Spring line of children's colored dresses for the jobbing trade now ready for display at our showroom; exclusive ideas in 50c-$1 sellers. The Fashion Children's Dress Co., 14-16 West 17th St. Telephone 7266 Chelsea.

DRESSES.—The best line of children's colored dresses, 50c sellers, exclusively for the jobbing trade, now ready. Phone Stuyvesant 4391 for appointment to see same. Perlmutter-Mittelman Co., 85 5th Av.

DRESSES.—Navy, taffeta and silk jersey sport suits and sport skirts for delivery. Tip-Top Waist and Dress, 134 West 37th St.

DRESSES.—300 wash dresses, to close out, cheap. Graber & Wechsler, 164 West 25th.

DRESSES, white and colored, to close out. Deiches, 43 West 24th St.

DRESSES, party and nets, to close out. I. Streicher, 142 5th Av.

GABARDINES.—Awning and blazer stripe, white piques, gabardines, whipcords; for immediate delivery. J. W. Goddard & Sons, Inc., 92-96 Bleecker St. Tel. Spring 2635.

GALATEA.—Will sell 2 cases of fast color galatea, in Copenhagen and navy; big bargain. B. Solomon, 141 W. 36th St., 15th floor.

MIDDIES.—Stock taking; will close out 100 dozen middies at a price; good, clean merchandise; in assorted sizes and colors; big bargain. B. Solomon, 141 W. 36th, 15th floor.

SERGE AND TAFFETA dresses for immediate delivery. Bronner Mfg. Co., 16-18 West 32d.

SKIRTS.—Awning striped wash skirts; pique skirts at $6 per dozen. Hirsh, 25 West 27th.

SNAP-FASTENERS, carded or bulk; immediate delivery. 1,328 Broadway, Suite 742. Greeley 2682.

STRAW HATS.—Selling out stock; biggest inducement quick buyer. 529 Broadway, Room 44.

SUITS.—Palm Beach and silverbloom, to close out; Fall lines ready. P. Weinberg & Son, 144 West 27th St.

SUITS.—To close out silverbloom and sport suits. F. E. Kaufman, 6 West 32d St.

TOY AUTOS.—Hundred cases cheap. Posner, 323 Church St.

WAISTS, cotton, with frills and tailor-made; $9 value at $4.50; tub silk, $18 value at $9 and up. La Rose Waist Co., 31 West 21st.

WASH SKIRT bargain; 100 dozen for immediate delivery. Bender Skirt Co., 7 West 22d St.

Help and Situations Wanted.

WAISTS, MILLINERY, &c.—Newly organized resident buyer's office wants female buyer; also male buyer of notions, drug sundries, &c. A 7 Times.

SALESMAN.—Suits, dresses; hustler seeks engagement; city, vicinity, New England. P 122 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday.......4 per cent. for the best names
Monday..........4 " " " " " "

The quotations are for six months' paper.

⁂

Color Trend in Millinery Trade.

From reports furnished by manufacturers supplying the millinery trade, it appears that the colors to be used during the coming Fall will be pretty much the same as those featured last year. The tendency is still along staple lines with the dark colors being favored. Among those expected to supply the bulk of the demand, browns, navies, purples, copenhagens, and bottle greens are mentioned.

⁂

Brisk Button Demand.

A particularly active demand exists for buttons, and prospects are regarded as especially good for the Fall season. The feature of the business at the present time is the call for extra large sizes, 70, 80, and 90 lignes, from the coat trade. The style tendency is toward the plainer effects. The waist and dress trades are using some novelty and medal effects. Prices are up on all classes of goods, owing to the higher cost of raw materials, such as celluloid, ivory, metal, and pearl shell. These materials have advanced all the way from 50 to 100 per cent., which means an increase of from 10 to 20 per cent. in the manufactured articles.

⁂

Dress Goods More Active.

With a strong possibility of the labor trouble in the coat and suit trade being adjusted before the week is over, the dress goods demand has become more active. Mill agents are now freely predicting a shortage of goods. During the latter part of May and throughout June production was curtailed and this loss cannot now be made up. Deliveries, however, have been fairly heavy during the last three or four weeks. If, as expected, normal conditions return by next week there will be quite a call for merchandise. In fact, it was made quite evident yesterday that some of the requests for goods would have to be turned down.

⁂

Dye Shipment and Cloth Values.

Representatives of the woolen mills questioned yesterday on the possible effect of the submarine shipment of dyes were of the opinion that cloth values would not be changed as a result. They were inclined to doubt, first of all, whether the quantity of dyes was as large as appeared from published statements. More money, they said, would be represented if expensive drugs that are unobtainable here have been brought over. Furthermore, they pointed out the shipment probably consists of dyes required in the finer cloths, new shades and varieties of color that are used only by manufacturers of the highest priced goods. In this event there will be little or no effect on the bulk of woolens.

⁂

Some Hard Coal Scarce Here.

The Coal Trade Journal will say today that a seasonable let-up in the anthracite demand at tidewater, coupled with the New Haven's embargo which has prevented all-rail shipments to southern New England for a fortnight, is giving shippers a chance to get partly caught up on their line orders from territory that can be reached. These orders aggregate large tonnage, and to fill them has required the entire output of domestic sizes. As a result coal has been shipped to the local ports very sparingly, so that it is still difficult to get prompt loading on egg and stove. The bituminous market has tightened up perceptibly in the last week or ten days by reason of the absorption of tonnage on contracts and spot orders.

⁂

More Spring Ginghams Priced.

More lines of ginghams and other colored cottons were priced yesterday for the Spring, 1917, season. Smith, Hogg & Co. announced these figures to the trade: Red Seal zephyrs, 10½ cents; York seersuckers, 10½ cents; York dress ginghams, 9½ cents; Silver Brook seersuckers, 9½ cents; Everett "Classics," 8½ cents, and Berwick 32-inch chambray, 10½ cents. All these prices are subject to advance without notice. Amory, Browne & Co. have priced Red Rose of Lancaster dress ginghams at 9½ cents for the new season, and they have also made a price of 11 cents on Toile du Nord. Imperial chambrays they have priced at 12½ cents. Prices on Spring goods will also be announced in the next few days by Catlin & Co., Lawrence & Co., the T. Holt Haywood department of Frederick Victor & Achelis, and F. U. Stearns & Co.

⁂

Will Show New Wall Paper Lines.

From present indications the annual showing of new lines of wall paper to big buyers will begin on Aug. 14, with practically all of the out-of-town manufacturers exhibiting at the Hotels Breslin and Imperial. With higher costs existent for practically everything that goes into this merchandise, advanced prices on the new papers are a certainty. Many lines, it is said, are being made up later than usual this year, and the prospects are that sampling will continue right up to the time the new things are shown. While not much is said in advance for publication, it is intimated that many new and attractive designs and ideas in decoration will be presented this year. Novel designs will be seen even in the cheaper papers, it is said, the improved artistic taste of the public making it very difficult now for manufacturers to get the old-style papers "across." Prospects for a big business appear the best in some time.

⁂

Gray Goods Were Quieter.

The gray goods market assumed a quieter aspect yesterday, buyers apparently having stopped either to get their second wind or to get used to the higher prices the mills are now asking. The contract business told of yesterday was small and without feature, but for nearby delivery these printcloths were sold in a fair way: Thirty-nine-inch 72-76s at 7 cents; 39-inch 68-72s at 6½ cents, and 38½-inch 64-60s at 5¾ cents. For delivery during this month and next some business was done on four-yard, 48-square sheetings at 6¼ cents. Not much was said of other coarse goods, nor was there much comment about fine and fancy cloths. Closing printcloth prices were:

39-inch, 80-80s	7½c	38½-inch, 64-60s	5¾c
39-inch, 72-76s	7c	38½-inch, 64-56s	5⅝c
39-inch, 68-72s	6½c	38½-inch, 60-52s	5c
39-inch, 56-44s	4¾c	38½-inch, 60-48s	4½c
38½-inch, 64-64s	6c	27-inch, 64-60s	3½c

⁂

Why Demand for Serges Is Less.

Many reasons have been advanced for the quiet demand the mills are getting for serges from the men's wear trade. The most important one advanced is that the price of these goods has become so high that they are beyond the range of value that the clothier can give. Another condition mentioned by a mill agent yesterday was the large quantity of goods sold to the clothiers by the garment manufacturers. The latter found themselves with the merchandise ordered for which they had no use on account of the strike. The goods were turned over, as they came in, to piece goods brokers and sold to the clothing manufacturers. In this way a new source of supply was opened up to the clothiers which they were not slow to take advantage of, particularly as they could save something on the prices asked by the mills.

⁂

Rubber Prices Still Dropping.

Reports of an attempt to corner the supply of the best grade of Brazilian rubber did not have a very bullish effect on the prices asked in the last week on up-river fine, which, according to the figure quoted yesterday, has dropped off to 66@66½ cents a pound, spot. Similar shipments of up-river coarse were quoted at 41 cents, while spot caucho ball was listed at 41½ cents. Buying has been very light, from all accounts, and there has been nothing in the English market of late to sustain prices on this side of the Atlantic. The plantation grades were also quoted lower yesterday than last week, pale crepe being priced at 59 cents, spot, and smoked sheets at 58¼ cents. Manufacturing interests are said to be going very slowly on these grades in view of the probabilities of heavy offerings within the next year. They appear to be well covered for some time to come.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

STONE BROTHERS DRESS AND WAIST COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Stone Brothers Dress and Waist Company, manufacturer of dresses and waists at 110 West Seventeenth Street. Liabilities are $23,000 and assets $7,000. An offer of settlement was made to the creditors on Monday of 20 cents on the dollar. Judge Hand appointed Miss Bertha Rembaugh receiver; bond, $3,500.

CHARLES HASBROUCK, a chauffeur, of 426 West Fifty-sixth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $7,902 and no assets. Of the liabilities $7,639 is a judgment obtained by Anna D. Bonher, as administratrix of Andrew J. Bonher, in 1916 for personal injuries.

PINKUS WALLACH of 369 East Eighth Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $1,867 and no assets.

B. GELLIS & SON.—Barnet and Abraham Gellis, composing the firm of B. Gellis & Sons, painters, at 1,869 Madison Avenue, have filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $3,030 and no assets.

ERNEST LEGERET, a chauffeur, of 142 West Thirty-sixth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $1,062.

LOUIS SIEGEL of 214 Forsyth Street, who formerly had a lunchroom, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $2,818 and no assets.

TENNEY CANDY CORPORATION.—Judge Learned Hand has appointed William H. Coverdale and George W. Morgan receivers for the Tenney Candy Corporation, manufacturer of candy at 76 to 84 Watts Street. The assets are $32,000. The company made an assignment on May 10 to Messrs. Coverdale and Morgan, and a petition in bankruptcy was filed against it on the same day.

NEW ERA NOVELTY COMPANY.—Judge Hand has appointed William Harris of Newark ancillary receiver for the property in this city of the New Era Novelty Company, manufacturer of toys, with factory at 216 High Street, Newark, and salesroom at 220 Fifth Avenue, New York. Most of the assets are in Newark, and the company was adjudicated a bankrupt there on Friday.

HARRY BREMMER.—John L. Lyttle has been appointed receiver by Judge Hand for Harry Bremmer, dealer in tobacco and cigars at 124 Liberty Street. Liabilities are $3,000 and assets $500.

CHARLES L. KANTROWITZ.—Judge Hand has appointed Miss Bertha Rembaugh receiver for Charles L. Kantrowitz, trading as the Kantrowitz-Zitenfield Paper Company at 138 West Twenty-second Street; bond $2,000. Assets are $3,500.

SAMUEL MILLER.—Judge Hand has appointed John L. Lyttle receiver for Samuel Miller, grocer at 176th Street and Southern Boulevard.

BLUE RIBBON DAIRY COMPANY, grocer at Ninety-fifth Street, corner of Broadway, has made an assignment to Sidney H. Aarons.

EDWARD BAGNER, dealer in leaf tobacco at 1,830 Lexington Avenue, has made an assignment to Jacob Clark.

MEYERS & NATHAN.—Herbert Meyers and Abe Nathan, sellers of merchandise on the installment plan at 52 East Broadway, have made an assignment to Samuel Lesser.

SOLOMON SKOLNIK has made an assignment as a member of the firm of Leading Ladies' Apparel Company, dealers in gowns and dresses at 662 Sixth Avenue, to Herman Mirenburg.

Bankruptcy Schedules.

JOHN M. STAHL, grocer of 465 Columbus Avenue, has filed schedules showing liabilities $4,166 and assets $2,251.

MAX LIFSHITZ, dealer in dry goods at 771 Trinity Avenue, has filed schedules showing liabilities $4,974 and assets $4,012.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, N. Y., July 11.—The Albany Edison Diamond Disc Studio, Inc., retail dealer in phonographs, petition in bankruptcy; liabilities of $44,000 and assets of $35,000.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 11.—T. M. Foulk, general merchant of Frankfort Heights, filed voluntary petition in bankruptcy; liabilities, $16,546; assets, $20,883.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts $100 and over.

A. O. Schwartz & Co., Inc.—J. C. Timelat	$184.63
Almerico, Pasquale—N. Como	509.89
Ahrweiler, Julius—F. Greenberg	143.51
Atinelli, Matteo—James Everard's Breweries	186.41
Brodsky, Benjamin—E. L. Richards	228.64
Blanchard, Harry G.—M. L. Blanchard	240.00
Borowski, Alexander—Sulzberger & Sons Co. of America	305.68
Brantingham, Guy S.—S. G. Watson, executrix	4,928.95
Brazie, William—M. Meyer	100.57
Brown, Nathan, and Samuel Feigenbaum—Oriental Dye Works	111.91
Bohn, Martin—F. Beers	222.28
Broadhurst, George—I. R. Broadhurst	750.00
Basin, David—Charles Kaye Renting Co., Inc.	334.42
Beeman Dredging Co.—J. J. Clyde	338.19
Crotona Av. Realty Co.—Weil & Co.	222.91
City of N. Y.—L. Hellinger, costs	104.57
Crotch Island Granite Co.—Aetna Explosives Co., Inc.	280.38
Clancy & Nuhn Contracting Co., Inc.—Hudson River Bluestone Co.	369.31
De Vito, William, by gdn.—Wells Fargo & Co.	158.30
De Mauriac, Guy M.—Columbia Trust Co.	107.52
Dubon, Sanford H.—N. Y. Sporting Goods Co.	636.16
Dodt, John—S. Fischer	32.86
Demarest, William G.—Manhattan Leasing Co.	255.52
Dixon, Sturdevant—M. Duble-Scheele	174.16
Ely, Frank H.—M. H. T. Co., Inc.	112.11
Excelsio Building Co.—L. Miller	1,046.07
Field, Woolsey H.—L. A. Hall	1,237.03
Frank Wilson Construction Co., John A. Damsey, Frank Wilson, and Max Wilson—G. M. Krakower	578.81
Frank Wilson Construction Co., Frank Wilson, Max Wilson, and Morris Lubetkin—G. M. Krakower	322.26
Goldgraben, Joseph—National Cash Register Co.	731.78
Gilbert, Mark L., and Benj. W. Morse—G. A. Carden	1,064.91
Hein, Emily—N. Y. County National Bank	1,053.67
Same—Same	1,879.81
Hammer, Wm. J.—Independent Lamp and Wire Co.	278.58
Interstate Tobacco Co.—J. W. Stoits, as Pres't	199.68
Krotzer, Charles and Wm.—H. W. Alling	175.58
Kanton Bros. Co., Inc.—M. Rosen et al.	107.36
Kennedy, William—James Everard's Breweries	130.41
Kohn, Arthur—Brokaw Bros.	307.76
Lyons, Anna—L. Perlstein et al.	107.88
Levy, Barnett—Weil & Co.	558.89
London Construction Co. and Albert London—Colonial Mantel and Refrigerator Co., Inc.	367.91
Maltinger, Charles—Francis H. Leggett & Co.	126.00
McKenna, Wm. A.—R. C. Brown	284.57
McAvoy, Daniel W.—Bank of Cocoa, Fla.	2,955.96
North Sand Co.—Hood Tire Co.	508.80
New Taxicab and Auto Co.—John J. Kerwin & Co.	446.97
Pick, Edw.—E. Schoenwald	102.77
Pflum, H. Doane—C. Djorup et al.	111.74
Posner, Abraham—Fiberloid Co.	163.69
Phelan, Wm. L., and Phelan Bros. Construction Co.—D. Frank	241.41
Reich, Louis—A. L. London et al.	142.60
Rogers, Evelyn G.—I. W. Bonner	113.91
Ryan, Patrick; Ryanogue Farms, and Mary A. Ryan—American National Bank	2,928.04
Robertson, James G.—New York Talking Machine Co.	122.99
Sterrberg, Nathan—Naughton & Co.	372.92
Secor, Charles A.—Arthur, Mountain & Co.	177.09
Stohl, Walter, and Otto M. Horowitz—Francis H. Leggett & Co.	112.76
Schoeman, Morris—A. Loeb et al.	330.66
Shynoff Cleaning and Dyeing Corporation—Chisholm Stationery Co.	261.83
Steen, Thomas J.—Heathcote School	627.71
Tanne, Louis—H. Albin	138.40
Thomas, Frank C.—C. V. Vickrey	135.13

In Bronx County.

Apmann, Herman J.—E. J. Markey Co.	$343.12
Bodenheim, Amanda—City of N. Y.	127.39
Buckbee, George E.—L. H. Woods	239.63
Clambrone, Maria—E. A. Gregg et al.	2,359.77
Same—Same	2,294.76
Cacciatore, Frank—L. Castagnetta	54.28
Citron, Samuel—J. Klentsch	262.57
Carbone, Aristide L. B.—Rogers Peet Co.	36.88
Daab, William A.—City of N. Y.	116.43
Dina, Biaggio—Same	114.11
Dethier, Walter—Same	115.05
De Freitas, Alfred—Standard Oil Co. of N. Y.	250.69
Erman, George—H. Cohen et al.	121.28
Formigli, Giovanni—N. Grieco et al.	74.81
Granfeldt, Eric—George Ringler & Co.	586.38
Gowanus Wrecking Co., Inc., and Charles H. Wallas—Indiana Flooring Co.	476.97
Kohn, Paul—M. Horton	4,692.86
Lubarsky, Ruben—D. Perchert	17.72
Mounts, Nelson R.—A. H. Sievers	138.85
Maletzky, Joseph, and Samuel Milch—S. Siegler	67.28
Nan Realty Corp. and August Nelson—L. H. Woods	229.68
Obedin, Lawrence—S. Kosven	30.90
Punzel, William—W. H. Harter et al.	27.72
Same—Same	27.72
Penna, Joseph—N. R. Barnaba	135.72
Sussman, William S.—T. R. Thorn	292.05
Tobruk Const. Co. and Jerry Altieri—Northern Cornice and Roofing Co.	320.36
Winnie, Charles—Gallagher & Burton	265.68
Zimmerman, Nathan—J. A. Sayre	59.41
Ziegfield, William K.—S. S. Leshnick	137.22

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Duval, Elbridge G., Sarah J. O'Neil, and Sadie Naylor—S. A. Dougherty, Dec. 15, 1913	$5,245.93
Same—Same, June 8, 1916	100.05
Goldfinger, Josef—Rector, &c., et al. Church of Zion and St. Timothy in the City of New York, Aug. 25, 1916	2,564.87
Hudson Navigation Co.—P. Manson, June 28, 1916	72.58
Same—Same, Feb. 25, 1916	828.60
Henson, William, and Margaret Ott—R. W. Hebberd, Commissioner, Dec. 21, 1908	37.00
Hults, R. Burchard—E. Blaut, Sept. 24, 1915	325.38
Lo Faro, Albert—Ohio Truss Co., May 12, 1916	27.68
Looram, Mary E.—J. Finch, March 6, 1916	332.91
Lidsky, Joseph—S. Kahan, Sept. 8, 1913	29.65
Merowitz Son & Co., and Morris Weiner, not summoned—Export Flour & Feed Co., Inc., Oct. 29, 1915	371.65
McDonall, Georgia Annie, executrix of John B. McDonald and Rapid Transit Subway Construction Co.—W. Bradley, Feb. 4, 1912	502,966.00
Rook, Margaret B.—A. B. S. Co., July 6, 1916	94.26
Stewart, James C. and Alexander M., (James Stewart & Co.)—A. J. Hale, June 12, 1916	5,027.55
Schultz, Bernard and Jacob M., (Schultz Dress Co.)—P. Rosofsky, Sept. 17, 1915	632.18
Same—Same, May 16, 1916	94.75
Schilling, Francis A.—J. Born, June 10, 1901	77.54
Gilbert, Mark L. and Benjamin W. Morse, (Continental Trading Co.)—T. P. Huffman, Aug. 11, 1915	1,814.87
Same—Same, Aug. 11, 1915	1,159.31
Schultz, Henry—Mutual Alliance Trust Co. of N. Y., March 6, 1911	8,549.69
Stewart, Howard T.—J. Reilly, March 26, 1915	66.55
Lawyers Mortgage Co.—M. Kassalow, June 21, 1916, (Bronx Co., vacated)	148.72

In Bronx County.

Lyttle, Samuel—Samuel C. Master, Inc., May 8, 1916	246.78
Singhi, Henry U—Winton Motor Car Co., June 29, 1916	122.17

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

AKRON, Ohio—The Akron Dry Goods Co.; E. Glas, jobs wash skirts, wash dresses; 72 Madison Av.

ALBANY, N. Y.—J. Muhlfelder, millinery, &c.; 621 B'way.

ALBANY, N. Y.—J. G. Myers Co.; R. M. Rich, dress trimmings; 220 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—J. E. Hurst & Co.; J. H. Wells, women's Fall suits; 146 W. 25th.

BALTIMORE, Md.—Schloss Bros. & Co., Inc.; N. Schloss, mfrs. clothing; 840 B'way.

BALTIMORE, Md.—The Hub; Miss C. Rosendale, representing; Mrs. H. Sloman, misses', infants' wear, corsets, muslin underwear; Gregorian.

BALTIMORE, Md.—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; Miss Curry, toilet articles; 220 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; F. E. Pennock, linens, white goods; 18 W. 35th.

BALTIMORE—Joel, Gutman & Co.; L. K. Gutman, dress goods, silks; 200 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; W. B. Stanton, housefurn. and sporting goods; 18 W. 35th.

BALTIMORE—Armstrong, Cator & Co.; A. J. Parsons, white goods; E. E. Taylor, ornaments; 597 B'way.

BALTIMORE—A. S. Katzenberg & Brother; B. Katzenberg, ginghams; 146 West 25th.

BANGOR, Me.—C. E. Woodward, dry goods; Imperial.

BANGOR, Me.—The Rines Co.; Miss C. Virgie, dress goods, silks, velvets; Gregorian.

BOISE, Idaho—C. C. Anderson & Co.; W. M. Morris, women's ready-to-wear waists, skirts; 120 W. 32d; Great Northern.

BOSTON, Mass.—Moore, Smith Co.; E. Luella, straw hats; Prince George.

BOSTON, Mass.—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Murphy, infants' dresses; Mrs. Barrett, machine-made dresses; Mr. Hunting, misses' coats; Miss Brock, boys' furnishings; Miss Louis, trimmed hats; Miss Jansen, toilet goods, perfumes, basement; Mr. Smith, infants', children's dresses, coats, petticoats; Mrs. Kasanof, neckwear; Mr. Ring, ladies', misses' dresses; Mr. Koch, millinery; Mr. Levy, waists; Mr. Thompson, corsets, house dresses; Mr. Hahn, jewelry, leather goods, toilet goods; 116 W. 32d.

BOSTON, Mass.—Mrs. J. C. Stott, cloaks, suits, waists; Brotzell.

BOSTON, Mass.—Shepard-Norwell Co.; Mrs. M. L. Delaney, shirts, muslin underwear; 220 5th Av.

BOSTON, Mass.—De Haan-Kennedy Co.; S. De Haan, mfrs. lingerie; Latham.

BOSTON—W. & A. Bacon Co.; Mrs. Mallee, furs; 1,133 Broadway.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; H. B. Runyan, books, stationery; S. Falk, boys' clothing; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; Mr. St. Armour, boys' clothing; F. A. Burdick, women's coats, skirts; C. H. Hurd, women's hosiery, knit underwear; F. E. Ruggles, children's hosiery, knit underwear; Miss C. J. Robinson, china, glass; T. O'Donnell, tailored suits; F. C. Kimball, women's costumes; J. A. Keogh, men's clothing, basement; Mr. Ryan, representing; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co.; Miss Hurtisbise tailored suits; J. A. Keogh, men's clothing, (basement;) 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—Houghton & Dutton Co.; C. Block, pictures, wall paper; Wallick.

BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; Miss F. R. Schloger, costumes; Miss L. Schloger, cloaks, suits; 25 W. 33d.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss Mackay, cotton underwear, kimonos; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—C. F. Hovey & Co.; Miss E. Boas, costumes; 243 Church.

BOSTON—Conrad & Co.; Miss S. Blumenthal, costumes; 15 East 26th.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—C. Misch; H. W. Walder, ready-to-wear; 1,261 Broadway.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; R. F. Smith, cloaks, suits; 18 W. 35th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; Miss Noeller, art goods; 230 5th Av.

BUTTE, Mon.—Symons D. G. Co.; A. Dagleish, linens, housefurn. goods; L. Ransahoff, notions, laces, hosiery, gloves, ribbons; D. Broughton, furn. goods; 821 B'way; Brotzell.

CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; Mr. Fink, ready-to-wear; 115 Worth.

CHICAGO, Ill.—L. Martin, furnishing goods, hats, shoes; Woodward.

CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; A. Strauss, suits, skirts; 115 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Leschin, Inc.; Miss Blume, Mr. Edderheimer, coats, suits, dresses; 18 E. 22d.

CHICAGO, Ill.—J. V. Farwell Co.; R. J. Hodgson, white goods; 72 Leonard; Great Northern.

CHICAGO—Siegel, Cooper & Co.; F. C. Moffit, women's ready-to-wear; 15 E. 22d.

CHICAGO—C. A. Stevens & Bro.; J. H. Stevens, furs; 40 E. 22d.

CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co. C. W. White, underwear; 72 Leonard.

CINCINNATI—Alms & Doepke Co.; W. G. Otte, notions, leather goods; E. Kotter, silks, dress goods.

CLEVELAND—Higbee & Co.; F. Schnebly, furnishing, knit goods; 230 5th Av.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—The Bailey Co.; Miss Moscovics, Fall suits; Mr. Tyroler, Fall suits; 72 Madison Av.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—The Ames Co.; Miss Sally Cohen, waists; 72 Madison Av.

CLEVELAND—E. Sperling Co.; E. Sperling, cloths, silks; Breslin.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—Hirsch Co.; Miss E. Cohen, jobs waists, dresses; 470 4th Av.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—Wm. Taylor, Son & Co.; Mrs. C. J. Seese, millinery; Miss H. Block, dresses; 470 4th Av.; Knickerbocker.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—May Co.; J. W. Swanson, ready-to-wear, basement; 37 W. 26th.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus & Co.; Miss B. Dunlop, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear; 220 5th Av.; Collingwood.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Green, Joyce Co.; P. A. Schneider, notions, ribbons; 354 4th Av.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—McAllister, Mohler Co.; C. O. Staiger, draperies; Imperial.

DENVER, Col.—The May Co.; T. Milroy, men's, boys' hats, caps, ladies' sport hats; 37 W. 26th.

DETROIT, Mich.—Burnham, Stoepel & Co.; A. H. W. MacMillan, domestics, flannels, blankets, seconds; 43 Leonard.

DETROIT, Mich.—J. Burrows, skirts, dresses; Breslin.

DETROIT, Mich.—Newcomb-Endicott Co.; N. E. Bentley, dress goods, silks; 200 5th Av.

FALL RIVER, Mass.—R. A. McWhirr Co.; J. E. Sullivan, furniture; 75 Spring.

GLOVERSVILLE, N. Y.—M. Lurie & Co.; J. Lurie, black muffs; 18 W. 27th.

HARRISBURG, Penn.—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; W. H. Bennethum, men's clothing; 230 5th Av.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; H. L. Elliot, notions, fancy goods; 75 Spring.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Burnham-Munger-Root D. G. Co.; R. S. Jones, linens, white goods, laces, ribbons, notions, fancy goods; 43 Leonard.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Emery-Bird-Thayer D. G. Co.; Miss M. Jones, women's skirts; 25 Madison Av.; Sherman Square.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Smith-McCord-Townsend D. G. Co.; C. C. Wright, linens, white goods; Wm. Geissler, women's ready-to-wear; M. Miller, notions, fancy goods; S. Beam, furn. goods; 72 Leonard.

LANCASTER, Penn.—M. T. Garvin & Co.; J. H. Ross, women's cloaks, suits, millinery, infants' wear, boys' clothing; York.

LINCOLN, Neb.—Stoddard Co.; H. F. Haviland, ready-to-wear, corsets, underwear; 7 W. 22d.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—William R. Moore D. G. Co.; F. Novitzki, hosiery, knit goods; 256 Church.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—W. R. Moore Dry Goods Co.; H. A. Taylor, dress goods; W. J. Johnston, white goods; 256 Church.

MERIDEN, Conn.—A. S. Thomas; J. J. Killeen, notions, hosiery, furnishing goods; 220 5th Av.

MINNEAPOLIS.—Dayton Co.; T. S. Mayer, cloaks, suits, waists; 1,170 B'way.

MINNEAPOLIS—Minneapolis D. G. Co.; C. Bertram, upholstery goods; D. H. Meagher, boys' clothing; A. Dimpfl, men's furn. goods; 432 4th Av.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Powers Mercantile Co.; C. W. Warnock, mdse. manager; 18 W. 35th.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Young-Quinlan Co.; J. A. Lehman, suits, coats, skirts, furs; Great Northern.

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—L. Jonas & Co.; Miss C. Crentz, pattern hats; 581 Broadway; Cumberland.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—New Bedford D. G. Co.; A. J. Laliberte, cloaks, suits, waists; P. T. Foy, boys' clothing, furn. goods; J. J. Quinlan, furniture; 75 Spring.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Gamble Desmond Co., Miss Frieda T. Schell, infants', children's wear; 470 4th Av.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Shartenberg & Robinson Co.; S. Malley, dress goods, wash goods, linings; H. A. Schoenfeld, millinery; 75 Spring.

NEW ORLEANS, La.—The Economy Co.; W. A. Bloom, ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway.

OMAHA, Neb.—Burgess-Nash Co.; Miss F. Michalls, waists; 1,133 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn.—N. Snellenburg Co.; Miss A. M. Day, Miss S. Walter, white goods, laces, embroidery; 1,261 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn.—Kahn Waist Co.; S. Cantor, mfrs. waists; 1,123 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; Miss C. Callinan, petticoats; 1,261 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—J. Largman & Bro.; J. Largman, tie silks; 200 5th Av.; Latham.

PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; Miss B. E. Ramsey, infants' wear; C. M. R. Whitely, linings; E. Bohn, leather goods; Miss A. Guggenheim, umbrellas; D. S. Scott, men's furn. goods; B'way and 32d.

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; P. W. Hamilton, shoes; 116 W. 32d.

PITTSBURGH—Meyer Jonasson & Co.; M. L. Miller, millinery; 11 W. 25th.

PITTSBURGH—Pittsburgh D. G. Co.; R. K. McQuiston, men's furnishing goods, sweaters; 43 Leonard.

PITTSBURGH—Broadway Cloak and Suit Co.; J. Rudolph, Fall coats, suits, dresses, waists, Herald Square.

PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; R. W. Crabb, women's shoes; 1,140 Broadway.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Department Store; J. Glaser, shoes; 1,261 Broadway.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Department Store; A. B. Kuehn, coats, suits; M. Lippman, silks, dress goods; H. Edgcomb, hats, caps; 1,261 Broadway.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; M. M. Dunn, silks, cotton goods; 95 Madison Av.

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; Miss Meyers, jobs skirts; 364 5th Av.

PITTSBURGH—McCreery & Co.; V. Ravenscroft, furs; Miss M. B. Aicklin, representing; 23 E. 26th.

PITTSBURGH—N. Bagran, dry goods; Breslin.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Department Store; A. C. Moffatt, women's hosiery, gloves; 1,261 Broadway.

PORTLAND, Me.—Porteous, Mitchell & Braun Co.; A. O. Moore, Jr., upholstery goods; 432 4th Av.; McAlpin.

QUINCY, Ill.—Noll-Hauworth Co.; W. G. Noll, furn. goods, notions, clothing; Imperial.

READING, Penn.—C. K. Whitner & Co.; J. H. Servis, cloaks, suits; Breslin.

READING, Penn.—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; L. Eschwege, cloaks, suits, waists; 230 5th Av.

RICHMOND, Va.—Miller & Rhoads; W. M. Dedenhover, cloaks, suits, waists; 432 4th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; S. P. Caldwell, cloaks, suits; 432 4th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Rosenberg Bros. & Co.; M. H. Lang, clothing; 200 5th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; K. C. Townson, art goods; 432 4th Av.; McAlpin.

SACRAMENTO, Cal.—Weinstock, Lubin & Co.; Mr. Ossey, coats, suits, dresses; 220 5th Av.

SACRAMENTO, Cal.—Wassermann-Gattmann Co.; J. F. Doherty, leather goods, toilet goods, notions, ribbons; 353 4th Av.; Flanders.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—Auerbach Co.; F. T. Mundell, laces, hdkfs., neckwear, veilings; W. A. Sayer, ladies' gloves, hosiery, knit underwear; 123 East 24th.

SALT LAKE CITY—Boston Store; A. Allen, juvenile dept.; J. Findling, ready-to-wear; 15 E. 26th.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—O'Connor, Moffatt & Co.; Mrs. L. Fall, coats, suits, waists, dresses; 114 5th Av.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—Livingston Bros.; A. Livingston, ready-to-wear, millinery; 303 5th Av.; Herald Square.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—Juda Bros.; E. A. Juda, mfrs. waists, house dresses, petticoats; 15 E. 26th.; Flanders.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—S. N. Wood & Co.; L. A. Goldstein, boys' clothing; 43 W. 16th; Flanders.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—Hale Bros.; Mrs. J. Treganowen, handkerchiefs, laces, embroideries, neckwear; 50 Union Sq.; Great Northern.

SCRANTON, Penn.—The Scranton Dry Goods Co.; H. G. Ehrlich, jobs wash skirts, wash dresses; 72 Madison Av.

SCRANTON, Penn.—Clarke Bros. Stores; G. N. Clarke, mdse. manager; 315 5th Av.; Sherman Square.

SOUTH BEND, Ind.—Brandon-Durrell Co.; E. Hogey, silks, dress goods, laces; Miss T. Kirschmeyer, ready-to-wear; York.

SOUTH BEND, Ind.—Vernon Clothing Co.; C. Steed, clothing, hats; Longacre.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Forbes & Wallace; F. L. Sturtevant, house furn. goods; 230 5th Av.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo.—Nathan Clothing Co.; P. L. Nathan, men's, boys', children's clothing; 220 5th Av.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—J. S. Brittain D. G. Co.; L. B. McJimsey, dress goods; 320 Broadway.

ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; Mrs. O. M. Thornton, waists; 1,140 Bwy.

ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; Miss M. Kearney, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 1,140 B'way.

ST. LOUIS—Rosenthal-Sloan Millinery Co.; G. M. Barnes, ribbons; 621 B'way.

ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; H. A. Weill, misses' wear; J. Boyer, representing; 1,140 B'way.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Ely & Walker D. G. Co.; G. F. Newhard, notions, gloves, jewelry, ribbons, fancy goods, corsets, neckwear; 395 B'way.

ST. LOUIS—I. Crone, millinery; Continental.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Louis Wachtel; hats, flowers, fancy feathers; Prince George.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Schwartz Importing Co.; A. Schwartz, Spring children's dresses, middies; 684 Broadway.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—B. Nugent & Bro. Dry Goods Co.; Miss D. Robinson, millinery; 470 4th Av.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—King-Brinsmade Merc. Co.; C. E. Pollak, flowers, feathers; H. B. King, ribbons, silks, velvets; C. Kempf, hats; W. B. Eelson, millinery; 621 Broadway.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Carlton D. G. Co.; O. R. Gibbons, wash suits, boys' waists, blouses, children's colored dresses; 358 B'way.

ST. PAUL—Golden Rule; R. J. Williams, linens; 1,261 Broadway.

ST. PAUL—Emporium Merc. Co.; R. W. Fawcett, furn. goods; 1,289 B'way.

ST. PAUL—Lindeke, Warner & Sons; R. Warner, hosiery; 350 B'way.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Strong & Warner Co.; M. Hirschberg, hats; 621 Broadway.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Syracuse D. G. Co.; J. W. Gersbacher, notions; 320 Broadway; Herald Square.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Dey Bros. & Co.; J. A. Russell, cloaks, suits, furs, waists; 220 5th Av.; Park Av. Hotel.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Neal & Hyde; A. M. Robinson, furn. goods, knit underwear; 72 Leonard.

TOLEDO, Ohio—Baumgardner & Co.; F. L. Baumgardner, Mr. Galvin, underwear, shirts, sweaters, hosiery; 75 Leonard.

TORONTO, Ontario—Novelty Lace and Veiling Co.; M. J. Teller, neckwear, novelties, art embroideries; 460 W. 149th.

TROY, N. Y.—Eagle Mills Mfg. Co.; L. P. Wood, representing; Imperial.

UTICA, N. Y.—G. W. Reed, men's, woman's ready-to-wear; Navarre.

UTICA N. Y.—Brandegee, Kincaid & Co.; F. W. Kincaid, manufacturers clothing; 32 Union Sq.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Brooks & Co.; Mrs. M. Brooks, Mrs. M. Rapelye, ready-to-wear; 230 5th Av.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward & Lothrop; J. E. Fronani, china, glassware; 334 4th Av.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. A. Smith, mfrs. shirts; Flanders.

WILMINGTON, Del.—L. Jacoby; cloaks, suits; Imperial.

WILMINGTON, Del.—R. Topkis Sons; C. Topkis, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.

WORCESTER, Mass.—Denholm & McKay Co.; L. C. Brown, President; 230 5th Av.

SCOTCH GINGHAMS

We have 1058 Pcs. (40 Yds.) of a High Class Fast-Color Imported Zephyr Gingham, nicely assorted in sixty designs—Staples, Plains and Plaids—which we offer in one or two lots, at a price to enable their being jobbed at 16½ cents.

SHIPLEY-HOLLINS Co. Inc
44 EAST 25 TH. ST. TEL. 60 MAD. SQ.

Cohn-Hall-Marx Co
Commission Merchants
93-95 Franklin Street, New York
Cotton Fabrics
Spring Lines, 1917, for Jobbing Trades, are ready in White Goods and Wash Dress Fabrics

FRENCH HOSIERY PRICES.

Large Advances Are Made on Them by Customs Officials.

Importers of French hosiery are finding it increasingly difficult to get local Custom House officials to accept entered values on this line of merchandise. Recent shipments here have had to stand material increases in values at the hands of appraising officials, who claimed that the prices put on the goods in making entry were below actual market values in France. From what could be learned yesterday at the offices of the Board of General Appraisers it was apparent that French hosiery imports for a long time to come will be rated for duty purposes at higher levels.

The authorities hold that the cost of manufacturing the goods, higher wages and increased cost of materials are steadily raising the value of the finished products. Accordingly, they are adding to make what they deem to be correct market value. A case of this kind involving a big shipment of hosiery of all kinds came before Judge Howell yesterday for decision. The merchandise was shipped to New York by Gaston Verdier of Meaux, and included such lines as full silk hose, lisle and silk half-hose, silk half-hose, embroidered silk half-hose, embroidered lace beaded hose, fancy lisle half-hose, besides lots of lace and embroidered hosiery of special patterns.

The official papers failed to show what the goods were originally invoiced at, but the entered values failed to satisfy the customs men. They made advances on practically every line contained in the shipment, some of the raises being unusually stiff. The additional duties and penalties were paid under protest, and the case taken to a single General Appraiser for review.

The importers here were unable at the hearing to disprove the Government's contention that French manufacturing costs were on the rise, or show that the entered prices conformed to the market prices of the goods on the date of shipment, April 27 last. The hosiery arrived here May 10. Judge Howell, while approving fairly slight advances on some of the more ordinary goods, affirmed the lower officials in heavy advances on the more expensive lines. Silk half-hose, 445, described as "plain black," although entered at 44, was held by the General Appraiser properly dutiable at 55.65 francs per dozen. So-called black grisettes, or silk hosiery 400, entered at the Custom House as worth 90, were advanced by Judge Howell to 136.00 francs per dozen.

The same class of goods, but known as No. 544, entered at 126, was held by the reviewing officer dutiable on the basis of 141.66 francs per dozen. Silk embroidered hose known as "Laurie," entered at 126, was put on the basis of 140.47 francs per dozen. Similar goods known as "Liagos," entered at 93, were raised to 114.28 francs per dozen.

BUSINESS NOTES.

A meeting of the Silk Industry Home Defense League was held yesterday at the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory. Captain Tilt presided, and lectures were delivered by police officials.

The demand for narrow velvet ribbons keeps up in a way puzzling to manufacturers. They do not understand just where the goods are going once they are bought by the dry goods trade.

William Leeming
IS NOW READY TO SHOW
HIS FULL LINE OF
French and English
Novelty Cotton Fabrics
"Made in America."
FOR SPRING 1917
23-25 EAST 21ST ST., NEW YORK.

SILK From $2.75 to $4.50
DRESSES
Messalines—Poplins—Taffetas.
IPP & KWINT,
18 WEST 22D STREET.
WASH From $9.00 Doz. to $2.75 Ea.

Collars of Style
William Barker Co.,
239 4th Ave., N. Y. City.

MANUFACTURERS' SALES COMPANY,
Buyers General Merchandise,
37 E. 19th St. 758-759 Gramercy.
Consignments Received. Cash Advances. Trade Sales.

SAMUEL MARX WOOLWORTH BUILDING.
Tel. 6911-12 Barclay.
Salesrooms, 115-17 Spring St., Tel. 5382 Spring.

TINPLATE
300,000 BASE BOXES
Bright and Ternes offered at Market Price. Delivery 50,000 boxes monthly—any desired size. Quality and delivery guaranteed. Phone, wire or write.
BAIRD MACHINERY CO.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

FOR MONEY ADVANCED
CHARLES SHONGOOD, Auctioneer,
WILL SELL TO-DAY,
WEDNESDAY, JULY 12, 1916,
AT 12 NOON,
AT 539 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY,
ABOUT 110 VERY FINE
Oriental Rugs
of various sizes and patterns, consisting of CHINESE RUGS, KERMANSHAH, BELOOCHISTAN, SERREBEND, SAROOK, KURDISTAN, CAMEL HAIR, etc.

SECOND DAY'S SALE
"A Beautiful Sale in the Park Avenue District."—WISE.
Benj. S. Wise, Auct'r,
Will Sell at PUBLIC AUCTION
To-day (Wed.) 10:30 A. M.
Also To-morrow Same Hour,
ENTIRE COSTLY FURNISHINGS
Contained in the residence of
OTTO HORWITZ, Esq.
106 East 73d St.,
Near Park Avenue
Descriptive Catalogs at the residence.

NOTICE OF SALE.

To BERNARD MITNICK and to all whom it may concern:

Take notice that by virtue of a lien held by the undersigned against the WAVERLEY ELECTRIC COUPE, Body No. D8106C, equipped with 32 cell P. V. type battery and pneumatic tires, belonging to Bernard Mitnick and now in the possession of the undersigned, the undersigned will sell such personal property at public auction to the highest bidder to satisfy such lien at the office of the undersigned at 62d Street West, opposite Central Park, in the City of New York, on the 20th day of July, 1916, at 11 A. M., as provided by the Lien Law of the State of New York.

Dated New York, July 5, 1916.

THE NEW YORK ELECTRIC GARAGE CORPORATION,
By R. EMLYN JONES, Treasurer.

PARTITION SALE.

The property No. 8 Perot Street, at the southeast corner of Perot Street and Armand Place, Bronx, 64 feet front by 80 feet in depth, will be sold by Charles A. Berrian, Auctioneer, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 3,208 Third Ave., Bronx County, City of New York, on July 18th, 1916, at 12 o'clock noon, for the estate of David P. Reid, deceased; also for the same estate the lot on Albany Crescent, 331 feet north of 231st Street, 32.46 feet in front by 19.29 feet in rear, and approximately 100 feet by 102 feet in depth.

KIDDER, PEABODY & CO.

115 Devonshire St. BOSTON
17 Wall St. NEW YORK

Investment Securities
Foreign Exchange
Letters of Credit

Correspondents of
BARING BROTHERS & CO., LTD
LONDON

A Remunerative Way to Invest

when the primary objects are safety of principal and satisfactory income, is to choose some of the sound Public Utility Bonds that may be bought at current prices on desirable bases.

Suggestions will be given those who write for our circular No. 128

William P. Bonbright & Co.
Incorporated
14 Wall Street, New York
London Wm. P. Bonbright & Co.
Paris Bonbright & Co.

$500,000
Kansas City, Mo.
4½% Gold Bonds
Due July 1, 1935

Exempt from the Federal Income Tax. Legal investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York and New England. Eligible to secure Postal Savings Deposits.

Total debt of the city about 2.76% of assessed valuation

Price to Yield 4%

Ask for circular T-81.

Remick, Hodges & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
14 Wall St., New York
Correspondents:
R. L. Day & Co. Boston

General Information Regarding Bonds

We have issued a booklet giving brief explanations of coupon and registered bonds, redemption of bonds, sinking funds, and definitions of various types of bonds. The booklet also contains brief descriptions of more than fifty-five issues of conservative investment bonds.

Write for Booklet 1571
"Conservative Investment Bonds"

Spencer Trask & Co.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
25 Broad Street, New York
ALBANY BOSTON CHICAGO
Members New York Stock Exchange

WE OFFER

		PRICE
Milwaukee Coupon	4s	100½
Milwaukee Coupon	4½s	4%
Los Angeles Coupon	4½s	4.20%
Minneapolis Coupon	4s	4%
Spokane Coupon	4½s	4.15%
Baltimore Reg.	4s	4%
San Francisco Coupon	5s	4.30%
Portland, Ore., Coupon	4s	99

Write for full particulars.

Estabrook & Co.
Members { New York Stock Exchange / Boston Stock Exchange
24 Broad St. New York

Tax Exempt in New York State
$560,000
Buffalo, N. Y.
4¼% BONDS
Due Serially June 15, 1923 to 1946 Incl.
LEGAL INVESTMENT FOR NEW YORK AND ALL NEW ENGLAND SAVINGS BANKS AND TRUST FUNDS.
1923-1925 maturities to yield 3.90%
1926-1946 " " " 3.95%
Circular on application
R. M. GRANT & CO.
31 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK
BOSTON CHICAGO

Railway Equipment Bonds
MATURING 1917-1928
To Yield 4.10%-5.25%
FREEMAN & COMPANY
CAR TRUST SECURITIES
34 PINE STREET, NEW YORK

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Yield Further Under Continued Pressure—High Money Aids Decline.

It was said after the close of the market yesterday that every trader on the floor of the Stock Exchange had abandoned the long side to itself and become a seller of stocks, and the price changes for the day gave weight to the suggestion. There were as many explanations for the failure of the market to hold up as there were sellers. The most obvious explanation of the continued weakness is to be found in the advance in call money, coming at a time when the public is decidedly out of the market, and a readjustment of loans which has forced out a large amount of industrial collateral. There was such a gap between bid and asked prices for some of the less active issues that brokers called up many customers to tell them that they would either have to put in selling orders or provide additional margin.

The opening yesterday was feverish, and so many soft spots developed that bearishly inclined traders found it an easy matter to depress quotations. Industrial Alcohol duplicated its low price of Monday by selling down to 107½, but it rallied to 114 from there and helped stabilize the list throughout the forenoon. As the day wore on the early recoveries were lost, and the close saw the lowest prices for the session in many issues. Industrial Alcohol fell back to 111⅞, reducing its gain to 2⅞ points.

Brokers have been taking advantage of the change in sentiment toward the war stocks, which have been losing favor rapidly with the publication of reports to the effect that the Allies are now getting into position to supply their own munitions needs, and they have picked out the companies which benefited by the rise of last Summer when the air was filled with war-order rumors as the most vulnerable points of attack. Studebaker was depressed to 125⅛, and closed little above that price with a net loss of 6⅛ points, while Maxwell common lost 3⅛. Bethlehem declined 6½, General Motors 5, Coal Products 5¼, General Chemical 6, Chandler Motors 2¾, and many others from 1 to 3 points. With nearly all of the professionals selling stocks the investment demand was not sufficient to check the reaction.

The copper stocks were hurt by reports of lower prices for the metal. Granby sold off 3 points to 81, Anaconda lost 1⅛ to 79, and Kennecott dropped a point to 45¼. Steel closed at the low, 84¼, with a net decline of 1⅛.

Inquiries among some of the principal industrial companies brought the information that Great Britain and France have practically dropped out of the market for finished supplies, but they are expected to continue their purchases of copper, steel, alcohol and powder. Russia has been a larger factor in the market than at any time since the beginning of hostilities, and her orders, especially for rails, have in some cases gone begging by reason of the sold-up condition of the mills.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

	Days. 10 or Less.	Over 10 up to 30.	Over 30 up to 60.	Over 60 up to 90.
Boston	3	3½	4	4
New York	3	4	4	4
Philadelphia	3½	4	4	4
Cleveland	3½	4	4	4½
Richmond	..	4	4	4
Atlanta	..	4	4	4
Chicago	3½	4	4	4½
St. Louis	3	4	4	4
Minneapolis	..	4	4	4½
Kansas City	4	4½	4½	4½
Dallas	..	4	4	4
San Francisco	3	3½	4	4½

Trade Acceptances.

	Agricul. Over 90.	Up to 60.	60 to 90.	Commodity.
Boston	5	3	3	3½
New York	5	3½	3½	..
Philadelphia	4½	3½	3½	3½
Cleveland	5	3	3½	..
Richmond	5	3½	3½	3½
Atlanta	5	3½	3½	3½
Chicago	5	..	..	..
St. Louis	5	3	3½	3
Minneapolis	5	3½	3½	3½
Kansas City	5	3½	3½	3
Dallas	4½	3½	3½	3
San Francisco	5½	3	3½	*3½

*Up to 30 days; over 30 to 60, 4 per cent.; over 60 to 90, 4½ per cent., and over 90, 5 per cent.

BANK ACCEPTANCES.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days..........2⅝@2⅜
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days..........3⅜@4½

COLLATERAL LOANS.

Call.

High.	Low.	Last.	Renewal Rate.
5	4½	5	5

Time.

60 days	4	@4½
90 days	4	@4½
4 months	4	@5
5 months	4	@5
6 months	4	@5

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 90 days..........3¾
4 to 6 months..........4

Other Names.

4 to 6 months..........4@4½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.75⅝	$4.75	$4.75⅝	— .00⅛
Cables	4.76 1-16	4.76⅝	4.76⅝	— .00 1-16
Francs—				
Demand	5.91	5.91¼	5.91¼	— .00¼
Cables	5.90½	5.90⅝	5.90⅝	— .00⅛
Marks—				
Demand	74.43¾	74.37½	74.43¾	+ .06¼
Cables	74.50	74.43¾	74.50	..

Closing Rates.

Following are yesterday's closing rates, compared with the normal rates of exchange based on the mint par of exchange adapted to the customary way of quoting the several exchanges. Sterling is quoted at so many dollars to the pound; German exchange so many cents to four marks, and French, Italian, and Swiss exchanges so many francs or lire to the dollar. The other exchanges in this list are quoted so many cents to the units of currency in the several countries:

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close Demand or Check.	Cable.
4.8665	London	4.75⅝	4.76⅝
5.1826	Paris	5.91¼	5.90⅝
95.28	Berlin	74.43¾	74.50
5.1826	Switzerland	5.29	5.28¼
19.295	Greece	19.37	19.42
51.45	Russia	30.70	30.75
5.1826	Italy	6.40½	6.39½
20.26	Austria	12.80	12.85
26.75	Scandinavia	*28.30	28.40
19.29	Spain	20.20	20.30
40.19	Holland	41.43¾	41.50
	China—		
....	Hongkong	58.50	48.62½
....	Shanghai	66.50	66.62½
	India—		
32.44	Bombay	33.00	....
32.44	Calcutta	33.00	....
	Japan—		
49.84	Kobe	50.50	50.62½
49.84	Yokohama	50.50	50.62½
	Philippine Islands—		
50.00	Manila	50.25	50.37½
	South America—		
42.44	Buenos Aires	42.15	42.25
32.44	Rio	28.37½	25.50

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.71½	$4.69½	$4.71	$4.69

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $622,263,089; balance, $33,110,645; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $747,476.

Domestic Exchanges.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, 20c discount; St. Louis, 15@10c discount; San Francisco, 20c premium; Montreal, $3.25.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 29½d, up ⅛d; in New York, 61c, up 1c; Mexican dollars, 46⅞@49⅛c.

Paris Trading Quiet.

PARIS, July 11.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 64 francs for cash. Exchange on London 28 francs 10 centimes. Five per cent. loan 90 francs 20 centimes.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, JULY 11, 1916.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales	650,779
Same day last year	614,641
Same day two years ago	241,166
Year to date	88,140,933
Same period last year	65,856,690
Same period in 1914	40,055,193

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
14	16	100	Advance Rumely	15	15	15	15	...
32¼	36	100	Advance Rumely pf	32¼	32¼	32¼	32¼	+ ¼
64½	65	200	Ajax Rubber	66	66	66	66	+1
18	18⅜	1,800	Alaska Gold Mines	18⅛	18¼	17⅞	18¼	+ ¼
7⅞	8	1,700	Alaska Juneau	8⅛	8⅛	8	8	− ¼
20¼	20½	3,000	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	21½	21½	19¾	20¼	−1
70½	71	3,800	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	72½	72½	70½	71	−2
66¼	68	700	Am. Agricul. Chem	67½	67½	66¼	66¼	−1¾
90	90½	100	Am. Agri. Chem. pf	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	+ ⅜
91¼	91½	19,300	Am. Beet Sugar	94	94	90½	91	−2
52⅝	53	8,200	Am. Can	52	53	51¾	52¾	+ ⅝
108¾	109½	200	Am. Can pf	109	109	109	109	+ ¼
53⅛	53½	1,200	Am. Car & Fdry	52¾	53⅝	52¾	53⅝	+ ⅝
135	137	3,600	Am. Coal Products	140	140	130	136	−5¼
53	53¾	500	Am. Cotton Oil	54	54	53¼	53¼	−1¾
9⅞	10	100	Am. H. & Leather	10	10	10	10	− ⅛
50	50½	1,200	Am. H. & Leath. pf	51¾	51¾	50	50¼	−1⅜
28¼	29	400	Am. Ice Securities	29¾	29¾	29	29	+ ⅜
19	19½	100	Am. Linseed	19	19	19	19	− ½
42½	44	900	Am. Linseed pf	43¼	43½	42½	42¾	−1¾
63⅜	63½	5,500	Am. Locomotive	63¾	64¼	63	63¾	− ½
99½	100½	800	Am. Locomotive pf	100	100	99¾	99¾	− ¼
37	39	100	Am. Malt pf	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	− ¼
92	92⅛	7,200	Am. Smelt. & Ref	93	93	91⅝	92	−1¼
110	112	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	110½	110½	110½	110½	...
92½	93½	400	Am. Smelt. S. pf. A	91¾	91¾	91¾	91¾	−1½
43½	46	100	Am. Steel F'dries	46	46	46	46	−1
109½	111	100	Am. Sugar Ref	109½	109½	109½	109½	−2⅛
116½	119	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	116⅞	116⅞	116⅞	116⅞	−1⅛
129⅛	129⅜	500	Am. Teleph. & Tel	129⅛	129¼	129	129⅛	...
206⅝	207	1,100	Am. Tobacco	206	207½	206	206⅞	...
106¼	106¾	100	Am. Tob. pf. new	106½	106½	106½	106½	+ ¾
43	43½	1,000	Am. Woolen	43⅜	43⅜	43	43	− ¾
94½	95	100	Am. Woolen pf	94½	94½	94½	94½	+ ½
23	23½	700	Am. Writing P. pf	23⅜	23⅜	23	23	− ½
29½	30½	15,100	Am. Zinc L. S	29¾	31⅛	29½	29½	− ¼
60½	61½	2,000	Am. Zinc L. S. pf	61½	61½	59½	60½	−2
79⅜	79⅝	20,100	Anaconda Cop. Co	80⅜	80⅜	78⅝	79	−1⅛
104⅜	104¾	2,900	Atch., Top. & S. F	105½	105½	104½	104½	−1
98¾	99	300	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	99	99	98¾	98¾	− ⅛
111½	112	100	Atlantic Coast Line	113	113	113	113	−1½
58⅝	59½	2,700	At., Gulf & W. I	61¾	61¾	58	58¾	−4¾
61½	62	900	At., Gulf & W. I. pf	62½	62½	61⅝	61½	−1½
70	70¼	10,600	Baldwin Loco	71	71¼	70	70¼	− ⅝
105¼	106½	100	Baldwin Loco. pf	105½	105½	105½	105½	+1
89	89½	1,700	Baltimore & Ohio	89¼	89½	88⅛	89	− ¼
76⅝	76⅞	15	Baltimore & O. pf	76¾	76¾	76¾	76¾	...
..	..	1	Bank of Commerce	167½	167½	167½	167½	...
440	442	200	Bethlehem Steel	442	443	442	443	−6½
85¼	86¼	200	Bklyn Rapid Tran	85¼	85¼	85¼	85¼	...
55	57½	100	Brown Shoe	56¼	56¼	56¼	56¼	+ ¼
61¾	62¼	9,500	Butte & Superior	61½	62⅞	60½	62	...
28⅛	28¾	100	Butterick Co	28¼	28¼	28¼	28¼	...
19	20	500	California Petrol	18⅞	19¼	18⅞	19	− ¼
44	47	700	California Pet. pf	46	46	45	45	−2
178¼	179	1,100	Canadian Pacific	179½	179⅝	178⅝	178⅝	...
52⅜	53	1,800	Central Leather Co	53⅛	53¼	52⅝	53	− ¼
107⅝	108½	2,310	Chandler Motor	110	110	107⅛	107⅝	−2¾
61¼	61½	1,500	Chesapeake & Ohio	61½	61½	61	61⅛	− ⅝
12⅝	13	200	Chi. Great Western	12⅞	13	12¾	13	+ ⅜
35¾	36¼	600	Chi. Gt. West. pf	36⅛	36¼	36	36	− ¼
96½	97	2,000	Chi., Mil. & St. P	97½	97⅝	97	97	− ⅞
129	130	300	Chi. & Northwest	130	130	129	129	−1
20¼	20½	13,393	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	21½	21½	20¼	20⅜	−1⅜
20	20½	1,400	Chile Copper	20½	20½	20	20	− ½
46¼	46½	2,800	Chino Copper	46½	47	46⅛	46¼	−1⅜
82	82½	100	C., C., C. & St.L.pf	82½	82½	82½	82½	...
70⅛	73½	600	Cluett, Peabody Co	72⅞	72⅞	71	71	−2
42¾	43	5,100	Col. Fuel & Iron	44⅛	44⅛	42¾	42¾	−1¼
40	43	200	Comput. Tab. Rec	42	42	42	42	− ¼
134	135	100	Consolidated Gas	134⅛	134⅛	134⅛	134⅛	− ⅞
98¼	100	200	Continental Can	99	99	99	99	−1
108	109	400	Continental Can pf	108¼	109	108¼	109	−2
14	14⅝	200	Corn Products Ref	14⅝	14⅝	14½	14½	+ ⅜
90	90¾	1,000	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	90	90¼	90	90	...
70¼	70⅜	24,200	Crucible Steel	72	72½	70	70⅛	−1⅞
58½	58⅝	8,600	Cuba Cane Sugar	59⅞	60	58½	58½	−1½
94	94½	2,000	Cuba Cane Sugar pf	94¼	94½	94	94	− ½
150½	153	100	Delaware & Hud	151½	151½	151½	151½	...
14	15	200	Den. & Rio Grande	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾	− ⅜
34½	34¾	1,800	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	35	35⅝	34½	34½	−1¼
135½	137	25	Detroit Edison Co	136	136	136	136	...
116	120	200	Detroit United Ry	116	116	116	116	−3
116	120	25	Do., odd lot	116¼	116¼	116¼	116¼	...
41⅝	42	3,900	Distillers' Secur	41½	42¼	41⅛	42	+1
25⅜	26	100	Dome Mines	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾	...
10	13½	100	Dul., S. S. & A. pf	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	−2¼
62½	63	300	Elec. Storage Bat	63	63	62½	62½	− ½
35⅝	35¾	1,150	Erie	36¼	36¼	35¼	35⅝	− ½
53¼	54	500	Erie 1st pf	53⅝	54	53½	53½	...
36½	40	100	Federal M. & S. pf	38	38	38	38	...
36½	40	10	Do., odd lot	36½	36½	36½	36½	...
296	301	100	General Chemical	299	299	299	299	−6
296	301	75	Do., odd lots	300	303	296	296	...
165	166	300	General Electric	168	168	166	166	−1
506	541	100	General Motors	505	505	505	505	−5
72¾	73¼	5,500	Godrich (B. F.) Co	73⅞	73⅞	72⅝	72¾	−1¼
113½	113⅝	300	Goodrich pf	113⅝	113½	113⅜	113½	+ ⅛
80	83	500	Granby Consol	83⅞	83⅞	81	81	−3
119	119½	400	Great Northern pf	119¾	119⅜	119	119	− ½
35¼	35¾	800	G. N. certs.ore prop	36¼	36¼	35½	35½	− ⅞
44	44½	1,700	Greene-Cananea	45	45	44	44	−1
78	79	200	Gulf States Steel	79	79	78	78	−3
128½	130¼	100	Homestake Mining	130½	130½	130½	130½	+ ½
104½	105	300	Illinois Central	105	105	104⅞	104⅞	−1
50½	50¾	14,700	Inspiration Copper	51	51	50⅝	50⅝	− ⅜
16⅝	17	100	Interboro Consol	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾	− ⅛
74¼	75	100	Interboro Con. pf	74⅝	74⅝	74⅝	74⅝	− ⅛
45¼	48	100	Int. Agricultural pf	46	46	46	46	−1
113¼	114	200	Int. Harvester, N.J	113¼	113¼	113	113	− ¼
79	82	100	Int. Harvester Corp	80	80	80	80	−2
22	22¼	9,700	Int. Mer. Mar. t. r	23⅜	23⅜	22	22	−1⅜
80⅞	81	64,100	Int. Mer. Mar.pf.t.r	87	87	80⅞	80⅞	−6⅞
45½	46	3,800	Int. Nickel	46¼	46¼	45⅝	45⅝	−1⅛
12½	13	700	Int. Paper	13⅝	13⅝	13	13¼	− ½
62	62½	700	Int. Paper pf	62½	62½	61½	62	...
24⅝	26½	1,000	Kansas City South	25	25	24⅝	24⅝	− ⅞
60	61	100	Kan. City South. pf	60	60	60	60	...
45¼	45½	21,100	Kennecott Copper	46⅝	46¾	45⅛	45¼	−1
126¼	127½	10	Kings Co. El. L.& P	127	127	127	127	...
68	69	300	Lackawanna Steel	69⅜	69⅜	68½	68½	− ¾
105⅜	106½	100	Laclede Gas	105⅜	105⅜	105⅜	105⅜	− ½
19	19½	300	Lake Erie & West	19½	19½	19	19	− ⅝
41½	42	200	Lake Erie & W. pf	41⅝	41⅝	41⅝	41⅝	− ⅞
45¼	46	1,100	Lee Rubber & Tire	46⅜	46⅜	45⅜	45⅜	−1⅛
78½	78⅜	1,600	Lehigh Valley	79¼	79¼	78	78⅛	−1½
120½	123	200	Liggett & Myers pf	121	121	121	121	...
37	40	1,000	Long Island	37⅜	38	37¼	38	+1
82¼	83	100	Mackay Cos	82⅞	82⅞	82⅞	82⅞	+ ⅜
75⅝	76	18,600	Maxwell Motors	77½	77½	73	75	−3⅛
85	86	800	Max. Motors 1st pf	84¾	85	83¾	85	...
54	55	400	Max. Motors 2d pf	54	54	53½	53½	−1
61	63	800	May Dept. Stores	61¼	61½	60¼	61½	+1¼
106	108	100	May Dept. St. pf	107½	107½	107½	107½	+ ⅛
98	98½	41,300	Mexican Petroleum	102¼	102½	98	98⅛	−4
33⅜	33½	1,000	Miami Copper	33⅜	33⅜	33¼	33½	− ¼
125	125½	300	M., St. P. & S. S. M	126½	126½	125¼	125¼	− ¾
4⅜	4½	100	Mo., Kan. & Texas	4½	4½	4½	4½	− ⅛
6⅝	7	1,400	Missouri Pacific	6⅜	7	6⅜	6⅝	− ¼
6⅝	7	1,100	Do., trust rcts	6⅝	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	− ⅛
88½	90½	1,700	Montana Power	89½	92	89½	91	+1⅜
110½	115	100	Montana Power pf	113	113	113	113	−2
140	145	100	Nash., C. & St. L	140	140	140	140	...
..	..	200	Nat. Biscuit Co	121⅛	121⅛	120¼	120¼	− ¼
74	75	100	Nat. Cloak & Suit	75½	75½	75½	75½	− ¼
23¼	24	100	Nat. En. & St. Co	23½	23½	23½	23½	− ⅜
92	97	100	Nat. E. & S. Co. pf	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞	− ⅛
63½	64	500	Nat. Lead Co	63⅝	63⅞	63⅝	63⅝	− ¼
5⅝	5¾	100	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾	− ¼
16	16⅛	1,400	Nevada Con. Cop	16⅛	16⅛	16	16	− ¼
125¾	127	700	N. Y. Air Brake	125½	126¼	125½	125¾	− ½
103½	104	2,700	N. Y. Central	104	104⅛	103¼	103½	− ½
60½	60¾	2,100	N. Y., N. H. & H	61	61	60½	60½	− ½
26¼	27	100	N. Y., Ont. & West	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¼	− ⅜
130½	131	1,800	Norfolk & Western	131	131	130½	130½	− ½
112⅜	112⅝	900	Northern Pacific	112½	112½	112⅜	112⅜	− ⅛
6⅜	6½	100	Ontario Mining	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	− ⅛
19⅜	20	200	Pacific Mail	20	20	19	19½	− ⅝
57⅜	57⅝	900	Penn. R. R	57½	57⅝	57½	57½	− ¼
101½	102	100	People's Gas, Chi	101½	101½	101½	101½	− ½
38¼	39	350	Philadelphia Co	39	39	38⅛	38⅛	−2⅛
93	97	100	P., C., C. & St.L.pf	94	94	94	94	−2½
93	97	20	Do., odd lot	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞	...
103	103½	100	Pittsburgh Coal pf	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	− ¼
154½	..	50	P., Ft. W. & Chi	155½	155½	155½	155½	...
44½	45	600	Pressed Steel Car	45½	45½	45	45	+ ¼
161½	162½	1,400	Pullman Co	163	163	162	162	−1
42½	43	300	Railway Steel Sp	42⅝	42⅝	42½	42½	−1½
21⅛	21¼	4,200	Ray Con. Copper	21½	21⅝	21⅛	21⅛	− ⅜
96⅞	97	22,600	Reading	98¼	98¼	96⅝	96⅞	− ⅞
42	44	100	Reading 1st pf	42½	42½	42½	42½	...
43⅜	44¼	1,200	Rep. Iron & Steel	44¼	44¼	43⅛	44	− ⅛
107¼	108¼	300	Rep. Iron & S. pf	108	108	108	108	...
17	17¼	100	St. L. & S. F. w i	17	17	17	17	− ¼
38¼	38⅜	200	Seab. Air Line pf	38⅜	38⅜	38½	38½	+ ½
186	187¾	500	Sears, Roeb. & Co	188	188	186⅛	187	−3
24⅜	25	2,305	Shattuck-Arizona	25	25½	24	24⅜	− ⅝
45	47	100	Sloss-S. S. & I. Co	45	45	45	45	−1
97¼	97½	1,800	Southern Pacific	97⅝	97⅝	97⅛	97½	− ⅛
23½	24	3,000	Southern Railway	24	24¼	23½	23½	− ⅜
68½	68¾	400	Southern Ry. pf	69¼	69¼	68½	68½	−1⅛
..	..	100	Standard Mill. rgts	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	...
127	127¼	41,200	Studebaker Co	132⅝	132⅝	125⅛	126½	−6⅛
31	31¼	2,700	Tennessee Copper	31½	31⅝	30½	31	−1
188	190	1,000	Texas Co	189¾	189¾	187	188⅜	− ¾
12⅛	13	225	Texas & Pacific	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	...
65	66½	300	Third Avenue	65½	66	65	65	−1⅜
5½	5⅞	200	Union B. & P. Co	5½	5⅞	5½	5⅞	+ ¼
35	35¾	700	Un. B. & P. Co. pf	35	35¾	34⅜	35¾	+ ¾
137½	137⅝	6,600	Union Pacific	138⅜	138⅝	137½	137½	− ¾
82½	82¾	100	Union Pacific pf	82¾	82¾	82¾	82¾	...
56½	57⅛	100	United Cigar Mfrs	56¾	56¾	56¾	56¾	− ¼
94	95½	225	United Cigar Stores	95⅜	95⅜	94¼	94¼	− ⅞
154⅞	155½	4,200	United Fruit Co	158	158	154½	154⅝	−3¼
9½	10	100	United Rys. Invest	9½	9½	9½	9½	− ¼
18	20	100	United Rys. Inv. pf	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	− ⅝
18½	19	1,100	U. S. C. I. P. & F	20⅛	20⅛	19	19	−1
52	52½	400	U.S.C. I. P. & F. pf	53	53	53	53	+ ⅜
111¼	112	33,500	U. S. Indus. Alco	109½	114	107½	111⅞	+2⅞
99⅜	104	100	U. S. Ind. Alco. pf	99½	99½	99½	99½	−7
52½	52⅞	600	U. S. Rubber	53	53	52⅝	52⅝	− ⅜
109⅞	110	200	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	110	110	110	110	− ⅜
66⅝	68	3,100	U. S. Sm., R. & M	68¼	68¼	66¼	67	−2¼
84¼	84⅜	62,800	U. S. Steel	85⅜	85½	84¼	84¼	−1⅛
117⅞	118	400	U. S. Steel pf	117½	117¾	117⅝	117⅝	+ ⅜
75¼	75½	2,000	Utah Copper	75⅜	75⅜	75¼	75¼	− ¼
13⅜	14	200	Wabash	14	14	13⅜	13⅜	...
49½	49¾	3,900	Wabash pf. A	50¼	50½	49⅞	49⅞	− ⅝
27	27¼	2,500	Wabash pf. B	27⅜	27⅜	27⅛	27¼	− ⅜
28	29	700	Western Maryland	29	29	28	28	−1
92⅞	94	700	Western Union Tel	93¼	93¼	93	93	−1
55⅝	55¾	7,900	Westingh. E. & M	56	56¼	55¼	55¾	− ½
70	74	200	Westingh. 1st pf	70¼	70¼	70	70	−4
5½	5¾	400	Wheeling & L. E	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	+ ⅛
73⅛	73⅜	9,200	Willys-Overland	75¼	75¼	72½	73⅛	−1½
106	107½	300	Willys-Overland pf	107	107	106¼	106¼	−1⅜
48	49	900	Wisconsin Central	48	49	48	48½	+1¼
134⅜	134⅝	400	Woolw., (F.W.,) Co	134½	134½	134⅛	134½	−1⅜

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs receipts	$3,620,146	$3,620,146
Ord. internal revenue	6,601,547	6,601,547
Income tax	4,062,189	4,062,189
Miscellaneous	1,465,706	1,465,706
Total receipts	$15,749,589	$15,749,589
Excess of ord. disbursements over ord. rcts	6,652,075	6,652,075
Excess of total disbursements over total rcts	6,892,870	6,892,870
Expenditures	22,401,665	22,401,665

TOBACCO STOCKS.

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere were:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
American Cigar	126	128	126	130
American Cigar pf	99	100	99	100
Conley Foil	300	340	300	340
J. S. Young	150	155	150	155
J. S. Young pf	105	110	105	110
Johnson T. F. & M	120	140	120	140
MacAndrews & F	174	175	174	175
MacAndrews & F. pf	100	101	100	101
Porto Rico-Am. Tob	230	240	230	235
R. J. Reynolds Tob	500	510	500	510
R. J. Reynolds Tob. pf	121	124	121	123

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
25 railroads	80.40	79.77	79.80	— .67
25 industrials	90.03	88.76	89.15	—1.06
50 stocks	85.21	84.26	84.47	— .87

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
July 11	85.21	84.26	84.47	— .87
July 10	85.95	85.16	85.34	— .64
July 8	86.17	85.76	85.98	— .16
July 7	86.69	85.54	86.14	— .26
July 6	87.04	86.18	86.40	+ .05
July 5	86.70	85.99	86.35	+ .60
July 4—Holiday.				
July 3	85.84	85.18	85.75	+ .20

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

July.	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1916	87.04	July 6	84.26	July 11	84.47
1915	75.34	July 20	66.96	July 10	73.55
1914	69.08	July 7	57.41	July 30	57.77
1913	70.24	July 28	65.80	July 9	69.34
1912	82.76	July 3	79.75	July 12	81.80

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1916	91.67	Jan. 3	80.91	Apr. 22	84.47
†1915	73.36	Apr. 30	58.99	Feb. 24	69.41
Full years:					
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.99	Feb. 24	91.50
1914	78.30	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30	60.20
1913	79.10	Jan. 2	63.09	Feb. 1	68.06
1912	88.82	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.22
1911	84.41	June 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.60

*To date. †To corresponding date.

BONDS.

DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS

July 11	87.22	— .18	July 1	87.02	— .03
July 10	87.35	+ .02	June 30	87.05	— .01
July 8	87.33	+ .05	June 29	87.06	+ .09
July 7	87.28	+ .04	June 28	86.97	— .08
July 6	87.24	+ .10	June 27	87.05	+ .02
July 5	87.14	+ .04	June 26	87.03	— .17
July 4	Holiday.		June 24	87.20	— .07
July 3	87.10	+ .08			

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1916	87.49	June 17	86.19	Apr. 28	87.22
†1915	84.48	Apr. 29	81.51	Jan. 2	82.14
Full years:					
1915	87.62	Nov. 24	81.51	Jan. 2	86.67
1914	89.42	Feb. 4	81.42	Dec. 2	81.96
1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18	86.34

*To date. †To corresponding date.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

A Year Ago and Now.

At about this time in 1915 every stock on the list that had become active had gone up. The whole trend was upward. Whether on the floor or in the rooms, hundreds of speculators waited only for a sign of activity in some industrial stock to take it on and let it ride. Often a rumor was enough to stimulate heavy buying in almost anything on the Exchange, and in most things outside. Every tip made good and every bullish speculator made money. The principle of trading adopted latterly by the majority of the floor traders and by many experienced traders in the rooms has been no more profound.

It is much the same, in fact, except that the speculation is made from the short rather than the long side. A great many traders now wait for a sign of weakness in a war stock or other industrial which advanced beyond all expected bounds last year and sell that stock as confidently as last year the bullish speculators bought it. For a few days culminating with Monday's gross decline of 21 points it was Industrial Alcohol that made this form of speculation richly profitable. Yesterday Coal Products and the motor shares seemed by common consent to be selected at the very start as the stocks to bring money to the bears.

⁂

A String of Tape in A. C. P.

Both American Coal Products and Industrial Alcohol sold at 170½ in the bull market in the war stocks. Attention was called to this coincidence before the opening yesterday by a report that Coal Products was earning 60 per cent. on the common. Floor traders greeted the report derisively, and sold the stock hilariously. In ten sales in the course of no more than ten minutes, they took 11¼ points off the market price of $12,288,000 common stock outstanding. The first sale was 200 shares at 140, off 1¼ points from Monday's close. Then came 100-share lots at 139½, 139, 138¾, 138, 135½, 135, 133¾; 200 shares at 131 and 200 shares at 130. In this decline of 11¼ points only 1,300 shares changed hands. The stock recovered part of its loss afterward, but the instance of the case with which a big break can occasionally be forced in an unsupported stock helped bearish operations around other posts.

⁂

The Drive on the Motors.

In the early trading Studebaker offered little more resistance to selling pressure than did Coal Products. In twenty sales with not more than 3,000 shares changing hands the price was broken from 132⅝ to 126½. The downward pace, like that in Coal Products, was too fast to last, but the abrupt decline unsettled other motor shares and facilitated bearish operations in Maxwell and Willys-Overland on the exchange and in United Motors and Chevrolet on the curb. Studebaker, though it rallied after the first drive against it, sagged back again and closed at 126½, a net loss of 6⅛ points. Chandler lost 2¾ points, Willys-Overland common 1½ and preferred 1⅜, General Motors 5, and Maxwell common 3⅛. On the curb United Motors went down 2⅜ and Chevrolet 8½ points. Little complaint was heard of the earning power of the motor companies; the criticism was that stocks of the companies had become too plentiful and that the introduction of the new Mitchell Motors with its 125,000 shares further increased the supply.

⁂

Another Dividend Restored.

Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis, which began the payment of dividends in 1856 and was one of the busiest and most often wrecked railroads in the civil war, declared a semi-annual dividend of 3½ per cent., reverting to the rate paid in 1913 and 1914. Last year a total of 5 per cent. was paid, and in the first half of the current year the semi-annual declaration was 3 per cent. The increase profits Louisville & Nashville, which owns $11,484,000 of the $16,000,000 stock. "Monon," a joint subsidiary of Louisville & Southern Railway, increased its dividend not long ago. Louisville has itself returned to the old rate, and other Southern roads have joined in substantial proofs that railroad business in the South is as profitable to stockholders as before the war interfered with Southern trade in cotton.

⁂

Orders from Abroad.

When the war was young the necessities of the moment were so great that the Allies bought with an eye to early deliveries, and the price made little difference in the placing of contracts. The rapid organization of plants for the manufacture of articles needed in the field has made it possible for Great Britain and France to provide for most of their needs, and they have begun to trade with industrial companies in the United States. They started out by demanding a lower price for steel, but the big manufacturers had so much business on their books that they saw no reason for cutting prices, and the Russians broke the deadlock by ordering 350,000 tons of rails at the unheard of price of $52 a ton.

The nominal quotation on copper was put down in London until it was ten cents a pound under the price in force here, but the American smelters refused to accept the buyers' price and some of them believe that it is only a question of a few weeks before the Allies will have to place big orders at the prevailing basis. Powder was sold on the basis of cheap alcohol, turned out at a price that left only a small margin of profit, and when the contracts expired new quotations were made to take account of 60-cent alcohol. Great Britain thereupon evidenced an intention of making her own powder, but the distillers of Europe are said to produce only 10 per cent. of the alcohol needed, and American distillers are sitting back waiting for orders which, they say, must come to them. Some of the smaller manufacturers have sold relatively small lots at 50 cents, but the big companies are holding out for 56.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, JULY 11, 1916.

	Par Value.
Total sales	$3,844,000
Same day last year	2,859,000
Same day two years ago	1,924,000
Year to date	563,754,450
Same period last year	417,139,700
Same period 1914	392,692,000

Anglo-French 5s		
	137,000	95⅝
	500	95¾
	500	95½
	500	95⅝
	2,000	95⅝
	500	95⅞
	9,000	95⅝
	150,000	95½
	500	95⅝
	500	95⅝
	20,000	95⅝
	500	95⅝
	55,000	95⅝
	209,000	95½
	500	95¾
	5,000	95⅝
	500	95⅝
	61,000	95½
	500	95⅝
	1,000	95⅝
	5,000	95½
	500	95⅝
	3,000	95½
	200,000	95⅝
	11,000	95½
	50,000	95⅝
	3,000	95½
	500	95⅝
	7,000	95½
Chinese Rwy 5s		
	1,000	72
City of Tokio 5s		
	2,000	77½
	25,000	77¾
	50,000	77⅞
Dom of Can temp gold 5s, 1921		
	8,000	99¾
	21,000	99⅝
	25,000	99½
	6,000	99⅝
	5,000	99¾
1926		
	2,000	100
	10,000	100⅛
	39,000	100
1931		
	3,000	100⅜
	1,000	100⅝
	1,000	100¾
Jap Gov 4½s, ster l		
	1,000	86½
German stp		
	2,000	85
2d Series		
	5,000	84½
German stp		
	1,000	80⅜
	2,500	80⅞
	2,000	81¼
Rep of Cuba 4½s		
	4,000	86½
N Y City 3½s, Nov, 1954		
	5,000	90¼
4s, 1957		
	2,000	100⅛
	2,000	100¼
4s, 1958		
	2,000	100⅛
4½s, May, 1957		
	4,000	107½
	1,000	107⅝
Nov, 1957		
	1,000	107⅞
	1,000	107¾
4½s, 1965		
	1,000	108
Alaska Gold M cv deb 6s. Ser B		
	2,000	100
Am Ag Ch deb 5s		
	10,000	97
	2,000	97¼
Am Cotton Oil 5s		
	1,000	95⅞
Am Hide & L 6s		
	10,000	103⅞
Am Sm Secur 6s		
	500	107½
	500	107½
	2,000	107⅛
Am T & T col 4s		
	1,000	91⅝
	1,000	91⅜
conv 4½s		
	21,000	109
Am Tobacco 6s		
	1,000	119
Am Wr Paper 5s		
	21,000	80
Ann Arbor 1st 4s		
	1,000	68¼
Armour & Co 4½s		
	1,000	93½
At, Top & S Fe gen 4s		
	37,000	93
	10,000	92⅞
	30,000	93
adj 4s, stpd		
	1,000	84⅜
conv 4s, 1960		
	20,000	105¼
	10,000	105⅛
	10,000	105
A C L gen un 4½s		
	1,000	90½
B & O pr ln 3½s		
	14,000	92⅝
	11,000	92⅞
gold 4s		
	2,000	91
conv 4½s		
	36,000	95¼
	10,000	95
	2,000	95¼
ref 5s		
	1,000	100⅝
	1,000	100⅜
	6,000	100⅝
	1,000	100½
	2,000	100⅜
	6,000	100½
	1,000	100⅝
P, J & M 3½s		
	6,000	91
Beth S 1st & ref 5s		
	1,000	100
Braden Cop s f 6s		
	10,000	99
B R T 5s, 1918		
	2,000	100⅛
	1,000	100
	2,000	100⅛
Bkl Un El 1st 5s		
	2,000	100½
Cal Gas & El 5s		
	5,000	98¼
C of Ga Ry con 5s		
	10,000	100⅝
	1,000	100
Cent Leather 5s		
	3,000	101¾
C of N J gen 5s		
	1,000	116¾
	2,000	116¼
Cent Pac gtd 4s		
	8,000	88½
Ches & O con 5s		
	9,000	106
conv 5s		
	7,000	94⅝
	13,000	94½
	10,000	94⅝
	10,000	94½
	4,000	94¼
	3,000	94½
gen 4½s		
	20,000	90
Chi & Alton 3½s		
	6,000	50½
C, B & Q gen 4s		
	10,000	92¼
joint 4s		
	5,000	98¼
	185,000	98
	1,000	97⅞
Nebr ext 4s		
	1,000	98⅜
Denver Div 4s		
	3,000	99¾
Chi Gr Westn 4s		
	1,000	71
	5,000	70½
Chi, Mil & St P gen 4s, Ser A		
	2,000	90½
4s, 1925		
	10,000	93⅜
gen 4½s		
	3,000	100½
	2,000	101⅝
conv 4½s		
	45,000	101⅜
	1,000	102
	3,000	101¾
	2,000	101⅝
	13,000	101⅜
conv 5s, Ser B		
	30,000	107⅛
refund 4½s		
	2,000	92
	3,000	91⅞
C & P Wn 5s		
	1,000	102
	4,000	103⅛
C, M & P Sd 4s		
	3,000	90½
Chicago Rys 5s		
	5,000	97⅛
C, R I & P gen 4s		
	10,000	85
	5,000	84⅜
Chi, R I & Pac Ry ref 4s		
	1,000	75
	5,000	74¾
	24,000	74½
	14,000	74⅞
deb 5s		
	48,000	63⅝
	9,000	63½
	15,000	63
	1,000	63½
	2,000	63⅝
	9,000	63¼
	7,000	63½
	5,000	63¾
	30,000	63
	2,000	62⅜
	10,000	63
	10,000	62½
	5,000	62⅞
	5,000	63¼
	1,000	63½
	3,000	63¾
Chi, St L & N O gold 5s		
	3,000	107⅞
Chi Union Statn 4½s, Ser A		
	125,000	99⅞
Chile Copper 7s		
	2,000	125⅜
	1,000	125½
Col & So ref & ext 4½s		
	2,000	83½
	5,000	83¼
Corn Prod Ref s f 5s, 1934		
	5,000	96
C-Am S col tr 6s		
	8,000	102¼
	32,000	102
Cumberld Tel 5s		
	2,000	100½
	2,000	100¼
	2,000	100⅛
D & H 1st & ref 4s		
	5,000	98⅝
	7,000	98⅜
	2,000	98⅞
conv 5s		
	1,000	106
D & R G con 4s		
	13,000	78⅜
	2,000	78½
imp 5s		
	10,000	82⅞
Dist Sec Corp 5s		
	3,000	75¾
	4,000	75½
	1,000	75
Erie 1st con 7s		
	17,000	110
cv 4s, Ser A		
	24,000	70
Series B		
	1,000	72⅞
temp conv 4s, Series D		
	1,000	83⅜
Ga & A 1st con 5s		
	1,000	103⅛
Granby Con cv 6s, Series A		
	10,000	105
G Falls P s f 5s		
	3,000	101
Gr Nor ref 4¼s		
	33,000	99½
H & M adj inc 5s		
	2,000	29
1st & ref 5s, Series A		
	24,000	71⅞
Ill Cent ref 4s		
	1,000	89
4s, 1953		
	10,000	85⅞
	2,000	85⅝
Illinois Steel 4½s		
	1,000	90⅜
	5,000	90¼
	5,000	90⅜
Inter-Met 4½s		
	1,000 c.	74¼
	13,000	74¼
	3,000	74
I R T 1st & ref 5s		
	1,000	98½
	27,000	98⅝
	15,000	98½
	6,000	98⅜
registered		
	2,000	98¼
I M M col tr 4½s		
	10,000	104
ctfs of dep		
	40,000	104
	7,000	103⅞
	20,000	103⅜
	10,000	103½
	60,000	103⅜
	15,000	103½
	5,000	103⅝
	55,000	103½
Inter Paper 6s		
	1,000	101¼
Kan City So 3s		
	1,000	68½
Knox & O 1st 6s		
	1,000	108⅜
Lack Steel 5s, 1923		
	2,000	100
5s, 1950		
	5,000	91½
Lacl Gas L of St L 1st 5s		
	2,000	101⅝
L E & Wn 1st 5s		
	5,000	98¼
	1,000	98
L S & M So 3½s, registered		
	5,000	83⅝
4s, 1931		
	6,000	94⅝
L V con 4½s		
	2,000	100
Ligg & Myers 5s		
	4,000	100⅜
L Isl, Nor Sh 5s		
	3,000	100½
Lorillard Co 5s		
	2,000	100½
Lou & N unifd 4s		
	3,000	94¼
N F & S 1st 5s		
	5,000	106
Manhatn Con 4s		
	5,000	90½
Mex Petro 1st ref cv 6s, Ser A		
	3,000	110
Mich Cent 5s, 1931, registered		
	10,000	105
M, K & T s f 4½s,		
	4,000	44
M, K & T 1st 4s		
	5,000 c.	75⅜
	1,000 c.	76
M, K & T of T 5s		
	3,000	65
Mo Pac 1st con 6s		
	5,000	101⅜
Mo Pac 5s, 1917, Colum Tr ctfs stamped		
	5,000	91
Guar Tr Co ctfs sta		
	12,000	91
double stamp		
	10,000	91
Mo Pac 4s		
	4,000	51½
	1,000	52
Tr Co ctfs		
	7,000	52
	14,000	52½
	2,000	50
stamped		
	2,000	50
Mo Pac cv 5s, Tr Co cfts		
	1,000	52¼
	8,000	52½
	14,000	52
Mob & Ohio n 6s		
	8,000	113
Mon Power 5s, Series A		
	2,000	97⅞
	5,000	97⅝
	1,000	98
Nat Enam & Stpg 5s		
	20,000	98
N Y Air Brake 1st conv 6s		
	1,000	103⅜
N Y Cent deb 6s		
	7,000	112⅛
	5,000	112⅜
	3,000	112½
	88,000	112⅜
	10,000	112⅝
	24,000	112⅜
	18,000	112⅜
	50,000	112½
	3,000	112¼
con 4s, Ser A		
	3,000	83⅜
deb 4s, 1934		
	75,000	90⅝
	6,000	90½
ref & imp 4½s, Series A		
	2,000	93¼
	1,000	93⅜
	9,000	93⅜
	25,000	93¼
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s		
	3,000	112⅜
	3,000	112½
N Y Rys ref 4s		
	1,000	76
N Y Rys adj 5s		
	30,000	58
N Y, Susq & W gen 5s		
	2,000	77
Nor Pac 4s		
	27,000	91⅞
	5,000	91⅝
Nor Pac 3s		
	2,000	66½
Ohio River 1st 5s		
	1,000	107
Ont Power Co 1st s f 5s		
	4,000	93½
Ore R & N con 4s		
	50,000	92¼
	1,000	92
Ore S L 1st 6s		
	1,000	108
Ore S L 1st con 5s		
	3,000	106¼
	5,000	106
	2,000	106⅛
Ore S L gtd refg 4s		
	10,000	91⅜
	12,000	91⅞
	10,000	91⅜
Oreg-Wash R R & Nav 1st & ref 4s		
	4,000	84½
	1,000	84
Pac Tel & T 5s		
	5,000	100¼
	3,000	100⅜
Penn 4s, 1948		
	1,000	98½
Penn 4s, 1948		
	1,000	99⅝
	1,000	99⅜
	5,000	99⅝
	3,000	99⅛
Penn R R con 4½s		
	7,000	104⅝
	8,000	104¾
gen 4½s temp ctfs		
	11,000	101⅛
	1,000	101⅛
Peo G & C of Chi ref 5s		
	1,000	101
	10,000	100⅜
Phila Co cv 5s, 1922		
	10,000	90
Portland Ry 5s		
	4,000s6f	91½
Rdg gen 4s		
	5,000	95⅝
	1,000	95¼
	5,000	95⅝
Rdg, Jer Cent, col 4s		
	1,000	97
Rep Iron & Steel s f 5s, 1940		
	1,000	97½
St L, Ir Mt & So gen 5s		
	2,000	101¼
unify & ref 4s		
	2,000	81
River & G 4s		
	30,000	74
St L & S F R R gen 5s		
	2,000	72½
Tr Co ctfs		
	1,000	72
stamped		
	1,000	69
St L & S F R R ref 4s ctfs of dep stamped		
	4,000	74½
St L & San Fr prior lien 4s, Series A, w i		
	5,000	70
	5,000	70⅛
	16,000	70
Ser B, w i		
	10,000	85⅜
adj 6s, w i		
	10,000	83¾
inc 6s, w i		
	11,000	55
	10,000	54⅛
St L S W 1st 4s		
	1,000	77½
con 4s		
	1,000	62¼
St L S W 1st Ter 5s		
	4,000	65
Seab A L ref 4s		
	3,000	68
Seaboard Air Line adj 5s		
	9,000	67⅝
	2,000	67⅛
So Bell T & T 1st 5s		
	1,000	100⅝
	2,000	101
So Pac conv 4s		
	6,000	87½
conv 5s		
	8,000	103⅝
	4,000	103⅜
1st ref 4s		
	20,000	89⅜
	24,000	89⅜
San Fr Ter 4s		
	5,000	83½
Southern Ry 1st 5s		
	2,000	101⅝
	27,000	101¼
	13,000	101⅝
Mem div 4½s-5s		
	1,000	100¼
Tenn Cop cv 6s, sub rcts, full paid		
	1,000	104
Third Av adj 5s		
	3,000	79⅝
	5,000	79⅜
Tol, St L & W 4s		
	4,000	55
Un Pacific 1st 4s		
	22,000	96⅞
conv 4s		
	10,000	93⅜
	2,000	93⅛
1st & ref 4s		
	1,000	89⅜
	3,000	89½
Un R Rs of S F 4s		
	5,000	81⅜
	9,000	81⅞
	6,000	81⅝
U S Rubber 6s		
	2,000	102¼
U S Sm Ref & M cv 6% notes		
	1,000	112
U S Steel Corp sink fund 5s		
	96,000	104⅝
Utah Pow & Lt 5s		
	4,000	95¼
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s		
	10,000	97⅞
Virgn Ry 1st 5s		
	6,000	98⅜
Wabash 1st 5s		
	6,000	103⅜
	2,000	103½
2d 5s		
	1,000	98⅜
Wab P Ter 1st 4s, Cent Tr ctfs		
	4,000	3¼
full paid		
	5,000	83⅜
Wn Maryland 4s		
	5,000	73½
	3,000	73⅜
West Shore 4s, reg		
	1,000	88
Wn N Y & Penn gen 4s		
	4,000	84½
Westingh E & M 5% notes		
	3,000	100¼
Wheeling & L E 1st con 4s		
	1,000	74¼

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	98½	99½
2s, c, 1930	98½	..
3s, r, 1918	100	101
4s, r, 1925	109½	..
4s, c, 1925	110	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	98	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	98	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	100	..
Pan 3s, c, 1961	100	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Acme Tea	52	53
Do 1st pf	97	98
Adams Ex	137	141
Am B Sug pf	97½	100
Am B'note	38	41
Am B'note pf	50	..
Am B S & Fdy	98	106
Do pf	156	175
Am Car & Fdy pf	115½	117
Am Coal	25	..
Am Coal Pr pf	110	117
Am Cot Oil pf	99	100
Am Exp	126	128
Am Malt	6	8½
Am Sm pf B	83½	85
Am Snuff	130¼	145
Do pf	103	110¼
Am T & C	59½	64
Ann Arbor	..	30
Do pf	..	60
Assets R	4	5½
Assoc Oil	67	68½
Batop Min	1⅞	2
Beth Steel pf	125¼	135
B Un Gas	125	161
Brown Shoe pf	98	101
Bruns'k T	7	7½
B, R & P	91	100
Do pf	111	..
Bush Term	..	120
Canada So	58½	60
Case (J I) pf	82	90
Cent L pf	110½	111
C R R of N J	290	350
C & S A T	133	138
Chi. & Alt	8	10
Do pf	17	22
C M & St P pf	130¼	130⅝
C & N W pf	170	175
C, St P, M & Om	117	125
Do pf	135	150
C, C, C & St L	54	57
Cleve & P special	46	..
Cluett-Peab pf	106	109
Col & So	32	34
Do 1st pf	57½	60
Do 2d pf	50	55
Consol Gas Balt	113	..
Consol I C Mg	..	26⅝
Con Ins	50	60
Crex Carp	45	60
Cripple Creek Cent	27	33
Do pf	..	45
Crucible Stl pf	112½	114
Cub-A Sug	225	235
Do pf	105	109
Deere & Co pf	88	92
D, L & W	226¼	230
Day P & L	55	75
Do pf	95½	96½
Det & M	77½	..
Do pf	87½	..
Dia Match	108	111
D, S S & A	3¼	6
Erie 2d pf	44½	45
F M & Sm	12¼	15
Gen Ch pf	113½	116
Gen Mot pf	110	113
Gulf St Stl 1st pf	93	99
Do 2d pf	85	88
Hack W'ter	25	35
Helme (GW) Co	165	199
Do pf	112	120
Int Agric	12	15
Int H, N J pf	117	120
Int H Corp pf	106¼	110
Int Nickel pf	107	112
Iowa Cent	2½	..
Do pf	4	..
Jewel Tea	80	83
Do pf	106	110
K C, F S & Mem pf	70	74
K & D M	3	6
Do pf	..	50
Kelly S T	69	71
Do pf	95⅝	97
Lig't & M	249	261
L-W Bis	17⅞	20
Do 1st pf	82	85
Do 2d pf	59½	65
Lorill'd Co	212	225
Do pf	117¼	121½
Louis & N	133	133½
M'kay Cos pf	67½	68¼
Man Beach	1⅛	3½
Man Elev	128¾	130
Man Shirt	62	69
Do pf	110	115½
Mex Pet pf	89¼	93
Mich Cent	111	135
M & St L	5	6
Do pf	15	19
M, St P & S S M pf	133	138
Do l l	72	73¼
Mo, K & T pf	11½	12⅝
Moline Plow 1st pf	..	95
Mor & Es	82	89
Nat C & S pf	109	110
Nat L pf	113	115
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	..	23
N Y, C & St L	36½	42
Do 1st pf	79	85
Do 2d pf	60	64
N Y Dock	9½	13½
Do pf	21	35
N Y, L & W	114½	123
Norf So	22	27
Norf & W pf	86	88
North Am	66	68
N W Tel	52	..
Pabst B pf	84	90
Pac Coast	60	70
Do 1st pf	70	95
Do 2d pf	70	80
Pac Mail pf ctfs	98	99½
Pac T & T	35½	40
Do pf	92½	98
Peoria & E	12½	14½
Pettib-Mul	..	57
Do 1st pf	..	96
Pitts, C, C & St L	81	84
Pitts Coal	26	28
Pitts S pf	96	97½
Prsd S Car pf	99½	100
P S, N J	130	131
Quicksilver	2⅜	3
Do pf	4½	6
Ry Stl Spg pf	94	97¾
Reading 2d pf	44	45
Rens & S	171	..
St L & S F	5⅝	..
Do 1st pf	8½	..
Do 2d pf	6½	..
St L S W	16	20
Do pf	42	44½
Seab A L	16	16½
Sears-R pf	124	127½
S-S S & I pf	94	97
S P R Sug	182	194
Do pf	116½	118
Stand Mill	97½	100
Do pf	88	90
Studebaker Co pf	107	111
Texas Co f pd	186	192
T P L Tr	110	..
Tob Pr pf	99	102
Tol, St L & W	5	7½
Do ctfs	2	6
Do pf	9	15
Do pf ctfs	9	15
Twin City R T	96½	97¼
Do pf	125	135
Under Typ	100	100⅞
Do pf	111	..
U C Sts pf	117	119
Un C Mfrs pf	106¼	..
U S Exp	28	30
U S R & I	26	31
U S Rubber 2d pf	70	90
U S Sm pf	50	50¼
Utah Sec	17⅞	18¼
Va-Car Ch	38	40¼
Do pf	106	110
Va I, C & C	44	50
Va Ry & P	46	50
Wells F E	126	128
W Md pf	43	48
W Air B	141	146½
Weym-Bru	225	280
Do pf	112¼	118
W & L E 1st pf	16	17
Do 2d pf	6¼	7½
W'lw'h (F W) pf	123	124½

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
Tin, spot	....	39.00	....	38.75
Lead	....	6.45	....	6.50
Spelter	9.12½	....	9.25	....
Antimony	....	15.50	....	16.00
Quicksilver	*$83.00	....	*$83.00	....
Aluminium	*58.00	60.00	*58.00	60.00
Iron, No. 2X, fdy	19.75	20.25	19.75	20.25

*Nominal.

London quotations were:

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Copper, spot	88	0	0	84	10	0
Copper, futures	86	0	0	82	10	0
Tin, spot	168	10	0	170	0	0
Tin, futures	169	0	0	170	10	0
Spelter	44	0	0	44	0	0
Lead	28	0	0	28	0	0

Possibilities in Government Bonds

of some of the most important European nations, caused by the present abnormally low rate of exchange, created by war conditions, will be explained for those who communicate with us and request a copy of our Circular No. G-186.

A. B. Leach & Co.
Investment Securities
62 Cedar St., New York
Chicago Boston Philadelphia Baltimore Buffalo London

Southern Railway Company
First Consolidated Mortgage 5% Bonds

These bonds are secured by direct or junior liens on practically the entire mileage of the Company.
The bonded debt per mile is extremely low.
Earnings have shown an exceptional increase during the past year.

Price to Yield 4.95%

Hemphill, White & Chamberlain
Members New York Stock Exchange
37 Wall Street, New York

Exempt from Federal Income Tax
Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in the State of Connecticut
$100,000
Town of Orange
Connecticut
Union School District 4% Bonds
Due December 1, 1929
Ass'd Val. Taxable Prop'y $8,750,000
Total Debt (this issue only) 100,000
Population (1916 estimated) 10,000
Price 100½ and Interest
Full particulars of this and other issues of Municipal Bonds yielding up to 6% on request for July Circular.
Spitzer, Rorick & Co
Successors to
SPITZER & CO
Established 1871
5 Nassau Street, New York
Toledo Chicago

BONDS EXEMPT FROM FEDERAL INCOME TAX
$138,000
Westchester Co., N. Y., 4s
PRICE TO NET 3.95%
Farson, Son & Co
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway, New York City.

A Diversification of
Securities with Liberal Yield
is suggested by our July Investment circular that describes concisely desirable examples of the foremost classes of investments.
Send for a complimentary copy. Ask for circular No. 71.
A. D. Converse & Co.
49 Wall Street, New York
Commercial Trust Bldg., Phila.

Our Booklet on
Odd Lots
outlines our
Instalment Payment Plan
Sent free on request.
BARUCH BROTHERS
Members { New York Stock / New York Cotton / New York Coffee } Exchange
60 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

First Mortgage
Electric Power
5% Bond
of a strong company operating in an Eastern territory. Net earnings are at the rate of three times annual bond interest.
Company's franchises are perpetual.
Value of property is 2½ times bonded debt.
To Yield 5.45%
Circular A-16 sent on application.
F. M. Dyer & Co.
24 Broad Street, New York City
Telephone 3620 Rector
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Established 1873
TOBEY & KIRK
25 Broad St., New York.
MEMBERS N.Y. STOCK EXCHANGE
WE DEAL IN:
Worthington Pump & Mach.
Am. Malting Co. 6s
United Lead Co. 5s
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Eastman Kodak Com.
Austin & Northwest 1st 5s
New Jersey Zinc
Old Dominion S. S. 5s
Royal Baking Powder Pfd.
Trenton Potteries Com. & Pf.
Barnhart Bros. & Spind. 1st
Kensico Cemetery
Babcock & Wilcox
Ward Baking Com. & Pfd.

American Brass
Babcock & Wilcox
Central Aguirre Sugar
Du Pont Powder
Fajardo Sugar
Ingersoll-Rand
New Jersey Zinc
Niles-Bement-Pond
Otis Elevator
Royal Baking Powder
Safety Car Htg. & Ltg.
Private wires to
HARTFORD MONTREAL
TORONTO
JENKS, GWYNNE & Co
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MEMBERS N.Y. STOCK EXCHANGE

Tilney, Ladd & Co.
Bonds for Investment
43 Exchange Place, New York

The changed conditions in the South and what they mean to the
Southern Railway
discussed in our Circular C-15, which we will send upon request.
A. A. Housman & Co.
Members { New York Stock Exchange / New York Cotton Exchange / N. Y. Coffee & Sugar Exch.
20 Broad Street New York
BRANCHES:
8 East 43rd Street. 25 West 33rd Street.
Amsterdam Berlin

W. C. Langley & Co.
Investments
115 Broadway, New York City

WE WILL BUY
J. C. Hob. & Pat. St. Ry. 4s
United Elec. Co. N. J. 4s
New Jersey Securities
B. H. & F. W. PELZER
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange.
Phone Broad 6037. 12 Broadway, N. Y.

Montgomery Co., O., 4½s
Due Sept. 1, 1919-1930
Price to Yield 4.05%
WEIL, ROTH & CO.
115 Broadway, New York.
Tel. Rector 8625.
Cincinnati Cleveland Chicago

Pennsylvania Water & Power Co.
1st Mtge. 5s, 1940
TO YIELD 5½%
HOLMES, BULKLEY & WARDROP
Union Bank Bldg. PITTSBURGH
One Wall St. NEW YORK

Mark A. Noble Theodore C. Corwin
NOBLE & CORWIN
25 Broad St. New York
Corn Exchange Bank
Nat'l Bank of Commerce
Telephone 5969 Broad

HAITIANS OBTAIN BANK AGREEMENT

State Department Comes to Terms with Commission as to Its Conduct.

NEW DIRECTORS CHOSEN

National City Bank Representatives Will Have Control of the Institution.

Maurice Casenave, President of the Banque Nationale de la République d'Haiti, who arrived from Washington last night, announced that agreement had been reached between the Haitian Commission and the authorities at Washington regarding operation of the bank and that new officers and directors had been elected in accordance with the acquisition by the National City Bank of the German interests in the Haitian concern. Mr. Casenave explained the position of the institution as follows:

"The Banque Nationale de la République d'Haiti is a French institution authorized under a French charter. Its authorized capital is 20,000,000 francs of the par value of 500 francs each. The bank has an exclusive concession running for fifty years from 1910 from the Haitian Government under which it conducts a banking business and in particular performing the function of treasury for the Haitian Government. All the revenues of Haiti are received by the bank, and by the bank disbursed for the account of the Government.

"The bank transacts a general banking business. In order, however, to afford greater advantages to the smaller Haitian merchants in marketing the coffee and other products of the country, the bank is now considering the erection at certain points of first-class warehouses wherein the merchants may store their commodities pending shipment, and obtain from the bank advances thereon enabling them to continue their purchases without the delays which heretofore have existed.

"I am particularly pleased to announce that all the differences which arose in the last two years between the various revolutionary governments of Haiti and the bank have been satisfactorily adjusted. Yesterday at the State Department in Washington the Haitian Commission, which was sent to this country a few months ago to take up with the officials of the State Department and the representatives of the bank the adjudication of all differences, and myself, concluded and signed an agreement of settlement. Under this agreement the bank retains all of the rights and privileges afforded by its concession; the loans made by it to the Government of Haiti are to be repaid out of the customs collections, and the bank and its branches will be the depository of all funds collected by the Receiver of Customs.

The new Board of Directors is headed by Mr. Casenave as President and R. L. Farnham as Vice President, and has these other members: E. Mallet, Regent of the Bank of France; H. Bousquet, M. Cere, former member of the French Chamber of Deputies; P. Girod of de Neuflize & Co., Paris; Mr. Peirson, Samuel McRoberts, John E. Gardin, and Joseph T. Cosby. Messrs. Farnham, McRoberts, Gardin, and Cosby represent the City Bank. The new board was elected at a meeting in Paris on June 28.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

			Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
6s	Sept.,	1916	100⅝	100⅞	100⅝	100⅞
6s	Sept.,	1917	102⅛	102⅝	102⅛	102⅝
4½s	June,	1965	107⅝	108	107⅝	108
4½s	Mar.,	1963	107⅝	107⅞	107⅝	107⅞
4½s	Nov.,	1957	107⅝	107⅞	107⅝	107⅞
4½s	May,	1957	107⅝	107⅞	107⅝	107⅞
4½s	Nov.,	1917	100½	100⅝	100½	..
4½s	May,	1917	100¼	100⅝	100¼	100⅝
4¼s	April,	1966	102⅞	103¼	102⅞	103¼
4¼s	Mar.,	1964	102⅞	103	102⅞	103
4¼s	Mar.,	1962	102⅝	102⅞	102⅝	102⅞
4¼s	Sept.,	1960	102½	102⅞	102½	102⅞
4¼s	Mar.,	'60, op.'30	102½	102⅞	102½	102⅞
4s	May,	1959	100	100¼	100	100¼
4s	Nov.,	1958	100	100¼	100	100¼
4s	May,	1957	100	100¼	100	100¼
4s	Nov.,	1956	99¾	100¼	99¾	100¼
4s	Nov.,	1955	99¾	100¼	99¾	100¼
4s	Nov.,	1936	99½	100⅛	99½	100⅛
3½s	Nov.,	1955	89¾	..	89¾	..
3½s	May,	1954	90	91	90	90¾

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
4½s	June, 1917	4.00	..	4.00	..
4½s	1918-1928	4.05	3.90	4.05	3.90
4½s	1924-1930	4.10	4.00	4.10	4.00
3½s	1950-1954	4.02	3.95	4.02	3.95
3½s	1940-1950	4.02	3.95	4.02	3.95
3½s	1930-1940	4.05	3.95	4.05	3.95
3½s	1924-1930	4.10	3.95	4.10	3.95
3½s	1918-1924	4.10	3.95	4.10	3.95
3½s	1916-1918	4.00	..	4.00	..
3s	1940-1942	4.05	3.95	4.05	3.95
3s	1918-1925	4.10	3.95	4.10	3.95
3s	1916-1918	4.05	..	4.05	..

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
Atl. Coast Line	1916-'23	4 @4½	4.40	4.20
Balt. & Ohio	1916-'23	4 @4½	4.38	4.25
Buff., Roch. & P.	1916-'30	4½@5	4.70	4.30
Canadian Pacific	1916-'28	4½	4.55	4.30
Ches. & Ohio	1916-'24	4½	4.50	4.30
Chicago & N. W.	1916-'23	4½	4.30	4.10
C., R. I. & Pac.	1916-'27	4½@5	5.25	4.75
C., St. L. & N. O.	1916-'24	5	4.50	4.25
C., C., C. & St. L.	1916-'29	5	4.75	4.40
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	4.30	4.15
Erie R. R.	1916-'23	4½@5	4.55	4.35
Hocking Valley	1916-'23	4 @5	4.50	4.25
Illinois Central	1916-'23	4½@5	4.38	4.20
Louis. & Nash.	1916-'23	5	4.35	4.15
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1916-'23	5	5.75	4.95
Missouri Pacific	1916-'22	5	5.75	4.95
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1916-'28	4½@5	4.55	4.30
Norfolk & West.	1916-'24	4½	4.35	4.15
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1916-'28	6	4.75	4.35
Penn. Gen. F'ght.	1916-'23	4 @4½	4.30	4.15
St. L., I. M. & So.	1916-'24	5	5.25	4.50
Seab. Air Line	1916-'23	5	4.75	4.38
Southern Pacific	1916-'23	4½	4.35	4.20
Southern Ry.	1916-'24	4½@5	4.65	4.40

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Directors of the Casualty Company of America announce the following appointments: President, Edward L. Hearn; General Counsel, Lyman A. Spalding; Vice President, Fred B. [illegible]oyd; Secretary-Treasurer, Thomas L. M[illegible]; Assistant Treasurer, Myles Walsh, and [illegible]ant Secretary, F. E. Greener.

John H. Guy has resigned as President and General Manager of the Advance-Rumely Company of La Porte, Ind.

J. Elmer Delaney, manager of the foreign exchange department of the Irving National Bank, will shortly become associated with the Bank of Italy, San Francisco, in the same capacity. H. Simpson, also a member of the Irving's foreign exchange department, will soon leave to become assistant manager of the Crocker National Bank of San Francisco.

Stockholders of the New York Title and Mortgage Company at their meeting yesterday elected Albert B. Boardman, Edward M. Burghard, William F. Clare, Lewis L. Clarke, John R. Crimmins, James R. Deering, Lawrence B. Elliman, Charles V. Fornes, William E. Harmon, Duncan G. Harris, Harry A. Kahler, Frederick T. Kelsey, George T. Mortimer, Charles J. Obermayer, Morgan J. O'Brien, James A. O'Gorman, Harold T. White, William N. Willcox, and George Zabriskie Directors. The stockholders of the merged companies authorized an increase of capital from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000.

Wisconsin-Minnesota Light and Power Company, a subsidiary of the American Public Utilities Company, shows total earnings during May, 1916, of $96,914, as against $85,889 for the corresponding month of 1915.

Merger of the Flemish-Lynn Phonograph Company has been ratified by the stockholders of both companies and is being consummated as rapidly as legal requirements will permit.

American Public Utilities constituents show a total production of gas for the week ended June 24, 1916, of 21,287,712 cubic feet, compared with 20,196,612 cubic feet for the corresponding month of the previous year.

Springfield, Mass., has arranged a temporary loan of $600,000 from Morgan & Bartlett, New York, at 3.545 per cent. discount.

William A. Kennedy & Co. have been incorporated as Kennedy, Mitchell & Co., with a capital of $1,000,000, and have moved from 15 Wall Street to 35 Wall Street.

United Zinc Smelting Corporation announced yesterday that work would commence immediately on its new smelter and acid plant at Moundsville, W. Va. Construction and operation will be in charge of Otto Proelss, rated as one of the leading acid and zinc smelting experts of the country.

Frederic M. Halsey, statistician for James H. Oliphant & Co. and recently appointed special agent of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, sailed for Europe yesterday to investigate investment opportunities in foreign countries.

WANT TO EXTEND NOTES.

Boston & Maine Will Ask 45 Days More Time.

BOSTON, July 11.—The Directors of the Boston & Maine Railroad Company at a meeting today, following conferences with representatives of the several leased line interests concerned in the proposed reorganization plans, voted to request an extension of forty-five days for payment of the $13,000,000 of notes due on July 17.

The conferences were attended by President Hustis and Henry B. Day, representing the Boston & Maine Railroad; Gordon Abbott, representing the Fitchburg; Philip Dexter, representing the Boston & Lowell; W. H. McClintock, Richard Olney, and Charles E. Gross, representing the Connecticut River, and Benjamin A. Kimball and Walter M. Parker, representing the Concord & Montreal. In a statement tonight President Hustis said:

"This action was the result of a request of a committee of Directors of the principal lessor lines of the Boston & Maine Railroad that further time be given. All of the interests involved are anxious that a friendly reorganization be effected. For that reason it seems wise to continue negotiations and it is hoped that definite conclusions may be reached within the next thirty days.

"The Boston & Maine Railroad has also requested the Vermont Valley and Connecticut River Directors to renew their notes, amounting respectively to $2,300,000 and $2,450,000, both maturing July 17, to Aug. 31."

STANDARD OIL GROUP.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
Anglo-American	15¼	15⅝	15⅝	16
Atlantic Refining	700	705	700	705
Borne-Scrymser	340	350	340	350
Buckeye Pipe Line	89	91	90	92
Chesebrough Mfg	320	330	320	330
Colonial Oil	70	80	70	80
Continental Oil	325	330	325	330
Crescent Pipe Line	39	42	39	42
Cumberland Pipe L.	83	88	80	85
Eureka Pipe Line	210	220	210	215
Galena Signal Oil	155	157	155	157
Galena Signal Oil pf.	137	142	137	142
Illinois Pipe Line	167	169	168	171
Indiana Pipe Line	90	93	90	93
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd.	10	10½	10	10½
National Transit	14	15	14	15
New York Transit	190	200	190	200
Northern Pipe Line	96	100	97	101
Ohio Oil	233	236	234	237
Penn.-Mex. Fuel Co.	56	59	56	59
Pierce Oil	12⅞	13¼	12⅞	13¼
Pierce Oil conv. 6s	80	82	80	82
Prairie Oil & Gas	395	400	395	400
Prairie Pipe Line	221	224	223	226
Solar Refining	265	275	265	275
Southern Pipe Line	191	194	191	194
South Penn. Oil	350	355	350	355
Southwestern Penn	105	110	105	110
Std. Oil of Cal	261	263	262	265
Std. Oil of Ind	566	570	568	572
Std. Oil of Kan	440	450	440	450
Std. Oil of Ky	400	410	400	410
Std. Oil of Neb	340	345	340	345
Std. Oil of N. J.	523	526	523	526
Std. Oil of N. Y.	204	206	205	207
Std. Oil of Ohio	360	385	340	360
Swan & Finch	95	100	95	100
Union Tank	82	84	82	84
Vacuum Oil	268	272	270	275
Washington Oil	30	40	30	40

HIGHER RATES IN LONDON.

Rise in Money Market Here is Reflected in Foreign Trading.

LONDON, July 11.—The sharp rise in money in New York caused a stiffening in money and discount rates here today. It is understood that further action will be taken if necessary to put the market and Treasury rates higher to maintain exchange. The opinion, however, is that the advance in New York is only temporary.

The stock market has already felt the pinch of dearer money in the gilt-edge section, which was somewhat subdued today, but the general tone was strong, with much activity in colonial bonds, Russian mines and oil and industrial and shipping shares. Business was meagre in the American section, which closed easy.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Prov. of Alb.	5	May, 1926	97½	98¾	5.20
Argen. Govt.	6	Dec.15,'16	100	100¼	3.95
Argen. Gvt.	Disc.	Feb.21,'17	95⅜	96⅜	5.50
Argen. Govt.	6	Dec.15,'17	100¼	100⅝	5.43
Argen. Govt.	6	May15,'20	100¼	100⅝	5.65
City of Mont.	5	May, 1918	99⅝	100¼	4.90
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	99⅝	100¼	4.80
City of Q'bec	5	Apr., 1920	99¼	100¼	4.90
Prov. of Q'bec	5	Apr., 1920	99⅝	100¼	4.80
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1916	100	100¼	4.90
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1917	100⅝	101⅛	3.95
Italian Govt.	6	Oct. 15,'16	99½	100¼	5.00
Prov. of Man.	5	Feb., 1920	98⅝	99½	5.10
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	105½	107	4.75
Norweg. Gov.	6	Oct. 15,'16	100½	101	2.00
Norweg. Gov.	6	Oct., 1917	101½	102¼	4.12
Prov. of Ont.	5	Feb., 1920	99⅝	100½	..
Prov. of N. B.	5	Dec., 1919	99⅝	100½	4.90
G. of N'f'l'nd.	5	July, 1919	99	99⅝	5.20
Prov. of Sask.	5	Feb., 1918	99	99⅝	5.00
Swedish Govt.	6	Dec., 1916	100⅝	101¼	2.63
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1918	99	100	5.00
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1920	99	100	5.00

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. Cot. Oil	5	Nov., 1917	100¼	100½	4.60
Am. Loco.	5	July, 1916	100⅛	100⅜	4.20
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	99½	100⅛	5.75
Am. S. T. Co.	5	Jan. 15,'19	96	98⅛	5.95
Am. T. & T.	4½	Feb., 1918	99⅞	100⅛	4.46
Am. Thread	4	Jan., 1919	97½	98¼	4.50
Anacon. Cop.	5	Mar., 1917	100¼	100⅝	4.00
A., T. & S. F.	5	June, 1917	101⅛	101½	3.45
A. V. R. L. & P.	6	July 1, '19	99	100	6.00
At. & Pac. T.	6	June, 1921	101⅝	102¼	5.50
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	100	100¼	4.83
Can. North.	5	Sep., 1917	98⅝	99⅛	5.40
Can. Pacific	6	Mar. 2,'24	101¼	101⅝	5.80
C. P. R. & L.	6	May, 1918	102½	103⅛	3.50
C., B. & Q.	4	July, 1921	97⅞	98¼	4.40
C. & W. Ind.	5	Sep., 1917	99⅝	99⅞	5.20
Chicago Elev.	5	July, 1916	90	95	..
Cities Service	7	May, 1918	102	102⅝	..
Den. G. & E.	6	Apr., 1917	101	101⅝	..
East. P. & L.	5	Mar. 1,'18	96	98	7.00
Erie R. R.	5½	Apr., 1917	100⅝	101	4.00
Gen. Rubber	5	Dec., 1918	100	100¼	4.87
G. T. of Can.	5	Nov., 1917	98⅞	99⅛	5.85
Hocking Val.	5	Nov., 1917	100¼	100⅝	4.50
Inter. Harv.	5	Feb. 15,'18	101⅛	101⅜	3.90
L. Gas & El.		Apr., 1918	100½	101⅛	5.75
Mich. Ry.	6	June, 1919	101	101½	5.45
Min. Gen. E.	6	June, 1917	101	..	8.00
Mo. Pacific	6	June, 1916	97½	99	..
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1917	97	98⅛	7.50
Morgan & W.	5	Dec., 1918	99¼	100	5.00
N.Y.,N.H.&H.	4½	May, 1917	99⅞	100	4.50
N. Eng. Nav.	6	May, 1917	99⅞	100	6.00
Nor. S. Pow.	5	Apr. 1,'41	98⅝	99¼	5.00
Penn. Co.	4½	June15,'21	100⅛	100⅝	4.30
P. S. C., N. J.	5	Mar., 1919	100	100½	4.75
Rem. A. Un. Met. C. Co.	5	Feb. 19,'19	97	97⅝	6.10
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	100¼	100⅝	4.00
U.Ry.,G. & E.	5	Apr., 1919	98⅛	99¼	5.30
U.S. P. S. Co.	5	Apr., 1918	98½	100½	5.75
United Fruit	5	May, 1918	100¼	100½	4.70
W'house El. & Mfg. Co.	5	Oct., 1917	100¼	101	4.15
W. P. Trac.	6	Mar., 1917	100¼	101⅛	4.90
Win. R. Arms.	5	Mar., 1918	98⅝	98⅞	5.87
W. V. T. & E.	6	June, 1917	99	100	6.00
W. S. G. & E.	6	Oct., 1917	100	101	5.80
Winn. E. Ry.	6	Jan. 15,'18	100¼	101	5.45

OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
20	Ahmeek	92	92	92	92
315	Alaska	17⅞	18	17⅝	17⅞
154	Allouez	60¼	62	59	59
4,045	Am. Zinc	29⅞	31½	29¼	29⅝
1,330	Am. Zinc pf.	61½	61⅝	60	60
245	Ariz. Com'l	8½	8½	8¼	8¼
70	Butte & Bal.	2½	2½	2	2
930	Butte & Sup.	62½	62½	60¼	62½
611	Cal. & Ariz.	67	67	66	66
25	Cal. & Hecla	525	525	520	525
45	Centennial	14⅞	14⅞	14¾	14¾
80	Chino	46	47	46	47
296	Copper Range	57¼	57¼	54½	55
50	Daly-West	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
440	East Butte	12⅛	12⅛	12	12
105	Granby	82	82	81	81
10	Hancock	12	12	12	12
50	Island Creek	46	46	46	46
190	Isle Royale	26	26	25⅝	26
310	Kerr Lake	4½	4½	4½	4½
305	Lake	11	11⅛	11	11
155	Mass. Con.	10⅞	11	10⅞	11
25	Mayflower	2½	2½	2⅜	2½
1,370	Mohawk	83	83	77	79½
65	New Arcadian	5	5	5	5
405	North Butte	21¼	21¼	20½	21
130	North Lake	1½	1½	1½	1½
125	Old Colony	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
465	Old Dominion	62	62¼	61	61½
72	Osceola	82	82	80	81
20	Pond Creek	13½	13½	13½	13½
110	Quincy	83½	83½	83	83
255	Santa Fe	1⅝	1⅝	1½	1½
595	Shannon	8½	8½	7½	7½
50	Shattuck	25	25	24	24
30	South Lake	5	5	5	5
75	St. Mary's	73½	73½	73	73
10	Sup. & Boston	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
239	Trinity	4½	5⅛	4½	5⅛
2,605	U. S. Smelter	68½	68½	67	67
396	U. S. Sm. pf.	50¼	50½	50	50¼
120	Utah Apex	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
235	Utah Con.	13	13	12⅞	12⅞
45	Utah Copper	75½	75½	75½	75½
910	Utah Metals	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
5	Winona	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼
5	Wolverine	52	52	52	52

RAILROADS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
5	Boston & A.	185	185	185	185
129	Boston Elev.	73½	76⅛	73½	76¼
108	Boston & Me.	45	46½	45	46½
60	C. J. & S. Y. pf.	109	109	109	109
4	Mass. El. pf.	31½	31½	31½	31½
135	New Haven	61	61	60⅝	60⅝
10	Old Colony	132	132	132	132
5	West End St.	57½	57½	57½	57½
20	West E. St. pf.	70	70	70	70

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
40	Am. Ag. C. pf.	99	99¾	99	99
10	Amoskeag	70	70	70	70
150	Am. Pneu. S.	1½	1½	1½	1½
10	Am. P. S. pf.	12	12	12	12
150	Am. Sugar pf.	117½	118	118	117
125	Am. Tel. & T.	129⅝	129⅝	129	129⅝
345	Am. Wool. pf.	94½	94½	94	94
6,805	A., G. & W. I.	62	62	58	58⅝
1,147	A., G. & W.I.pf	62⅝	62⅝	60⅝	60⅝
745	Cuban Cement	23¼	24½	22½	22½
140	Edison	242	242	242	242
427	Mass. Gas	82	82½	80⅝	80⅝
25	McElwain pf.	101	101	101	101
66	N. E. Tel.	134	134	134	134
100	Nipe Bay	150	150	150	150
75	Nova S. Steel	130	130	130	130
5	Pullman	162	162	162	162
38	Swift	135½	135½	134	134
1,125	Torrington	44	44⅜	43½	44
506	United Fruit	158¼	158¼	155	155
325	U. Shoe Mach.	52½	53	52½	52½
90	U. Shoe M. pf.	29¼	29½	29¼	29¼
50	U. S. Steel	84⅝	84⅝	84⅝	84⅝
1,400	Ventura Oil	8¼	8¼	8	8

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Anglo-F. 5s	95¼	95¼	95¼	95¼
24,000	A., G. & W.I.5s	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝
1,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝
15,000	N. E. Tel. 5s	101	101	101	101
2,000	Swift 5s	100⅝	100⅝	100½	100½
2,500	U. S. Smelt. 6s	112	112	111	111
5,000	West. Tel. 5s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1	Am. Rys. pf.	98	98	98	98
100	Buff. & Susq.	51	51	51	51
5	Cambria Steel	82½	82½	82½	82½
530	Elec. Storage	63	63¼	63	63
285	Lake S. Corp.	10⅝	11	10⅝	10⅝
25	Lehigh Nav.	75½	75½	75½	75½
77	Lehigh Val.	79	79	78⅞	78⅞
538	Pennsylvania	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞
10	Phila. Co.	40	40	40	40
1,087	Phila. Elec.	29	29	28⅞	28⅞
480	Phila.R.T.t.c.	19¼	19¼	19	19¼
150	Reading	96⅞	97	96⅞	97
730	Tono. Belmont	4 3/16	4 3/16	4 3/16	4 3/16
140	Union Trac.	43⅛	43⅛	43	43
43	Un. Gas Imp.	88	88	87½	87½
55	War. I. & S.	9½	9½	9½	9½
265	W.Cramp&Sons	75	77	73	76
10	York Ry. pf.	37½	37½	37½	37½

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$1,500	Am.G.&E.5s	93¼	93¼	93	93¼
2,000	Bald.L. 1st 5s	104¼	104¼	104¼	104¼
4,000	Elec.&Peo.Tr.4s	80	80	80	80
6,000	Key. T. 1st 5s	98	98⅛	98	98⅛
5,000	L. V. gen. 4s	91	91	91	91
16,000	L. V. gen. 4½s	100	100	100	100
1,000	Pa. gen. 4½s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝
1,000	Phila.Co.con.4s	88	88	88	88
700	Phila. Elec. 4s	84	84	84	84
4,000	Stand. Gas 6s	100	100	100	100
8,000	Un.Ry. inv.5s	68½	68½	68½	68½

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
20	Balt. Tube pf.	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾
13	Bank of Balt.	154	154	154	154
50	Cit. Bank	40	40	40	40
21	Cons. Power	115½	115½	115	115
1,492	Cosden Refin.	25½	25½	24⅞	24⅞
1,747	Cos. O. & G.	15¼	15¼	14¼	14¼
1,425	C. O. & G. pf.	5¼	5¼	5⅛	5⅛
200	Davidson Ch.	50	50⅛	50	50½
5	M. & M. Bank	28	28	28	28
25	Merc. Trust	226	226	226	226
100	Nor. Central	86½	86½	86¼	86¼
41	Penn. W. & P.	77	77	76	76
75	Sapulpa Ref.	11⅞	11⅞	11¾	11⅞
5	U. S. F. & D.	220	220	220	220
100	Way. Oil & G.	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Anac. & P. 5s	99	99	99	99
7,000	Con. Pwr. 4½s	87½	87½	87	87
1,000	Con. Coal ref. 5s	91½	91½	91½	91½
60,000	C. O. & G. 6s	108⅝	108⅝	108½	108⅝
3,000	Elk. Cor. 6s	97½	97½	97½	97½
2,000	Fair. & C.T.5s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
1,000	G., C. & N.5s	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼
100	G. B. S. B. sc.	30	30	30	30
1,500	Jam. C. & C.5s	92	92	92	92
1,000	M. & M. T. 6s	103½	103½	103½	103½
1,000	Md. Dredg. 6s	99½	99½	99½	99½
1,000	Md. Elec. 5s	98½	98½	98½	98½
6,000	Penn. W. & P. 5s	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝
3,000	U.R. & E.in.4s	61⅛	61⅛	61⅛	61⅛
2,000	U. R. & E. 4s	82½	82⅝	82½	82⅝
500	U.R. & E.fg.5s	86½	86½	86½	86½

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
49	Am. Radiator	399	399	397	399
25	Am. Ship	90	90	88⅝	88⅝
200	Booth Fish	38½	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛
65	Booth Fish, pf.	81	81	80	80¼
50	Chi. Ry., Ser. 2	15	15	15	15
800	Title & Trust	246	246	240	240
50	Com. Edison	145	145	145	145
265	Illinois Brick	80	81	80	81
50	Lindsay Light	22½	22½	22½	22½
21	Mont. Ward pf.	113½	113½	113½	113½
100	Paper Board	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝
50	Paper Board pf.	55	55	55	55
75	People's Gas	102	102½	102	102
30	Public Service	112	112	112	112
5	Quaker Oats	330	330	330	330
400	Sears-Roebuck	188	188½	187	187
7	Sears-Roeb. pf.	126	126	126	126
1,900	Stewart-War	100⅝	100⅝	98⅝	99
68	Swift	135½	135½	135	135½
20	Deere pf	91	91	91	91

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$13,000	Armour 4½s	93½	93½	93½	93½
1,000	Chi. Ry. 5s	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝
2,000	Chi.City Ry.5s	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼
2,000	Chi. Gas 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼
4,000	Chi. Ry. 5s, B	68¼	68¼	68	68
10,000	Morris 4½s	92¼	92¼	92¼	92¼
5,000	Peo.Gas ref.5s	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
3,000	So. Side 4½s	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝
3,000	Sulzberger 6s	99⅝	99⅝	99½	99½
2,500	Swift 5s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
2,000	N.ShoreGas 5s	92¼	92¼	92¼	92¼

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
360	Am. W.G.Mach.	59	59	58	58
210	Am. W. G.M.pf.	125	125	124⅞	124⅞
100	Caney River Gas	40½	40½	40½	40½
870	Columbia Gas	17⅞	17⅞	17¼	17¾
70	Harbison Walker	95	95	95	95
20	Ind. Brewing	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
20	Ind. Brewing pf	19¼	19¼	19¼	19¼
125	Mfrs. Lt. & H.	51	51	51	51
330	Nat. Fireproof	7½	7½	7½	7½
245	Nat. Fire. pf.	16½	16½	16	16
100	Ohio Fuel	46	46	46	46
50	Ohio Fuel Oil	16½	16½	16½	16½
10	Osage & Okla.	103	103	103	103
45	Pitts. Brewing	5½	5½	5½	5½
1,010	Pure Oil	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞
200	Ross Mining	12c	12c	12c	12c
65	Un. Switch & S.	114	114	114	114
85	U. S. Glass	30	30	30	30
30	Union Nat. Gas	149	149	149	149
110	U. S. Steel	85¼	85¼	84⅞	84⅞
260	Westing. A. B.	141½	141½	141	141
195	Westing. Elec.	56	56¼	55⅞	55⅞

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alvarado	.50	1¼	Humboldt	1½	2
Am Oil	.25	.27	Iron Cap.	4	4½
Bay S G	.13	.15	Do pf.	6	6¼
Begole	.75	.70	Iron Blos.	1½	1⅛
Bingham	.10	.11	J Verde	1½	1⅝
Bohemia	1¼	1⅝	Majestic	.67	.70
Bost Ariz.	2⅜	2½	Mex Met.	.30	.36
Bost Cor.	.70	.75	Mojave T.	5⅛	5¼
Bost Ely	.91	.95	N L & Z.	1 1-16	1 3-16
Bost Mon.	.68	.70	Nev Doug.	1	1⅛
Butte & L.	.66	.69	N Cornelia	12¾	13¼
Cal Corb.	3	4	New Balt.	1⅝	1⅞
Calaveras	4⅛	5	N U Bing.	1	1⅛
Champion	.10	.11	Nixon	.36	.37
Chief Con.	1 3-16	1¼	Ohio Cop.	.11	.15
Cons Ariz.	1⅝	1⅝	Oneco	.70	.85
Con Cop.	2⅛	2¼	Onondaga	1	1¼
Cr Res.	.50	.55	Pilot Butte	.08	.11
Cortez	.40	.50	Rilla	.22	.23
Davis-D	1½	1⅝	Rochester	3¼	3⅜
E & B B.	1⅞	2	S W M.	1	1½
Fortuna	1½	1⅝	Truro	3½	4
Gold Lake	.28	.30	U V Ext.	27½	28
Homa Oil	1	1 1-16	Yukon G'd	2	2⅛
Houghton	1½	1⅝			

FINANCIAL OPERATIONS OF THE CITY.

Cash Position as of July 8, 1916.

CHAMBERLAIN'S STATEMENT—CITY TREASURY.

Balance June 30		$32,718,245.08	
Receipts—			
Revenues	$1,388,421.69		
Miscellaneous	36,028.78		
		1,424,450.47	
		$34,137,695.55	
Payments—			
General administration	$3,292,235.53		
Redemption of city debt	237,678.14		
Interest on city debt	1,438,464.20		
		4,968,377.87	
Balance July 8			$29,169,317.68

SINKING FUNDS.

Balance uninvested June 30	$15,786,616.58	
Receipts	608,455.14	
	$16,395,071.72	
Payments	124,443.00	
Balance uninvested July 8		16,270,628.72
Aggregate balances July 8		$45,439,946.40

GOULD CONFERENCE ON D. & R. G. CONTROL

Action Is Deferred for Two Weeks on Exchange of M. O. P. Securities.

BANKERS FAVOR THE PLAN

Reorganizers Believe Missouri Pacific Needs Outlets to the South More Than Western Line.

A conference between representatives of the various interests in the Jay Gould estate was held in the offices of George J. Gould yesterday to consider the proposal that the estate surrender its interest in the Texas & Pacific and International & Great Northern Railroads and accept in return Missouri Pacific's interest in Denver & Rio Grande and a controlling interest in the recently reorganized Western Pacific, which was built as a Denver & Rio Grande subsidiary.

No definite decision was reached at the meeting. George J. Gould sent out word that an adjournment had been taken for two weeks. It was learned, however, that the consideration given to the plan was favorable and that the bankers interested in Missouri Pacific are in favor of the plan.

The reorganizers of the Missouri Pacific believe that the system can be rounded out to better advantage by obtaining the outlets to the South through Texas & Pacific and International & Great Northern than by another attempt to wrest the Denver & Rio Grande from the Goulds and developing traffic westward to the Pacific. The two Southern roads were to all intents and purposes parts of the Missouri Pacific system when the Goulds operated it, stock control of all three roads being then lodged in the Gould estate.

An agreement between the Missouri Pacific reorganizers and the Goulds would also dispose of difficulties in the way of making the reorganization plan effective and so facilitate the proceedings that the reorganization company could take hold in October. Benefits would be derived by the Gould estate by withdrawal of opposition to Gould control of Denver & Rio Grande, which narrowly escaped passing at the last annual meeting, and by exchange of Texas & Pacific and International & Great Northern securities held by the Goulds for securities fortifying their position in Denver & Rio Grande.

If the plan is approved it is probable that the Missouri Pacific, Texas & Pacific, and International & Great Northern will be merged into one company.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Extreme weakness developed in a number of spots in the market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. An unfavorable influence was exerted by the further advance in the call money rate. Rallies occurred during the day, but there was fresh weakness toward the close.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
10	Alaska Gold	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
220	Allis-Chalmers	20⅞	21⅛	19⅞	20⅛
970	Am. Beet Sug.	93⅛	93⅛	90⅞	91
360	Am. Can	52⅝	52⅝	51⅞	52⅝
110	Am. Car. & F.	52⅞	53½	52⅞	53⅛
50	Am. Cot. Oil	53½	53½	53⅛	53⅛
10	Am. H. & L.	10	10	10	10
140	Am. H. & L.pf.	51⅛	51⅞	50	50⅜
90	Am. Ice Sec.	29	29	29	29
480	Am. Loco.	63⅞	64	62⅞	63½
720	Am. Smelting	93	93⅛	91⅞	92½
290	Am. Zinc	30	31⅛	30	31¼
140	Am. Zinc pf.	61⅛	61⅛	59⅞	59⅞
4,740	Anac. Copper	80⅛	80⅛	78⅝	79⅛
10	A., T. & S. F.	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝
900	Baldwin Loco.	71	71	69⅞	70
70	Balt. & Ohio	88⅞	89	88⅞	89
370	Butte & Sup.	62	62½	61⅛	61⅞
140	Cal. Petrol.	18⅞	19	18⅞	18⅞
40	Can. Pacific	179⅝	179⅝	178	178
120	Cent. Leather	53⅛	53⅛	52⅞	52⅞
170	Ches. & Ohio	61⅝	61⅝	61⅜	61⅝
50	C., M. & S. P.	97½	97½	97½	97½
270	C., R. I. & P.	21¼	21¼	20⅞	20⅞
50	Chino Copper	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝
570	Col. F. & I.	44⅛	44⅛	42⅞	42⅞
50	Corn Products	14⅛	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝
4,960	Crucible Steel	72½	72½	70	70¼
20	D. & R. G. pf.	35½	35½	35½	35½
420	Dist. Secur.	41⅝	42	41⅛	41⅝
410	Erie	36⅛	36¼	35⅝	35⅝
220	Goodrich Co.	73	73½	72½	72½
30	Greene-Can.	43⅛	43⅛	43⅛	43⅛
140	Inspir. Copper	50⅞	50⅞	50½	50⅞
20	Interboro Cons.	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝
570	Int. Mer. Ma.	23⅛	23⅛	22	22
9,265	Int. M. M. pf.	86⅞	86⅞	80⅞	81⅛
10	Int. Paper	13	13	13	13
420	Kenn. Copper	46⅝	46⅝	45¼	45⅝
10	Lack. Steel	69⅛	69⅛	69⅛	69⅛
60	Lee Rubber	46⅛	46⅛	45⅝	45⅝
120	Lehigh Valley	79⅛	79⅛	78⅛	78½
1,020	Maxwell Mot.	77⅛	77⅛	73⅛	75
8,760	Mexican Pet.	102⅝	102½	98⅛	98⅝
165	Miami Cop.	33⅞	34	33⅝	33⅝
40	Nevada Con.	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛
120	N. Y. Central	104	104	103⅝	103⅝
40	N.Y.,N.H.& H.	60⅝	61	60⅝	61
80	Ry. Steel Spg.	42½	42½	42½	42½
20	Ray Copper	21½	21½	21½	21½
2,870	Reading	98⅛	98⅛	96⅞	97⅛
110	Rep. I. & S.	44½	44½	43⅞	43⅝
40	So. Pacific	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝
90	So. Railway	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝
8,920	Studebaker	132⅛	132⅛	125⅛	127⅛
40	Tenn. Copper	30⅞	31⅛	30⅞	30⅞
30	Texas Pacific	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛
50	Texas Co.	186⅞	186⅞	186⅞	186⅞
70	Third Av.	65⅛	65⅛	65⅛	65⅛
1,020	Union Pacific	138⅝	138⅝	137⅞	137⅞
220	United Fruit	157	157⅛	154⅞	155
870	U. S. Ind. Al.	108	112⅞	107⅛	111⅞
40	U. S. Rubber	53⅛	53⅛	52⅞	52⅞
10,120	U. S. Steel	85⅛	85⅛	84⅝	84⅝
40	Utah Copper	75⅝	75⅝	75½	75½
510	Westing. El.	55⅞	56	55⅛	55½

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
500	Atlanta	.12	.12	.12	.12
800	Comstock	.08	.08	.08	.08
300	Florence	.42	.42	.42	.42
500	Goldf'd Mer.	.09½	.09½	.09½	.09½
400	Mexican	.20	.20	.20	.20
400	Midway	.21	.21	.21	.21
600	Mon. Pitts.	.07	.07	.07	.07
1,000	Montana	.27½	.27½	.27½	.27½
100	Portland	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70
1,500	Rescue Eula.	.27	.27	.27	.27
650	Tonopah Ext.	5.25	5.25	5.25	5.25
200	Union Con.	.75	.75	.75	.75

$156,946,000 British Gold Here.

A resumption of gold imports from Canada was seen yesterday in the arrival of $3,000,000, sent to J. P. Morgan & Co. from Ottawa and deposited in the Assay Office. This makes the total deposited here and at Philadelphia $156,946,000 on the present movement.

We call attention to
ACME TEA CO.
Common Stock
Listed on the
New York Stock Exchange
Philadelphia Stock Exchange
This company operates a chain of 423 retail grocery stores.
The stability of its business is shown by the following record for the past 25 years—*a record we have never seen excelled by any American corporation, either railroad, utility or industrial.*
Year Sales
1892 $175,580.90
1893 531,418.44
1894 812,695.95
1895 892,158.85
1896 1,084,809.02
1897 1,351,600.22
1898 1,700,247.44
1899 1,923,476.19
1900 2,322,066.88
1901 2,357,767.33
1902 2,876,043.25
1903 3,886,169.37
1904 4,446,923.96
1905 5,135,082.42
1906 5,772,106.12
1907 6,094,785.38
1908 6,640,461.43
1909 6,973,086.22
1910 7,458,654.81
1911 8,098,760.99
1912 8,729,796.72
1913 9,853,628.18
1914 10,740,218.81
1915 13,321,405.72
1916 Sales $16,650,247
Net Profits Equal to 12% on Common.
Selling around $52 a share, this stock offers unusual prospects for appreciation in value.
We specialize in Acme Tea and will furnish all facts and figures on request for Circular AT-2; also an analytical comparison of this and other chain-store stocks.
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Carbon Steel 2nd Pfd.
LEONARD SNIDER & CO.
RECTOR 496 62 BROADWAY

CANADIAN
Outremont 5's, May, 1918
Maisonneuve 6's, Jan., 1918
Calgary 6's, Mar., 1918
Particulars on Request
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Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company held on July 11th, 1916, a dividend of two and a half per cent. (2½%) payable August 1st, and an extra dividend of ten per cent. (10%), five per cent. payable August 1st and the second five per cent. payable September 1st, all to Stockholders of record July 15th, 1916, was declared.

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100 New York Shipbuilding
25 Niagara Insurance
100 Pacific Coast 2nd Pfd.
50 Thompson-Starrett Com.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell

50 American Brass
20 American Surety
50 Bush Terminal Com.
50 Bankers Trust
50 Buckeye Pipe Line
25 E. W. Bliss Com.
100 Great Northern Paper
10 Home Insurance
20 Hanover Insurance
100 New York Shipbuilding
100 Pacific Coast Com.
3 Winchester Repeating Arms

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OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Downward Movement in Prices Continues in the Curb Market—Bonds Irregular.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 329,652 shares of stocks and $277,000 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 87,506; oil, 56,521, and mining, 185,625. The range of prices of all issues in which transactions were recorded was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,500	‡Aetna Exp...	12	12	11	11
350	‡Butler Chem.	4⅝	4⅝	4¼	4¼
2,000	Can. N. G. C.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
3,000	‡Car L. & P..	4	4¼	3⅞	4¼
450	C. I. Co. of Am.	6⅛	6¼	6⅛	6¼
1,200	Chev. Motor...	225	*230	215	220
850	Driggs-Seab...	115	116	95	105
1,700	‡Emer. Motor.	4⅛	4⅛	3⅞	4
150	Emer. Phonog.	10⅞	11	10½	10½
50	Essex Motors..	70	70	70	70
5	Fajardo Sugar.	116	116	116	116
5,000	‡F.-L. Phono..	4⅜	4⅜	4¼	4¼
200	‡G., W. & W.	45	46	45	46
1,000	Grant M. Car.	11⅜	11⅜	11⅛	11⅛
500	Hart. Corp....	67½	69½	68½	68½
30	Hendee Mfg....	24	24	24	24
110	Holly S. C. pf.	95½	95¾	95½	95¾
1,550	Hupp Motors..	7⅝	7⅝	7¼	7⅝
120	Inter. Rub.....	*14	14	14	14
400	‡Joplin O. S..	2½	3	2½	2⅞
200	Kapo Mfg. Co.	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
350	S. H. Kress...	65	65	64	64
900	S. H. Kress pf.	102	102	101	101
2,000	‡Lake T. B..	8	8⅛	8	8⅛
600	Marconi of A..	3⅞	3⅞	3¾	3¾
9,000	‡Maxim Mun..	6	6	5	5
4,000	‡Midvale Steel.	61¼	61¼	*60¼	60⅜
300	MitchellM., w.i.	67	67	66	66
33	Peerless Truck & M. Corp...	23	23	23	23
50	‡Poole Engine & Mach. Co..	100	100	95	95
350	‡Pullman Ventilator Corp..	2¼	2⅜	2¼	2⅜
180	‡Pullman Ventilator Corp. pf	5⅜	5½	5⅜	5½
200	Corp. of R. & H.	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
300	‡Saxon Motor Car Co.......	80	80	79	79
20	Springfield B..	76½	76½	76½	76½
10	Springf'd B. pf.	118	118	118	118
700	‡St. Joseph L.	15¼	15¼	15	15¼
16,050	‡Stutz Motor...	62⅞	62⅞	60½	60⅝
2,000	Sub. Boat v. t. ctfs.	35	35	34½	34½
1,500	‡Tob. Products	42½	42½	40½	41
300	‡Todd Shipy'ds	74¼	74¼	74	74
200	‡U. S. Lt. & Heat Corp...	2½	2½	2½	2½
700	‡U. S. Lt. & Heat Corp. pf	6⅛	6⅛	5⅞	5⅞
100	U. S. Steamship Co......	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
2,800	Unicorn Film..	1⅛	1⅛	1	1⅛
18,500	‡United Motors	71½	71½	68⅝	69
100	Un. Profit S...	¾	¾	¾	¾
100	United Zinc...	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
3,000	White M. Co...	54¼	54¼	53	53½
1,000	World F. Corp. v. t. ctfs....	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
700	‡Zinc Con. Co.	4¾	4¾	4⅞	4⅞

STANDARD OIL GROUP.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
65	Illinois P. L..	171	169	169	+1
60	S. O. of Cal...	265	261	262	+12
78	S. O. of Ind...	568	567	567	−1
3	S. O. of Ohio.	370	370	370	..

OTHER OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,500	†‡Alb. Pet., Ltd., (a pr.)	56	57	56	57
340	‡Bar. O. & G.	3	3	3	3
1,000	‡C. & Co. (O.R.)	25½	25½	25	25
4,000	‡Cos. Oil & G.	15¼	15¼	14½	14½
700	‡C. O. & G. pf.	5⅝	5⅝	5½	5½
700	‡Federal Oil..	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
400	‡Int. Pet.	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
5,000	‡Ken. O. (a pr.)	68	68	62	65
500	Metropolitan ..	16	16	15	15
9,200	‡Midwest Oil..	48	48	45	45
2,000	‡Muskogee R..	3⅝	3 7/16	3⅝	3 7/16
3,000	†‡N. Y.-Ok. O.	85	87	85	86
4,000	†‡Okla. Oil ..	13	13	11	12
750	‡Okla. Oil pf..	⅝	1	⅝	⅞
1,100	Okla. P. & R.	7⅛	7¼	7⅛	7⅛
6,000	‡Prud. O. & G.	16	18	15	17
600	‡Sap. O. & R.	11⅞	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝
100	Savoy Oil ...	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
925	‡Sinclair Oil..	44¼	44¼	43½	43½
5,600	†‡Tex. Mex. P.	69	71	69	70
5,000	‡Un. West. O.	1½	1½	1¼	1½
2,500	‡Victoria Oil..	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1¼

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
12,000	†‡Alaska-W ...	½	½	⅜	7/16
2,500	†‡Atlanta	11	12	11½	12
9,500	‡Ad. Silver....	1⅞	1⅞	1 13/16	1 13/16
4,400	†Ala.-B. C. M., (a prospect)..	65	65	60	64
1,600	B. L. Cop. Co.	2¼	2¼	2 3/16	2¼
2,500	†Beaver Con...	38	38	37	37
4,600	†‡Booth	16½	17	16	16
25,000	Boston & M...	⅝	11/16	⅝	11/16
1,300	Butte C. & Z. v. t. ctfs....	5⅛	5⅛	4⅞	5⅛
400	‡Calaveras Cop.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜
3,000	Caledonia	66	67	66	67
200	Canada Cop...	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
6,500	†Cashboy	5½	5½	5	5
900	C. de P. Cop....	83½	83½	82¼	83
1,000	†‡Comstock T..	10	10	10	10
500	Con. Ariz. S...	1¼	1 5/16	1¼	1 5/16
3,500	†‡Ariz. C'f'ds..	45	50	45	50
2,000	†‡D.-H. Silver.	54	55	54	55
300	Dun.-Ariz. C., (a prospect)..	1⅝	1 11/16	1⅝	1 11/16
300	‡Du Pont Cop.	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
8,000	†‡Emma Cop..	48	50	43	43
1,200	First N. Cop..	3⅝	3¾	3¼	3¼
1,300	†Gold Hill....	18	18	18	18
2,500	†Goldfield Con.	85	86	84	85
3,000	†‡Gold. Merg..	9½	9½	9	9½
3,500	Hecla Mining	5⅛	5 3/16	5⅛	5⅛
900	‡Hemple Cop.	1	1 1/16	1	1
700	I. & I. M. & R.	2	2	2	2
850	‡Iron Blossom	1 5/16	1 5/16	1¼	1 5/16
2,000	‡Jer. Vic. Ex. (a prospect).	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝
300	Howe Sound..	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
4,000	†‡Jim Butler..	97	97	95	95
3,000	†Jumbo Ext..	79	79	78	78
1,400	La Exp. Min. Co. (a pros.)	50	51	50	51
500	Magma Cop..	14	14	13	13¼
150	Mines of Am.	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
900	‡Moj. Tung....	5⅞	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝
7,500	†‡Mont. G. M.	73	79	73	78
600	Monitor Sil....	1⅝	1⅞	1⅝	1⅞
7,000	†‡Mother Lode	27	28	27	27
500	‡M. M. & L. pf	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝
5,000	†‡Newray M..	42	42	41	42
400	N.Y. & Hon.R. Min. Co.....	16½	16½	16½	16½
500	Nip. Mines....	6⅞	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝
800	‡N. Butte Dev.	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
1,000	†Oat. Lexing. (a prospect).	61	62	61	62
500	†Oat. Southern (a prospect).	30	30	30	30
2,000	†Peterson Lake	25	25	25	25
1,700	‡Ray Herc. M..	3½	3½	3½	3½
5,000	†‡Rex Cons M.	16	16	15½	15½
1,500	†Roch. Mines..	59	59	57	57
1,250	†San Toy.....	15	15	14	15
1,500	†‡Silver Pick..	10	10½	10	10
2,200	St. Sil.-Lead..	1½	1½	1⅜	1⅜
1,000	Stewart	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
8,500	†‡Success Min.	70	71	69	69
350	†‡Ton. Belm't	4 7/16	4 7/16	4⅜	4 7/16
1,000	Ton. Extens...	5 1/16	5⅛	5 1/16	5 1/16
300	Tung. Co. of A.	3½	3½	3½	3½
100	United East...	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
3,500	†‡U. S. Con. M.	7	7	7	7
500	†West Dome...	37	37	37	37
4,050	‡Un. V. Ext...	27½	28⅛	27½	27⅝
350	Unity Gold M.	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
2,500	†W. End Cons.	99	99	97	97
8,000	†W'laufer Silv.	13	13	11	11
100	†Wh. Oaks M.	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
25	‡Yuk. Al. tr. cfs.	41	41	41	41
200	‡Yuscar. Cons.	1	1	1	1

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$11,000	Con. Ar. Sm. 5s	89	89	88	88
78,000	‡Cos. Oil 6s, w. i.......	109	109	107½	107½
48,000	‡Int. M. M. 6s, w. i.........	97⅝	97⅝	97½	97½
105,000	‡Russian Gov. 6½s, w. i...	100⅜	100⅜	100	100¼
20,000	St. Mill. 6s...	106	106¼	106	106¼
15,000	Sinclair Oil..	99	99	98⅞	98⅞

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of previous day:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
Am. Drug Syndicate.	12	13	12	13
Brit.-Am. Tob., ord...	18	18½	18	18½
Br.-Am. Tob., ord. b.	18½	19	18½	19
Haskell & B. Car..	35½	36	35½	36
Holly Sugar	48	51	48	51
Lynn Phonograph	6	8	6	7
Manhattan Transit ..	1 1/16	1⅜	1 1/16	1⅜
Princess Motors	1	1⅛	1	1⅛
Standard Motors	5⅝	6½	6	7
United Drug	66	69	66	69
United Drug 1st pf...	50	53	50	52
United Drug 2d pf...	89	91	89	91
United Zinc	6½	7	7	7½
OIL GROUP.				
Houston	14	17	14	17
Midwest Refining ...	62	64	63	65
Midwest Oil pf......	75	78	75	78
Penn. Gasoline......	⅝	1	⅝	1
Pierce Oil..........	12⅝	13¼	12⅝	13¼
Tide Water Oil.....	184	188	184	188
Wayland Oil & Gas..	4⅝	5	4⅝	5
MINING STOCK.				
Bingham Mining	10½	11	10½	11
BOND.				
Pierce Oil 6s........	80	82	80	82

MUNITIONS STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
Aetna Explosives pf..	70	75	72	75
American Brass.....	290	295	294	295
Atlas Powder........	170	178	170	178
Atlas Powder pf......	98	101	99	101
Babcock & Wilcox...	115	120	115	118
Bliss (E. W.)........	560	575	560	575
Bliss (E. W.) pf.....	75	85	75	84
Can. Fdy. & Forg....	194	202	194	202
Canadian Explosives..	300	350	300	350
Can. Explosives pf...	100	110	100	110
Colt's Arms.........	820	840	820	840
Du Pont Pow., new..	275	280	275	277
Du Pont Pow., deb...	102	104	102	104
Hercules Powder.....	340	355	350	360
Hercules Powder pf..	113	117	115	116
International Arms....	15	16	16	18
Niles-Bement-Pond ..	170	175	170	173
Niles-Bement-Pd. pf.	100	105	103	105
Scovill Mfg. Co......	570	585	570	580
Winch. Rptg. Arms..	1600	1700	1600	1700

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

A Number of Cases Were Decided Against the Importers.

George S. Bush & Co., Portland, Ore., claimed before the Board of General Appraisers yesterday that the Collector erred in classifying a commodity as tar oil. The rate of duty taken was 15 per cent., under the provision for coal-tar preparations. The protest alleged that the product was entitled to free entry as anthracene and anthracene oil. At the request of the importers the hearing was scheduled at Chicago, but, when the case was called, the issue was submitted on the official record. Judge McClelland said it was up to the importers to submit evidence in support of their contention. As they did not do so, and as the record showed no error, the Collector was affirmed.

The Japan Paper Company of this city lost in a contention dealing with the duty rate on envelopes of uncoated paper with the surface decorated. It appeared that the articles were composed of paper made with so-called "laid" lines running parallel and very close to each other and crossed at right angles and at regular intervals of space by similar lines. The Collector returned the goods at 35 per cent. under the specific provision in the tariff law for "envelopes, and all other articles composed wholly or in chief value of any of the foregoing papers." The board denied the claim for 15 per cent. duty as "paper envelopes, folded or flat, not specially provided for."

Simon, Buhler & Baumann, Inc., imported mash filtering machines, complete with the exception of brass, bronze, and rubber fittings and filtering cloths. As returned by the Appraiser they were composed of iron castings, molded, drilled, and machined. The Collector classified the entries as manufactures of metal and took duty at 20 per cent. The importers claimed 10 per cent. tax as advanced castings of iron. Judge Fischer, affirming the Collector, said that the provision for castings by its terms expressly excluded such castings as were finished machine parts.

Adverse action was taken by the board in the protest case of George Benda, New York, having to do with the classification of copper "schrot," consisting of copper in the form of small flakes produced by various manufacturing processes and intended to be converted into bronze powder. Frederick W. Brooks, Jr., who appeared for the importer, told the board that his client claimed free entry under the provision for "clippings from new copper." Judge Fischer said that the product had been so far advanced in manufacturing processes that all that remained to be done in order to convert it into its ultimate use as bronze powder was to further hammer or stamp it into a fine powder. He affirmed the Collector in levying 20 per cent. under the general metal provision.

Several importers submitted protests without putting in any testimony. The Collector assessed certain ribbons, veilings, and laces at 60 per cent., while the protestants asked lower rates. All of the claims were overruled yesterday, the importers including Ernest & Herman Levy, Strauss Brothers & Co., Urchs & Hegener, Stern & Stern, Morimura Brothers, M. J. Corbett & Co., De Benham, Gardiner & Co., S. Handal & Brothers, Hensel, Bruckmann & Lorbacher, Wells Fargo & Co., and Heyliger & Raubitschek.

RULES ON CLAYTON ACT.

Reserve Board Instructs Banks on Interlocking Directors.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The Federal Reserve Board is sending to member banks instructions outlining the policy of the board in acting under the Kern amendment of the Clayton act, which forbids a Director, officer, or employe of any Reserve Bank having resources in excess of $5,000,000 acting in any similar capacity in another bank.

The Clayton act also forbids any member bank in a city having over 200,000 inhabitants having as a Director or other officer or employe any private banker or any Director of any other bank or trust company located in the same place. The Kern amendment provided that, with the consent of the Federal Reserve Board, an officer of a member bank might hold a similar post in two other banks if they were not in substantial competition with the member bank.

The Federal Reserve Board, in its construction of the application of the Kern amendment, says:

"This amendment provides, in substance, that nothing in the act shall prohibit any officer, Director, or employe of any member bank, or Class A Director of the Federal Reserve Bank, who shall first procure the consent of the Federal Reserve Board from being an officer, Director, or employe of not more than two other banks, banking associations or trust companies which are not in substantial competition with such member bank.

"The Federal Reserve Board considers two banks in substantial competition within the meaning of the language used in the amendment if the business engaged in by such banks under natural and normal conditions conflicts or interferes, or if the cessation of competition between the two would be injurious to customers or would-be customers, or would probably result in appreciably lessening the volume of business or kinds of business of either institution.

"The act does not vest an arbitrary discretion in the board, but merely confers authority upon it to permit interlocking directorates and common officers when the banks are not in substantial competition within the meaning of the act.

"In determining the question of whether two banks are in substantial competition, no fixed rule can be prescribed, but each case will be decided upon its individual facts."

The section of the Clayton act applying to interlocking bank officials does not become effective until Oct. 15, 1916.

INCORPORATES FLINT & CO.

Old Shipping and Merchandise Business to Expand.

The shipping business established by Benjamin Flint and his brother in 1837 and conducted, together with a merchandise business and control of industrial companies by Flint & Co. in recent years, has been incorporated as Flint & Co., Inc. The purpose of the incorporation was extension of the business in accordance with the shipping and trade opportunities which have arisen in the last two years.

The company's capitalization is $1,500,000, and it will start business with a paid capital of $1,200,000 and a surplus of $300,000. The officers are: President, Charles R. Flint; Vice Presidents, Frank R. Cordley and Wallace B. Flint; Treasurer, Russell S. Tucker; Secretary, Frederick Stewart.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.05	Jacket Con.	.02
Con.	.04	Julia	.01
Andes	.11	Mexican	.15
Best & Belcher..	.05	Occidental Con...	.70
Bullion	.04	Ophir	.23
Challenge Con....	.04	Overman	.06
Confidence	.18	Seg. Belcher	.02
Con. Cal. & Va..	.10	Sierra Nevada....	.03
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	.71
Gould & Curry...	.03	Utah Con.	.01
Hale & Norcross..	.07		

TONOPAH.		D'field Daisy.....	.02
Belmont	4.15	Florence	.41
Halifax	.70	G'field Con.	.84
Jim Butler	.94	G'field Merger....	.08
McNamara	.05	Jumbo Exten.	.77
Midway	.17	Kewanas	.09
Montana	.23	Lone Star	.04
North Star	.13	Red Lion	.27
Rescue	.27	Silver Pick	.10
Tonopah Exten....	5.25	Spearhead	.05
Tonopah Nevada..	6.00	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
West End	.98	Big Jim	.07
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	.18
Atlanta	.10	Packard	.39
Booth	.15	Rochester Mines..	.56
C. O. D.	.03	Round Mountain..	.41
Comb. Fraction...	.06	White Caps	.20

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot..	8⅝	9¼	Granite ...	67	72
Elkton ...	15	17	Isabella ..	18	18½
El Paso...	78	82	Jackpot ...	5	8
Findlay ...	3¼	4¼	McKinney.	30	40
Golden C..	202½	205	Portland ..	168	170
Gold Sov...	3⅝	4	Vindicator.	215	230

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Transactions in Stocks and Bonds—Quotations for Railway, Light and Power Issues.

The following range of prices and closing quotations were reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday by dealers in public utility securities. The trading in these securities is done privately over the counter, and this record gives only those trades which are reported by the dealers making them:

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Closing. Bid.	Closing. Asked.
1,450	Cities Service.	336	323	324	325
1,175	Cities Ser. pf.	89⅞	88⅛	88⅝	89⅛
325	Commonw'th..	65	64¼	64¼	65
400	Com'w'th pf..	86½	85½	85⅝	86½
110	Con. Pow. pf.	99	99	97½	99
100	Emp. Dis. pf.	93	88½	88½	93
18	I'state Elec.,	36	36	30	36
45	I'state El. pf.	94	94	90	94
800	Rep. R. & L.	38	37¼	37¼	38⅛
170	Ten. R., L. & P.	11¼	10½	10½	11½
120	Toledo	52	50½	51	52
140	Toledo pf.....	88	87	87¼	88

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Closing. Bid.	Closing. Asked.
$13,000	Gr. Rap. Ry. 5s, '19........	99⅞	99⅝	99⅝	99⅞
5,000	Hel. L. & Tr. 5s..	82	82	82	85
8,000	M. Ry. 6s, '19.	101½	101½	101	101½
10,000	Un. Ry., S. & E. 5s, '19...	99	99	98⅝	99

Closing quotations for issues not included in the table of transactions above were as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Cities	5	12
American Cities pf	49½	50½
Adirondack Electric Light pf	77	80
Adirondack Electric Power	24	26
American Gas Co	120	123
American G. & E. pf	50	52
*American Gas & Electric	139	144
American Light & Traction	380	385
American Light & Traction pf	111	113
American Power & Light	68	70
American Power & Light pf	84	86
American Public Utilities	40	45
American Public Utilities pf	74	77
American W. W. & E.	7	9
Am. W. W. & E. participating pf.	14	16
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf	55	60
Atlantic P. & L. pf	92½	95
Baton Rouge El. pf	88	91
Baton Rouge notes	99½	..
Carolina Power & Light	26	30
Carolina Power & Light pf	97	100
Central Miss. Valley Prop. pf	77	81
Colorado Power	24	26
Colorado Power pf	99½	101½
Columbus Electric pf	75	..
Connecticut Power pf	92	95
Dallas Electric notes	98⅝	99½
Dayton P. & L.	60	64
†Dayton Power & Light pf	95½	96
Eastern Texas Electric	61	65
Eastern Texas Electric pf	92	94
Eastern Texas Electric notes	100	101
Elec. Bond Dep. pf	85	..
Electric B. & S. pf	99½	100
Federal Light & Traction	11	13
Federal Light & Traction pf	45	49
Galveston-Houston Electric	32½	..
Galveston-Houston Electric pf	..	77½
†Gas & Electric Securities	295	..
†Gas & Electric Securities pf	97	102
International Traction	49	52
International Traction pf	90	94
Lincoln G. & E.	50	..
Mississippi River Power	14	16
Mississippi River Power pf	38	42
Northern Ontario Lt. & Power	15	18
Northern Ontario Lt. & Power pf.	60	65
Northern States Power	88	89
Northern Texas Electric	57	62
Northern Texas Electric pf	85	87
Ozark P. & W.	46	50
Pacific G. & E.	58½	59½
Pacific G. & E. pf	87½	88½
Public S. Inv. Co. pf	83	86
Puget Sound Traction	16⅝	18¼
Puget Sound Traction pf	50	55
Pennsylvania Light Co	30	35
Pennsylvania Light Co. pf	78	83
Railway & Light Sec. pf	96	..
Republic Ry. & Light pf	73	75
Securities Corp. General	18	23
Securities Corp. General pf	80	85
Southern California Edison	93	94
Southern California Edison pf	105	106
Southwestern Power & Light pf	97½	100
*Standard Gas & Electric	15	16
Standard Gas & Electric pf	40	41
Tampa Electric	132	135
Tenn. Railway & Light pf	50	51
Union Gas & Electric 1st pf	70	73
Union Gas & Electric 2d pf	15	17
United Light & Railways	51	52
United Light & Railways pf	75	76
United Gas & Electric	14	17
Western Power	19½	21
Western Power pf	68	69

*Par value. †Ex dividend.

BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Baton Rouge 1st 5s	90	92½
Central Ill. Lt. 5s	95	97
Connecticut Power 1st 5s	96	..
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s	97	99
Denver Gas & E. ref. 5s	101	101¾
Eastern Texas E. col. 5s	91	94
Empire Gas & F. 6s	99⅝	100
Galveston Elec. 1st 5s	90	94
Great Lake Power 6s, 1921-28	99	101
Great Western Power 5s, 1946	89½	91
Great Western Power 6s, 1925	98	99½
Houston Electric 1st 5s	97½	100
Middle West U. 6s, 1925	97	99
Mahoning & Shen. R. & L. 5s	98	99
Mississippi River Power 1st 5s	77	77¾
Northern States Power 5s, 1941	96	96½
Northern States Power 6s, 1926	98⅝	99⅛
North Texas E. col. t. 5s	91	94
Pensacola El. 1st 5s	85	90
Railway & L. Sec., Ser. 5s	86½	..
Seattle El. con. 5s	94	97
Tampa El. 1st 5s	98	101½
U. S. S., R. & M. 6s, 1926	111	113
W. West. Light 6s, 1925	96	98
Western States G. & E. 1st 5s	91	94

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

ATLANTA, BIRMINGHAM & ATLANTIC—	1916.	Increase.
4th week June..........	$75,108	$12,348
Month of June..........	229,452	29,396
July 1-June 30..........	3,043,715	387,232
BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH—		
1st week July..........	190,051	37,373
DENVER & RIO GRANDE—		
1st week July..........	446,700	3,700
MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS—		
1st week July..........	189,546	14,691
NORTHERN PACIFIC—		
1st week July..........	1,442,000	330,000
ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN—		
1st week July..........	278,000	76,000
TEXAS & PACIFIC—		
1st week July..........	353,465	32,541
WESTERN MARYLAND—		
1st week July..........	184,657	14,621

RIO GRANDE SOUTHERN for May—

	1916.	1915.	1914.
Gross	46,717	45,214	44,651
Net aft. taxes.	10,701	13,484	12,248
Def. aft. chgs.	5,481	2,925	3,831
11 mos. gross..	512,501	508,987	596,827
Net aft. taxes.	117,969	132,734	167,967
Def. aft. chgs.	64,679	47,644	14,706

Public Utilities.

INTERNATIONAL TRACTION CO., a subsidiary of United Gas and Electric Corporation, for May—

	1916.	1915.	Increase.
Gross	$636,753	$558,891	$77,862
Net aft. taxes.	265,487	222,545	42,942
Interest chgs..	158,385	154,611	3,774
Surplus	107,101	67,934	39,167

THE MILWAUKEE ELECTRIC RAILWAY & LIGHT COMPANY.
No. 30 Broad St., New York, July 8, 1916.
SIXTY-SEVENTH REGULAR DIVIDEND.

The regular quarterly dividend of One and One-half Per Cent. upon this Company's Preferred Capital Stock will be paid on July 31, 1916, to all stockholders of record at the close of business on July 20, 1916. Checks will be mailed to stockholders who have filed permanent dividend orders at this office.

J. F. FOGARTY, Secretary.

American Telephone & Telegraph Co.

A dividend of Two Dollars per share will be paid on Saturday, July 15, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Friday, June 30, 1916.

G. D. MILNE, Treasurer.

NEW YORK & HONDURAS ROSARIO MINING COMPANY.
17 Battery Place, New York, July 11, 1916.
DIVIDENDS NOS. 202 AND 203.

The Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of Three (3) Per Cent., and an extra dividend of Two (2) Per Cent., on its Capital Stock, payable on July 24, 1916, to Stockholders of record on July 14, 1916. ERNEST SCHERNIKOW, Treasurer.

AT A MEETING ON JULY 11TH, 1916, the Directors of the Crocker-Wheeler Co. declared a regular quarterly dividend of 1½% on the common stock, 1¾% on the preferred stock for the quarter ending June 30, payable July 15. Books closed July 5, 1916.

E. LANG, Secretary.

Office of The United Gas Improvement Co.
N. W. Corner Broad and Arch Streets.
Philadelphia, June 14, 1916.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of two per cent., ($1.00 per share,) payable July 15, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 30, 1916. Checks will be mailed.

I. W. MORRIS, Treasurer.

United Cigar Manufacturers Co.
New York, July 6, 1916.

A quarterly dividend of one dollar ($1.00) per share will be paid on the Common Stock of this Company on August 1, 1916, to stockholders of record on July 24, 1916, at 3:00 P. M. W. A. SNYDER, Secretary.

ANALYZE NATION'S TRADE.

Commerce Department Tabulates Merchandise Exports and Imports.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The total values of merchandise imported from and exported to each of the principal countries during the eleven months ended with May, compared with corresponding periods of the preceding year, were made public today by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the Department of Commerce, as follows:

IMPORTS FROM: Grand Divisions.	—11 Mos. Ended with May— 1916.	1915.
Europe	$548,948,858	$569,740,722
North America....	522,615,001	428,017,911
South America....	348,808,099	235,279,174
Asia	381,739,001	221,054,908
Oceania	89,570,123	47,006,123
Africa	60,406,995	20,375,762
Total	$1,952,088,072	$1,516,474,600
Principal countries		
Austria-Hungary..	$1,389,242	$9,568,185
Belgium	1,326,125	10,171,148
France	91,951,730	71,807,821
Germany	13,145,428	89,544,821
Italy	50,853,703	49,584,784
Netherlands	31,106,448	29,908,684
Norway	6,452,268	10,205,993
Russia in Europe.	3,271,467	2,364,192
Spain	24,568,298	16,266,030
Sweden	10,672,590	10,816,068
Switzerland	19,402,123	17,961,804
United Kingdom...	275,693,573	238,217,564
Canada	185,148,408	144,708,852
Mexico	88,637,400	69,286,453
Cuba	195,599,489	163,570,507
Argentina	101,100,448	66,136,853
Brazil	120,859,788	90,573,050
Chile	54,138,624	23,728,690
China	63,540,552	35,089,863
British East Indies	154,399,400	75,171,468
Japan	131,768,368	91,376,846
Australia and New Zealand	60,972,236	24,183,104
Philippine Islands..	25,386,769	21,797,958
Egypt	32,348,527	15,854,826

EXPORTS TO: Grand Divisions.	—11 Mos. Ended with May— 1916.	1915.
Europe	$2,686,692,437	$1,789,947,591
North America....	657,868,265	430,487,742
South America....	159,564,110	85,579,867
Asia	236,268,786	100,822,090
Oceania	91,514,104	68,229,948
Africa	38,253,384	25,024,686
Total	$3,870,161,086	$2,500,041,924
Principal countries		
Austria-Hungary..	$152,929	$1,238,669
Belgium	18,733,918	19,078,569
Denmark	51,449,681	75,485,791
France	555,429,670	326,289,744
Germany	288,385	28,861,587
Greece	29,528,049	22,564,611
Italy	244,770,172	169,636,815
Netherlands	89,590,682	135,615,257
Norway	48,350,107	37,967,485
Russia in Europe..	176,118,043	23,560,068
Spain	45,992,468	36,088,572
Sweden	48,490,033	76,254,870
United Kingdom...	1,352,514,777	823,612,309
Canada	415,838,889	271,125,029
Central America...	38,481,293	30,373,273
Mexico	44,724,113	30,260,273
Cuba	115,082,784	68,595,115
Argentina	58,469,740	27,299,306
Brazil	36,029,563	22,416,477
Chile	21,523,487	9,690,583
China	21,652,009	14,522,675
British East Indies	22,358,286	14,831,248
Japan	65,161,041	37,007,420
Russia in Asia....	106,330,411	19,554,786
Australia and New Zealand	68,903,808	45,157,701
Philippine Islands..	21,362,296	22,124,341
British Africa	25,346,941	15,898,925

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE UNION TRUST COMPANY'S RECEIPTS FOR 5% CERTIFICATES OF THE DRY DOCK, EAST BROADWAY & BATTERY RAILROAD COMPANY AND TO THE CERTIFICATE HOLDERS WHO HAVE NOT DEPOSITED:

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, pursuant to the agreement of March 7th, 1908, have adopted a modified plan for the refunding of the above certificates, a copy of which has been filed with the Union Trust Company, No. 80 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, and copies can there be obtained on demand by any holder of a deposit receipt or by any holder of a certificate who may not have deposited.

Under the terms of the agreement of March 7th, 1908, all holders of deposit receipts are bound by this modified plan, without action on their part, unless more than one-third in amount of the holders shall file with the said Trust Company written notice of their dissent therefrom.

The holders of certificates who have not yet deposited are invited to secure the benefits of this modified refunding plan upon the same terms as those who have already deposited, namely, by signing the agreement of March 7th, 1908, depositing their certificates with the Union Trust Company and paying to the Trust Company a sum equal to two per cent. (2%) of the par value of their certificates so deposited.

All payments must be made and certificates deposited on or before August 1st, 1916.

Dated June 21st, 1916.

RALPH J. JACOBS,
FREDERICK H. ECKER,
S. SIDNEY SMITH,
Committee.

MORGAN J. O'BRIEN, No. 120 Broadway, N. Y. City.
NATHAN OTTINGER, No. 165 Broadway, N. Y. City.
HENRY M. WARD, No. 120 Broadway, N. Y. City.

CITIZENS GAS COMPANY OF INDIANAPOLIS
First and Refunding Mortgage.

Notice is hereby given that Bankers Trust Company, Primary Trustee under the First and Refunding Mortgage of Citizens Gas Company of Indianapolis, dated July 1, 1912, to Bankers Trust Company and the Union Trust Company of Indianapolis, Trustees, intends to apply the proceeds of the Sinking Fund installment due under the provisions of said Mortgage on July 1, 1916, to the purchase of First and Refunding Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of Citizens Gas Company of Indianapolis, issued under such mortgage, at a price not exceeding par, accrued interest, and 8% premium, and to that end invites offers to Bankers Trust Company of such bonds at a price not to exceed par, accrued interest, and 8% premium, which offers shall be for all or any part of the bonds so offered.

All offers must be made in sealed envelopes and delivered to Bankers Trust Company as Primary Trustee, at its office, No. 16 Wall Street, New York City, on or before 12 o'clock noon, on August 14th, 1916, and shall be for the sale to it of such bonds as of August 17th, 1916. No offer will be accepted which shall be for a sum in excess of par, accrued interest, and 8% premium.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY,
Primary Trustee.
By H. F. Wilson, Jr., Assistant Secretary.
Dated July 12, 1916.

NEW ORLEANS CITY AND LAKE RAILROAD COMPANY.

Pursuant to Article Fourth of the mortgage from the New Orleans City and Lake Railroad Company to Columbia Finance and Trust Company, dated November 22, 1893, the undersigned will until the close of business July 31, 1916, at its office in the City of Louisville, Kentucky, receive bids for the surrender and cancellation of CONSOLIDATED FIRST MORTGAGE FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS of said Railroad Company, dated January 2, 1893, and maturing January 1, 1943, and secured by the above mentioned mortgage.

Bids to be acceptable must be at a price not exceeding 110% and accrued interest.

FIDELITY AND COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY,
Louisville, Kentucky.

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co.
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.
Baltimore, Md., June 28, 1916.

The Board of Directors this day declared from the net earnings of the Company for the six months ended June 30, 1916, a dividend of Two (2) Per Cent. on the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable September 1, 1916, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on July 24, 1916.

The Board also declared from the surplus earnings of the Company a dividend of Two and one-half (2½) Per Cent. on the Common Stock of the Company, payable September 1, 1916, to the stockholders of record at the close of busines on July 24, 1916.

The transfer books will not close.

C. W. WOOLFORD, Secretary.

UNITED STATES STEAMSHIP COMPANY
New York, July 10th, 1916.

A regular dividend of one per cent. has been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable September 1st, 1916, to stockholders of record on the books of this Company at the close of business on August 18th, 1916.

An extra dividend of one-half of one per cent. has been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable August 1st, 1916, to the stockholders of record on the books of this Company at the close of business on July 18th, 1916.

N. H. CAMPBELL, Treasurer.

ANACONDA COPPER MINING CO.
42 Broadway, New York, June 27, 1916.

The Board of Directors of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company has declared a dividend of Two Dollars ($2.00) per share upon its Capital Stock of the par value of $50 per share, payable on August 28, 1916, to holders of such shares of record at the close of business at 12 o'clock, Noon, Saturday, July 22, 1916.

The dividend is payable only upon the $50 shares into which the Capital Stock is now divided.

All stockholders who have not converted their holdings into shares of $50 par value, should do so without delay in order that they may receive their dividend promptly.

A. H. MELIN, Secretary.

COSDEN & COMPANY.
Baltimore, Md., July 6th, 1916.

The Board of Directors has declared a special dividend of fifty per cent. (50%) on the outstanding capital stock of the Company, payable August 6th, 1916, to the stockholders of record at the close of business July 20th, 1916. Stockholders are given the right from July 20th to August 4th, 1916, inclusive, to subscribe to the stock of the Company at par to the amount of the dividend so declared. Stock transfer books close July 20th and reopen August 7th. Warrants covering dividend will be mailed to stockholders of record July 20th, 1916.

JOHN R. CARY, Treasurer.

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Pacific Gas & Elec. Com.
Standard Gas & Elec. Com. & Pfd.
Wisconsin Edison
Burns Bros. Ice Com. & Pfd.

Consumers Power (Mich.) 5s
Great Western Power 5s
National Securities (All Issues)
Yadkin River Power 5s
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American Water Works and Electric
Ask for Special Circular A 35
Stranahan & Co.
120 BROADWAY TEL. RECTOR 4787

Company owning its own plant and earning 25 per cent. on its capital for past years, solicits correspondence with brokerage house or high-class salesman with view to selling some of its stock. Address "Investment," Box 189 Times Downtown.

Summary of Statement
At close of business June 30, 1916, to State Banking Department.

Resources

N. Y. State and City Bonds..........		$2,208,238.70
Bonds and Stocks		21,420,575.40
Real Estate		990,711.87
Loans on Bond and Mortgage		1,594,512.75
Bills Purchased		1,907,236.96
Overdrafts		5,715.38
Interest Accrued		409,216.47
Time Loans		4,080,137.66
Demand Loans	$5,483,399.56	
Cash in Vault	4,280,014.40	
Cash in Banks	4,911,683.02	14,670,096.98
		$47,284,492.17

Liabilities

Capital Stock	$1,500,000.00
Surplus	3,000,000.00
Undivided Profits	990,954.79
Deposits	39,688,769.37
Certified Checks	104,274.31
Secretary's Checks	1,698,073.67
Reserve for Taxes, Expenses, etc....	54,543.05
Interest Accrued	172,876.98
Dividend Payable July 1, 1916......	75,000.00
	$47,284,492.17

Brooklyn Trust Company
Chartered April 14, 1866
Member of the
New York Clearing House Association
177 Montague Street, Brooklyn
Bedford Branch Manhattan Office
Fulton St. & Bedford Ave. Wall St. & Broadway

The Union Trust Company of New York has leased for a term of years the banking floor of the Century Building adjoining its Main Office at 80 Broadway. The additional space is to be used by the Trust Department of the Company, but the entrance will be through the Company's own building.

The Growth of the Trust Department has been steady and consistent. In forty out of the fifty-one years since the company began business the aggregate amount of property held for personal trusts has shown increases, and since 1900 this aggregate has been more than tripled.

The fact that the Company is now caring for property for the third and fourth generations of those who originally entrusted their property to it clearly indicates satisfaction on the part of its clients.

Conference or correspondence concerning personal trusts of all kinds is cordially invited.

UNION TRUST CO., 80 Broadway
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS - $8,500,000

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
New York
LONDON, 15 Cockspur St., S. W., 26 Old Broad St., E. C
PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann. BERLIN, 56 Unter den Linden, N. W. 7
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator Guardian

OUR INTIMATE CONNECTIONS throughout the United States and the world enable us to perform special service for customers whose interests are spread over a wide territory.

The Mechanics & Metals National Bank
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK
20 NASSAU STREET
Deposits (June 30, 1916), $175,000,000

The "Red Book" Is Ready
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Empire City Savings Bank,
231 WEST 125TH STREET.

The Trustees have declared interest for the six months ending June 30th, 1916, at the rate of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. PER ANNUM on all sums from $5.00 to $3,000.00, payable July 15th, 1916. Money deposited on or before July 13th, 1916, will draw interest from July 1st.

JOHN BEAVER, President.
A. S. VAN WINKLE, Secretary.

Midvale Steel
White Motors
Cosden Oil & Gas
Sinclair Oil
Oklahoma Prod.
Muskogee
Write for statistical report and state which of these issues you are interested in.
Chas. C. James & Co.
One Wall Street, New York
Telephone Rector 6087-8-9.

THE WHITE INVESTING CO.
55 Liberty St., New York,
Managers
Michigan Limestone & Chemical Co.

The Board of Directors of the Michigan Limestone & Chemical Company has declared a regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the preferred stock of the corporation, payable July 15th, 1916.

(Signed) EDGAR H. WOODWARD,
Secretary.

KERR LAKE MINING COMPANY,
61 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Dividend No. 44.
July 11, 1916.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a regular quarterly dividend of 25 cents per share on the capital stock of the Company, payable September 15th, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business on September 1, 1916. Books will not close.

E. H. WESTLAKE,
Treasurer.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

TUESDAY, JULY 11.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

CHRYSTIE ST, w s, 94 ft n of Broome St, 23.7x—x23.6x110.6; Jacob Leery et al. to Forsyth Street Realty Co., 220 Broome St, June 30; attorney, Lawrence I. Gerber, 256 Broadway $1

CHRYSTIE ST, 114, e s, 25x100; Israel Grinstein to Sarah Grinstein, 114 East 81st St, all liens, July 10; attorney, Michael H. Rose, 26 Court St, Brooklyn....$1

FORSYTH ST, 186, e s, 100 ft s of Stanton St, 25x100; Israel Grinstein to Sarah Grinstein, 114 East 81st St, all liens, July 10; attorney, Michael H. Rose, 26 Court St., Brooklyn....$1

LEWIS ST, 10, e s, 125 ft n of Grand St, 25x101; Israel Grinstein to Sarah Grinstein, 114 East 81st St, all liens, July 10; attorney, M. H. Rose, 26 Court St., Brooklyn..$1

PEARL ST, 67, n s, 139.1 ft e of Broad St, 84.4x20.4x irregular; Frederick H. Smith, Jr., to Calgar Realty Co., 671 Broad St, Newark, N. J., mtg $30,000, b. and s. and c. a. g., July 10....$100

PRESCOTT AV, n w s, 100.10 ft n e of Bolton Road, 25x138x25.1x140; Julia Marer to Jennie H. Curtiss, 647 Academy St, mtg $3,250, June 27....$1

WEST END AV, n w corner of 75th St, runs n 105x w 100x s 2.10x w 42x s 102.2 to n s 75th St x e 142 to beginning; Charmion Construction Co. to Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Horse Co., 155 West 24th St, mtg $1,000,000, July 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

WEST END AV, 251, w s, 85 ft n of 71st St, 15x100; Daisy D. Bloom to 255 West End Avenue Corporation, 299 Madison Av, mtg $20,000, all liens, May 4; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

4TH ST, 217 East, n s, 248.7 ft w of Avenue B, 24.9x96.2; Libstock Realty Co. to Mitchell Lippman, 323 Main St, Orange, N. J., 2-3 parts, mtg $22,500, all liens, July 10; attorneys, Cohen, H. & S., 302 Broadway. $100

4TH ST, 217 East, n s, 248.7 ft w of Avenue B, 24.9x96.2; Libstock Realty Co. to Ida Stark, Richmond Hill, Borough of Queens, 1-3 part....$101

8TH ST, 364 East, s s, 158.3 ft e of Avenue C, 24x97.6; Sara Schiff to Hyman Schiff, 3,675 Broadway, all liens, July 9; attorney, Charles L. Borck, 38 Park Row....$100

8TH ST, 333 East, n s, 164.3 ft w of Avenue C, 24.9x93.11; Rhea Hirschkorn to Hyman Schiff, 3,675 Broadway, all liens, July 9; attorney, same....$100

24TH ST, 144 to 164 East, s s, 84 ft w of 3d Av, runs s 98.9x w 130x s 98.9 to n s 23d St (149 East) x w 26x n 98.9 x w 130 x n 98.9 to s s 24th St x e 286 to beginning; Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Horse Co. to Leicestershire Realty Co., 2 Wall St, mtg $397,500, July 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

26TH ST, 312 East, s s, 200 ft e of 2d Av, 25x98.9; Francesco Genevese to James J. Mooney, Jr., 313 East 27th St, mtg $4,000, all liens, July 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

52D ST, 427 East, n s, 339 ft e of 1st Av, 20x62.9x—x66.4; Theodora Nikolaus to Selig Schwarz, 865 1st Av, mtg $6,750, July 7; attorney, N. Cohen, 217 East Broadway.$1

57TH ST, 124 East, s s, 106.7 ft w of Lenox Av, 16x100.5; Jean M. Pentz and another, exrs., &c., to Simon Christiansen, 600 Madison Av, mtg $6,500, all liens, June 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$30,500

SAME PROPERTY; Jean M. Pentz, individually, to same, b. and s., C. A. G., June 29; attorney, same....$1

SAME PROPERTY; William E. Pentz, Hamburg, Conn., to same, b. and s., C. A. G., July 7; attorney, same....$1

70TH ST, 410 East, n s, 300.6 ft e of 1st Av, 37.6x100.4; Jacob Marx to Bernard K. Maybeck, 416 East 70th St, and Joseph Lefner, 1,296 1st Av, mtg $28,000, all liens, July 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

72D ST, n s, 172 ft e of 5th Av, 28x102.2; No. 4 West 57th Street Co. to Mary B. Jennings, Fairfield, Conn., b. and s., all liens, June 21; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

114TH ST, 55 West, n s, 150 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x100.11; Mack Constr. Co. to Marcus Helfand, 154 West 118th St, mtg $22,500, all liens, July 8; address, 320 Broadway....$100

117TH ST, s s, 275 ft e of 2d Av, 100x37.6x irregular; Anna C. Dupell to Mathilda Baer, 2,119 Ocean Av, Brooklyn, mtg $35,000, July 10; attorney, United States Title Guarantee Co., Court and Remsen Sts., Brooklyn....$1

128TH ST, 34 West, s s, 410 ft w of 5th Av, 25x99.11; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to Bessie Smolensky, 22 Mt. Morris Park West, mtg $18,000, b. and s., July 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

137TH ST, 257 West, n s, 596 ft w of 7th Av, 18x99.11; West Side Savings Bank to Intervale Holding Co., 117 West 119th St, mtg $12,000, b. and s., c. a. g., July 10; attorneys, Weschler & Kohn, 42 Broadway. $17,000

Bronx.

BATHGATE AV, 2,071, w s, 21x93.2; Kate L. Osborn to Michele Di Paolo and another, 11 Stanton St, July 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

CHATTERTON AV, 1,953, n s, 37.6x103; Elise Bentz to Hudson P. Rose Co., 7 West 45th St, mtg $3,000, June 30; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Hudson P. Rose Co. to Giuseppe Randazzo et al, 239 East 111th St, mtg $3,000, July 5; attorney, same....$1

CLAY AV, w s, 100 ft n of 165th St, 25x100; Mathew C. Griffin, referee, to Amalie A. Dilg, 790 Riverside Drive, July 6; attorneys, Meyers & C., 51 East 42d St....$10,700

FOREST AV, e s, 349.2 ft n of 161st St, 21x100; Eltona Investing Corporation to Frank S. Decker, Catskill, N. Y., mtg $8,000, July 10; attorneys, C. C. Van Valkenburgh, 55 Liberty St....$100

HORTON ST, s s, Lot 20 and part of Lot 19, map of B. F. Horton, 75x137.3; City Island Homes, Inc., to Brinkmann Realty Co., Inc., 233 Broadway, mtg $5,860, June; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

LOTS 4 to 6, map of Westchester Terrace; Annie Goldman to Margaret Elgar et al., trustees, White Plains, N. Y., mtg $2,500, May 10; attorney, James Elgar, 108 Park Av....$100

MINNEFORD AV, e s, Lots 441 and 442, map of Elizabeth R. B. King, City Island; Clara E. Carey to City Island Homes, Inc., 49 Wall St, July 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

POWELL PLACE, n s, 63.6 ft w of Riverview Terrace, 21x78.6x22.3x84.9; Arthur S. Taylor to Dennis Du Barry, 227 West 178th St, mtg $3,000, June 26; attorney, Dennis Du Barry, 227 West 178th St....$1

ST. LAWRENCE AV, e s, 25 ft n of Gleason Av, 25x100; John J. Brady, Jr., referee, to Elvey K. Johnston, 542 West 112th St, June 14; attorneys, McGuire, H. & S., 16 Exchange Place....$4,000

VALENTINE AV, s e corner of 187th St, 87.8x100x38.3x100; Russo Iodice Realty Co., Inc., to Antonio Marino, 271 East 154th St, mtg $9,000, July 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

WHEELER AV, e s, 230 ft n of Westchester Av, 80x100; Eugene Houst to Joseph B. Peck, Mount Hope, N. Y., June 24; attorney, Paul McGoldrick, 261 Broadway..$100

WHITLOCK AV, w s, 150 ft s of Longwood Av, 25x100; Agency Realty and Mortgage Co. to Diedrich Wendelken, 1,420 Crotona Av, July 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

173D ST, n s, 50 ft w of (former) Brook St, 50x92.8x51x90.4; Julia A. Gainey, referee, to Ida Spindler, 325 West 29th St, mtg $24,500, June 29; attorneys, MacKellar & G., 43 Cedar St....$8,500

187TH ST, 580 East, s s, 29x60.11x29x67.6; Pasquale Zappile to Vincenzo Penta, 436 East 143d St, mtg $8,500, July 10; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

MORNINGSIDE AV, 160, n w corner of 126th St, 24.11x75, prior mtg on this and other property, $45,000, July 6; John D. Schelberg to Hy. Schelberg, 265 Jackson Av, Jersey City, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Morris Cooper, 20 Vesey St....$5,000

WEST END AV, n w corner of 75th St, runs n 105x w 100x s 2.10x w 42x s 102.2 to street x e 142 to beginning, July 10; Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Horse Co. to Charmion Construction Co., 200 West 72d St, due Jan. 1, 1919, 6 p. c., prior mtg $750,000; attorneys, Rose & Paskus, 128 Broadway....$250,000

WEST END AV, e s, 20.11 ft s of 104th St, 20x67, July 3; Moses R. Cherry, Larchmont, N. Y., to Lillian M. Rice, Smithtown, L. I., due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$18,800

WEST END AV, w s, 85 ft n of 71st St, 15x100, July 6; 255 West End Avenue Corporation to Daisy D. Bloom, East Gloucester, Mass., due as per bond, prior mtg $15,000; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$5,000

8TH ST, 333 East, n s, 164.3 ft w of Avenue C, 24.9x93.11; 8th St, 364 East, s s, 158.3 ft e of Avenue C, 24x97.6, July 10; Hyman Schiff to Jacob Greenfeld, 2,973 Briggs Av, installments, $375 quarterly, 6 p. c.; attorney, Charles L. Borck, 38 Park Row..$13,000

24TH ST, 146 East, s s, 318 ft w of 3d Av, 26x98.9, July 10; Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Horse Co. to Frank Bradley, 319 West 74th St, due and interest as per bond, prior mtg $30,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$4,000

39TH ST, s s, 325 ft e of 10th Av, 25x98.9; Margaret Wenisch to Washington H. Hettler, 425 West 39th St, 1 year, 6 p. c...$2,000

70TH ST, 417 East, n s, 300.6 ft e of 1st Av, 37.6x100.4, July 10; Jacob Marx to Gilbert G. Newhouse, 170 West 74th St, 3 years; attorneys, Parker & Ernst, 170 Broadway....$25,000

SAME PROPERTY, July 10; Bernard K. Maybeck and Joseph Lefner to Jacob Marx, 170 West 74th St, 3 years, 5 p. c., prior mtg $25,000; attorneys, same....$3,000

73D ST, 434 East, s s, 100 ft w of Avenue A, 25x102.2, July 8; Aaron Cohn, 519 West 138th St, and another to Eugene Wolff, 340 West 86th, 5 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $20,000....$7,200

128TH ST, 34 West, s s, 410 ft w of 5th Av, 25x99.11, July 10; Bessie Smolensky to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$18,000

137TH ST, 257 West, n s, 596 ft w of 7th Av, 18x99.11, July 10; Intervale Holding Co. to West Side Savings Bank, 110 6th Av, 5 years, interest as per bond; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 B'way..$12,000

173D ST, s s, 234 ft e of Fort Washington Av, 75x97.3, Jan. 10; V. R. Building Corporation to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, H. A. Snow, 15 Wall St....$68,000

173D ST, s s, 159.1 ft e of Fort Washington Av, 75x97.3, July 10; same to same, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, same....$68,000

191ST ST, 559 to 569 West, n s, 100, 150, and 200 ft e of St. Nicholas Av, three lots, each 50x100, July 10; Mose Goodman Corporation to West Side Savings Bank, 110 6th Av, 5 years, three mortgages, each $48,000; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$144,000

Bronx.

BATHGATE AV, 2,071, w s, 21.1x93.2; Michele Di Paolo and another to Kate L. Osborn, 2,071 Bathgate Av, July 10, ten years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$5,000

CHATTERTON AV, n s, 183.4 ft e of Virginia Av, 37.6x103; Giuseppe Randazzo et al. to Hudson P. Rose Co., 7 West 45th St, July 5, 2 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$600

HORTON AV, s s, 430 ft e of Main St, 75x137.3; Brinkmann Realty Co., Inc., to City Island Homes, Inc., 49 Wall St, July 6, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$5,860

KNOX PLACE, e s, 286.4 ft n of Mosholu Parkway, 150x100; John C. Fisher to Edward A. Acker, 776 Forest Av, prior mtg $7,365, July 6, due as per bond; attorney, E. A. Acker, 776 Forest Av....$1,000

LONGFELLOW AV, w s, 100 ft n of Lafayette Av, 150x100; also White Plains Road, w s, 100.2 ft s of Elizabeth St, 50.1x112.4; Frederick Schnaufer to Mary T. Grace, 2,550 Grand Av, July 8, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$6,000

LOT 19, map of St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum; Emma N. Polak to Benjamin Polak, 1,842 Harrison Av, July 10, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Emma N. Polak, 587 Tremont Av.. $2,500

LOT 279, map of Hunt Estate; Mary Muller to Lena Jaegle, 1,361 Beach Av, July 8, 3 years; attorney, C. H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av....$700

MAPES AV, 2,074, e s, 66.1x145.2; William J. Diamond to Lawyers Mtg Co., 59 Liberty St, July 6, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$42,000

MAPES AV, 2,141 and 2,141½, w s, 41x145; Ida Herschel and another to Manhattan Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway, July 10, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$8,000

WHITLOCK AV, w s, 150 ft s of Longwood Av, 25x100; Diedrich Wendelken to Agency Realty and Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St, July 10, 4 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $2,000

148TH ST, s s, 150 ft w of St. Ann's Av, 24.9x100; Kilian Baumann to Fritz Reuter Altenheim, at Union Hill, N. J., July 11, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$11,000

173D ST, 409 and 411 East, n s, 50x92.8; Ida Spindler to Dollar Savings Bank, 2,808 3d Av, July 10, 5 years; attorney, MacKeller & G., 43 Cedar St....$28,000

187TH ST, 580 East, s s, 29x67.6; Vincenzo Penta to Pasquale Zappile, 508 East 187th St, prior mtg $7,000, July 10, due Jan. 10, 1918, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1,500

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 3,609; Paris Tile & Mosaic Works, Inc., against Rembrandt Realty Co., owner; Morris Wolf, contractor....$54

CONVENT AV, 435; Otis Elevator Co. against Remor Corporation, owner; L. E. Kessler, agent; C. O. Wright, Superintendent....$50

26TH ST, 315 West; Leo Schoenberger against Rosanna McCabe, owner and contractor.$92

82D ST, 30 West; Paul Solod et al. against Mabel C. Fowler, owner; Samuel Buchalter, contractor....$2,166

42D ST and 7th Av, n w corner, 131x105; Eastern New York Marble Co., Inc., against Louisa M. Gerry and Hammerstein Amusement Co., owners; Frank Serry, contractor....$118

49TH ST, 11 East; Nappi Contracting Co. against Charles Brown, owner; Louis Seletzky, contractor....$60

121ST ST, 354 East; Richard H. Freyberg against Anna Magebauer, owner; Edward La Combe, contractor....$42

125TH ST, 109 East; Paris Tile & Mosaic Works, Inc., against Cornelia H. Dean et al., owners; Meyer Reikes, contractor....$33

Bronx.

BRYANT AV, 1,028 and 1,030; Amiron Supply Co., Inc., against Washington Place Building Co., owner; John Goodman, contractor; Henry Scharnberger, sub-contractor....$159

CLINTON AV, 1,876; Jackson Bros. against Marmion Realty Co., Inc., owners and contractors....$500

RYER AV, e s, 263.3 ft s of 184th St, 75x100; Amiron Supply Co., Inc., against Faiella Construction Corporation, owner; Henry Scharnberger, contractor....$96

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 1,552 and 1,554; Sarah Wiener against Philip Rosen, owner and contractor....$2,955

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.

(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Grubb, J.—Room 337, P. O. Bldg., at 10 A. M.—Jury calendar.

Donner Bros Co<Shonninger Bros.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—Room 335, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Bankruptcy.

Discharges:
Samuel Buckley,
Lewis B Barton,
Jacob W Samuels,
Elias W Samuels,
Anna Eelkind,
K E Garment Co,
Wm Lenzing,
Samuel Flaum,
Herman Conradi,
John M Oetjen,
Edward L Engel,
Sol Chalowsky,
Seward Dredg Co,
Unger & Batt,
Chas E Ellis,
Bernard Zeller,
Max Weintraub,
Isidore Barkas,
Leon J Rubenstein,
Harvey M Smith,
William B Martin,
Isidor Wiener,
Jacob Furman,
Phoebe H Whitman,
Mary Wagner,
Esther Lefkowitz,
Henry Kraus,
Oscar Hammerstein.
Under objection:
Charles Newmark,
Samuel Mirolawsky.
Adjourned cases:
Wm H Cook,
Thomas J Wade,
Louis Kotzen,
Alfred T Martin,
Peltz, Sonnenschein & Frank.

Motions:
Delta Theatre Corp,
Schwartz Dress Co,
I & S Hellman,
Arthur J Lewis,
Morris B Zuckerman,
N Zeiler & Co,
Am 5c & 10c Stores,
Wm Klingler,
Ed E Pidgeon,
I Michelman & Bros,
McNeill, Adams & Co,
Max Solomon,
Wm Greenberger,
Emanuel Knauer,
Klein & Nussbaum,
Atkin & Guild,
Samuel G Lakin,
H & N Goldstein,
John G Lyman,
Louis Shapiro,
Aetna Cont Corp,
Adolf Mandel,
John Goodwin Co,
Clinton S Martin,
Philip Reinherz (2,)
Faust Co,
Geo P Hammond,
Livingston & Turk,
Morris Fein,
Atsco, Inc,
Charles H Peckworth,
Abraham Menzin,
Dale Co,
Slavin Bros,
Louis Sisenwein,
Israel Feinman,
K E Garment Co,
Chancey P McKnight.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 9:30 A. M. in Room 323, P. O. Bldg.—Naturalizations.

Motions at 2 P. M.:
Henry<James Everard
Bartley<Frederick B Dalzell et al.
Re Petition of Michele Farone.
Danks<Gordon.
Bogert<Southern Pacific Co.
Eibel Process Co<Tidewater Paper Mills Co.
Brady<South Shore Traction Co.
Harasimowicz<Penn RR et al (3.)
Koenig<Morris.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 11.—Court of Appeals decisions:

N. Y. Telephone Co., respt.-aplt., v. State of N. Y., aplt.-respt.—Judgment affirmed without costs.

Frankel, an infant, by Joseph Frankel, his guardian, &c., v. City of N. Y., aplt.; Gallina, as admrx., &c., v. McGovern et al., indv., &c., aplts.; Brown, as admrx., &c., v. Pittsburgh Bldg. Co., impld., et al., aplts.; Dzuback v. West Side Foundry Co., aplt.; Goldstein, as admrx., &c., v. N. Y. State Railways, aplt.; Interborough Rapid Transit Co., aplt., v. Kelsey, as admr., &c.; Wessels v. Linch, as recvr., &c., aplt.; Smith et al. v. Winston et al., aplts.; Brennan, as admrx., &c., v. Trustees of the Village of Bath, aplts.—Judgments affirmed, with costs.

Hunsberge et al., as admrs., &c., v. Guaranty Trust of N. Y., aplt.—Order affirmed and judgment absolute ordered against appellant on the stipulation, with costs in all courts.

N. Y. Rys. Co., aplt., v. City of N. Y. et al.; Van Antwerp et al., respts., v. State of N. Y.; Wadsworth et al., aplts., v. Hinchcliff et al.; Peuser, aplt., v. Marsh; Publicity Leasing Co. v. Ludwig, as Supt., et al., aplts.; N. Y. Electric Lines Co., aplt., v. Phillips et al., exrs., &c., aplts.; Riverside Contracting Co., aplt., v. City of N. Y., deft., Williams, recvr., &c., aplts.; Kelly, admrx., v. Baker, Smith & Co., aplts.; Heinrich, exrx., v. First Nat. Bank of Middletown, aplt.; West, aplt., v. Burke et al., trustees, &c.; Peo., aplt., v. Ganley, clerk, Bronx Co.; Desstal, admrx., v. Kotten Co., aplt.; Deiches, as recvr., &c., v. Western Development Co., aplt.; Gardner v. Central Park, N. & E. River R. Co., aplt.—Judgments affirmed, with costs.

Peo. v. Brester, aplt.; Peo. v. Talas, aplt.; Peo., respt., v. Trybus, aplt.; Peo. v. Hanel, aplt.; Peo. v. Cleary, aplt.; Peo. v. Bambrick, aplt.—Judgments of convictions affirmed, without costs.

Re O'Brien, Sheriff of Bronx Co., respdt., v. Ordway et al., Civil Service Com'n; re Ziegler et al., exrs., account of Gaynor et al., trustees of Ziegler.—Order affirmed, with costs.

Re Carrol for compensation v. Knickerbocker Ice Co.—Order reversed and claim dismissed, with costs against State Industrial Com'n, and question certified answered in negative.

Re Griffinhagen for writ of mandamus v. Civil Com'n.—Orders of Special Term and App. Div. reversed, with costs to appellant in all courts, and application for writ of mandamus granted.

Peo. v. Steeplechase Park Co. et al., aplt., &c.—Judgment as far as it affects the lands granted to Mrs. Huber in 1897 reversed, and complaint dismissed, with costs to the deft., Huber, in this court and in the App. Div.; in all other respects the judgment is affirmed, with costs against the appellant.

Morehouse et al., exrs., respts., v. Woodruff et al., exrs.—Judgment reversed, with costs in all courts, and complaint dismissed, with costs.

Spitzer, admrx., aplt., v. Healy et al.—Appeal dismissed, with costs.

Re account of Leonard, admrx., of McCahill, dec'd, &c.—Order affirmed, with costs, and case remitted to the Surrogate's Court for distribution of the share involved herein in accordance with the opinion of Hiscock, J.

Silberstein, aplt., v. Silberstein.—Order reversed, with costs, in App. Div. and in this court, and question certified answered in affirmative.

Pemeroy et al., respts., v. Hocking Valley Ry. Co.; Warriner v. same.—Order in each case affirmed, with costs, and each question certified answered in the affirmative.

Harrison, respt., v. Higgins et al., &c.—Order reversed, with costs, to appellant in App. Div. and in this court, and matter remitted to Supreme Court for further proceedings in accordance with opinion of Cardoze, J.

Peo., respt., v. Demartini.—Judgment of conviction reversed and new trial ordered.

Peo., aplts., v. Thau.—Judgment of App. Div. reversed and that of County Court of Bronx Co. affirmed.

Dunn, exr., aplt., v. City N. Y.—Judgment reversed, new trial granted, costs to abide event.

Frank et al., v. Carter.—Judgment reduced by deducting $21 to abide event.

Same v. same.—Judgment reduced by deducting $21, with interest from Jan. 18, 1913, and, as modified, affirmed, without costs.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—First Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Hendrick, J.—At 12 M. Litigated motions.

Handel<Brimberg.
Am Exchange Cigar Co<Jacobs.
Clark<Int R T.
Weeks<same.
Buckman<same.
Planten<Nat Nassau Bank.
Wiesbader<United Fruit Co.
People ex rel Tyng<Prendergast.
Everett<Carey.
Nibelius<Epps.
Cox<G Blake Co.
Hefter<J Rupert Rty.
Cooper<Cooper.
Re Victor Koch Hair Industry (Hyman.)
Picture Theatre Equip Co<Casino Amuse Corp (2.)
Re Jenks.
Rogall<Leff.
Re Bowie Dash Rty.
Re Hart.
Lent<Lent.
Swett<Thorout.
Municipal Liens Co<Lese.
Bloch<Danish Brotherhood of Am.
Re Green.
MacFarlan<MacFarlan
Cooper<Greenhut.
Morgan Munitions Supply Co<Studebaker Corp of Am.
Lent, Butscher & Ross<Kraft (2.)
Brown<Sutton.
Perlman<Perlman.
Berger<Central Synd Bldg Co.
Springer<Kerschenbluth.
Robertson<Reilly.
Re Waterbury Av.
Re CNY (Railroad Av.)
Re E F Cullen, Inc.
Re Gallagher (Beach & Taylor Avs.)
Nat Socy of Music, Inc<Bailey.
Wilde<Louis.
Hasselbach<Mt Sinai Hosp.
Marx<Marx.
Salowitz<Nassau Elec RR.
Re Everitt.
Re Matthews (Wildes)
Pratt<Beard.
Rosenfeld<Rosenfeld.
Selden<Richmond & Suburban Land Co.
Demuth<Hellman.
Re Handibode (Powell Av.)
Ulman<Hudson (2.)
Hollub<Spiro.
Pratt<Beard.
Zacharos<Maluzzo.
Lambert<Lambert.
Hirsh<Hirsh.
Moller<Lincoln Safe Deposit Co.
Lent<Lent.
Re John D, Inc.
Times Sq Imp Co<Jas McCreery Rty.
U S Trust Co<Wessex Rty Co.
Wilson<Wilson.
Re Goldblum (Lane Av.)
Guaranty Trust Co<2d Av RR (Abrash.)
Same<same (Miller.)
Re Jamaica Gas Light Co.
Miller<Miller.
Met Sav Bank<McKee.
Re Newton Gas Co.
Re Richmond Hill, &c, Gas Light Co.
Re Stockell (Publishers Plate Co.)
Schmitt<Schmitt.
Stern<Stern.
Re Woodhaven Gas Light Co.
Pfeiffer<Kramer.
Gwirtsman<M R Holding Co.
Polifeme<Farley.
Abrahamson<Steele.
Olenick<Taylor.
Re Isaacs (Benoit.)
Re Ollive (Brinckerhoff.)
Jacobs<Jacobs.
Re Digney Av.
Diamond Expansion Bolt Co<U S Expansion Bolt Co.
Young<Young.
Lawyers Mtge Co<28 St & 7 Av Rty.
Wall<Marony.
Re Stolz (Waterbury Av.)
Re Chamberlain.
Page<Davis.
Christman<Merritt,
Page<Davis.
Feldman<Feldman.
Woodward<Noble.
Hunter<Hunter.
Cohnfeld<Furlong.
People<Di Muro.
Levine<Marcus.
Re Douglas (Cripples Welfare Socy.)
N Y Central RR<Standard Lumber.
Re CNY (18 & 23 Sts)
Re same (Piers Old Nos 8, 9, 10, & 11, N R.)
Re same (Piers Old Nos 27 & 28, E R.)
Schrier<Lobel.
Connolly<Conroy.
Lichtenstein<Shapiro.
Trop<Silberberg.

PART II.—Goff, J.—Ex parte business at 10:30 A. M.

PART IV.—Adjourned until Oct. 2.

PART V.—Recess.

PARTS III., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Recess.

PARTS III., IV., V., VI., VII., VIII., IX., X., XI., XII., XIII., XIV., XV., XVI., XVII., and XVIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.

Estate of:
Maria Truesdall.
Wills for probate:
Joseph Cooper,
William G Moore,
John Collins,
Beatrice F Broadbent,
Thos H Odell,
Rudolph Dux,
Bridget Quailly,
Annie Rushenbach,
Annie Kelly.

TRIAL TERM—(June Term)—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERM—(May Term)—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on—Amos F. Eno.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Ransom, J.—Litigated motions at 10 A. M.

Lang<Meendsen.
Schunkowitz<Held & Co.
Ryall<Montrose.
Socy for Welfare of the Jewish Deaf<M O'Meara Co.
Robertson & Sons<Hammel.
Edward Davis, Inc<Albee.
Cohen<Myers.
Guerra<McNally.
Johnson Export Pub Co<Hoffman.
Cohen<Riley.
Bull & Co<Yankaus.
De Alteris<Lapante.
Butovska<Dratfield.

PART II.—Ransom, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

TRIAL TERM—Parts I., II., III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Ford, J.—McNamara<Bierhoff—Edmund T. Durkin. Mutual Life Insurance Co.<Williams—Archibald E. Baxter. Dixon<Dewey—Henry L. Moxon.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Dry Dock Sav. Inst.<Glover—J. Cotter Connell. Re Sheps (Allen)—Bernard J. Vincent. Trustees of the Fund for Infirm Clergymen<Lyman—Frank C. Avery. Elsworth<Elsworth—John H. Rogan.

SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—Buttenwieser<Goldbenberg—Francis W. Pollock. Buttenwieser<Stadtmauer—Francis W. Pollock.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Ford, J.—Claudia T. Wheeler<Albert J. Wheeler—James A. Lynch.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Susanna Kek<John C. Mayforth—Herbert J. Goodwin.

SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—Metropolitan Sav. Bank<P. & W. Holding Co.—Jacob Katz. St. Clair Realty Co.<J. B. C. Building Co.—Charles S. Campbell. Stephen H. Jackson<Lottie Marsh—James F. Curnen.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM (Chambers)—Mullan, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM—Mullan, J.—Motion calendar to be called Tuesday, July 18.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Mullan, J.—No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

Wills for probate:
Mary A. Radlein,
Bartley Cannon,
G. Nadelbauch,
Francis Schlosser,
Minna Josephsohn,
Meyer I. Bayer,
Mary A. King,
Nicholaus Siems,
James W. Adams,
John M. Schurr.
Motions:
Vincent Martire,
Frances Molloy,
Catherine Carroll,
Edwin H. Collett,
Ellen Sullivan,
Julia Kearney,
Nathan Kirshner,
[illegible] Stephens,
Edwin Bray,
Otilia Vogel.
Accountings:
Ellen Damon,
Maria M. Schmidt,
Elizabeth Gisin,
H. A. Gumbleton,
J. W. H. Feisel,
Angelo Moretto,
Benjamin Malamud,
M. Malikotsis, also known as M. Mallcotsis.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM (Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J. No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mullan, J.—Southworth<William Buhl, Inc, (2)—Dominic L. O'Reilly.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Kelly, J.—Motions at 10 A. M.

Lowe<Lowe.
Re Crescent Field for Boys.
NY Assn I C of Poor.
Re Bagley, (Kondoff.)
Cameron<CNY.
Re Ditmas.
Behnken<Behnken.
Re E 95 St, (Warthen)
Cooper<Bonoff.
Clausen<McNeill.
Sabino<Galli.
Norwood<Norwood.
NY Mtg & Sec Co<Wallen.
Anderson<Anderson.
Kline Rty & Imp Co<D & F Corp.
Pirone<Hing.
Hughes<Pinelawn Cem
Herschman<Duschnes.
Kornfeld<Fiducia.
Levin<McCloskey.
Da Silva<same.
Valentine<Valentine.
Coon<Halliday.
Schoenewerg<Johnston
Ref of Olive Oil<Henle
Watson<Fields.
Roeblings Sons Co<Spanfellner.
McAllister<McAllister.
Hogan<Carpilovsky.
Brownsville Assets Corp<St Dean Rty.
Schaefer<Schaefer.
Watson<Fields.
Bush<Bush.
Hammerslough<Wagner.
Baker<Steinberg.
Szabo & Beer<Blaufou

PART II.—Benedict, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

Undefended divorces:
Luther,
Johnson,
Greenberg<Dean,
Zinkervitz<Klofein.
Juran,
Glassman,
Eoffini,
Ashley,
Reitman,
Koplowitz,
Schwartz,
Krisel,
Grote,
Reich,
Groome,
Dickman,
Plaatje,
Harris,
Mansella,
Robifker.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

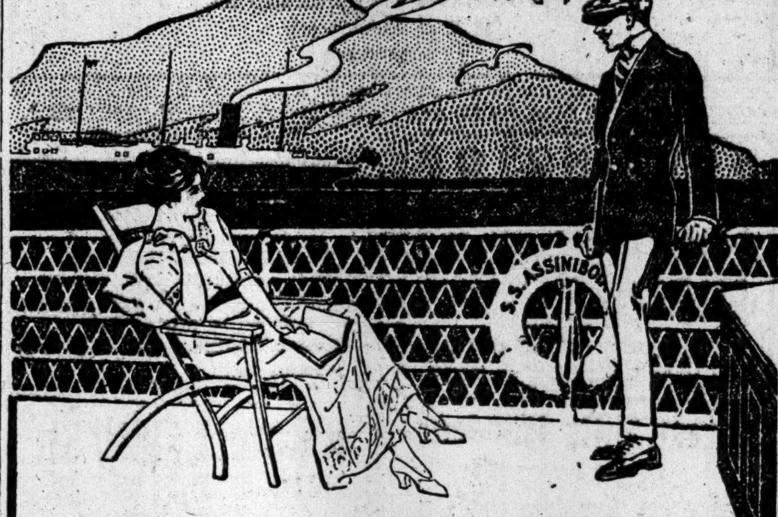
Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.

Wills of:
Patrick McKittrick,
Henry B Leonard,
Richard B Leonard,
Sully R McClellan.
Accounting of:
Katharine Myers,
Robert H Barry.
Mary C Osborn,
George W Everitt,
George Lederle,
Edward Griesmann,
Cesare Volpini.
Estates of:
Mary Kelly,
James McVicker.

County Court.

CIVIL—No day calendar.



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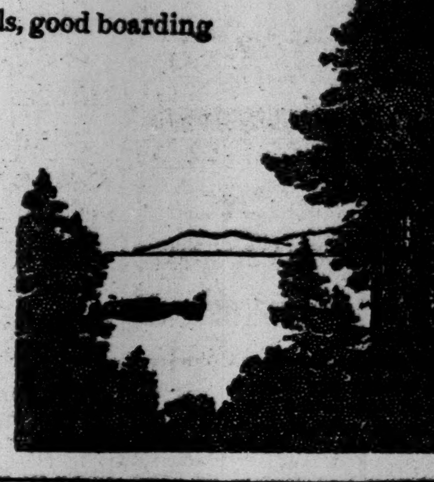

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THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Old Yale Club Purchased in $500,000 Deal—$300,000 Investment in West Thirty-fourth Street—West Seventieth Street Houses Bought for Apartment—Active Suburban Market.

The realty market made a return to its former activity yesterday. Of particular importance in the new transactions was the purchase of the old Yale Club building at 30 West Forty-fourth Street, 50 by 100.5, by the newly organized Delta Kappa Epsilon Club. About $100,000 will be spent in alterations and new equipment, bringing the total investment up to about $500,000.

The west side section furnished a good apartment house site deal in the purchase of four houses in Seventieth Street, between Columbus Avenue and Broadway.

One of the largest recent investment deals in the Pennsylvania Station zone was also closed in the purchase by Otto A. Stoehr of Brooklyn of several parcels held at about $300,000. The properties, which have been held by the sellers for about fifty years, include 149 West Thirty-fourth Street, extending through the block to 146 West Thirty-fifth Street; a five-story building and a vacant lot which were sold by the Hatfield estate, and 151 West Thirty-fourth Street and 148 West Thirty-fifth Street, two old private dwellings sold by the Moeller estate.

The properties, which form a plot 50 by 200, are immediately west of the R. H. Macy & Co. store. No immediate improvement is planned by the buyer, according to John N. Golding and Henry M. Moeller, who negotiated the sale.

Builders Buy West Side Apartment Site.

As a site for a tall apartment house, J. C. and M. G. Mayer, builders, have purchased the four three-story and basement private dwellings 122, 124, 126, and 128 West Seventieth Street.

The property, which forms a plot 74.6 by 100.5, located between Broadway and Columbus Avenue, was sold by Electus T. Backus for Margaret C. Dougan, Julia G. Bernheimer and Anna M. Hunt. A nine-story apartment is now being erected by the buyers on the northeast corner of West End Avenue and Eightieth Street.

$150,000 Manhattan-Bronx Trade.

George Schuck and Kate Hoehn, executors of the estate of Frederick Schuck, have purchased from the Sonwil Holding Company, Nathan Wilson, President, the five-story apartment house recently completed at the junction of University and Merriam Avenues, in the West Bronx.

The structure occupies a plot fronting 125 feet on each avenue and was held at $100,000. In part payment the buyers gave the private dwelling 18 St. Nicholas Place, just north of 150th Street, a three-story brick structure on a plot 45 by 100, held at $50,000. The Knap & Wasson Company negotiated the trade.

Buyers for Private Dwellings.

The Rev. William Schoenfeld has purchased from Mrs. L. J. Spillane her three-story and basement residence at 115 East Ninety-first Street, on a lot 15 by 100.8. The house is two doors east of where I. Townsend Burden is building an American basement house on a thirty-foot plot. Duff & Conger negotiated the sale.

Francesco Genovese sold the four-story dwelling, 25 by 98.9, at 312 East Twenty-sixth Street, near Second Avenue, to James J. Mooney, Jr.

A Recent Buyer.

Paul Liftman is the buyer of the plot, 175 by 102.1, at the southwest corner of St. Nicholas and Fairview Avenues, reputed sold last week.

Bronx Sales.

S. Horowitz has purchased from Samuel Gradginsky and J. H. Schwartz 294 and 296 East 143d Street, a six-story new law tenement, on a plot 50 by 100, located 150 feet east of College Avenue.

Elvey K. Johnston has purchased from John J. Brady, Jr., the dwelling, 25 by 100, on the east side of St. Lawrence Avenue, 25 feet north of Gleason Avenue.

The Interborough Rapid Transit Company has purchased a plot, 100 by 113, on the west side of Jerome Avenue, 262.6 feet south of Kingbridge Road, on part of which it plans to erect a transformer station for the operation of the Jerome Avenue subway and "L" roads and the Webster Avenue "L" extension now under construction. David Stewart was the broker in the transaction.

Brooklyn.

Tutino & Cerny have sold for the Levy Brothers Realty Company the two-family dwelling, on plot 17.6 by 100, at 543 Fifty-fifth Street.

Quick Westchester Resale with $20,000 Profit.

William Shea, who recently purchased the William Shillaber property, in Grace Street, Rye, N. Y., has resold the property at a substantial advance, said to be $20,000, to William D. Judson, who has a lease on the property.

This resale within one month at so substantial an advance shows the great demand for Westchester County property.

Heckscher & de Saulles, who made the original sale to Mr. Shea, are the brokers in the transaction between Mr. Shea and Mr. Judson.

New Yorker Buys Hudson River Estate.

J. F. McKean has sold for Dr. Lawrence P. Brown his country estate south of Peekskill to R. C. Ferris of New York. The property comprises twenty-one acres, with large brick residence and outbuildings. Mr. Ferris will occupy the premises after extensive alterations.

Buys Home at Greenwich, Conn.

Robert H. McNall of the Standard Oil Company has purchased the Hooper residence and grounds at 140 Field Point Road, Greenwich, Conn.

Commercial Leases.

J. B. English has leased for Laura S. McArthur to A. S. Sherwood the building 258 West Fifty-fourth Street, for a term of years, for the sale and distribution of automobile parts.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased for Edwin A. Johnson, for five years, to Oscar C. Brunner, the building 436 Pearl Street, covering lot 25 by 145. After extensive improvements are made the building will be occupied by the lessee for general warehousing purposes.

Daniel Birdsall & Co. have concluded arrangements with the Linen Thread Company for a renewal of their lease of the entire building, 96 to 98 Franklin Street, for a long term of years.

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4½%
Prompt Acceptances.
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BUILDING LOANS
PERMANENT LOANS
OR BOTH COMBINED
A. W. McLAUGHLIN & CO.,
228 Broadway, Corner Cedar.

Considerable significance is attached to this renewal, owing to the fact that it means the positive retention in the neighborhood of the largest thread company in the business, and one closely allied with the cotton goods trade. The premises are owned by the estate of James A. Billings.

Harris & Vaughan have leased through Royal Scott Guldon the westerly store in the building at 34 and 36 West Forty-sixth Street to A. Fisher.

Pease & Elliman have leased to the Schulte Cigar Company the corner store at the southwest corner of Broadway and 149th Street.

A lease was signed yesterday for the five-story private dwelling owned by August Heckscher at 622 Fifth Avenue to the London Feather Company. Clark T. Chambers and Thomas W. Rourke negotiated the lease.

New York Title Lends $29,000.

The New York Title and Mortgage Company has loaned $18,000 to Mrs. Tillie Silverman on her four-story and basement apartment, 220 East Twelfth Street; $5,000 to J. H. Phillips on his property on the west side of Third Avenue, 187 feet south of 179th Street; and $6,000 to Patrick Cully on his property on the west side of White Plains Avenue, 329 feet north of 226th Street.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Henry Brady.

Irving Place, 76, e s, 27 ft s of 19th St, 26x106.8, six-story apartment; A. S. Bass, trustee, against Pauline S. Baker et al.; Cadwalader & T., attorneys; due on judgment, $53,695.09; taxes, &c., $3,392.56; sold to the plaintiff for $50,000.

Broome St, 32, n e corner of Goerck St, 25x75, seven-story tenement and stores; George Vassar, Sr., against Lena Wolf et al.; R. L. Moffett, attorney; due on judgment, $35,303.77; taxes, &c., $242.21; sold to the plaintiff for $30,000.

118th St, 56 East, s s, 100 ft e of Madison Av, 20x100.11, five-story flat; General Synod of Reformed Church in America against Sarah Taneser et al.; C. V. Pallister, attorney; due on judgment, $15,825.85; taxes, &c., $830.40; sold to the plaintiff for $10,000.

By Joseph P. Day.

6th Av, s w corner of 11th St, 9.6x56.10x140.6x50.5x166.7, six-story lofts; Dime Savings Bank of Brooklyn against Isabella Glass et al.; Cullen & D., attorneys; due, on judgment, $116,170.96; taxes, &c., $6,314.87; sold to the plaintiff for $100,000.

Spring St, 182, s w corner of Thompson St, 25x56.10, three-story tenement and stores; M. B. Van Ness against S. E. M. Parker et al.; T. C. Press, attorney; partition; adjourned to Oct. 19.

8th St, 337 East, n s, 114.9 ft w of Avenue C, 24.8x93.11, three-story stable; B. G. Erdman et al., executors, against Rebecca Epstein et al.; Albert Erdman, attorney; due on judgment, $14,863; taxes, &c., $426.08; sold to the plaintiff for $10,000.

140th St, 463, n s, 148 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 17x99.11, four-story and basement brick dwelling; Seamen's Bank for Savings in City of New York against Gustavus L. Lawrence et al.; Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft, attorneys; Geoffrey Konta, referee; due on judgment, $16,424.21; taxes, &c., $475.90; sold to the plaintiff for $16,000.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

1st Av, 2,109-11, w s, 50.5 ft n 108th St, 50.5x100, six-story flat and stores; Citizens' Savings Bank against Betsey Krulewitch et al.; J. A. Beall, attorney; due on judgment, $46,795.71; taxes, &c., $1,719.40; adjourned to July 18.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

3d Av, 3,118-20, s s, 57.4 ft w Brook Av, 50.8x157.1xirreg.; M. S. Sandford et al., executors, against C. H. Richardson, trustee, et al.; Ver Planck, P. & F., attorneys; due on judgment, $14,344.01; taxes, &c., $1,989.61; sold to the plaintiff for $7,000.

By James J. Donovan.

156th St, 949 East, n w corner of 156th St, 25x100, two-story dwelling; E. C. Muller against J. W. Babcock et al.; Hogan & R., attorneys; due on judgment, $3,627.12; taxes, &c., $128.92; sold to the plaintiff for $3,000.

By Charles A. Berrian.

Heath Av, 3,039, w s, 112 ft n Boston Av, 25x95.8, two-story frame dwelling; M. C. Smith against C. W. Sturges et al.; W. C. French, attorney; due on judgment, $3,008.95; taxes, &c., $425; sold to the plaintiff for $2,500.

TODAY'S AUCTION SALES.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

3d St, 404-6 E, s s, 186.1 ft e Goerck St, 45.4x82.9x irregu., seven-story stable; Metropolitan Savings Bank against Villa Site Realty Co. et al.; A. S. & W. Hutchins, attorneys; due, $26,284.69; taxes, &c., $1,047.19.

St. Luke's Pl, 13, n s, 275.5 ft e Hudson St, 21.8x100, three-story dwelling; Henrietta Fraser against J. A. Collins et al.; Harrison, E. & B., attorneys; due, $10,647.87; taxes, &c., $536.29.

By Henry Brady.

11th Av, 764, e s, 75 ft n 53d St, 25x125x irreg, three-story frame house and four-story rear stable; Sheriff's sale, all right, title, &c., which R. J. Murphy had on April 18, 1916, or since; J. K. Ellenbogen, attorney.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

Bailey Av, s e corner Fairfax Av, 100x100; J. A. O'Leary, as commissioner, against Annie Malcolm et al.; T. F. Kennedy, attorney; due, $2,457.39; taxes, &c., $95.49.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

46th St, 65 West, for a hotel, height 150 ft, 76.2x100.5; Helanita Construction Co., 65 West 46th St, John J. Hearn, President, owner; Denby & Nute, 333 4th Av, architects; cost, $400,000.

6th Av, 1,043-1,051, for a fourteen-story brick studio building, 100.6x72.0½; 105 West 55th St., Inc., John J. Hearn, 14 East 69th St., President, owners; Schwartz & Gross, 347 5th Av, architects; cost, $800,000.

Bailey Av, e s, 811-864 N. Summit Place, for a two-story brick garage, 50x141; Ahneman & Younkheere, 3,320 Bailey Av, owner; Charles Schaefer, Jr., 401 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $15,000.

Rider Av, w s, 117.85 ft s of 144th, for a four-story brick factory, 75x125; Columbia Metal Box Co., Albert E. Blackman, 226 East 144th St, President, owner; John Hauser, 360 West 125th St, architect; cost, $50,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

32d St, 315 West, for a four-story brick storage and tenements, altered to three stories; Patrick Toner, 305 East 83d St, owner; Nicholas Sarracino, 1,170 Broadway, architect; cost, $10,000.

State St, 1, 2, and 20 Pearl St, to a twelve-story office building, a ten-story addition to the two-story extension; South Ferry Realty Co., 115 Broadway, W. H. Chesebrought, President, owner; Starrett & Van Vleck, 8 West 40th St, architects; cost, $100,000.

4th St, 186-192 West, to stores and lofts; Michael Hallonon, 186 West 4th St, owner; John M. Barney, 226 West 108th St, architect; cost, $10,000.

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

AMSTERDAM AV, 780, n w corner 98th St, part of ——; Charles L. E. Wolf to John Newport, 985 Park Av, extension lease 3 years, from May 1, 1920; attorneys, Bernheimer & S., 128th St and Amsterdam Av. $3,000

SAME PROPERTY; Thomas J. Noud to same, assignment of lease recorded June 23, 1915, July 7, 1916..........$6,661

AVENUE A, 103 and 105, store and part of basement; Abr. Wolf and another to Max Tauzman, 99 Avenue C, et al, 5 years, from Jan. 1, 1916; address, Imperial Cloak and Suit House, 103 Avenue A..........$3,000

COLUMBUS AV, 72, store and part of basement; Hermann E. Winkler, on premises, and another, to Benedetto and Paolo Ragusa, 359 West 54th St, 2 10-12 years, from July 1, 1916; attorney, Adolph Cianchetti, German Savings Bank Building, Bowery and Spring St..........$540

8TH AV, 2,064, s e corner 112th St, store and part of cellar; Charles Leasenfeld to Victor Hartvin, 272 West 115th St, 10 years, from May 15, 1916; 1st 5 years, $12,500; 2d 5 years, $13,750.

125TH ST, 182 East, store; Schutte Realty Co., 63 Park Row, to L. H. Saltzmann, 63 Park Row, 6 years, from May 1, 1916. $3,000 and $4,500

Bronx.

CLINTON AV, 2,105, n w corner of 180th St, corner store; Adavine Construction Corporation to B. Berkowitz, 1,002 Southern Boulevard, 7 years from May 1, 1916; attorneys, Horwitz & F., 41 Park Row..........$1,000

DITMARS ST, s s, Lots 26 to 31, map of Elizabeth R. B. King, City Island, all; City Island Beach Co., Inc., to John Bracker, 892 East 176th St, 5 years from May 1, 1916; attorneys, Hirsh & E., 15 William St.... $7,000 to $9,500

UNION AV, 981, all; 981 Union Avenue Corporation to Abraham Brandstein and another, 3 years from July 1, 1915; attorneys, Strasbourger & S., 74 Broadway..........$6,900

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

6TH ST, 431 East; Joseph Hecht et al. against Emil Katz, June 13, 1916..........$3,000

3D AV, 482; Harry Berman against Henry Tishman; Feb. 18, 1916, by bond..........$125

BUILDING AND LOAN CONTRACTS.

Manhattan.

173D ST, s s, 159.1 ft e of Fort Washington Av, 75x97.3; City Mortgage Co. loans V. R. Building Co. to erect a five-story apartment house..........$64,250

173D ST, s s, 234.1 ft e of Fort Washington Av, 75x97.3; same loans same to erect a five-story apartment house..........$64,250

Bronx.

VALENTINE AV, n w corner of 181st St, 62.8x185; 135 Broadway Holding Corporation loans Ensign Improvement Co. to erect — story building..........$45,000

181ST ST, s e corner of Harrison Av, 62.9x91.3; 135 Broadway Holding Corporation loans 181st Street Building Corporation to erect — story building..........$45,000

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

BOWERY, 305; 1st St, 2; 39th St, 149 East; 39th St, 227 East, and 1st St, 3 and 5; Carrie T. Winegrad et al. against Lida D. Tilson et al., partition; attorney, C. B. Plants.

DYCKMAN ST., s e corner of Sherman Av, 100x100; St. Clair Realty Co. against J. B. C. Building Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, E. S. Frith.

48TH ST, n s, 262.6 ft e of 7th Av, 18.9x100.5, and 48th St, 148 and 152 West; Edward F. Rush against Margaret C. Magan, action to compel specific performance of contract; attorney, H. N. Steinfeld.

76TH ST, 363 East; E. Louise Sands against Etta Lazarus et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Bowers & Sands.

126TH ST., 263 West; Catharine A. Winnik against Hartley Haigh et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Bowers & Sands.

132D ST, 7 East; Metropolitan Savings Bank against P. & W. Holding Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, A. & W. Hutchins.

143D ST, 508 West, and other property in Kings Co.; City Investing Co. against Michael Shea et al., action to declare deed void; attorney, B. H. Arnold.

173D ST, n s, 137.6 ft w of Audubon Av., 37.6x100; Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. against Robert Arnstein et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Butcher, Tanner & Foster.

Bronx.

BOSTON ROAD, w s, 212.2 ft n of 167th St., 163.1x170.6; John M. Haffen against Kawneer Manufacturing Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, M. Monfried.

HOE AV, w s, 50 ft s of Jennings St, 50x100; United States Trust Co. of N. Y., as trustee, against Allen Construction Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Stewart & Shearer.

LOTS 160 and 161, Block 4,877 on Land Map; Edward M. Willi against Monatiquot Real Estate Co. of N. Y., action to compel specific performance of contract; attorney, P. Beale.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

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Southern Boulevard
2 Corner Buildings
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New Law Apartment Houses, with stores. In fine condition. One block from new Lexington Av. Subway Station at Hunt's Point Av. and two blocks from Simpson St. Subway Station.
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UNDER DIRECTION OF
John J. Hynes, Esq., Referee,
15—Choice Bronx Lots—15
AT CLASON'S POINT
Some with Riparian Rights.
LAWRENCE, PATTERSON & BEACH AVS.
ABSOLUTE AUCTION SALE,
Saturday, July 15, 1916,
ON THE PREMISES,
COMMENCING AT 2 P. M.
Liberal Terms—Title Policies Free.
SEND FOR BOOKLET—GIVING INTERESTING FACTS—TO
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will OFFER the above described first-class WEST-END THEATRE for SALE by AUCTION at the Mart, Tokenhouse-yard, E. C., on Monday, 17th July, 1916, at 2 o'clock.
Printed particulars, with conditions of sale, to be obtained from Messrs. Beaumont and Son, Solicitors, of 66, Gresham House, Old Broad-street, E. C., and, together with permits to view, of the above named auctioneers, of 176, Sloane-street, London, S. W.

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Entirely renovated. New hardwood floors throughout. Electric lights; 12 rooms and 8 baths. Decorations to suit. Caretaker on premises or inquire
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my newly decorated 7-room cottage, all modern improvements, bath, electricity, gas, &c.; large grounds for poultry and garden; near station, trolley and stores; good neighborhood; fast building section; 30 minutes from New York or Brooklyn; wonderful bargain, $3,7[illegible] worth $4,500; must have $250 cash at once; will take $18 per month for balance. B. Klotz, 349 E. 14th St.

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Restricted Neighborhood.
MUST BE SOLD IN 30 DAYS.
House of 8 rooms and sleeping porch, furnished, piano included, at Rye, 3 minutes from Oakland Beach; every city improvement; 45 minutes from Grand Central; an all-year-round home in a community of delightful people and surroundings; tennis, bathing, and boating; price, $9,500; house alone worth price asked. Terms to suit. Owner, 148 Times.

Bargain—For Sale or Rent.
Georgian Colonial, new house planned and built by private gentleman for his own comfort at Colonial Heights, Westchester's exclusive colony, 30 minutes from Grand Central; all improvements; sewers; electric light, gas; high elevation; 9 large rooms, 3 baths; attractive sleeping porch; large open fireplace. Particulars apply H. E. Wilson, Room 200, St. George Hotel, Brooklyn.

9 Rooms and 3 Baths
10 Rooms and 3 Baths
16 East 96th Street
Near Park Entrance
NEWLY RENOVATED
THOROUGHLY MODERN
EVERY IMPROVEMENT
A PARKWAY STREET AND AMID HIGH-CLASS RESIDENCES
RENTALS $1,600 TO $2,250
Apply
QUEENSTON CORPORATION
18 East 41st Street
Or on premises.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HUNTINGTON
10,000 SQUARE FEET
$100
HIGH AND DRY; NEAR TROLLEY AND MAIN ROAD, CHURCHES, SCHOOLS, AND STORES; 10,000 POPULATION; WILL GIVE WARRANTY DEED. FINEST SOIL FOR FARMING.
$5 Down. $2 Monthly
Call or write for free R. R. tickets.
B. SEYMAN, 105 Flatbush Av., B'klyn.

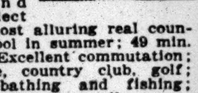
Forest Hills Gardens
"A Forward Movement in Suburban Development."
15 Minutes from Penn. Station.
Houses and Villa Plots For Sale.
SAGE FOUNDATION HOMES CO.,
47 W. 34th St., or Forest Hills, L. I.
Send for Booklet T.

OLD-FASHIONED HOMESTEAD
Hour out; North Shore; 3 acres; porch, large shade trees, fruit; house 11 rooms, bath, large stables and outbuildings. Fine location near water.
INVESTIGATE THIS BARGAIN.
THEO. S. HALL, 47 West 34th St.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

EDGEWATER, N. J.
Old factory and several sites. Workingmen's homes; also unrestricted building plots 40x100. Directly opposite and facing Riverside Drive. $900. Easy payments.
MORSEMERE, N. J.
Unrestricted lots 25x100; close to depot, block to trolleys. $150 to $300 per lot. BUNGALOW, 5 rooms, bath, steam heat and all imp'ts. Plot 50x100. $3,800. Easy terms.
FORT LEE, N. J.
Acreage. $1,000 to $8,000 per acre.
GRANTWOOD, N. J.
Brick dwelling, 7 rooms, tile bath, parquet floors; every appointment. Only $4,500; $500 cash required.
Call and see us. We have many other bargains.
REID & LOWERY PALISADE, N. J. Tel. 850 Cliffside.

BIG BARGAIN near the City
$9,000 HOME
$7,250
EASY TERMS.
Dainty All-Year 9-Room Home
2 BATHS.



on plot 100 x 136 feet; high and healthy; in select neighborhood; most alluring real country near city; cool in summer; 49 min. to N. Y. City. Excellent commutation; near large lake, country club, golf; ideal boating, bathing and fishing; schools, markets, churches; all conveniences; electric light, open fireplace, steam heat, beamed ceilings, &c. Write or 'phone me for particulars and photo.
E. A. MANCHESTER,
170 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. 1522—Cort.

4-Room Summer Bungalow, $215
Containing living room, 2 bedrooms, kitchen, sanitary toilet, fireplace, and rubblestone chimney; finished in 8 days, ready to live in, for $215 cash; ¼-acre plots, $100 to $200 additional, according to location selected; plot may be paid for $10 down and $5 per month, with immediate possession for Summer camp, at Cedar Knolls, in the mountains, and ideal Summer colony adjoining Morristown, N. J.; 30 miles from New York; 80 trains a day. This may look too good to be true, but it is even better than it looks. Send for booklet, maps and other low-cost Summer bungalows.
W. B. CAMP, 225 W. 39th St., N. Y.

ARE YOU ONE
of the few owners of Bergen and Rockland County Real Estate whose titles are not insured? Our Booklet A will tell you some things you should know. Write for it.
North Jersey Title Insurance Co.,
Hackensack, New Jersey.
N. Y. Rep., Glenn K. Carver, 60 Wall St.

BERGEN COUNTY FARM,
96 ACRES. SACRIFICE $12,000.
Beautifully situated on elevation overlooking Saddle River Valley; convenient Ridgewood or Allendale (main line Erie); modern dwelling, large barns, poultry houses, farmer's house; 20 acres hard meadow fronting Saddle River.
Walter Dewsnap, 203 B'way, New York.

Lincoln Park, Cranford, N. J.
Without noise, within reach of city, and within reach of your pocketbook.
ATTRACTIVE HOMES AND LOTS.
Exclusive Residential Section. "Ask the Neighbors."
S. R. Droescher, 79 Warren St., New York.

AT COST NEW DUTCH COLONIAL
HOUSE, 8 ROOMS, 3 BATHS.
Garage; spacious shady grounds; unsurpassed marine view; on Ocean Boulevard, Atlantic Highlands, N. J. $1,000 takes title; will rent. Photo.
NAVESINK PARK CO., 280 B'way, N. Y. City.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

Beautiful Lake Mohegan Inn, Mohegan, N. Y.
Now open. Double tennis courts, boating, bathing, fishing, dancing. American and European plans. Rooms with bath. Commuting distance. Tel. Peekskill 855-W.
F. J. & WALTER F. WELTON, Props.

CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR RENT
Healthy location for children; recommended by New Haven physicians; 600 feet above tidewater on beautiful Woodbridge Hills, 12 rooms, fully equipped cottage. 6 bedrooms, bath, and lavatory. Shed garage with doors. Large piazza. 6 acres of ground. 3 miles from New Haven Station. $150 per month. Apply John Crawford, 7 East 42d St., N.Y.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

Carlton Chambers
Corner apartment, 2 very large rooms, bath, kitchenette; handsomely furnished, ready now; maid, valet and restaurant service; sublet for Summer at reduced rate or permanently; apply
402 Madison Av.
At 47th St. Tel. Murray Hill 2890.
Opposite Ritz-Carlton Hotel.

FOR SALE OR TO LET FOR BUSINESS

Wholesalers—Hotel Supplymen, Etc.
LARGE STORE 634 9th Avenue, betw. 44th & 45th Sts.
In heart of middle West Side. Especially fine show windows. Abundant trade in neighborhood. Suitable any business. Apply **$115**
HENRY WACKER 382 W. 45TH ST. Bryant 446.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

A MANSION IN NEW YORK CITY
at University Ave. and 176th St. Spacious grounds. Exceptionally desirable location.
MANHATTAN LEASING COMPANY,
149 CHURCH ST.

NEW JERSEY SUMMER HOMES.

LONG BRANCH, N. J.
WEST END SECTION.
Modern house with 9 bedrooms, 4 baths, for rent to November 1st, beautifully furnished and ready for occupancy, 50 miles out, 70 trains daily, 2 blocks from ocean, overlooking lake. No reasonable offer refused.
HENRY M. FITCH
Tel. 2563 Cortlandt 200 Broadway, N. Y.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

70 Morningside Drive
CORNER 117TH ST.
Near Columbia University.
Every convenience known provided; the entrance with the splash of its fountains unsurpassed; undesirable tenants excluded; no dogs allowed.
Corner, 6 Rooms, Bath....$1,000
6 Rooms, Bath.......... 780
4 " " 420
400 West 118th St.
FACING MORNINGSIDE PARK, NEAR COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY.
Corner Apartment.
All Outside, Sunny Rooms.
7 Rooms, Bath, 2 Toilets...$1,200
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IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
W. ALANSON ALEXANDER,
503 5TH AV. TEL. 2718—MURRAY HILL.

LASANNO
307 WEST 79th STREET
COURT
A bright, light, cheery modern home, midway on this wide boulevard, between West End Avenue and Riverside Drive. A short distance from Subway and L Station, the Bus Line, and several surface cars.
6, 7 and 8 Room Apartments $1,100 to $2,000
Leases from October 1st. Earlier possession when feasible.
Apply to the superintendent on premises or to
GEORGE ROSENFELD CO., Inc.
51 East 42d Street,
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The Marc Antony
214 West 110th St.
Apart'ts 4 & 5 Rooms
Rentals $780 - 1100
MARK RAFALSKY & COMPANY
56 West 45th St. Tel. Bryant—7848.

The Prince Humbert
220 West 110th St.
Apart'ts 5-6 Rooms
Rentals $1100-1300
MARK RAFALSKY & COMPANY
56 West 45th St. Tel. Bryant—7848.

HUDSONIA
79th St. & Riverside Drive,
315-321 West.
An apartment house of the highest class. Thoroughly modern and comfortable in every detail. Rooms conveniently arranged. Choice residential section. Subway, car and bus lines almost at door. Resident management.
6 & 7 Rooms, $840 to $1,100.
OFFICE ON PREMISES.
Tel. 9171—Schuyler.

NON-HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS
SPENCER ARMS
S. E. Cor. B'way & 69th St.
2, 3 & 4 ROOMS
or larger combinations—maid service included, and meals served in apartments. Every room with permanent outside light and large closet space. Most Convenient Location in City.
RENTAL, $1000 TO $1500 (YEARLY)
C. F. de Casanova, Agt., on premises, or your own broker. Tel. Columbus 3996.

St. Evona,
N. E. Cor. 135th St. & Broadway.
New six-story, fireproof, elevator apartment house; large, sunny rooms; southern exposure.
5, 6 & 7 Rooms & Bath.
Rents $540 to $1,100.
Agent on Premises, or
Fred'k Zittel & Sons,
79TH ST. & B'WAY.

FREMONT
8 LARGE ROOMS **2** BATHS
$1550
310 W. 94th NEAR WEST END AVE

THE HILLCREST
430 West 116th St. Facing Columbia University Grounds
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
8-9 Large Sunny Rooms & Baths
Rents $1,500 to $1,800
Parlors 18x23
Dining Rooms...19x19
Bedrooms 14x16

6-8 ROOM APARTMENTS
ROXBOROUGH
N. W. Corner Broadway & 92d St.
LEWIS B. PRESTON, Inc.,
165 Broadway. Tel. Cort. 7475.

8 Rooms, 2 Baths.
EXCEPTIONAL APARTMENTS and arrangement of rooms, every one being outside and large; abundance of closet room; modern in every detail and first class in every respect; elevator, all night service.
805 St. Nicholas Ave. (Corner 150th St.)
W. D. MORGAN, Agent, 3,573 B'way (147th St.)

350 WEST 18TH ST. REFINED NEIGHBORHOOD
2 & 3 large, light, well-arranged rooms. Beautifully decorated, with bath, kitchenette. All modern improvements. Quiet, well-kept house; moderate rent. Apply Superintendent, on premises.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

THE PALACIO
59 & 61 East 65th St.
Northwest corner Park Av., 8 rooms; 2 baths; choice residential section; all large rooms; $1,900. Superintendent.

REAL ESTATE

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

BRYAN L. KENNELLY, REAL ESTATE,
156 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

55TH ST., 127 EAST.
Modern 14-room house 5 baths; back parlor extension; sale $55,000; rent $3,750. COMMISSION TO BROKERS.
HERBERT A. SHERMAN,
41 East 41st St. and 20 Nassau St.

$3,000 CASH, balance mortgage, buys five-story double flat, all rented; net income $1,200; bargain.
W. ALANSON ALEXANDER, 503 5th Av.

162d, 550 West, (Near Broadway.)—Ten rooms and two baths, very attractive house. W. D. MORGAN, 3,573 Broadway, (147th St.)

LOT 513 East 17th St., with stable in rear. P 138 Times.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

ADJOINING PROSPECT PARK.
2-family brick, 11 rooms, 2 baths,
2 furnaces, good transit, $5,400;
little cash; balance as rent.
Full particulars, Ruckert, 45 Willoughby St.

Headquarters for Flatbush Real Estate. Westwood Realty Company, 685 Flatbush Av.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

Swell lakeside home; fine location; modern 7-room house with every up-to-date improvement; front and back porch; full cellar; all large, airy, light rooms; ½ block from trolley and few minutes from R. R. station; beautiful lake; only 20 minutes out; perfect title; $300 cash, balance easy. Fisher, Box 226 Times Downtown.

Must sell nice old-fashioned home of 7 rooms, improvements, flowers, roses, fruit, lots of grapes, big outbuilding for chickens, &c.; vegetable garden; only 30 minutes from city; price $2,500; some cash and $20 monthly. Answer A. B., Room 608, 1 West 34th St.

SEE THE NEW HOMES AT KEW GARDENS.
15 minutes from Penn. Terminal.

Building Material.

"SPENCER SELF-FEED HEATER."
New York Office, 101 Park Av.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

A SNAP FOR CASH.
CHESTER HILL, MOUNT VERNON.
8-room house; very deep lot.
$5,500 for quick action.
Other warm weather bargains.
Anderson Realty Co., Mount Vernon.

Yonkers.—148 and 152 Robert Lane, North Yonkers, 6 and 7 room houses; new and up to date; large plots; terms to suit. Special discounts on July sales. Take Park Avenue trolley from Subway. River View Building Co., on premises.

GREENACRES.—Three minutes from station; new stucco house; four master bedrooms, three servants' rooms; garage; four baths; sale or rent; possession at once. Angell & Co., Scarsdale, N. Y.

HOMES AND ESTATES
FOR SALE OR RENT.
ANGELL & CO., SCARSDALE, N. Y.

Write for list of attractive homes. Hastings Homes Co., Hastings, N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Pretty 5-room bungalow, 1 block from bathing beach and harbor; large living room, panelled walls, open fireplace, airy, light dining room, beamed ceiling, modern kitchen, 2 beautiful, large bedrooms with connecting bath; steam heat; veranda full width of house; will decorate interior to suit owner's taste; makes ideal year-round home; few blocks from trolley; only $250 cash and $18 monthly. "Water Front Bungalow," Box 123 Downtown.

Beautiful 5-room bungalow; large, airy bedrooms, with connecting bath; artistic living and dining rooms; paneled walls, beamed ceilings; open tapestry brick fireplace; hardwood finish; electric light, heat, and modern kitchen; extra large porch with a fine view of country; large garden plot; near depot and harbor; owner cannot occupy; will sacrifice for $200 cash and $18 monthly to quick buyer. Finch, Box 200 Times Downtown.

Ocean bungalow, 5 rooms and bath; ½ block from private bathing beach; yacht club and boat anchorage; restricted location, with a fine view of ocean and bay; beautiful house with every modern improvement; garden plot; makes ideal year-around home; price $2,850; small amount down, balance like rent. C. Meyer, 243 West 34th St.

COUNTRY PLACE,
BAYSHORE.
Sixty minutes from New York; 11⅛ acres; rich, fertile soil; nine-room house, barn, sheds, shade and fruit trees; mile to depot; express station; good bathing, fishing, boating. Terry & Brewster, Agents, Bayshore, N. Y. 'Phone 302.

Cozy little chicken farm, with 6-room cottage, poultry house, etc., soil all cultivated; ready to move in; near harbor, trolley, and town of 10,000, where there is a demand for poultry, eggs, and farm products; small amount down and $12 monthly to responsible party. Kuch, Box 192 Downtown.

Want to sell my cosey 6-room house, with a nice, large garden plot, for $100 down and $12 monthly; near city and trolley; right price to good party. B. Welch, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

For rent, furnished, comfortable, modern 7-room house; all improvements; three minutes from Murray Hill Station, Flushing; near country club; just 20 minutes from New York; fine vegetable garden and fruit trees; price very reasonable. Address 11 South 14th St., Flushing.

$12 monthly buys my cosy chicken farm, with 6-room house; enough ground for poultry, vegetables, &c.; near large towns which afford a ready market for all products; best of soil; will sell for a small amount down to a responsible party. B. Doncourt, 243 West 34th St.

Owner wishes to dispose of fine little farm with a 6-room house, barn, etc., room for chickens; garage, lawn, paths, shrubs, all fenced in; cannot occupy; will sell for $300 down and balance easy to reliable family; healthy location. B. Owner, 105 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn.

Will sell a plot of choice waterfront lots, Atlantic Ocean property, 50 minutes by electric trains from heart of city; restricted community; no assessments; very low prices; terms. P. G. Hough, Room 509, Century Bldg., N. Y. C.

FREE! Beautiful illustrated map and birds-eye view of Long Island and vicinity; showing best place to live or invest. Auer, Box 142 Downtown.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

Storm King Terrace Farm; 42 acres; grand views; 9-room house, barn; $3,500. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

AT MOUNT ARLINGTON, on Lake Hopatcong.—Elevation 1,200 feet; handsome residence, 12 rooms, 2 baths, gas, electric light; fine shade; 100x400; garage, 2 cars; lake 10 miles long, 63 miles shore; scenery unsurpassed; 55 minutes D., L. & W. R. R.; commutation, $12.10; cost $18,000; price, $9,500; your terms.
W. ALANSON ALEXANDER,
503 5th Av.

Ridgewood, N. J., Bargain.—Modern seven-room house must be sacrificed, 1½ acres, 100 fruit trees; located on beautiful macadam road, five minutes from station; house has all improvements, large piazza; easy terms. Smith-Singer Company.

HANDSOME COMMUTER'S SHORE FRONT to settle estate; magnificent residence; 300 ft. shore front; 6 master's rooms; half original cost. (I. J. AUERBACH) LOUIS KAMM, INC., 16 Clinton St., Newark, N. J.

MAPLEWOOD, N. J.—A few modern houses for rent, furnished and unfurnished. Let us know your requirements. Will send particulars. J. CHARLES O'BRIEN CO., South Orange, N. J.

BORDERING LAKE AND RIVER,
in the Sussex Hills, near station, 42 acres; 11-room house; shade, lawn, flowers; big stable; price, $7,000. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 B'way.

EAST ORANGE, N. J.
Free booklet of new homes mailed; 7-12 rooms, 1, 2, and 3 baths; $6,500 to $12,500. Philip T. Bowers & Co., Newark, N. J.

Hill Top all-year bungalow sites; rare views; town water, electric lights; refined section; near station; hour out; big plots, 50x200; only $300 now. Room 1,701, 141 Broadway.

So. Orange.—Beautiful new Colonial home, 9 rooms, 2 baths; every imp't; large plot. $9,850. Terms. T. Orben, 786 Broad, Newark.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Property My Specialty.
Harvey R. Linbarger, 197 North Av.,
Opposite Depot, Plainfield, N. J.

500 lots; improvements; city 80,000; also large acreage ready for development. 1,100 Anna St., Elizabeth, N. J.

"NUTLEY IN A NUTSHELL."
1916 facts about the "Ideal Home Town."
SECRETARY, NUTLEY, N. J.

Bargain.—$6,500; easy terms; 10 rooms, 2 baths; 50 minutes to city. Box M 355 Times Downtown.

MOORE & WYCKOFF, COUNTRY PROPERTY, 546 5TH AV., NEW YORK.

MONTCLAIR—Real Estate—Sale or rent. Apply to Simpson Merritt Co.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

Attractive country place in Western Connecticut; 15 minutes' walk to railroad station; lawns, shade, garden, fruit, flowers, icehouse, steam heat, electric light, bath, laundry, &c.; complete furnishings if desired. Box 44, Brookfield, Conn.

New England—For Sale or To Let.

Choice locations on Cape Cod for Summer homes; salt water; lake frontage and inland locations; 3 to 10 acre tracts.
THE HOMESTEAD TRUST,
Trustees, S. D. Hannah, Buzzards Bay, Mass.
H.K.Hannah, West Bay Inn, Osterville, Mass.

Real Estate Wanted.

Will buy deeds of property threatened by foreclosure. E 375 Times Downtown.

Mortgage Loans

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Money to loan on bond and mortgage in Newark, Essex, Hudson, Bergen, and Morris Counties. Frank B. Frear, Kinney Building, Newark, N. J.

APARTMENTS TO LET

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

TO SUBLET, FURNISHED, at the Lorraine, 2 East 45th Street, a very desirable apartment of bedroom and bath; also an apartment of parlor, bedroom, and bath; southern exposure; half price for Summer months.

Attractive apartments, two rooms and bath, handsomely furnished; one block from subway; full hotel service; $10.50 weekly up; Summer rates. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d. Hotel Oxford, 35 East 27th.

58th, 34 East.—Two rooms and bath to rent at once, for two months; beautifully furnished; service from downstairs; smart location; $75 monthly. Barrie.

60th St., 18 East.—One to three rooms and bath, furnished; sublet, Summer rates, $30 to $95; complete service.

Furnished—West Side.

Hotel Conveniences; apartment house rates.
Inspect our specially attractive apartments.
R SPECIAL SUMMER CONCESSIONS G
O MONTHLY OR WEEKLY. A
O CATHEDRAL PLAZA. R
F 100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY. D
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV. E
Special Rates to Columbia Students. N
WE HAVE 1, 2, 3, 4 ROOM APARTMENTS.
$30, $40, $50, $60 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished, dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions lease or unfurnished; near subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 613. 5th Av. bus stops at door.

APARTMENTS, 2, 3, AND BATH.
Nine outside windows, three exposures; newly and beautifully furnished and decorated; full hotel service; phone; maid service; $35 per month up per room; meals optional, $8 a week; one block from "L" and subway express cars and bus lines; references; just completed; special weekly rates.
HOTEL NOBLETON, 126 WEST 73D ST.

SCHUYLER ARMS HOTEL, 307 West 98th.—Between Broadway and Riverside; newly furnished two, three, four, five rooms; shower baths; all-night maid, bell boy, elevator, and telephone service; immediate possession; $12.50 to $25 weekly; $50 and $100 monthly; restaurant in building. Telephone 3964 River.

NEAR COLUMBIA COLLEGE.
Seven rooms, two baths, seventh floor; southern exposure; very cool and airy; private house, well furnished, including piano; sublet July 10 to Sept. 1, at $80 per month. Apply Apartment 72, 523 West 112th St., near Broadway. Telephone 3560 Morningside.

A-A—SUMMER RATES—A-A
The city's largest assortment desirable apartments, 2 to 6 rooms, with kitchen or kitchenette. For particulars see inside back cover telephone directory. Office, 215 Manhattan Av. Phones 1647 and 1611 Academy.

82 WASHINGTON PLACE,
Two blocks below 8th St., west of Washington Square. Six well-furnished outside rooms and bath. All light, airy, and cool. Apply Apt. 1.

THE LANGHAM,
73d to 74th St. and Central Park West,
Has to Sublet for a Tenant
A TEN-ROOM FURNISHED APARTMENT.
Immediate Possession.

BACHELOR APARTMENT, West 54TH St., near 5th Av.; three rooms, bath, furnished; rental, $120, with service. Apply to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, Real Estate, 46 CEDAR ST. Tel. JOHN 5700.

To sublet, furnished, three small rooms and bath; gas, electricity; August to November; very central; rent $32; suitable for two business people. Call mornings, 8-9:30. Fenn, 404 West 44th St., Apt. 34.

2 & 4-ROOM APARTMENTS
Completely furnished
high-class elevator house;
most moderate rents.
507 WEST 113TH ST.

To Sublet.—Eight-room apartment, comfortably furnished for the Summer; reasonable rent; immediate possession.
The Estling, 223-224 Riverside Drive.

To sublet, four-room apartment, all rooms on avenue; near subway and elevated; immediate possession; very reasonable. Levy, 961 St. Nicholas Av. Audubon 1520.

56th, 342 West.—Sublet exquisitely furnished four-room elevator apartment; Chickering baby grand; bargain for responsible party. Browning.

Studio apartment with north light and all conveniences; also furnished two and three-room apartments.
THE BEVERWYCK, 39 West 27th St.

Three-room housekeeping apartment (kitchen) off Riverside; elevator; subway; value $55; for Summer, $40. 625 West 127th.

Furnished—West Side.

Riverside Drive, Below 110th.—Beautifully furnished apartment, 7 rooms, 2 baths, 10th floor; everything complete for housekeeping. Tel. Vanderbilt 1450.

Some unusual Summer opportunities, furnished sublet apartments, choice localities. J. Wickliffe Gray, Specialist, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

Six-room handsomely furnished apartment, July, August, and September; near Riverside Drive. Apply Supt., 238 West 106th St.

Sublet furnished to Oct. 1, two rooms, bath and kitchenette; $65. Ninth floor, Harperley Hall, 1 West 64th St.

59TH ST., 38 WEST.
Sublet, Summer rates, 2 and 3 rooms; nicely furnished; $85-$150; bargain.

Cool, outside, small apartment; piano; elevator; references; reasonable. Baxter, 58 West 57th.

Riverside Drive, (81st.)—High class, handsomely furnished 5-6 rooms; sublet Oct. 1; low rent. Telephone 5889 Greeley.

Lady will sublet beautiful 6-room corner apartment; scrupulously clean, high-class house; short, long term. 200 West 86th.

Apartments HANDSOMELY Furnished.
CLARK REALTY, 30 E. 42d. Vanderbilt 1450.

For sublet apartments of from 5 to 10 rooms consult Paterno Bros., 601 West 115th St.

Completely furnished elevator apartments 4 or 6 rooms. 3 West 104th St.

Apartment, handsomely furnished; Summer rate. 131 West 58th St. Leismann.

Oceanic Apartments, 137 West 82d St.—High class, 3-4 rooms, complete; piano.

Unfurnished—East Side.

77 IRVING PLACE.
Two rooms and bath; corner; overlooking Gramercy Park; $65, including service; meals served in rooms if desired; open for inspection. William A. White & Sons, Real Estate, 46 Cedar St. Telephone John 5700.

570 Park Av.,
Corner 63d St., adjoining Colony Club,
6, 7, 8, and 9 rooms, 2 and 3 baths; $2,000 to $3,500.
BING & BING, 119 West 40th St.

6-7-8 rooms; $1,700 to $2,250.
Fireproof apartments, 122 East 76th St.

To Sublet.—28 East 52d St.; unusual apartment, 2 rooms and bath.

Unfurnished—West Side.

365-7 West 118th St., (Near Morningside Park.)—8 unusually large rooms, 1 bath, elevator service; immediate possession; decorations to suit; $75-$80.
WM. A. WHITE & SONS,
46 Cedar St. Telephone 5700 John.

162 WEST 35TH ST.
Floors to let; improvements; 5 rooms; $23.
AMES & CO., 26 West 31st St.

234-238 West 21st St. — 4, 5, and 6 rooms, elevator, all improvements, at $510 to $720 per year. Apply to Supt.

Beautiful nine-room apartment, overlooking Hudson. Wellesley, northeast corner 81st St., West End Av..

Sublet—Five-room elevator apartment; immediate possession. 6D, 245 Ft. Washington Av.

2,424 7th Av., 6 rooms,
bath, electric light; $40 and $45.

Broadway and 55th St., N. E. Corner.—Elevator apartments, 8 rooms, 2 baths.

Large corner apartments; high-class elevator apartments. 175 West 58th.

Elevator Apartments, 4 or 6 rooms, $40-$60. 3 and 5 West 104th St.

Apartments Wanted

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Lady and adult son require Sept. 1, furnished housekeeping rooms in private home or separate apartment, Riverside, Washington Heights, or Westchester preferred; neatness, pleasant outlook, and conditions essential; rent about $35. Reply in detail, N 166 Times.

SECOND-HAND CARS.

The Automobile Exchange in The New York Times contains particulars of slightly used cars of all makes at bargain prices. Telephone 1000 Bryant.—Advt.

Boarders Wanted

Thirty cents an agate line.

East Side.

8 EAST 45TH.
Table board; room with bath; references.

LEXINGTON AV., 342, (39th.)—Handy 5th Av., teachers' residence, $8.50-$12. Murray Hill 9768.

MADISON AV., 213.—Rooms, with or without bath; excellent table; Summer rates; references.

West Side.

58TH, 146 WEST.—Desirable rooms; private baths; references; table guests; Summer rates.

72D, 253 WEST.—Single and double rooms; excellent table; table guests; prices reasonable.

72D, 269 WEST. — Nicely furnished, cool rooms, private bath, excellent meals; special prices for Summer.

75TH, 56 WEST.—Room with or without board; attractive; bath; cool; Summer rates.

76TH, 237-239-241-243 WEST.—Large and small rooms; fine location; excellent table.

77TH, 301 WEST (344 West End Av.)—Elegant suite, cool double, single rooms, private bath; best home table; electricity.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; telephones; booklet; references.

80TH, 106-108-110 WEST. — Delightfully located; all new, high-type furnishings; pure food, wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; special rates July-August; references.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive and modern; references; table guests; booklet.

82D, 128-130 WEST.—Very desirable rooms; hot and cold water; private bath.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Choice rooms, en suite, single; superior table; homelike surroundings.

86TH, 23 WEST.—Large front rooms, bath; meals; those accustomed to best home living.

90TH, 312 WEST.—Cool, modern house, excellent service and table; delightful Summer location.

93D, (676 West End Av.) — Elegantly furnished suite or single; private house; Southern people; cater to table guests.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside Drive, Near Broadway.)—Modern private residence with every comfort, offering luxurious economy; two spacious rooms, bath; also smaller room; table of liberal excellence.

113TH, 560 WEST.—Large, small rooms, with, without private bath; excellent table board.

136TH, 540 WEST, Apt 62.—Single, en suite, with parlor; home cooking; reasonable.

AMERICAN, refined private home; large, beautiful, new elevator apartment; delightfully cool location, Riverside Drive, facing Park; desire married couple, paying guests. Telephone Morningside 9411.

THE HOME OF WELL-TO-DO.
73d, 142 West.—Where people of refinement will find exquisite rooms, single, double, en suite; private baths; most excellent French cooking.

WEST END AV., 531, (86th St.)—Desirable double and single rooms, with excellent board; Summer rates; table guests.

WEST END AV., 322 (75th)—Cool rooms; subway, bus; conveniences; excellent services.

Country Board

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Staten Island.

THE EVELYN LODGE & COTTAGES,
Overlooking City, Country, Sea.
Charming Family House of High Standard.
20 min. delightful sail, Manhattan.
Lovely rooms, all comforts; excellent chef.
Weekly, $10-$16 per adult, with meals.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

THE WILLOWS, HUGUENOT PARK.
Superior accommodations; modern conveniences; tennis, sea breezes; sun parlor; one hour Wall St.; excellent chef. Telephone 907 Tottenville.

Long Island.

THE STAFFORD, ARVERNE, N. Y.,
108 Beach 66th St., Gaston Av. Station.
On ocean, 30 minutes from Broadway (Penn. Station,) 25 Brooklyn, (Flatbush Av. Station;) commutation, $7.50 month; mile ocean boardwalk; always cool; no mosquitos; glorious bathing, fishing, tennis; exclusive house; (100 guests, no babies;) luxuriously furnished; bountiful table; room and board, $10, $20; special week-end rate, $6, Saturday dinner to Monday breakfast, including room, meals, railroad ticket, ocean bath. Phone 415 Hammels.

THE PINES, Hempstead, Long Island.—Beautifully situated, near Garden City; best accommodations, excellent table and service; convenient for commuters; booklet. Telephone 455 Hempstead.

BOSCOBEL VILLA, Patchogue; delightfully situated near water, station; modern house; excellent table; tennis, playground, bathing, boating, fishing; no small children; special rates for season.

Forest Hills, L. I.—14 minutes out; accommodations for three educated people in elegant private house; $12 per week; perfect food and sanitation. Z 229 Times Annex.

ROCKAWAY PARK, 46 BEACH 113TH.
Comfortable, cool rooms, balconies, overlooking ocean; special season rates; excellent board; reasonable.

AMITYVILLE.—Water front; few adults accommodated; garage; bathing; fishing. Box 487. Telephone 245.

SEA GATE.—Large rooms; exceptional table; opposite ferry landing and Atlantic Yacht Club. Phone Carroll, 2534 Coney Island.

Westchester County.

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Unexcelled home cooking; river view. W. E. Robinson. Phone 2161 Yonkers.

New York State.

Elliswood.—Board, Ulster County farm; arrange. White, 309 West 46th. Telephone 84 Bryant.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH,
45 North Arlington Av.,
East Orange, New Jersey,
"Thirty Minutes from Broadway."
Spend the Summer in Beautiful East Orange; Oiled Streets, Shady Lawns, Sunshine, and Flowers; finest water in or around New York; cool, fragrant, and delightful; good service and excellent cuisine; two people in suite of parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with board, $25 per week; take Lackawanna at Hoboken; hotel one block from East Orange Station. Write for booklet.
W. T. Reade, Proprietor.

Pennsylvania.

Towanda, Pa.—Woodleigh and Bungalows.—Enlarged and renovated; attractive surroundings in beautiful country; refined home for vacation or rest. Excellent table. Owner trained nurse. Fishing, automobiles, horses; double rooms, $16 and $18; single, $9; large rooms, one person, $12 to $25. Booklet. Address Miss ELIZABETH LAMB.

Connecticut.

AMONG the Blue Hills of Connecticut; high elevation; own farm products. For particulars, Cedar Rest Farms, Tolland, Conn.

OLD HOMESTEAD DAIRY FARM, Moodus, Conn.—Healthy location; hills, valleys; shady lawn; tennis, fruits, and vegetables.

Virginia.

COME TO VIRGINIA BEACH; right on the ocean; best board $5 per day. J. H. Chandler, New Casino, Virginia.

Country Board Wanted

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

PART of furnished cottage wanted; full board for three adults, one baby; preferably no other boarders; Avon, Belmar, Bradley Beach; near ocean desired; refined, simple home. A. A., Times Harlem.

Board for small American Jewish family; commuting distance. Gold, 600 W. 144th.

Summer Homes

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

To Let—Furnished.

SEA GATE, AT ABOUT ONE-HALF THE USUAL RENTAL.
A well furnished house of 10 rooms and 3 baths in the coolest location in the country; all rooms facing south and overlooking the ocean; all modern improvements; private hotel service if desired; reached by private boat in 45 minutes from Battery. W. S. Sinclair, 140 Liberty St., N. Y. Phone 3172 Rector.

CAPE COD AND NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Have 3 houses left, furnished, border on water; garage; 5 to 9 rooms; $125-$250 to Nov. 1.
A. T. PARKER, EAST ORLEANS, MASS.

Camden, on the coast of Maine; fully furnished; attractive cottage on Dillingham Point, near the water; moderate rent. E. L. Dillingham, 599 5th Av.

Spring Lake Beach, N. J.—Furnished cottage, 21 rooms, 3 baths; garage; tennis, surf bathing; $600 season, (half price.) Phone Circle 1810.

Only one left, bungalow, seven rooms and bath; private park; four minutes to Oakland Beach. C. E. Richards. Tel. 569 Rye.

12-room furnished house, Middlebury, Vt. Apply J. A. Cadwell, Florence, Vt.

Furnished Houses Wanted

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Small bungalow wanted, close to surf, bathing, boating; distance from New York immaterial. 2753 Webster Av.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—A wide trough of moderate depression extends from Texas northeastward through the lake region and the St. Lawrence Valley, and thunder showers occurred quite generally to the eastward of this area, making the seventh consecutive day of moderate to heavy rainfall over the Southern States.

There were also local thunder showers in the north upper lake region, South Dakota, Nebraska, Colorado, and New Mexico. Elsewhere the weather was fair.

High temperatures prevail throughout the country, except in the South Atlantic and East Gulf States, the Central Rocky Mountain region, and along the immediate Pacific Coast, the maximum temperatures ranging from 90 to 98 degrees over central and northern districts, and still higher in the Southwest and extreme West.

Unsettled, showery weather will probably continue Wednesday and Thursday in the Southern States, but elsewhere east of the Mississippi River the weather will be generally fair Wednesday and Thursday. Temperatures will continue high over northern districts for several days, and will probably rise in the South by Thursday.

Winds for Wednesday and Thursday along the North and Middle Atlantic Coasts will be moderate south with fair weather; South Atlantic Coast, moderate south, except east and southeast of the Florida coast, fair weather.

FORECASTS—TODAY AND THURSDAY.

New York, New Jersey, New England, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Generally fair Wednesday and probably Thursday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1915.	1916.		1915.	1916.
3 A. M.	65	69	4 P. M.	74	85
6 A. M.	66	69	6 P. M.	70	85
9 A. M.	73	71	9 P. M.	68	85
12 M.	79	82	11 P. M.	66	78

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 77; for the corresponding date last year it was 72; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 73.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 70; at 8 P. M. it was 82. Maximum temperature, 85 degrees at 4:30 P. M.; minimum, 69 degrees at 12:30 A. M. Humidity, 98 per cent. at 8 A. M., 69 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.07 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.99 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.
12:55—743 3 Av.; Stephen Miller......Slight
2:50—740 B'way; Levine Bros....Not given
10:10—100 Cathedral P'kway; not given. Slight
Slight

P. M.
12:01—74 Allen St.; Leon Kalle........Slight
4:10—518 W. 145 St.; Samuel Silver.....Slight
5:05—567 W. 26 St.; Gaston & Williams..
Not given
6:05—7 Av. & 23d St., (subway;) U. S. Realty Co. ....Not given
8:20—11 Av. & 17 St., s. e. cor., (rubbish) ....Slight
9:10—902 Freeman St.; R. Simlowitz...$25
11:15—624 W. 182 St., (awning;) not given.
Slight
11:45—1,490 1 Av.; J. Littman.........Slight
11:55—216 E. Houston St.; Rose Harper..
Slight

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Temporary assignments for 30 days from 4 P. M. July 12: From 172d to prects. indicated: Patrol. U. E. Boetig, 153; P. J. Dunne, 153; J. P. Fitzgerald, 153; W. E. Gramer, 153; C. Hannemann, 153; L. P. Langler, 174; E. Murray, 174; M. McGarry, 174; C. J. Nagel, 174; W. C. O'Connor, 174; C. A. Sheehan, 167; D. J. Sheehan, 167; J. P. Shea, 167; D. Undermark, 167; F. White, 167. From prects. indicated to 172d: A. C. Ackerly, Jr., 153; L. Hennessy, 153; W. R. Leach, Jr., 153; J. H. Maziglia, 153; A. S. Rhodes, 153; J. W. Fink, 167; E. Regelman, 167; C. J. Cavanagh, 167; J. E. Ghier, 167; J. E. Donohue, 167; H. C. Grossarth, 174; F. Johnson, 174; C. Dowman, 174; M. McKeon, 174; William F. Denice, 174; J. T. Lawlor, 26, and H. V. Vroom, 31, to 274, motor cycle duty, 30 days, 8 A. M. July 13.

To Training School from commands indicated, 11 days, from 8 A. M., July 13: (to report at 68.)

Sergts. W. F. Shea, 18; J. D. Cahill, 68; Patrol. H. Fleischmann, 13; W. B. O'Keefe, 25; A. J. Lehman, 42; W. F. Menke, 68; G. J. Merz, 1st Dist.; G. W. Ruppert, 16; E. Bransfield, 36; E. T. V. Fitzgerald, 42; L. Schubert, 79.

Assignment discontinued: Patrol. H. Bickelhaupt, 65, to 2. (temp.,) 8 A. M., July 12.

Leaves of absence, without pay: Patrol. A. Joseph, 1, 1 day, 12 midnight, July 15; M. Benedetto, 25, 1 day, 8 A. M., July 17; H. J. Sager, 158, 1 day, 4 P. M., July 16; J. Patterson, 159, 2 days, 8 A. M., July 14.

Sick leave: Patrol. H. J. Rice, 63, 90 days, 8 A. M., July 12.

Full pay while on sick report: Patrol. D. J. McNichol, 5, 2:20 P. M., June 14, to noon, June 28.

Dismissed: Patrol. H. A. Flood, 150, (intoxication and violation of the rules.)

Fire Department.

Death: 1st gr. G. E. Pfaunkuch, H. & L. 136, at about 4 P. M., July 9. Funeral from his late residence, 196 Fisk Av., Maspeth, Borough of Queens, at 2 P. M. today. Interment at Mount Olivet Cemetery. Members of H. & L. 136 will act as funeral escort and pallbearers.

Temporary detail, while on sick report, at 9 A. M., July 12: Fire. 1st gr. L. Marsullo, Eng. 3, to the Bur. of Fire Prev.

Special leaves: Eng. of Steamer H. J. Eckes, Eng. 293, 24 hours, 8 A. M., July 12.

Fire. 1st gr. C. A. Wilson, H. & L. 147, 12 hours, 8 A. M., July 12.

Fire. 1st gr. W. P. Geyer, Eng. 31, 12 hours, 8 A. M., July 12.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The following promotion lists are announced:

To Clerk, Third Grade.—Bureau of Public Buildings and Offices, Queens: J. J. McNally, 78.90; William J. McCloskey, 77.65.

To Clerk, Fourth Grade.—Police Department: R. A. Gay, 77.73. General administration offices, Richmond: George F. Callahan, 85.69; J. P. McNamara, 81.65; Hugh Fay, 80.24. Bureau of Street Cleaning, Richmond: John W. Johnson, 76.75. Street Cleaning Department, Manhattan and the Bronx: F. J. Morrissey, 84.60; J. A. Denn, 83.95; John B. Rooney, 81.65; C. S. Murphy, 81.40; F. J. Norton, 79.10; James Bowen, 78.55; J. J. O'Connor, 78.50.

United States.

The commission announces for Aug. 1 an examination for miller, for men only, to fill a vacancy at $900 a year in the Indian Service, Pima Agency, Arizona. Competitors will not be assembled for examination, but will be rated on physical ability, training, and experience. The grist mill at Pima Agency is of twenty-five-barrel capacity. The equipment consists of two double roller mills, one improved plain sifter, bolting system, one receiving separator, one combined separator, and scourer for double cleaning. Applicants must show that they have had at least two years' responsible experience as millers. Applicants must have reached their twentieth but not their fiftieth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

ARMSTRONG, WILLIAM H. H., (Feb. 24;) net estate, $44,743; Anna L. widow, $25,000, and $5,000 each to the Trustees of the First Presbyterian Church of Newburg, the Y. W. C. A., and Y. M. C. A. of the same city, and the Cremorne Mission. Assets: Bank, $36,278; mortgages, $3,067; stocks and bonds, $7,869, including 15 shs. of the Nat. Bank of Newburg, $2,175; 85 shs. Quassaick Nat. Bank of Newburg, $2,210, and 10 shs. Columbus Trust Co. of Newburg, $1,700.

HAHN, Mrs. VIOLA, (Sept. 5, 1914;) net estate, $33,582; Alfred, husband, sole beneficiary. Assets: 58 W. 3d St., mortgaged for $15,000, and equity of $1,000 in vacant land at 106 E. 130th St., appraised at $3,000; bank, $1,519; mortgages, $33,940.

LEASK, Mrs. MAY, (March 16, 1916;) net estate, $656,521; Bessie Perkins Sherwood, niece, received jewelry valued at $10,860 and a life interest in $100,000; George Leask, husband, the residuary; Garrison Perkins Sherwood, grandnephew, received life interest in $75,000; Fannie R. Perkins, cousin, jewelry worth $1,175 and a life estate in $15,000; Cora B. Hood, cousin, jewelry worth $1,700 and a life interest in $25,000; the Metropolitan Museum of Art received old Stafford historical plates valued at $318; various Presbyterian Boards of Charity and Missions received trust funds totaling $25,000; Pasadena Hospital of Pasadena, Cal., $10,000; the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, $75,000, and remainder in trust fund of $25,000; the Northfield schools of East Northfield, Mass., remainder in trust fund of $50,000. Assets: Bank of George Leask & Co., $12,489; personalty, $15,371, and stocks and bonds, $652,499; largest holdings of stock were 465 shs. Standard Oil of N. J., $104,600; 465 shs. Pullman Co., $75,795; 390 shs. Gen. Elec., $66,251; 60 shs. Standard Oil Co. of Ind., $32,880; 150 shs. Standard Oil Co. of N. Y., $31,950; 200 shs. Con. Gas Co. of N. Y., $27,300; 114 shs. Ohio Oil Co., $27,132; no realty.

MILLAR, JULIA A., (April 8, 1914;) six days after the death of her husband, George W. Millar, from whom she inherited an estate of $242,241, and which now passes to many relatives and employes of Mr. Millar; net estate, $300,553; Mary E. Grover, niece, received $24,907; Ellen S. Brown, sister; Grace Gren, niece, and Grace I. Grover and Julia W. Maillefort, grandnieces, $16,615 each; forty of the former employes of Mr. Millar received from $16,605 to $1,500 each. Assets: Numerous holdings of mortgaged realty, $65,600; bank, $443; jewelry, $1,686; stocks and bonds, $2,000, and interest of $242,241 in estate of her husband.

WOLFE, Mrs. GEORGETTE EMELINE, (Feb. 18, 1912,) a resident of St. Louis, Mo.; property taxable in this State, $18,000, consisting of a one-sixth interest in 281 Church St., $8,000, and a one-sixth interest in 56 Leonard St., $10,000.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Following 1st Lts. of M. R. C. to active duty at Brownsville, Texas, and by letter to Commanding General, Southern Dept.: C. R. Bayers and H. K. Loew.

Resignation of 1st Lt. F. B. Hall, M. R. C., accepted.

Following are detailed as members of the General Staff Corps: Coast Artillery Corps—Col. G. T. Bartlett, Lt. Col. F. W. Coe, and Major G. A. Nugent. Infantry—Major J. W. McAndrew, 14th, and Capts. O. Edwards, 5th, and B. H. Wells, 29th. Cavalry—Capt. W. C. Babcock.

Resignation of 1st Lt. F. S. Baird, M. R. C., accepted.

Capt. R. S. A. Dougherty, Corps of Engineers, to New York City on business pertaining to purchase of engineer equipment, then to his station.

Major F. Tompkins, Cav., is assigned to temporary duty with 1st Squadron, Vermont Cav., now at Ft. Ethan Allen, Vt.

Resignation of 1st Lt. L. F. Bleaseby, M. R. C., accepted.

Resignation of 1st Lt. W. M. Edwards, M. R. C., accepted.

2d Lt. L. F. J. Zerbee, C. A. C., from treatment at Walter Reed Hospital to his station upon completion of examination for promotion.

Following 1st Lts. of the Signal Corps, having become entitled to promotion, are relieved from detail in that corps: H. C. Tatum, O. Place, C. H. Mason, and K. B. Edmunds.

Majors B. T. Simmons and F. R. Brown, (Capts. of Inf.) are relieved from duty as Majors of the Porto Rico Regiment of Inf., and will proceed to the United States, and upon arrival report by telegraph to the Adjutant General of the Army for further orders.

Orders of July 7, retiring Capt. J. Bugge, 21st Inf., from active service, are revoked.

Orders of Jan. 12 relating to following Capts. of the Corps of Engineers revoked: U. S. Grant, 3d, R. C. Moore, Q. S. Ridley, J. J. Bain, J. A. O'Connor, and C. L. Hall.

1st Lt. G. E. Stallman, now at Letterman Hospital, the Presidio of San Francisco, is assigned to temporary duty at that hospital until he is able to return to his station.

Capt. E. B. Vedder, M. C., is detailed a member of the board of the M. C. appointed July 3 to determine the result of the preliminary examinations of applicants and the final examination of candidates for admission to the Medical Corps.

Col. C. T. Truse, Q. M. C., will proceed to Philadelphia, Penn., on business pertaining to the Q. M. C., then to his station.

Maj. J. Hagood, C. A. C., is relieved from duty as Commanding Officer, Coast Defenses of San Diego, and will report to the Commanding Officer, South Atlantic Coast Artillery District, for duty on his staff as Material Officer.

Orders of July 3 are so amended to direct 1st Lt. E. N. Coffey, retired, upon arrival at Ft. George Wright, Washington, to report to the Commanding Officer there for duty as Quartermaster, relieving Capt. M. E. Saville, Q. M. C., who will proceed to Ft. Sam Houston, Texas, for temporary duty, retaining station at Ft. George Wright.

Capt. W. H. Raymond, C. A. C., is relieved from present assignment at Coast Defenses of Charleston, and will report to the Commanding Officer Coast Defenses of Portland for duty.

Portland for duty.

1st Lt. C. E Ide, C. A. C., from assignment in Coast Defenses of Chesapeake Bay and from duty at Coast Artillery School, Ft. Monroe, Va., effective about Aug. 1.

Resignation of 1st Lt. A. E. Catherwood, M. R. C., accepted.

Capt. N. J. Shelton, retired, is assigned to active duty as an Acting Quartermaster. He will report in person to the Depot Quartermaster, New York City, for duty as his assistant.

Orders of July 3 relating to 1st Lts. W. E. Lower and A. P. Reed, M. R. C., revoked.

Orders of July 3 relating to 1st Lt. L. D. Booth, C. A. C., revoked.

Capt. R. E. Herring, C. A. C., to Ft. Sam Houston, Texas, for duty as Staff Commissary, 5th Provisional Regiment, C. A. C.

Following officers will report to Col. C. G. Treat, F. A., President of an examining board at Washington, D. C., for examination to determine their fitness for transfer to the Field Artillery: Major A. Moses, C. A. C.; Capts. H. Tupes, Inf.; G. V. S. Quackenbush, 17th Inf.; G. V. H. Moseley, cav.; C. D. Herron, 10th Inf.; F. W. Clark and M. S. Battle, C. A. C., and F. E. Bamford, 28th Inf.; 1st Lts. C. R. Wilson, M. Murray, and D. M. Ashbridge, C. A. C.; C. T. Smart, Inf., and W. A. Pendleton, Ord. Dept., (2d Lt. C. A. C.;) 2d Lts. L. F. J. Zerbee, F. T. Armstrong, E. Villaret, I. B. Summers, Jr., W. W. Hess, Jr., H. R. Corbin, and W. P. Cherrington, all of C. A. C., and C. A. Baehr and A. C. Sandford, both of 22d Inf. Upon completion of the examination they will return to their stations or to the place of receipt of this order.

Leaves: Capt. J. C. McArthur, 16th Inf., 15 days, and 2d Lt. L. F. J. Zerbee, C. A. C., 3 days.

Navy.

Following officers are commissioned: Jr. Gr. Lts. A. von S. Pickhardt, J. C. Jones, H. H. Little, and H. W. Hibbs, and following Ensigns: G. F. Martin, C. Craig, K. McGinnis, B. R. Alexander, C. Young, A. W. Radford, R. B. Carney, J. A. Vincent, B. F. Jenkins, C. E. Evans, C. H. Hilton, C. B. Craven, R. R. Claghorn, J. K. Davis, J. M. Bloom, M. O. Carlson, J. P. Compton, R. E. Webb, C. T. Gilliam, E. E. Cochrane, E. S. Earnhardt, and G. D. Price.

Surgeons C. D. Langhorne, the Oklahoma, to two months' leave, and M. K. Johnson, the Montana, to the Oklahoma.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived: Castine at Sanchez, Caesar at Sewalls Point, Hannibal at Tompkinsville, and the Truxtun at La Paz.

Sailed—From Newport for manoeuvres: Arkansas, Aylwin, Balch, Baltimore, Benham, Birmingham, Cassin, Conyngham, Cummings, Cushing, Cyclops, Delaware, Dubuque, Ericsson, Fanning, Florida, Jacob Jones, Jenkins, Kansas, McCall, McDougal, Melville, Michigan, Minnesota, Nevada, New Hampshire, New York, O'Brien, Ontario, Patapsco, Patuxent, Porter, Sonoma, South Carolina, Texas, Tucker, Vermont, Utah, Vestal, Wadsworth, Winslow, Wyoming, and the Yankton; Hector, Newport News for Guantanamo via Port Royal; Iroquois, San Diego for Mare Island; Jason, Mazatlan for La Paz; Neptune, Bahia De Clara for San Domingo City; Nero, San Diego for Mexican waters, and the Ozark, New London for Boston.

St. Louis has been detached from duty with the Reserve Force, Pacific Fleet, and assigned to duty as tender to Division 3, Submarine Force, Pacific Fleet, and to additional duty as station ship at Pearl Harbor. She will leave Puget Sound for Pearl Harbor about July 15.

The Nashville was placed in full commission at New Orleans, July 8.

EDUCATION NOTES.

James C. Byrnes of the Board of Examiners, whose present term of office will expire on Sept. 27, 1916, will probably be appointed at today's meeting of the Board of Education to succeed himself.

State Commissioner of Education Finley has denied the Board of Education's motion to set aside the decision in favor of Carolyn W. Griswold, mother teacher, who was dismissed from the service.

The name of Amanda Stracker will be removed from the list of retired teachers, as she has been appointed a teacher in P. S. 172, Manhattan, to take effect Sept. 8.

The Harlem Evening High School for men and the Brooklyn Evening High School for men will be opened from Sept. 5 to 8 for registrations. Sessions will be held in them on every day that the day high schools are in session from Sept. 11 to Dec. 22.

The Executive Committee for the ensuing school year will be appointed today.

The Board of Superintendents has recommended that a school site be rented, with the privilege of purchase, north of Broadway, in the vicinity of Twenty-ninth Street, Flushing, and that a four-room portable building be erected on it.

Leaves of absence, with part pay, have been granted to forty-nine teachers who are eligible for retirement.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BAIN, Mrs. GERTRUDE MILLER, (June 22.) No value given. Principal beneficiary is the decedent's daughter, Beatrice M. Gantz, who receives the property at 101 E. 94 St. and realty in Montecito, Cal., all of the jewelry and automobiles and other personal effects, and two-thirds of the residue. The other third goes to the decedent's son, Erastus T. Tefft, 324 W. 82 St. The will explained that the testatrix held her son in equal affection with her daughter, but reduced his inheritance because he had received much property from her during her life. The husband of the decedent, Ferdinand R. Bain, receives $20,000.

To Let for Business

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

IDEAL SITE
FOR MANUFACTURING CONCERN.
Switch on main line railroad, 20 miles from New York City. Every inducement. Apply O. W. Messimer, 101 Park Av.

Completely furnished corner office with stenographer and telephone, Broadway, opposite City Hall, to sublet part or entire balance of lease; references required. E 846 Times Downtown.

FIREPROOF, 12-14 WEST 18TH ST.
Loft—About 2,400 Sq. Ft.
2 Elevators. Low Rent.
WILLIAM F. FUERST, INC.,
87 Nassau St. Tel. Cortlandt 1683.

52D ST., s w cor. SEVENTH AVENUE, corner store and basement, $75. Apply to SUPT., or to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, Real Estate, 46 Cedar Street. Tel. John 5700.

LEXINGTON AV., 985, n e cor. 71st St., BASEMENT, $20. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, Real Estate, 46 CEDAR ST. Telephone JOHN 5700.

Large, light loft for rent reasonable. 15 East 17th St.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Fifty cents an agate line.

Patents secured, trade-marks registered; protect your ideas; ask Washington office for free books and list of inventions wanted; advice free. Richard B. Owen, 165 Owen Bldg., Washington, D. C. New York office, Woolworth Bldg. Phone Barclay 7394.

WANTED.—Roots of dried chicory; buyers of large quantities; credit accounts. Vilain Freres, Bourbourg, (Nord,) France.

MILLINERY AND SHOE FLOORS.
Bridgeport busy women's wear store, catering to better class trade, desires to sub-rent their millinery department, also another floor suitable for shoe department; great opportunity for right party. P 155 Times.

Completely furnished corner office with stenographer and telephone, Broadway, opposite City Hall, to sublet part or entire balance of lease; references required. E 846 Times Downtown.

I want to finance manufacturer and market useful home article—that retails for 5 or 10 cents preferred; no medicine considered. P 174 Times.

$5,000 to $20,000 to invest in manufacturing metal goods; I am experienced; right party with paying line only will be considered. P 170 Times.

Best general store on Long Island; old-established money maker; an unusual opportunity. Y 369 Times Annex.

Treasurer wanted in enlarging manufacturing business; Bradstreet's references; investment required. Z 215 Times Annex.

MECHANICAL OR CIVIL ENGINEER. Official position appraisal engineering corporation; high-class clientage secured; moderate salary; investment $2,000 or more; protected by agreement; references exchanged. Address F 207 Times Downtown.

Old established large importers of food products desire to increase their business by adding kindred lines; ample capital and unequalled facilities; good opportunity for men knowing how to get business. Importers, F 209 Times Downtown.

For Sale.—Coal and ice business, (waterfront;) clears $7,000 a year; requires $10,000. Z 246 Times Annex.

Will invest $2,000-$3,000 with services, established business; state particulars. P 77 Times.

Restaurant privilege, with furnishings, to let; apply evenings after 7. 727 7th Av.

Public Notices

Fifty cents an agate line.

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME, GREETING.

Please take notice that JOSEPH FIELL of the City, County, and State of New York has been appointed and commissioned by the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania as a Foreign Commissioner of Deeds for the State of Pennsylvania in New York, to have his office in the City of New York.
Dated New York City, July 12th, 1916.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING SEVERED connection with the PHOTO-CHROME CO. of 215 10th Ave., will not be held responsible for any debts incurred by my past partner, OSCAR FOSTER. GREGORY DOBKIN.

FURNISHED ROOMS

Thirty cents an agate line.

East Side.

11TH ST. & B'way, (Estate of Renwick.) ST. DENIS Hotel, Facing Grace Church. REVISED RATES, $4, $5, $6 Weekly and Up. Monthly rates to Teachers and Students.

40TH, 5 EAST—275 MADISON AVE. Elegant double, single rooms, private baths, electricity; $3, $4, $7, $10 weekly. Phone.

43D, 16 EAST.—Cool, comfortable, completely furnished room, with, without bath; references.

86TH, 153 EAST.—Y. M. C. A. rooms, $2 up; home cooking; reasonable.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th St.)—Large, small, furnished, unfurnished rooms, baths; with bath or running water; music allowed to be taught in rooms.

West Side.

22D, 427 WEST.—Comfortable large, cool room; hot water; well-kept house; references.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath; high-class references; electricity.

46TH, 19 WEST.—Two rooms; bath; near 5th Av.; $48.

48TH, 10 WEST.—607 FIFTH AVE. Handsomely furnished suites; single, double rooms, private baths, electricity, telephone; $5-$15 weekly, or $20 to $60 monthly.

48TH, 32 WEST. — Large, attractive room, private bath, 3d floor, front; every requisite.

49TH, 50 WEST.—Furnished room; distinctive home; running water; private bath.

57TH, 260 WEST.—Elegant rooms, large, small, cool; elevator; Summer rates. Sewell.

58TH, 17 WEST.—Cheerful room; suitable studio, living; electricity; every convenience. Plaza—3655.

58TH, 21 WEST.—Large, airy room; running water; suitable for two; $8.

69TH, 116 WEST. — Beautiful, cool rooms, suite, private bath, Summer rates; telephone.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive rooms for gentlemen; must see to appreciate; telephone; references.

70TH, 200 WEST, (Broadway.)—Charming, cool single room, $5; modern apartment. Vane.

70TH, 284 WEST.—Bachelor accommodations, $5 up; suite, bath connecting. Columbus 806.

71ST, 218 WEST.—Nicely furnished, airy rooms; electric light; parquet floor.

73D, 302 WEST.—Large and small rooms; board optional; near Riverside Drive.

73D, 269 WEST.—Cool, spacious front room; medium room; bath; $7, $4.

74TH, 134 WEST.—Private family; large and small room; high class; references.

75TH, 46 WEST.—Airy, clean rooms; also front basement, conveniences; $4-$9.

75TH, 3 WEST, (near Park.)—Front parlor, with bedroom, $8; single rooms, $4.

76TH, 240 WEST.—Attractive rooms; board optional; references.

76TH, 171 WEST.—Attractive, homelike rooms, with or without private baths; electricity; references.

West Side.

77TH, 102 WEST.
Attractive, cool rooms; all conveniences.

78TH, 142 WEST.—Large and small rooms; telephone; reception room; $2.50 to $10.

80TH, 305 WEST (SCHUYLER 3917). Attractive room, adjoining bath; apartment; bachelor.

81ST, 265 WEST.—Large, cool suite or single room; apartment; shower. Pearson.

82D, 115 WEST. — Attractively furnished large front room; southern exposure; all conveniences.

84TH, 29 WEST.—Attractive, cool room; refined, quiet apartment; references; $3.50. Ochs.

86TH, (340 West End Av.)—Large and small rooms; $5, $7; gentlemen only.

92D, 46 WEST.—Scrupulously clean, large, small rooms; convenient to baths; private house.

93D, 255 WEST, (Broadway.) — Desirable rooms, second floor, private house, reasonable; telephone.

94TH, 319 WEST. — Comfortable, light, airy room; elevator; refined family. Apartment 20.

97TH, 145 WEST.—Private house, well furnished front room, bath, telephone, $6.

99TH ST., WEST.
Attractively furnished room, adjoining bath, for gentleman with refined couple in high-class elevator apartment near Riverside Drive; breakfast optional; references exchanged. P 165 Times.

112TH, 504 WEST.—Large, attractive, cool front room. Apt. 4 east.

114TH, 611 WEST.—Large front room; running water; 2 baths; private family. 2896 Morningside.

122D, 137 WEST.—Two desirable single rooms; water; clean, private house; subway.

130TH, 156 WEST.—Large front room; spacious closets; gentleman; $3; American family; references.

143D, 501 WEST.—Large front room, with, without exclusive use kitchen. Apt. 27.

144TH, 600 WEST.—Well ventilated; Hudson view; $7; convenient location; elevator. 4B.

144TH, (668 Riverside Drive.)—Large, airy room; running water; private family; gentlemen. Apartment 25.

ATTRACTIVE, cool, clean rooms; exclusive house; parlor guests use. 56 W. 84.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 400.—One or two men share my five-room apartment; small expense. Brooks, phone 4043 Morningside.

Rooms Wanted

Thirty cents an agate line.

Furnished.

DOUBLE ROOM or two together wanted with private family for Spanish young men; west side, between 125th and 140th Sts. Address Gomez, 504 West 139th St.

GENTLEMAN desires room with bath, also breakfast, with refined private family; no other roomers; near 86th West. P 162 Times.

HELP WANTED, FEMALE

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

ASSISTANT MANAGER CLOAK DEPARTMENT by high-class 5th Av. establishment; woman assistant to manager of cloak department; must be thoroughly experienced; write, stating experience, salary expected, references; all communications treated confidentially. Address E. X., 42 Times.

A STENOGRAPHER WITH EDUCATION and ability; neat in appearance and work. Address in writing, stating qualifications, experience, faith, salary, G. N. A., 737 Times, N. Y.

BILLERS, L. C. Smith or Royal machine; must be good writer, neat and accurate; hours, 8:15 till 5:30; want two permanent and one temporary biller. Apply 9 A. M. Wednesday, L. Barth & Son, 34 Cooper Square.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced, double entry; must have highest personal references; salary no object to right party; answer in own handwriting. A 6 Times.

BOOKKEEPER with advertising agency experience; salary, $80 per month; only those with agency experience need apply. A 110 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—One who has kept a full set of books for a small concern preferred. Apply after 8:45 A. M., Moe Levy & Son, 119 Walker St.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Salary, $10; experienced only need apply. Samuel Hammer, 24 East 28th St.

CASHIER and Bookkeeper's Assistant.—Young lady, over 16, in retail ladies' specialty shop; some experience at office work necessary; $9 per week to start; write, stating experience, references, age, school, and also church you attend. Address Box P 142 Times.

DESIGNER. — MISSES' DRESSES; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ONE WITH TALENT AND ABILITY; INTERVIEWS CONFIDENTIAL. FLORSHEIMER CO., ROOM 1010, 2 WEST 33D ST.

DESIGNER and manufacturer for general line of muslin underwear; opportunity for hustler; salary and commission. P 125 Times.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF
COMPLAINT TRACERS.
DEPARTMENT STORE EXPERIENCE
ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL.
Apply Employment Office, Fifth Floor, 32d St. Side.

GIRL, about 16, to assist in typewriting and filing. Apply Goldsmith, Stern & Co., 33 Gold St.

MODEL.—Attractive young, tall girl; size 36. Apply between 9:30 and 10 A. M. Wednesday, J. & M. Yellin, 136 West 21st.

MODEL.—TRY ON DRESSES, SIZES 16 AND 36. STANDARD MAIL ORDER CO., 425 WEST 55TH.

MODEL wanted for skirt house; must be 27 waist, 39½ hip. Apply Lesser, Roggen Co., 7 West 30th St.

MODEL.—Experienced coat model; size 36. Room 712, 1,270 Broadway.

NURSE.—An experienced infant's nurse wanted immediately; reference. Mrs. Hirsch, 312 West 93d St.

RETAIL SALESLADY wanted, experienced; accustomed to exclusive trade. Apply Porto Rico Store, 402 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Only experienced one need apply; must also be able to take care of files; position permanent if satisfactory. Apply, 9 A. M., American Import Company, 220 4th Av.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; American; must be rapid, accurate, and willing to work; those unable to take hard test need not apply; broker's office; $15 per week. See Mr. Prill, Room 207, 44 Broad St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Permanent position, automobile concern; must be competent; salary, $12 start; advancement. Willys Overland, 150th St. and Gerard Av. Take Bronx Subway, Mott Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady, with at least two years' experience; good knowledge of English; Underwood machine; advancement. A 3 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER. — Must have experience on electric light billing; give references and salary expected. A 5 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced in steel company; state age, experience, and salary desired. Z 239 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced in legal and bankruptcy work; state age, salary, and experience. H 264 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST. — Neat, adaptable. Apply 111 Broadway, Room 605, between 11 and 12 and 2 and 3.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER for small camp for Jewish girls in Catskills; wages, $40. Apply 137 East 22d St., Room 416, Wednesday, 10 to 12; references required.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted for clerical work; moderate salary; high school graduate preferred; state age, education, and salary expected. Z 245 Times Annex.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

NO REGISTRATION FEE.
STENOGRAPHERS (American) for permanent positions as follows:
Spanish-English Stenographer to go to South America, $1,200-$1,500 annually.
Spanish-English Stenographer for Film Company, $25.
Three Spanish-English Stenographers, $15, $18, $20.
Several Openings for Law Stenographers, $12, $15, $18.
Stenographer and Bookkeeper, $18-$20.
TEN Openings for substitutes, 2 weeks to 2 months, legal and commercial, $15-$20.
TWENTY Openings, short hours, ranging from $12 to $16.
MANY Openings for Typists, Elliott Fisher and Dictaphone Operators.
Interview accorded applicants
Mondays, Wednesday, and Fridays,
5 P. M. to 7 P. M.
AMERICAN COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE
and SPANISH AMERICAN AGENCY.
E. Speiser, Prop., 37 Liberty St.

DICTOPHONE OPERATOR downtown banking house, $18.
STENOGRAPHER, want well-educated girl with good experience; $65 month.
BOOKKEEPER, must be thoroughly experienced Double Entry, $18.
TYPIST, rapid, accurate operator, $12.
BILL CLERK able to use Underwood machine, rapid, accurate figurer, $15.
Call between 9 and 1.
NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 Church St., City.

STENOGRAPHERS, (2;) refined Americans; downtown positions; good advancement.
STENOGRAPHER and assistant bookkeeper; $15.
BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, and order clerk; $12-$15. Stenographers, beginners; $7-$8.
STENOGRAPHER and telephone operator, Bronx; $7.
TYPISTS, (2;) $8.
Call early, Clark Agency, 5 Beekman St., Room 523.

STENOGRAPHER, legal, $20; others, $15; bookkeepers, $12-$15. Brody Agency, 239 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, clerical workers, numerous positions unfilled. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th St.

STENOGRAPHERS, one legal; easy hours; register free. F. X. Goggin Agency, 200 Broadway.

GOOD PAY COMPETENT STENOGRAPHER; also Typists and Dictaphone Stenos. Credential Agency, 253 Broadway.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

A.—THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 542 Fifth Av., 45th St.—Pre-eminently the most successful training institution of its kind in the country; prepares a limited number for social, professional, and commercial secretaries; excellent positions. Day and evening courses. Apply for catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., (Lon.,) director.

A.—A.—A.—A.—SPECIAL COURSE FOR TRAINING PRIVATE SECRETARIES at an institution known throughout the country for thorough work; registered by the Regents of the State of New York; individual instruction; Summer session.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.

COMPLETE SECRETARIAL COURSE; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists, day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1858,) Broadway at 72d St.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' course; individual instruction; students on probation; graduates registered. Summer term. Aeolian Hall, 35 W. 42d St. V. M. WHEAT, Director.

$10
This week ONLY pays for Summer Course in STENOGRAPHY, TYPEWRITING TELEGRAPHY; day or night; positions secured. Est. 1884.
GAFFEY'S SCHOOL, 11 West 34th St.

HELP WANTED, MALE

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

ADVERTISING MANAGER wanted for new monthly magazine of national circulation, with news stand sale; commission, with drawing account; must be thoroughly experienced, not over 40 years of age, and an able executive; only man capable of earning $5,000 or more a year need apply; write at once, giving full details of past experience, present position, and references. Address A 8 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER wanted in downtown bank; a young man about 22 years old as assistant bookkeeper; must come well recommended and write a good hand. Apply E 369 Times Downtown.

BANK CLERKS.—Young men, 18 to 20 years, with or without experience; state salary expected. F 201 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young settled man (20 to 25) to take charge of department books; must have good experience, level head, and capable of accepting responsibility. Reply in own handwriting, stating age, experience, and references; no others considered; salary to start, $18 to $20. Z 247 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, 18-20 years; must operate typewriter; salary to start $12; state experience, references. H 260 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—TWO, ONE FOR SHIPPING DEPARTMENT, one for OFFICE and ERRANDS. Write, giving references and experience, if any. Write B., 200 East 23d St.

BOY to learn commercial designing. Irving Press, 121 East 31st St.

BRONZE FEEDERS wanted. Apply Sackett & Wilhelm, Grand St. and Morgan Av., Brooklyn.

BUYERS.

Competent buyers wanted for the following departments of a large establishment:
SKIRTS.
SUITS.
WAISTS.
MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.
PIECE GOODS AND NOTIONS.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS AND FURNITURE.
Must be thorougly experienced; write, giving business history, &c., A 77 Times.

BUYER.—YOUNG, AGGRESSIVE HOSIERY AND GLOVE BUYER, SOME ONE WHO KNOWS FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC MARKETS IN GLOVES, AND WHO HAS SUCCESSFULLY MERCHANDISED THESE DEPARTMENTS; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS IN FIRST LETTER. A 109 TIMES.

CHAUFFEUR wanted; single, city and country; best references required. G. C. Parvis, Packard, 1,861 Broadway.

CHEMIST wanted, to act as laboratory assistant, with some experience in analytical work, in testing of soaps, oils, and tanning liquors; good opportunity; apply personally. Bulls Ferry Chemical Company, Shady Side, Edgewater, N. J.

CLERK.—Christian firm wants young man as clerk in a long-established downtown real estate office. E 363 Times Downtown.

DESIGNER and manufacturer for general line of muslin underwear; opportunity for hustler; salary and commission. P 124 Times.

EXPERIENCED TOWERMEN and TELEGRAPH OPERATORS wanted for station work on N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Apply W. H. Foster, 132d St. and Willis Av., Bronx.

EXPERT MECHANIC; MUST HAVE GOOD REFERENCES; GOOD DRIVER AS WELL. CALL BETWEEN 9 AND 12, FLATBUSH 9600, APT. 2A, BROOKLYN. ONLY A GOOD MAN WANTED.

EXPERT ACCOUNTANT.—Man thoroughly familiar with textiles to go over books of company, ascertain costs, and introduce systems; permanent position if satisfactory. Glens Falls. H 262 Times Downtown.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF
EXPERIENCED AUTOMOBILE
MECHANICS, ALSO WASHERS.
Apply 513 West 24th St.

GOOD DIE SINKER AND GENERAL ENGRAVER WANTED; GOOD ON EMBOSSING DIES AND FLAT PLATE WORK. Z 248 TIMES ANNEX.

LITHOGRAPH FEEDERS for rotary and stone presses; regular hours, good pay, and ideal conditions. Apply Sackett & Wilhelms, Grand St. and Morgan Av., Brooklyn.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN by a large manufacturing company, several first-class designers; state experience and salary expected. Y 318 Times Annex.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN wanted with experience in factory layout work; state age, experience, and salary expected. F 206 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL OR CHEMICAL ENGINEER, Class of 1916, for engineering sales work in water purification plant equipment. Phone Barclay 6042.

MEN with good education to sell lots on liberal commision; exceptional opportunity. A 108 Times.

NIGHT PORTER wanted; thoroughly experienced and sober. E 370 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted, 16 to 18 years of age. Apply J. H. Lane & Co., 334 4th Av., between 9 and 10 o'clock Thursday or Friday.

OFFICE BOY—For a large uptown organization; state age, education, nationality by descent. A 2 Times.

PAINTER'S FOREMAN.—Union man, who would live a short distance from New York; good opportunity right man; no one need apply who does not understand the business or does not want to work. Z 234 Times Annex.

POSITION open in 1,000-ton structural shop at Havana, Cuba, for one first-class templet maker and one first class fitter; only men having thorough experience on mill building work and good references need apply; definite term of engagement and transportation furnished for successful candidates. E 361 Times Downtown.

REPAIR MAN AND COAL PASSER.—Engineering department Abraham & Straus, Fulton St., Brooklyn, require an elevator repair man; one that is familiar with hydraulic elevators; also can place an experienced coal passer; 8 hours' work per day. Apply to Chief Engineer.

SALESMAN.—Several high grade electrical commission men to handle top-notch complete line of electric fans and specialties being marketed by company of high repute; attractive commission basis; exceptional opportunity for live wire. Address reply in confidence. H 261 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Experienced man of good address, first class proposition, permanent employment; commission basis; call 9 to 11 A. M. M. L. Co., 1st floor, 110 Madison Av., near 29th.

SALES CLERK wanted for stationery store with a Protestant publishing house associated; only highest character considered. Write, giving age, details of experience, salary, etc., Z 243 Times Annex.

SALESMEN WANTED—STOCK, BOND, OR SPECIALTY MEN WITH CLEAN RECORDS; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR LARGE EARNINGS; COMMISSION, WITH ADVANCES. A 86 TIMES.

SALESMAN, bright young man, in cotton converting house to solicit out-of-town jobbers; only those with experience need apply; steady position; salary $15 per week. A 9 Times.

SALESMAN, young man, experienced among retailers; nationally advertised specialty proposition; commission arrangement; permanent connection. 710, 21 Park Row.

SALESMEN.—Three specialty salesmen call on retail drug and grocery trades; good commission. A 107 Times.

SALESMAN.—Experienced, for first-class ladies' footwear; city and road; commission only. A 98 Times.

SALESMAN.—Man acquainted in the cloak trade to sell fur trimmings on commission basis. P 168 Times.

SALESMAN.—Successful security salesman on 20 per cent. commission. Guest & Co., 6 Wall St., New York.

SALESMAN.—By electric sign mfr.; liberal commission. Alfred Tahl, 2 Stone St.

SECRETARY.—Newark Manufacturers' Association wants as secretary a man of executive capacity and initiative to develop the various interests of the organization; applicant will state age, education, nationality, business experience, and salary expected. 45 Academy St., Newark, New Jersey.

SPANISH-ENGLISH STENOGRAPHER to go abroad; employment by important corporation; good chance for right man; must be thoroughly efficient taking and transcribing dictation both languages; use typewriter; South America; competent man required; no beginners need apply. Answer typewritten letter, stating experience, nationality, salary expected. Address E 351 Times Downtown.

SPANISH professor wanted, capable addressing large audiences both excellent English and Spanish; must have marked ability as public speaker. Apply Room 73, Chemists' Building, 50 East 41st St.

STENOGRAPHER AND SECRETARY.
Comptroller large corporation in New England wants young man with at least junior experience with public accounting firm. Write application, giving personal history, experience, and salary required. Address Secretary, Box A 103 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; good opportunity for industrious young man. 147 Jewell St., Brooklyn.

STOCK SALESMEN.—Big commission; no advances. H. P. Fry, 738 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

STRONG young man to carry salesman's samples; state age, references and salary expected. Address E 377 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT
WITH MAIL ORDER OR DEPARTMENT STORE EXPERIENCE. WRITE, GIVING BUSINESS HISTORY, &C., P 132 Times.

TOOLMAKERS WANTED.
This company can employ several additional first-class workmen in this line and offers the following inducements: Good wages, steady employment, clean, sanitary factory, high-grade work, and one of the best cities in the country in which to live; in applying state age, rate of wages expected, and give a brief description of previous experience. Pratt & Whitney Co., Hartford, Conn.

WORKS SUPERINTENDENT
for plant of 400 operatives producing light sheet metal articles from stamping to plated finishes; must have about 10 years' experience in this position and be a practical tool and die maker; state age, salary, and experience, including names and addresses of all former employers. Address "Novelties," 412 Times.

YOUNG MAN to take charge of order department in contracting company office; must have good knowledge of cost of iron pipe fittings, &c. Applicant must be good at figures and good penman. Permanent position with good salary and advancement assured. H 246 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN.—Opening in our accounting department for two bright young men; salary, start $10 and increase every ten weeks if progress justifies it; state, in your own handwriting, previous experience, age, race, religion, and give two references. Address Treasurer, P. O. Box 437, New York.

YOUNG MAN who can write a good business letter and talk business intelligently, and not afraid of hard work, to grow up in a new department for a large corporation. Write, giving full details of education and business period and salary expected. Underwood & Underwood, 66 West 38th St.

YOUNG MAN, who is well acquainted with cloak and suit manufacturing trade, and one who has influence with them; must furnish best of references; answer by mail, stating experience; liberal salary. A 4 Times.

YOUNG MAN experienced with credit agency wanted; good opportunity for right man; state full particulars. F 200 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 18, for office work; must know how to operate a plug switchboard; good opportunity and permanent employment assured. Write stating experience and religion. H 247 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—High school graduate, with good knowledge of English, fair typist, wanted by a large corporation. A. M., Box 70, Station D.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 Church Street.
ACCOUNTANT.—Thoroughly experienced in Steamship accounting; $2,500.
ADVERTISING MANAGER.—Familiar with circular letter work and follow-up systems; preferably experienced in export line; $1,800.
EXECUTIVE.—Experienced in printing business, familiar with buying supplies and directing the plant; not over 35; $2,500 up.
SALES MANAGERS.—One to promote small mechanical specialty; must be exceptional correspondent; $2,500-$3,500; one thoroughly experienced in sale of metal stampings, automatic screw machine parts, &c., $2,500-$3,500; one thoroughly experienced and with wide acquaintance among fruit growers and farmers using insecticides, &c., for spraying purposes, $2,500.
SALESMEN.—Man thoroughly experienced in selling drug chemicals in South America; will pay good salary for right man. Thoroughly experienced disinfectant salesman—can use two—$1,200-$1,500. One thoroughly experienced in sale of engine and cylinder oils, capable of earning from $3,000-$5,000; salary and commission.
STENOGRAPHIC SECRETARY.—Willing to locate in Manila; $1,800.
Call between 9 and 2.

STENOGRAPHERS, ALL GRADES.
ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATORS.
BOOKKEEPER WITH TYPEWRITING.
Mechanical Draftsmen, Production Clerks.
Credential Agency, 253 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, must have brokerage experience, $35; experienced stock runners, 10 good positions open. Wall St. Agency, 20 Broad St.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

A.—A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' course of individual instruction; students on probation; graduates registered. Aeolian Hall, 35 West 42d St.
V. M. WHEAT, Director.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes; send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Kissel, 1915, 4-cylinder, five-passenger sedan, (all-year car); guaranteed; Kissel, 1916, 6-cylinder demonstrator, five-passenger; guaranteed.
Clodio & Engs, Inc., 245 W. 55th.
Tel. 510 Col.

An exceptionally fine, light Studebaker, 5-passenger; absolutely mechanically perfect; luxuriously equipped, including electric starter, lights, &c.; $350. Mrs. Smullen, 82 Crescent St., entrance Queensboro Bridge, Long Island City.

Buick 1915 C-36 Roadster, newly painted, completely overhauled by Buick agency; perfect condition; tire carrier, J-M shock absorbers, head lights, clock; $700. Rector 4072.

Mercer toy tonneau, 5-passenger, only used one season; mechanically perfect; electric starter, lights, &c.; $900. Inspected at garage, 82 Crescent St., entrance Queensboro Bridge, Long Island City.

MAGNIFICENT PEERLESS TOURING 1050. Gray, Davis electric starting, lighting system; like new; cost $4,300; big sacrifice to cash buyer. 32 East 40th St.

LOUIS G. DUQUET, Inc., 1,880 Broadway.
Packard 1915 "3-38" touring.
Packard 1915 "4-48" touring.
Cadillac 1915 landaulet.

1916 Ford touring; run only 100 miles; everything brand-new; 2 extra tubes, license plates. J. H. Driscoll, 415 West 55th. Columbus 7600.

CADILLAC "14" SEVEN-PASSENGER, excellent order, fully equipped; ideal for private family or renting; owner, needs cash. Garage, 305 West 79th.

4-48 PACKARD SEDAN; all-window sedan; very attractive; like new; handsomest car in city; bargain. Roskam-Scott Co., 1,896 Broadway.

CHANDLER LIGHT SIX.
1916 model; seven passenger; every equipment; like new; reasonable quick buyer. 305 West 79th.

Mercers, Cadillacs, Lancias, Packards, S. G. V.'s, many others. Burrells, 1,700 Broadway.

50 Simplex, perfect, 7 passenger, up-to-date, self-starter; price right. Du Charme, Hotel Netherland.

Chalmers for sale, excellent mechanical condition, fully equipped. Owner, phone Schuyler 7588.

Buicks, Overlands, Hupmobiles, Scripps, Hudsons, &c. Lexington Used Car Dept., 1,700 Broadway.

1915 MERCER TOURING, 22-70; sporting model; streamline touring; elegant bargain. Roskam-Scott Co., 1,896 Broadway.

Packard twin six, excellent condition. L. J. McCracken, Circle Building. Telephone 4120 Columbus.

Luxurious Metallurgique Touring; must sell; $1,000; electrical equipment. Cahen, 507 5th Av.

1916 Mercer Toy; 1915 Runabout; Raceabout Bargains. Cook & Macconnell, 1,790 B'way.

Simplex roadster; big bargain; perfect. Du Charme, Hotel Netherland.

Case 1914, electric light, starter, just overhauled, $450. McLellan, 265 West 23d.

Hudson six touring automobile; splendid condition throughout; electric starter, lights; many extras; sacrifice, $550. Richardson, 82 Crescent St., entrance Queensboro Bridge, Long Island City.

Motor Trucks.

Used Trucks.—Various makes and capacities overhauled; easy terms. Harry Allen, 427 West 42d St.

Automobiles for Rent.

PIERCE ARROW LIMOUSINES, LANDAULETTES.
HIGH CLASS RENTING SERVICE.
Beautiful cars; polite, liveried chauffeurs.
Hour, day; special rates month, year.
EGIDI AUTO SERVICE,
123 West 52d St. Phone Circle 774.

Packard sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phones 4219-3530 Bryant.

Most elegant Packard limousine, exceptionally handsome; strictly private car; reasonable rates. Phone Hirsch, Lenox 6073. 127 East 83d St.

Touring New England in August; owner driving; can accommodate 2 persons; expense moderate; references. A. Marsh, 1732 Academy.

Packard landaulet or touring; hour, month; owner exceptionally careful chauffeur. Lenox 8176.

Packards, recent models, splendidly equipped, each driven by owner in livery; excellent service; reasonable rates. Phone 1294 Circle.

For Hire—Packard seven-passenger; by day, week, month; very reasonable; owner drives. Greener, 212 West 114th, Cathedral 9082.

Handsome seven-passenger 1915 Chalmers; weekly, monthly; exceptionally reasonable. Tinker, Morningside 7100.

New Packard "Six" touring; $2.50 hourly upward; owner drives; references. Morningside 8833.

AUTOMOBILES. — RENAULTS, $3, $4 per hour; monthly rates preferred. J. S. Mandola, Columbus 2908.

1916 seven-passenger Chalmers; $2.50 per hour; careful chauffeur. Nolan, Bryant 3461.

For Hire.—Seven-passenger Fiat; late model; moderate. Quirk, 1641 Circle.

Packard 7-passenger touring for hire; hour, day, week; reasonable. Tel. 3828 Schuyler.

Automobile Storage.

P. BRADY & SON CO.
Dead storage of Automobiles. Automobiles boxed for export. 552-556 W. 58th St. Col. 3440

Automobile Instruction.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7020 Col. Special class for women.

AUTOMOBILE STEWART SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Booklet explains WHY our Ladies' Classes.

LOST AND FOUND

Fifty cents an agate line.
Count six words to a line.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

LOST—From automobile, Monday afternoon, Broadway, (57th St.,) suitcase marked "W. H. P.," containing wearing apparel of value to owner only; $50 reward for return with contents intact; positively no questions asked. Telephone G. O. Powers, 5740 Madison Square.

LOST—Man's black wallet, containing letters, papers and cards—NO MONEY—between Wall St. and Orange, via 1:50 P. M. Lackawanna train Saturday afternoon; reward. W. F. Gibson, 24 Broad St., N. Y. City.

LOST—Sunday, on ferry between Sheepshead Bay and Rockaway Point, gold watch, closed face; monogram E. N. C.; valued as keepsake. Reward. 252 Brooklyn Av., Brooklyn. 6720 Bedford.

LOST—At Rockaway Park, Saturday, July 8, enameled pansy pin, diamond in centre, either in trolley car or moving picture theatre; reward. Mrs. Bernstein, 8th Av. and Newport, Rockaway Park.

LOST—Gold sapphire pin, 42d, 5th Av., Madison; reward. Struthers, 7 East 42d.

LIBERAL REWARD for return of watch and silver enamel cigarette case lost in restaurant July 1. 70 West 46th.

$100 REWARD will be paid, no questions asked, for return of diamond sunburst, silver setting, gold back with detachable pin; lost Thursday night, July 7, between Hofbrau, Winter Garden, and Hotel McAlpin, or on Metropolitan boat Bunker Hill to Boston July 8. Return to Lost and Found Dept., Hotel McAlpin.

$50 REWARD, no questions asked, for return of gold vanity case, monogram "L. F.," lost Saturday night, somewhere between Pelham Parkway and Woodmanston Inn. Finder telephone C. Kessel, Gramercy 1407.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST — English brindle bull; answers to "Rocco"; reward. 618 West 118th St.

For Sale—Miscellaneous

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furniture.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used desks, chairs, office furniture, filing cabinets, safes, typewriters, all makes; adding machines, multigraphs, mimeographs, rugs; everything for the office; bought, sold, exchanged. Nathan's, 102 Worth St.

SITUATIONS WANTED, FEMALE

Twenty cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER, TYPIST.—Seven years' practical experience; references; $14. E 340 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced; take entire charge; excellent references; $15. E 362 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Knowledge stenography; 5 years' experience; assume responsibility; references. E 376 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—2 years' experience; double entry. Box 40, 324 Rockaway Av., Bklyn.

COMPANION, &c.—Young lady, 20, art student, position as useful companion or care of child; reference exchanged. P 143 Times.

DAY'S WORK.—Competent, reliable woman wishes day's work; steady; references. K. M., 3,525 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced brokerage, banking, commercial; college education; possesses initiative; thoroughly capable; dependable; $15-$18. E 227 Times Downtown.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.—Business or social; competent young woman, with over 10 years' experience, desires position; very best references. Z 222 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER. — Young lady, 23 years old, 6 years' legal experience, desires position; first-class references. F 202 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; reliable; reference former employer; $10. F 210 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — High school education; fast, accurate, experienced; pleasant personality; $10. Alica Carey, Stenotype Co., 220 West 42d St. Bryant 1318.

TUTOR.—Young lady tutor of French and English branches will exchange tuition for pleasant Summer surroundings; references. C. P., 49 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, college education, wishes evening clerical work. P 159 Times.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, wish places; other Southern help. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1899.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Thoroughly experienced girls, excellent cooks, investigated references. Telephone Columbus 5165. Domestic Service Agency, 329 West 59th.

COOK-BUTLER. — Couple, Austrian, first-class, economical cook-butler; $65; city, country. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av., (75th St.) Schuyler 9136.

BERTHA CARLSON'S AGENCY, 2,418 Broadway, corner 89th St., first-class servants. 9463 Riverside.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month. 107 West 133d St. 6914 Morningside.

SITUATIONS WANTED MALE

Twenty cents an agate line.

ABLE ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, SYSTEMATIZERS; financial statements; reasonable. Commercial, 71 Wall St. Hanover 5949.

ACCOUNTANT.—Experienced all lines; books opened, closed, disentangled; audited systems installed; special arrangements firms or corporations not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 35 Nassau St., Room 1,303. Telephone Cortlandt 7958.

ACCOUNTANT.—Installs simplified systems, stopping leaks, giving daily statements of information required to intelligently develop business; uncertainty eliminated; business run like a bank. Fleming, 30 East 42d St. Phone Vanderbilt 6272.

ACCOUNTANT, C. P. A., audits, systems, financial reports, books opened, closed, written up; corporation work, profit and loss statements prepared; balance sheets; charges moderate. C. P. A., Room 761, 200 5th Av. 1611 Gramercy.

ACCOUNTANT.—Trial balances and audits $3.00 monthly upward; books opened, closed, systematized, investigations, profit and loss statements, corporation work. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone John 5655.

ACCOUNTANT. — Experienced; simplified systems, audits, financial reports, investigations, books written up. Mercantile, 21 Park Row, Room 2,309. Cortlandt 4205.

ACCOUNTANT AND OFFICE MANAGER, 33, college man, wide experience, exceptional ability, seeks responsible position; highest credentials. P 128 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, kept part time, closed, audited, systematized; financial statements rendered. Browndorff, 309 Broadway. Tel. Worth 1628.

ADVERTISERS.—Can you use copy man who can "get across" with strong appeal? Technical graduate, original. F 204 Times Downtown.

ARCHITECTS AND OWNERS.
Do you need a practical man as inspector or assistant superintendent of construction? If so, communicate with A. I. B., 530 51st St., Brooklyn.

ASSISTANT TO ADVERTISING MANAGER.
A compositor with 18 years' experience in job and newspaper branches wishes to make use of few hours evenings to increase a reduced income, but mainly to master the advertising business; have some original ideas and have studied the business on limited scale; appreciate interview. E 372 Times Downtown.

AUSTRIAN, (25,) speaking perfect Spanish, French, German, also English typist, desires office position. Write B. L., 422 Columbus Av.

AUTOMOBILE MECHANICIAN, expert, two years Packard factory, foreman Southern garage, years of practical and college experience, desires New York location with reputable concern. P 172 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert, 31, office manager, correspondence, controlling accounts, financial statements, trial balances; full charge; highest credentials; salary, $25; bond. C. M., 64 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, auditor, twelve years' experience; modern methods, cost records, financial statements; quick, accurate; take full charge. P 171 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, (28,) experienced, educated, trustworthy, references, desires responsible connection. P 33 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (25,) expert cost, controlling accounts; expert stenographer. Cohan, 975 Home St., Bronx.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man, 22 years, single, 4 years' driving experience, careful driver, good character, desires position with private family; city or country. Joe Halbey, phone 7194 Melrose, 1,066 Walton Av.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 33, married, no children; 7 years' experience, 3 years last place; unquestionable references. P 175 Times.

CHAUFFEUR. — Single, 28; experienced driver, mechanic, high-class cars; own tools; repairs; city, country. Sauerstein, 1,994 Madison Av.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, foreign, domestic cars, 11 years' experience; capable all repairs and overhauling. E. Marshall, 429 East 64th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Good mechanic on all cars wants position with private family; 8 years' experience; sober; salary $25. P. Hanft, 536 East 79th St. 7730 Lenox.

CHAUFFEUR, (Swedish;) Y. M. C. A. graduate; private; city, country; own repairs. Johnson, care Mullen, 108 West 61st.

CHAUFFEUR desires situation; willing, honest, and sober; a careful driver; best reference. Thorsen, 52 Morton St., City.

CHEF, 5 years with Mr. Henry Bendel, is at liberty; would accept position in city or country. Address William Kuehr, 143 West 82d St.

CHEMIST, college man, 22 years old, desires to connect with house where there is a future. Competent, 156 Times.

COLLEGE MAN, 25, with graduate courses in applied economics, business administration, and accountancy, desires position where ability and effort are appreciated. E 354 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE MAN, (25,) 4 years' experience in executive position, desires position; opportunity the chief factor. 1,100 Anna St., Elizabeth, N. J.

COLLEGE MAN, 31 years of age, would like to connect with some reliable house where future is assured. P 169 Times.

CORRESPONDENT-ASSISTANT to advertising man; salesman; four years' experience; energetic, capable man; successful record; can take charge of department or sales force; New York or elsewhere. Plaza 3802, or R. M. LOBEL, 223 East 66th St.

CREDIT MAN, alert, efficient collector, accountant, (36,) desires position with responsible concern or connection as executive. F 205 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN.—Young man, junior draftsman, tracer, office assistant, typist; energetic; advancement. N 163 Times.

ESTIMATOR, all branches building line; acquaintance and ability getting business. P 176 Times.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK by Japanese, neat appearance, in bachelor apartment or small family; highest references; speaks good English. Ame, 58 West 38th St., city.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Middle-aged American of refinement wishes position as working housekeeper; man, wife, or business people; capable of taking entire charge; cheerful, neat, systematic; best references; city or country. Address one week, Mrs. Thomas, Apt. 44, 507 West 11th St.

MANAGER. — HIGH-GRADE EXECUTIVE AND BUSINESS BUILDER, CAPABLE ORGANIZER, FINANCIAL MANAGER AND BUYER, FULLY CONVERSANT WITH ALL BRANCHES OF CORPORATION AND FACTORY ACCOUNTING. HAS SOUND BUSINESS JUDGMENT AND FORESIGHT AND ADAPTABILITY TO CHANGING CONDITIONS; YOUNG, ENERGETIC, AND RESOURCEFUL; CAPABLE HANDLING A LARGE PROPOSITION; SUCCESSFUL RECORD; PRESENT EMPLOYERS RETIRING. Z 204 TIMES ANNEX.

OFFICE MAN and salesman, (23,) excellent record, strong personality, clear, fluent correspondent, desires connection; salary secondary. F 212 Times Downtown.

PRACTICING CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT, 17 years' practical manufacturing experience, desires connection as controller or similar capacity; have organizing and executive ability, and giving up public accounting because of constant absence from home. Z 228 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, well acquainted with wholesale dry goods, notion, drugs, fancy goods, and housefurnishing buyers, Middle West and Southern territories, open for engagement. P 137 Times.

SALESMAN, (27,) is open for promising line local and surrounding territory; seven years selling five and ten, drug and jobbing trade. P 123 Times.

SALESMAN DOING $80,000 YEARLY MUSLIN, SILK UNDERWEAR, DESIRES NEW CONNECTION. A 111 TIMES.

SECRETARY, COMPANION.—Young man, 26, good education, pleasing manners, wishes position as secretary or companion; no objections to travel. P 173 Times.

SECRETARY.—Office manager, good stenographer, legal and corporate experience; understands office detail; knows Spanish. E 230 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Thoroughly competent, wants position with high grade concern, desirable location where intelligent, conscientious work will bring prompt promotion; machinery, electrical, and executive experience. P 140 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, young man, 19, three and one-half years' experience; desires position with chance of advancement. E 371 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 21 YEARS; RAPID AND ACCURATE; FOUR YEARS' EXPERIENCE; $18. A 237 TIMES ANNEX.

SUPERINTENDENT.—A thoroughly practical, experienced builder requests interview with individual or corporation requiring services of high-grade man as manager or superintendent. P 167 Times.

TRAVELING SALESMAN, established trade New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, desires connection large dry goods firm; salary or commission. F 211 Times Downtown.

TUTOR.—College student; tutorial position Summer and college year; will travel. P 133 Times.

YOUNG GENTLEMAN, educated, international experience, seeks opening with firm where integrity counts; speaks, writes French fluently. E 374 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 26; well educated; quick and accurate at figures; experienced as salesman; also experienced in exporting and importing; any position acceptable where chances for advancement are good. A 236 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 24, well educated, capable, thoroughly experienced credits, correspondent, books, office, desires opportunity. N. Y., 1,234 Boston Road.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) manual training education, desires connection with building or engineering concern; salary no object. E 3[illegible] Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, college training; four years' business experience; correspondent, office executive; reference; character, ability. P 139 Times.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, ambitious, wishes position with opportunity. P 168 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, bright, energetic, desires position with advancement; high school graduate; two years office assistant. P 164 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 26, commercial teacher in high school, desires to enter business; salary secondary to opportunity. A 106 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) 4 years' experience clerical work; highest references. E 243 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN (22) desires position in jewelry house; reference. S. S., Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) 3 years high school, wishes position. M. Pollner, 609 East 83d.

MAY BE A FUSION AGAINST WHITMAN

Democratic and Progressive State Bodies to Meet Before Primaries.

REPUBLICANS ARE ALARMED

O'Connell and Colby Will Lead Fight at Syracuse July 22 Against "Delivery" to G. O. P.

On the heels of an announcement that there would be a Democratic conference or unofficial State Convention in Saratoga early in August to adopt a State platform and possibly to consider candidates for the State ticket, there came yesterday a call for the Progressive State Committee to meet in Syracuse on Saturday, July 22. These two meetings prior to the Fall primaries are looked upon as possibly foreshadowing a Democratic-Progressive fusion on the State ticket.

Already the New York County Progressive Committee by a practically unanimous vote has indorsed the candidacy of Judge Samuel Seabury of the Court of Appeals, who in some quarters is regarded as the probable Democratic nominee for Governor. The State Committee will have submitted to it a resolution of similar purport.

The possibility that there might be a coalition of Democratic and Progressive forces against Governor Whitman aroused Republicans yesterday. Governor Whitman, who is in this city, saw several of his political friends, including prominent Progressives, all of whom came away from him with the impression that the Governor was much alarmed at the outlook.

Expect Fight at Syracuse.

The meeting of the Progressive State Committee will see one of the liveliest political fights in years, it is predicted by Progressive leaders in this city who are up in arms against what has become known as the "Perkins program." This program, they say, included not only the Hughes indorsement, but also the support of Governor Whitman this Fall.

The Executive Committee of the New York County Progressive Committee, which is composed of the district leaders, will meet tomorrow evening to make plans for a determined fight at the State Committee meeting. Should Hughes and Whitman be indorsed, they plan to bolt the Progressive Party and come out openly for Wilson for President, as they already have for Judge Seabury for Governor. It was stated yesterday that the New York County Progresseives were amply supplied with funds.

The Progressive organizations from the Bronx, Kings, Queens, and Richmond have already taken action against the Perkins plan. These organizations are said to have strong leanings toward Judge Seabury, and not to be averse to an open indorsement of President Wilson. It is assumed, therefore, that a bolt by the New York County Moose would mean a bolt of all the Progressive organizations in New York City.

Up State there is said to be defection from the Perkins program. Among the Erie County Progressives a strong movement has been started against "delivering" the State organization to Mr. Hughes as the national organization was "delivered" at the recent meeting in Chicago.

Some New York City Moose are accusing Mr. Perkins, who is supposed to control State Chairman Johnson, of bad faith in having the meeting of the State Committee held in Syracuse instead of in New York City, which they declare to be the logical meeting place, because 68 out of the 150 members of the committee are residents of this city. Their theory is that the meeting was called for an up-State city because it was expected that the expense would deter many of the State Committeemen from this city from attending.

Harris Sees the President.

County Chairman John J. O'Connell and Bainbridge Colby are going to Syracuse as leaders of the fight against indorsing Hughes and Whitman. The fight for their indorsement will be led by George W. Perkins, William H. Hotchkiss, and William Hamlin Childs of the Brooklyn Progressives. Horace S. Wilkinson, who is pro-Hughes and pro-Whitman, is a resident of Syracuse.

Chairman Edwin S. Harris has called a meeting of the Democratic State Committee for Aug. 4, when the plans for the larger conference will be determined upon. The meeting will be held at the Hotel Knickerbocker in this city and the conference probably in Saratoga.

Chairman Harris and Collector Malone went to Washington yesterday, where they expected to have a talk with President Wilson and discuss the plans with him. Chairman Harris and some of the up-State men are of the opinion that only the State Committee, the County Chairman, and, possibly, a hundred or so prominent Democrats from different parts of the State who are not members should be included in the call for Saratoga. Many of the influential Tammany men and Democrats from this city generally favor an unofficial convention in which the localities would be represented by delegates.

It is likely that any view the President may hold on the subject will prevail. Chairman Harris is expected back from Washington today. Tammany Leader Murphy, it was reported yesterday, would come in from Good Ground today, too, and in all likelihood would confer with Mr. Harris.

MOOSE IN WILSON CAMPAIGN.

Six Progressives to Go on Democratic Committee.

Vance C. McCormick, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, left for Chicago yesterday to remain a day or two and open a Western headquarters. When he returns to this city, probably Friday, he will go to Washington to confer with President Wilson.

Not until this conference has been held, Mr. McCormick said yesterday, will the announcement of the Democratic Campaign Committee be made or the date and place for the official notification of President Wilson be announced.

It was stated on good authority yesterday that there would be at least half a dozen Progressives on the Democratic Campaign Committee, the same number as on the Republican Campaign Committee.

The Woodrow Wilson Independent League, which has opened headquarters at 280 Madison Avenue, will meet and organize tomorrow afternoon. Congressman William Kent of California may be made Chairman. Guy Mason, who has been acting secretary, it was stated yesterday, would be continued in that capacity.

ROOSEVELT ON MAINE STUMP.

Colonel May Speak in New York and Middle West Also.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., July 11.—Col. Roosevelt had a long talk today at Sagamore Hill with his secretary, John W. McGrath, who came down from New York after seeing Republican Chairman Willcox. It is understood here that Republican leaders are leaving no stone unturned in their efforts to assure the presence of the Colonel in the State campaign in Maine in the early part of September. When Mr. McGrath left it was with a full understanding of the course Colonel Roosevelt means to pursue.

While there is no doubt that Colonel Roosevelt is willing to speak in Maine, it is said that he will insist that there be a complete and bona fide amalgamation of the Progressive and Republican Parties there before he appears on the stump for the Republican candidates. One of the things which the G. O. P. might do, it is said, would be to indorse the candidacy for Congress of Halbert P. Gardner, the Progressive nominee for Governor in 1914, and a Progressive National Committeeman from Maine. It is expected that such support will be given Mr. Gardner. Representative Guernsey of his district, the Fourth, is going to run for the United States Senate.

While in Maine the Colonel, it is thought, will make not more than two speeches, one in Portland and the other in another large city. It is reported that he will speak in the national campaign in New York and in the Middle West.

HUGHES FIXES JULY 31 DATE.

Wires Senator Harding He Will Meet Notification Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Charles E. Hughes sent a telegram today to Senator Harding of Ohio, Chairman of the Notification Committee, appointed by the Republican National Convention, that he would like to have the notification ceremonies take place on Monday, July 31. Senator Harding telegraphed Mr. Hughes that the date was agreeable to the members of the committee. It had been previously understood that the notification ceremonies would take place in New York City.

Senator Harding announced that William F. Stone of Baltimore had been appointed Sergeant at Arms of the committee. He will be in charge of the arrangements for the notification meeting.

ICKES IRKS ILLINOIS G. O. P.

Mayor Thompson Coming Here to Protest Appointment.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 11.—There is much dissatisfaction among Chicago dyed-in-the-wool Republicans over the selection by Charles Evans Hughes of Harold L. Ickes, Progressive leader, as the Illinois representative on the Republican Campaign Committee. Mayor Thompson hurried to New York this afternoon.

"The Illinois National Committeeman, or some one who can work with him, should be the first man considered as the State's representative on the Campaign Committee if Mr. Hughes wants the enthusiastic support of Illinois Republicans," said a leader of the city administration tonight. "If the Hughes advisers wanted to look further they should have turned to one of the men behind Sherman, who turned the Illinois vote to the successful candidate at a time when such support counted."

FLINN MEN FOR HUGHES.

Washington Party in Pennsylvania Indorses His Candidacy.

HARRISBURG, Penn., July 11.—Members of the Washington Party State Committee, the official organization of the Progressive Party in Pennsylvania, delegates to the Chicago Convention of the Progressives and their alternates, decided today after three hours of debating not to organize the State Committee. Charles E. Hughes was indorsed for President and the course of Theodore Roosevelt in declining the Progressive nomination "for the good of the nation" was approved.

The vote on the motion not to organize was 23 to 10; Hughes was indorsed by a vote of 22 to 11, and the resolution indorsing the action of Colonel Roosevelt was adopted with a few "noes."

Gifford Pinchot was authorized to name a committee to form the Pennsylvania Progressive League. The discussion was so lively that nothing was done regarding the Washington Party State ticket, which will stand unless its members withdraw.

Few political meetings held here in recent years have been as lively as the conference. It was dominated by William Flinn, Gifford Pinchot, Robert K. Young, and others who favored the indorsement of Hughes.

HUGHES SEES PARTY REUNITED AT LAST.

Campaign Committee, with Old Guard in Minority, Pleases the Nominee.

HE AND T. R. IN CONTROL

"National Aims Transcend All Differences That Have Existed," Nominee Says—Here Today.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIDGEHAMPTON, N. Y., July 11.—Charles E. Hughes is thoroughly satisfied with the Campaign Committee of seventeen Republicans and Progressives selected to reunite the party and in the formation of which, it is said, Colonel Theodore Roosevelt played no small part.

"I am very much pleased with the appointment of the committee," he said today. "It means the effective work of a reunited party. So far as I know, the importance of this has been recognized by all and there has not been the slightest friction in constituting the committee. Instead, there has been a general desire for harmonious effort as our national aims transcend all differences that have existed."

Mr. Hughes would make no further comment on the matter but there were many who saw in the make-up of the committee a combination between Hughes and Roosevelt which would overshadow all other features of the campaign and would leave the Old Guard faction in the background.

Attention was called, for instance, to the fact that W. Murray Crane and Senator Boies Penrose of Pennsylvania, who stand out more than any other leaders now in power as men who were responsible for the defeat of Roosevelt in the Republican Convention of 1912, were not on the Campaign Committee. In fact, the clique of Old Guard leaders who combined against Roosevelt in 1912 has not as much power on the Campaign Committee as have the men who followed Roosevelt when he formed his third party.

Mr. Hughes will go to New York tomorrow morning on an early train to confer with the leaders and arrange the final details of the formal notification ceremonies which probably will be held in Carnegie Hall on Monday, July 31. He will remain until Thursday afternoon. It is probable that he will have a conference within the next few days with Senator Harding, Chairman of the Notification Committee.

As far as can be learned, there has been no protest by the Old Guard leaders over the men selected for the Campaign Committee.

Within the last week almost every mail has brought invitations for the nominee to spend his vacation at Western resorts. More than thirty communities have written of their attractions and scores of others have requested that they be included on his itinerary. Mr. Hughes has not decided definitely where he will go, but prefers the Northwestern Rockies.

HUGHES MAY PICK TREASURER.

New Campaign Committee to Meet July 20—Barnes for Ticket.

William R. Willcox, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, announced yesterday that he had called a meeting of the new Campaign Committee for July 20. It is probable that the meeting will be held at the new Republican national headquarters, Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street, which will be open on Monday.

Chairman Willcox said he had not as yet been able to find the man for Treasurer of the National Committee. Several are under consideration. W. H. Upham of Chicago, who will handle the financial end of the campaign in the West, called on Chairman Willcox at headquarters, and had a conference with him, as did also Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr. Mr. Willcox would not say whether Mr. Bliss was among those under consideration for Treasurer, a position his father filled during the Roosevelt campaign. It is likely that a decision in this matter will be reached when Charles E. Hughes arrives in town today.

Mr. Willcox had a conference with Governor Whitman at the Hotel St. Regis before he went to the Hughes headquarters in the Hotel Astor.

"We just had a chat," said Mr. Willcox in discussing the conference. "There really was nothing in our talk of any general interest to the public."

Mr. Willcox also had a conference with former National Chairman Frank H. Hitchcock, who conducted the Hughes ante-convention campaign. Mr. Hitchcock afterward called on Governor Whitman, and had luncheon with him. Mr. Willcox said he doubted whether Mr. Hitchcock would be connected with the campaign, except in an advisory capacity.

He was asked if he had had a talk with William Barnes since he became National Chairman. Mr. Barnes before the Chicago Convention told some friends that the principal problem of the next Republican National Chairman would be to keep Colonel Roosevelt from active participation in the campaign. Just now Mr. Barnes is said to be very much displeased with the prominence given to the Colonel both by the candidate and the Chairman.

Mr. Willcox said he met Mr. Barnes at the Union League Club on a day last week, and had a talk with him, and that Mr. Barnes had not on that occasion voiced any dissatisfaction with what had been done.

"I certainly understood that Mr. Barnes would be for the ticket," said Chairman Willcox, with a smile.

The Women's Branch of the Hughes Alliance will meet at the Hotel Astor this afternoon to effect organization.

HUGHES'S COLLAR IN MUSEUM.

Candidate Adds One to Collection of Those of Notables.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIDGEHAMPTON, N. Y., July 11.—Among the many unusual letters received today by Charles E. Hughes, the Republican nominee for President, was one containing a request for one of the nominee's collars, preferably one which he had worn. Mr. Hughes sent the collar.

The letter came from the owner of a collar factory which has a museum in which it keeps as exhibits collars worn by illustrious men. Several Presidents have contributed, and there are any number of lesser dignitaries represented in the collection.

In addition to the letters a big box containing a typewriter for one of his secretaries was delivered at the Hughes home this afternoon. On the box some one had scribbled in large letters this inscription: "Hello, Charlie. We're for you."

JAPANESE TREATY ASSAILED IN SENATE

Lewis of Illinois Fears Trade Compact with Russia Will Affect Our Rights in Orient.

CALLS FOR AN INQUIRY

Senator Believes Agreement Is in Retaliation for Our Exclusion of Asiatics.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Senator Lewis of Illinois today followed the example of Senator Stone yesterday as to the trade alliance of the Entente Allies against the Central Powers by introducing a resolution calling on the Secretary of State to obtain all possible information in regard to the recently arranged trade treaty between Russia and Japan and to advise the Senate as to what the effect of this treaty might be on the United States. The introduction of the resolution was followed by a speech by Senator Lewis, outlining his apprehensions as to the interests of this country in the Orient, declaring that so long as we held the Philippines we would have the right to know what the purposes of other nations might be.

The text of the resolution, which went over under the rules, follows:

"Resolved by the United States Senate, that the Secretary of State of the United States be requested to obtain information and report the same to the United States Senate as to what will be the effect of the new contract between Japan and Russia, known as the Russo-Japanese Treaty, executed in the first week of July, upon the trade arrangements, trade contracts, trade treaties now existing or under consideration, or commercial opportunities of the United States in Japan, China and Russia."

After warning the Senate of the dangers confronting the United States in the proposed treaty between Japan and Russia, Mr. Lewis said:

"Twice in this body have I had the boldness to prophesy this event. In a speech on the Panama Tolls bill I took the liberty to state that I thought I saw a coming disposition on the part of these nations to undertake arrangements that would eliminate the United States from the Oriental sphere. Later, in discussing the Philippine bill, I then alluded to what I saw would ultimately transpire, and said that among the reasons to be given would be that we were excluding these people from our sphere and that they therefore had the right to exclude both ourselves and our goods from theirs."

Mr. Lewis said that when in London as the representative of the Senate he learned that the then tentative treaty between Japan and England contained a provision of offensive and defensive against the United States, as well as against other nations of the world. That, however, was subsequently eliminated. Mr. Lewis emphasized the point, however, that the very provisions which were eliminated in the Japanese and English treaty, as it was at first proposed, are now contained in the proposed compact between Russia and Japan. After stating that he did not complain that these nations had not a right to make any contracts they pleased, Senator Lewis continued:

"I think I see clearly the purpose on the part of these nations to duplicate Caesar's observation as to Gaul, dividing the world into three parts. First, it is comprehended that France and England shall control all Europe. Second, that Russia and Japan shall control all Asia, bringing in China as an incident, something akin to the relation that South America occupies to the Western Hemisphere, and to leave to the United States the control of the Western Hemisphere, North America and South America, if it can for business uses and governmental purposes.

"It seems to me that if the United States allows these contracts to be entered into without any assertion on our part of what we believe to be our rights of trade and the rights of the people in the territory of Asia, they will have a right in equity to say that as we sat silent and made no protest it was equivalent to a tacit consent and after these contracts have been consummated it does not lie well in our mouth then to raise objection.

"We may go out of the Philippines, or we may not. As long as we are in the Orient we are a part of that civilization to some extent. Any arrangement that looks to the exclusion of the United States in the enjoyment of full and complete trade relations in Asia should attract our attention. Before they are finally consummated the United States should make its interest known and assert its welfare.

"That these provisions are clearly addressed in retaliation for our excluding the Asiatics from our sphere I have no doubt. And that they have an equity in them, from the standpoint of the Asiatic, I do not dispute, but I urge that at this time it is well for the Senate to be informed as to how far these arrangements have for their purpose the repeating of the arrangements which have been made heretofore under previous administrations which did authorize the United States to enjoy certain trade privileges in the Orient and certain reciprocal privileges respecting our citizens, our finance and our Government.

"For that reason I have tendered this resolution asking the Secretary of State to inform the Senate what effect this new arrangement will have upon the present existing contracts or arrangements touching the United States and its commercial welfare."

1,800 TO PLATTSBURG.

New Yorkers Leave for Third 1916 Training Camp.

More than 1,800 New Yorkers left for Plattsburg last night to join the third military training camp of 1916. The camp will be officially organized at 7 o'clock this morning, and it was announced last night that about 5,000 business and professional men from all parts of the country will arrive at Plattsburg to begin a month's training between 4 and 6:30 o'clock. At 10 o'clock last night six special trains, three of them carrying the New York City contingent, were heading toward Plattsburg from various sections of the East. The "rookies" from the Middle West and the South are en route on regular trains.

At the Grand Central Terminal last night the big waiting room was jammed with Plattsburgers, practically all of them in uniform and ready to "fall in" as soon as the specials begin landing them on the camp sites on the New York shore of Lake Champlain. It was easy to separate the veterans from the "rookies." The vets showed up with the few belongings they will need in camp neatly packed away in small canvas military carryalls, while the "rookies" all brought big suitcases, some two of them, while a few had trunks.

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